

by the Secretary of the Interior for purchase or rental under that act and to fix the price or prices at which such areas may be purchased or rented. Since these functions are prescribed by statute, 5 U.S.C. 1002 has limited application and the only part that may be applicable is the subsection relating to availability of matters of official record (5 U.S.C. 1002(c)). There are no divisions, bureaus, branches, or other constituent units of the Migratory Bird Conservation Commission.

2. (a) The Commission has no field organization. Its central organization is published in the annual report of the Migratory Bird Conservation Commission, which is presented to the Congress each year pursuant to section 3 of the Migratory Bird Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 715b).

(b) Not published.

(c) The Commission has adopted no substantive rules.

(d) Since the Commission does not deal directly with the public there are no standards of general policy or interpretations formulated and adopted for the guidance of the public.

(e) The Commission does not address rules to and serve them upon named persons.

3, 4, and 5. Do not apply to the Migratory Bird Conservation Commission.

6. The summary of the minutes, boundary limits, and acreage of a proposed area, and the annual report of the Commission are available to the public upon request. The annual report contains tables showing by refuge the acres acquired and the total price paid.

7. The Commission retains as restricted material certain appraisal data pending acquisition of the land.

8. None.

9 and 10. Not applicable to the Commission's functions.

11. The official record of the Commission is defined as the summary of minutes, appraisal data, and correspondence.

Two copies of the Report of the Migratory Bird Conservation Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1964, are enclosed.

Sincerely yours,

ALBERT J. RISSMAN,

Secretary, Migratory Bird Conservation Commission.

REPLY FROM PRESIDENT'S MISSILE SITES LABOR COMMISSION

PRESIDENT'S MISSILE SITES LABOR COMMISSION,
Washington, D.C., March 12, 1965.

Hon. JOHN E. MOSS,
Chairman, Foreign Operations and Government Information Subcommittee, Committee on Government Operations, House of Representatives.

DEAR CONGRESSMAN MOSS: This is in reply to your letter of February 12, 1965, concerning the provisions of section 3 of the Administrative Procedure Act of 1946 (5 U.S.C. 1002).

The following information is furnished in reply to your numbered questions:

1. The Commission was established by Executive Order 10946 on May 26, 1961, for the purpose of developing policies, procedures, and methods of adjustment for labor problems at missile and space sites. The functions of the Commission are set forth in detail in the Executive order, copy of which is enclosed. Briefly, the major functions of the Commission as stated in the Executive order are:

(a) The establishment of a Missile Site Labor Commission composed of an equal number of labor, management, and public members. The Secretary of Labor is the Chairman of the Commission and the Director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service is Vice Chairman.

(b) The establishment of tripartite Missile Site Labor Relations Committees, including representatives of contracting agencies and the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, at missile and space sites.

(c) The Commission to consult with Government contracting agencies as well as the National Labor Relations Board. In turn, these agencies are required to cooperate with the Commission.