(2) Where the buyer rejects a non-conforming tender which the seller had reasonable grounds to believe would be acceptable with or without money allowance the seller may if he seasonably notifies the buyer have a further reasonable time to substitute a conforming tender.

§ 28:2-509. Risk of loss in the absence of breach

- (1) Where the contract requires or authorizes the seller to ship the goods by carrier
 - (a) if it does not require him to deliver them at a particular destination, the risk of loss passes to the buyer when the goods are duly delivered to the carrier even though the shipment is under reservation (section 28:2-505);
 - (b) if it does require him to deliver them at a particular destination and the goods are there duly tendered while in the possession of the carrier, the risk of loss passes to the buyer when the goods are there duly so tendered as to enable the buyer to take delivery.
- (2) Where the goods are held by a bailee to be delivered without being moved, the risk of loss passes to the buyer.
 - (a) on his receipt of a negotiable document of title covering the goods; or (b) on acknowledgment by the bailee of the buyer's right to possession of
 - the goods; or
 - (c) after his receipt of a non-negotiable document of title or other written direction to deliver, as provided in subsection (4)(b) of section 28:2—503.

 (3) In any case not within subsection (1) or (2), the risk of loss passes to the
- buyer on his receipt of the goods if the seller is a merchant; otherwise the risk passes to the buyer on tender of delivery.
- (4) The provisions of this section are subject to contrary agreement of the parties and to the provisions of this article on sale on approval (section 28:2-327) and on effect of breach on risk of loss (section 28:2-510).

§ 28:2-510. Effect of breach on risk of loss

- (1) Where a tender or delivery of goods so fails to conform to the contract as to give a right of rejection the risk of their loss remains on the seller until cure or acceptance.
- (2) Where the buyer rightfully revokes acceptance he may to the extent of any deficiency in his effective insurance coverage treat the risk of loss as having rested on the seller from the beginning.
- (3) Where the buyer as to conforming goods already identified to the contract for sale repudiates or is otherwise in breach before risk of their loss has passed to him, the seller may to the extent of any deficiency in his effective insurance coverage treat the risk of loss as resting on the buyer for a commercially reasonable

§ 28:2-511. Tender of payment by buyer; payment by check

- (1) Unless otherwise agreed tender of payment is a condition to the seller's duty to tender and complete any delivery.
- (2) Tender of payment is sufficient when made by any means or in any manner current in the ordinary course of business unless the seller demands payment in legal tender and gives any extension of time reasonably necessary to procure it.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of this subtitle on the effect of an instrument on an obligation (section 28:3—802), payment by check is conditional and is defeated as between the parties by dishonor of the check on due presentment.

§ 28:2—512. Payment by buyer before inspection

- (1) Where the contract requires payment before inspection non-conformity of the goods does not excuse the buyer from so making payment unless

 - (a) the non-conformity appears without inspection; or
 (b) despite tender of the required documents the circumstances would justify injunction against honor under the provisions of this subtitle (section 28:5—114).
- (2) Payment pursuant to subsection (1) does not constitute an acceptance of goods or impair the buyer's right to inspect or any of his remedies.

§ 28:2-513. Buyer's right to inspection of goods

(1) Unless otherwise agreed and subject to subsection (3), where goods are tendered or delivered or identified to the contract for sale, the buyer has a right before payment or acceptance to inspect them at any reasonable place and time and in any reasonable manner. When the seller is required or authorized to send the goods to the buyer, the inspection may be after their arrival.