

Superintendent WILSON. Nothing that I think I could trace specifically to the *Mallory* rule, but there is always lurking in the back of my mind the fear that the *Mallory* rule may one day be imposed countrywide, on all law enforcement agencies, placing the Chicago police in the same position that the Metropolitan Police are confronted with here.

I think this would be disastrous.

The CHAIRMAN. Of course, the *Mallory* rule is the rule of procedure pronounced by the U.S. Supreme Court, with regard to the Federal rule of criminal procedure.

I would not see how that would be binding on your State legislature.

It might have some effect on the courts of Illinois. They might be inclined to follow the *Mallory* decision.

Superintendent WILSON. Well, I think not only persuasive to the courts, but persuasive to the legislature also, in considering the application of similar rules in the State of Illinois.

That is, our State legislature could do exactly what Congress has done, and since, I presume, State legislatures look to Congress for guidance perhaps some of them may be tempted to apply the *Mallory* rule or your Federal rules on the local police.

This, I think, would be disastrous for our country.

The CHAIRMAN. I just wanted to clarify that.

You feel it would be harmful to you in two different ways, No. 1, on the part of the State legislature and, No. 2, on the part of the courts?

Superintendent WILSON. Right.

The CHAIRMAN. Thank you very much, Superintendent Wilson.

It has been very kind of you to come here and give us the benefit of your knowledge in this field.

Superintendent WILSON. Thank you, Senator Bible.

The CHAIRMAN. If we have nothing further this afternoon, we will stand in recess until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Thank you.

(Whereupon, at 3:07 p.m., the committee was in recess, to reconvene at 10 a.m., Wednesday, October 23, 1963.)