nomical rate imposed on tobacco, as use of it would result in a misleadingly high average.)

Low: United States, 8; Denmark, 7; Norway, 6; Sweden, 2.

Tariff duties are not as significant an indication of controls on world trade for agricultural commodities as for industrial products. In order to protect domestic agriculture by tariff means alone, countries would have to levy extremely high duties. In most cases it has been found more satisfactory to keep duty rates at a moderate level, and secure the desired protection against foreign commodities by the use of domestic subsidies and quota restrictions. The United States, in particular, maintains tariff duties at a low level while effectively preventing competitive imports by its domestic farm subsidy and quota programs. Germany, it will be noted, uses a state-controlled trading system in most basic agricultural commodities to supplement tariff controls, while France relies on a strict import licensing program to achieve the desired protection. These domestic subsidy and quantitative restriction systems are examined in subsequent appendixes.

Tariffs of the western community

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

[All figures are percentages]

Country	Corn				Wheat				Rice			
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Benelux* France* Germany Italy European Economic Community 3 United Kingdom* Austria* Denmark Norway Sweden Switzerland Australia 5* Canada 6 Nor Weeland 8* United States Japan	(1) 20 (2) 4	(1) 0 (2) 3	(1) X (2) X	(1) X (2) X	(1) 2 27 (2) (2)	(1) 2 0 (2) (2)	(1) 2 X (2) (2) (2)	(1) 2 X (2) (2) (2)	(1) 24 (2) 16	(1) 0 (2) 13	(1) X (2) X	(¹) X (²) X
	7 10 (2) (1) (1) (1) (2) (2) 6 2 14 25	XXXX [©] X [©] C [©] S _{Mo}	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXX ^O (S)(S)(XXX	25 (1) (2) (1) (4) (1) (5) (1) (9) 6 (9) 6 20	(1) (2) (1) (2) (3) (2) (3) (4) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (5) (4) (5) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	X (1) (2) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3	X (1) (2) (1) (1) X (1) O (2) 5 X X	15 13 (1) 8 8 (1) 3 (1) (7) 3 (10) 15	0 X(1) XX(1) XX(2) X(2)	KENKENENEN	(1) (1) (2) (1) (1) (1) (10) (10) (10) (10)
	Dairy products				Sugar				Coffee			
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
BeneluxFrance	12 8 (2) 18	9 9 (2) 15	X X (3) X	X X (2) X	60 11 99 (2) 105	48 11 88 (2) 79	X 11 X (2) X	X 11 X (2) X	(1) 18 22 15	(1) 16 18 (12)	(1) X X X	(1) X X X
European Economic Community United Kingdom Austria Denmark Norway Sweden Switzerland Australia Canada New Zealand United States Japan	19 10 (2) (13) (14) (14) 16 13 8 8 \$ 56 18 45	0 X (1) (11) XX XX XX XX XX XX XX	XX (3) (3) (3) (3) XXXXXX	X 0 (2) (13) (14) (14) X 111 2 2 25 X X	80 20 62 12 18 (1) 52 1 40 (9) 9 140	XXXXX() XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	X10 XXX (1) X 1 7 34 XX	16 20 60 30 3 10 15 7 (15) 6 (1)	X ^C X ^C XXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	X 13 X X X X X X X (15) 0 (1)

See footnotes at end of table, pp. 5-6.