

Dr. DORAN. We would be in no position to tell you how to do it. Of course, the bill that Senator Morse and Congressman Dent have introduced has to do with this thing we are talking about.

Mrs. GREEN. Will you yield?

Mrs. LANDRUM. Yes; I will yield.

Mrs. GREEN. It does not seem to me this has a direct relationship to the war on poverty. There have been tremendous changes since 1954, not all of them based on the Supreme Court decision, but it seems to me there really has been a Federal impact as a result of the 1954 decision. There also has been a tremendous in-migration to the urban centers of people from some of the rural areas who have not had the same type of education or the same quality.

It would seem to me this impact of in-migration from other States might be more urgent for the committee to consider in Public Laws 815 and 875 than the two suggestions made on page 4. What would be your comment?

Dr. DORAN. Mine would be consistent with yours that these are things that are impacting areas. As Congressman Perkins knows, we, in his congressional district, have contributed to the impact in other areas because of the outmigration. That is why it becomes more important for the youth of eastern Kentucky to receive a more adequate education if we are going to impact areas outside of Kentucky.

I had the privilege a few years ago of visiting the Ohio Legislature when it was in session. As speaker of the House of Kentucky, the Ohio speaker introduced me to the House. He said: "One of the things that has impressed me about the Kentucky school is that it is teaching the three R's—four R's, he said—'reading, writing, arithmetic, and Route 23,' which is the road that leads out of Kentucky into Ohio. As soon as our students were able to read Route 23, they left for Columbus, Cleveland, or somewhere else and impacted the area."

That is the great argument that we have for the Federal Government's assistance in the school area where these impactations have taken place.

Mr. LANDRUM. Well, Route 23 has taken a great many people out of a great many communities throughout the Nation who ought to remain home and who could make a great contribution to local improvement if we could provide some means of keeping them there and I hope we can. I hope this may be part of the foundation to do it.

Dr. DORAN. I think so.

Mr. LANDRUM. I believe it was last Thursday or Friday that we had the privilege of having your young Governor here; Governor Breathitt.

Dr. DORAN. Yes, sir.

Mr. LANDRUM. In his appearance, he made very clear the fact that Kentucky is moving on its own to eradicate some of this poverty. Nevertheless, he emphasized that it could not be done without the assistance of the Federal Establishment.

I wonder if that would be your view, also: That your experience in Kentucky as a member of the State legislature, as speaker; your experience as a college professor; your firsthand knowledge of the condition in Kentucky and knowledge of the organization and the efforts that are being put forth down there now by your State government, as great as they are; could they be as sufficient on their own without the assistance of the Federal Government?