

the Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, apply, in any court of competent jurisdiction, for an order enjoining such violation or for an order enforcing compliance with this Act. Proceedings under this section shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, all other remedies and penalties provided by this Act.

SEC. 17. An order or a certified copy thereof, over the seal of the department and purporting to be signed by the commissioner, shall be prima facie proof thereof;

(1) That such signature is the genuine signature of the commissioner;

(2) That such commissioner is duly appointed and qualified; and

(3) That the commissioner and department thereof are qualified to act.

SEC. 18. Section 3(1), Section 5(1), and Section 6(1) of this Act, relating to fees charged applicants for a license, shall not apply to any department of the United States or any agency of the city, county or state of the Commonwealth of Kentucky provided that no fee is charged for administration of the test.

SEC. 19. Should any one or more provisions of this Act be held invalid, such invalidity shall in no manner affect any of the other provisions hereof.

SEC. 20. Any person who violates any of the provisions of this Act shall, for each violation, be fined not less than twenty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.

Approved March 9, 1962.

EXHIBIT 35F—MASSACHUSETTS

GENERAL LAWS ANNOTATED, 149

GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO EMPLOYMENT

§ 19B. Lie detector tests; use as condition of employment; penalty

No employer shall require or subject any employee to any lie detector tests as a condition of employment or continued employment. Any person violating this section shall be punished by a fine of not more than two hundred dollars. Added St. 1959, c. 255.

Approved April 28, 1959.

EXHIBIT 35G—NEW MEXICO

SESSION LAWS OF NEW MEXICO, 1963

Regular Session

CHAPTER 225, LAWS 1963

House Bill No. 341

AN ACT Relating to the Practice of Polygraphy; Providing for a licensing board; and establishing procedure for registration, qualification, and licensure

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of New Mexico:

SECTION 1. "Polygraphy" and "Practice of Polygraphy" defined. As used in this act:

A. "Polygraphy" means the recording of tracings of several different pulsations in the human body simultaneously for the purpose of determining veracity; and

B. "Practice of polygraphy" means the employment of any instrument designed to record simultaneously the physiological changes in human respiration, cardiovascular activity and galvanic skin resistance, or reflex, to determine veracity and to detect deception or the reading and interpretation of polygraph records and results.

SEC. 2. License to Practice Polygraphy. It is unlawful for any person to practice polygraphy, offer his services in the capacity of a polygrapher or purport to be a polygrapher without a license issued by the state board of examiners in polygraphy.

SEC. 3. Board of Examiners in Polygraphy. There is created a board of examiners in polygraphy to be comprised of three members to be appointed by the Governor for terms of three years: Provided, however, of the first board appointed, one member shall have a term of one year, one member shall have a term of two years and one member shall have a term of three years. Any appointment to fill a board vacancy shall be for the unexpired term. Board members shall be