Mr. Besse. It could be. But we have a tax rate that supplies for the schools of the city of Cleveland only half the per capita cost that the suburbs supply for their children. In the poverty areas, because the concentration is greater, it is even less per capita.

Now, we could go to the State government, but the State government does not even raise enough money to do an adequate job in higher education where it has prime responsibility in the State.

Mr. Griffin. If you do not sell this to the Federal Government, are

you going to go to the United Nations?

Mr. Besse. This is a practical problem. We are faced today in Cleveland with race riots because we have not done an adequate job in the poverty end of our community. We have attempted to sell this and businessmen have almost universally been behind every school levy we have tried to pass in Ohio.

I have worked on educational problems to the detriment of my job

for years and years and years.

As a practical matter we can't raise the money locally. Certainly we

ought to. But, as a practical matter, we can't.

Now, if we don't get some money from a source where the money is available, we are going to lose another generation of people who will not be able to support themselves in our community. The cost of what we have been doing under pure local responsibility, I believe, is substantially greater than the total cost of correcting it.

Mr. Landrum. The time of the gentleman from Nebraska has ex-

pired. Would you desire another question?

Mr. Martin. No; I have no question.

Mr. LANDRUM. The gentleman from Hawaii.

Mr. Holland. Will you yield to me for one question?

Mr. Gill. Surely, go ahead.
Mr. Holland. I just came through a fight in Pennsylvania on trying to increase taxes. We had a fine group of men who went around and spoke in schools, churches, and everything else. We got the worst licking we ever got in our life to increase taxes. We went to the State. The State is broke because we have the coal mines, and so We have only one place to go to and that is the Federal forth.

Mr. Quie. We are broke.

Mr. Holland. As far as the United Nations is concerned, they were broke long ago.

Mr. Landrum. Mr. Gill. Mr. GILL. Thank you.

I would like to just compliment you gentlemen on one factor which is not often evident in this committee; that is the fact that you people from the business world have taken the time and the interest to look into many areas that are not directly concerned with your own economic interest. It is very refreshing to hear you express opinions on them.

I would like to move off this great philosophical debate we have been on in the last few minutes down to a more specific problem that I think is covered by title II. Let me outline a problem that I have had some contact with. We have what is known in many areas, and I am sure it exists in your cities as it does in mine, hard-core cases. These are cases of people who have been on welfare, whose parents per-