or is a flying instructor authorized in accordance with these regulations to engage in giving dual flying instructions.

- 515. No aircraft shall be operated in such a negligent or reckless manner as to endanger or be likely to endanger the life or property of any person.
- 516. The pilot-in-command of an aircraft operated on or in the vicinity of an aerodrome shall
 - (a) observe other aerodrome traffic for the purpose of avoiding collision;
 - (b) conform with or avoid the pattern of traffic formed by other aircraft in operation;
 - (c) make all turns to the left, when approaching for a landing and after taking off, unless otherwise directed by the Minister, except that an air traffic control unit may authorize a turn or partial turn to the right when desirable in specific instances;
 - (d) land and take off, insofar as practicable into the wind unless otherwise authorized by the appropriate air traffic control unit;
 - (e) maintain a continuous watch on the radio frequencies designated for airport control communications or, if such continuous watch is not possible, keep a watch for such instructions as may be issued by visual means in any case where an air traffic control unit is in operation; and
 - (f) obtain, either by radio or by visual signal, such authorization for his movements from the appropriate air traffic control unit, if any such unit is in operation, as may be necessary for the protection of airport traffic.
- 517. No person shall fly an aircraft at a height of less than two thousand feet over an aerodrome except for the purpose of landing or taking off or except as otherwise directed by an air traffic control unit.
- 518. No aircraft shall be flown in such proximity to any other aircraft as to create a collision hazard.
- 519. No aircraft shall be flown in formation except by pre-arrangement between the pilots-in-command of such