Table 7.—Exports that have increased less than the increase in gross national product, 1955, 1959, 1960 (1st 10 months)

[379]	2011	in	mil	lions

Product	Exports			Volume changes		Percentage changes	
	1955	1959	1960	1955-60	1959-60	1955-60	1959-60
Electrical machinery Tractors, parts and accessories. Medicinals and pharmaccucals. Metal manufactures Tobacco and manufactures Sawmill products Iron and steel mill products. Miscellaneous office supplies. Cotton semimanufactures	\$695.3 281.8	\$793. 9 305. 0	\$821.3 328.1	+\$126.0 +46.3	+\$27.4 +23.1	+18.1 +16.4	+3.5 +7.6
	188. 0 321. 0 336. 7 74. 9 518. 2 26. 2 42. 5	238.1 374.4 266.3 72.7 324.8 28.1 41.4	230. 0 352. 7 360. 6 89. 2 527. 1 29. 0 45. 1	+42.0 +31.7 +23.9 +14.3 +8.9 +2.8 +2.6	-8.1 -21.7 +94.3 +16.5 +202.3 +.9 +3.7	+22.3 +9.9 +7.1 +19.1 +1.7 +10.7 +6.1	-3.4 -5.8 +35.4 +22.7 +62.3 +3.2 +8.9
Pigments, paints, and var- nishes.———————————————————————————————————	88. 4 101. 3 19. 0	89. 5 102. 6 19. 8	90. 7 103. 2 20. 0	+2.3 +1.9 +1.0	+1.2 +.6 +.2	+2.6 +1.9 +5.3	+1.3 +.6 +1.0
Total	2, 693. 3	2, 656. 6	2, 997. 0	303. 7	+340.4	+11.3	+12.8

Table 8.—Imports that have decreased, 1955, 1959, 1960 (1st 10 months) [Values in millions]

Product	Imports			Volume changes		Percentage changes	
	1955	1959	1960	1955-60	1959-60	1955-60	1959-60
Coffee Crude rubber, including latex Nonferrous ores and metals Wool, unmanufactured. Ferroalloys, ores and metals Cocoa or cacao beans Sawmill products Cotton, unmanufactured Grains, fodders, and feeds Drugs, herbs, leaves, roots,	\$1, 095. 0 357. 3 1, 041. 1 223. 8 194. 8 158. 4 277. 0 33. 7 65. 4	\$909. 0 310. 6 902. 8 194. 1 153. 6 131. 7 287. 7 24. 2 60. 8	-\$846. 2 277. 8 971. 3 172. 9 146. 5 121. 8 267. 8 25. 3 58. 1	-\$248.8 -79.5 -69.8 -50.9 -48.3 -36.6 -9.2 -8.4 -7.3	-\$62.8 -32.8 +68.5 -21.2 -7.1 -9.9 -19.9 +1.1 -2.7	-22.7 -22.3 -6.7 -22.7 -24.8 -23.1 -3.3 -24.9 -11.2	-6.9 -10.6 +7.6 -10.9 -4.9 -7.5 -6.9 +4.5 -4.4
crude. Gums, resins, and balsams. Edible nuts and preparations. Sisal and similar fibers. Raw silk. Diamonds. Total.	27. 2 28. 8 60. 8 32. 3 26. 4 178. 9	20. 5 23. 5 54. 4 34. 1 18. 9 206. 0	20. 4 23. 5 55. 8 27. 3 23. 3 178. 2 3, 216. 2	-6.8 -5.3 -5.0 -5.0 -3.1 7	$ \begin{array}{r}1 \\ +1.4 \\ -6.8 \\ +4.4 \\ -27.8 \end{array} $ $ -115.7 $	-25. 0 -18. 4 -8. 2 -15. 5 -11. 7 4 -15. 4	5 +2.6 -19.9 +23.3 -13.5 -3.5

The narrowing of the export surplus in 1959 emphasized important changes in the composition of foreign trade, particularly imports. Tables 6, 7, and 8 show changes in trade that have tended to widen the favorable balance of trade. The first two tables list exports that have increased and table 8 lists imports that have decreased. Among exports that have increased substantially are various kinds of machinery, grains, aircraft, raw cotton, nonferrous metals and ferroalloys, chemicals, oil-seeds and expressed oils. Cotton exports showed tremendous recovery in 1960 owing in part to an adjustment