U. S. (slip opinion page 34, Note 5) which was adopted by Judge Youngdahl in his memorandum opinion filed October 23, 1962 in U. S. v. Smith and Bowden, Criminal No. 324-62. These paragraphs of the bill are also designed to make clear that there is no intention of countenancing so-called third degree methods.

The second proposed bill entitled "A bill to authorize judicial officers to require the giving of evidence relating to crimes committed in the District of Columbia" is intended to furnish a substitute for the arrests for investigation that were condemned by the Horsky Report and to establish a carefully circumscribed procedure that would permit limited police interrogation without an arrest. This bill would apply the subpoena to new uses; the bill thus seeks to build upon existing law and practice. As noted in the original committee report dated March 7, this bill is based upon that submitted by the Commissioners to the Bureau of the Budget in January but contains certain additions and changes proposed by the committee. The most substantial additions appear on page 1, line 19 through line 11 on page 2; lines 3 through 11 on page 3; and lines 19, 20 and 21 on page 3. Other departures from the Commissioners' bill have been made for purposes of readability and clarification.

The third bill entitled "A bill to amend the law relating to material and necessary witnesses to crimes committed in the District of Columbia" is likewise based upon a bill submitted by the Commissioners to the Bureau of the Budget in January. The additions proposed by the Committee are to be found in lines 15 through 20 on page 2. Other changes have been made with a view to increasing readability and clarity. The existing statute, which the bill would amend, has been on the Statute Books for eighty-five years but has been little used because of its limited provisions. The proposed bill represents an attempt to revise this statute so as to make it a useful adjunct of law enforcement which at the same time affords protection to the citizen witness.

JOHN E. POWELL Chairman