

(f) "Goods" means all things which are treated as movable for the purposes of a contract of storage or transportation.

(g) "Issuer" means a bailee who issues a document except that in relation to an unaccepted delivery order it means the person who orders the possessor of goods to deliver. Issuer includes any person for whom an agent or employee purports to act in issuing a document if the agent or employee has real or apparent authority to issue documents, notwithstanding that the issuer received no goods or that the goods were misdescribed or that in any other respect the agent or employee violated his instructions.

(h) "Warehouseman" is a person engaged in the business of storing goods for hire.

(2) Other definitions applying to this article or to specified parts thereof, and the sections in which they appear are:

"Duly negotiate" section 28:7—501.

"Person entitled under the document" section 28:7—403(4).

(3) Definitions in other articles applying to this article and the sections in which they appear are:

"Contract for sale" section 28:2—106.

"Overseas" section 28:2—323.

"Receipt" of goods section 28:2—103.

(4) In addition article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction and interpretation applicable throughout this article.

§ 28:7—103. Relation of article to treaty, statute, tariff, classification or regulation

To the extent that any treaty or statute of the United States, regulatory statute of the District or tariff, classification or regulation filed or issued pursuant thereto is applicable, the provisions of this article are subject thereto.

§ 28:7—104. Negotiable and non-negotiable warehouse receipt, bill of lading or other document of title

(1) A warehouse receipt, bill of lading or other document of title is negotiable

- (a) if by its terms the goods are to be delivered to bearer or to the order of a named person; or
- (b) where recognized in overseas trade, if it runs to a named person or assigns.

(2) Any other document is non-negotiable. A bill of lading in which it is stated that the goods are consigned to a named person is not made negotiable by a provision that the goods are to be delivered only against a written order signed by the same or another named person.

§ 28:7—105. Construction against negative implication

The omission from either part 2 or part 3 of this article of a provision corresponding to a provision made in the other part does not imply that a corresponding rule of law is not applicable.

PART 2—WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS: SPECIAL PROVISIONS

§ 28:7—201. Who may issue a warehouse receipt; storage under government bond

(1) A warehouse receipt may be issued by any warehouseman.

(2) Where goods including distilled spirits and agricultural commodities are stored under a statute requiring a bond against withdrawal or a license for the issuance of receipts in the nature of warehouse receipts, a receipt issued for the goods has like effect as a warehouse receipt even though issued by a person who is the owner of the goods and is not a warehouseman.

§ 28:7—202. Form of warehouse receipt; essential terms; optional terms

(1) A warehouse receipt need not be in any particular form.

(2) Unless a warehouse receipt embodies within its written or printed terms each of the following, the warehouseman is liable for damages caused by the omission to a person injured thereby:

- (a) the location of the warehouse where the goods are stored;

- (b) the date of issue of the receipt;

- (c) the consecutive number of the receipt;

- (d) a statement whether the goods received will be delivered to the bearer, to a specified person, or to a specified person or his order;