

without intent or because of lack of foresight or precautions, commits an act of a kind that imperils persons aboard an aircraft.

If bodily injuries result from the accident, the guilty person shall be punished by imprisonment of from one month to three years and by a fine of from fifty francs to one thousand francs.

If the accident causes a death, imprisonment shall be from six months to five years and the fine from one hundred francs to one thousand francs.

*Article 32.* If there is no special punishment under this law, violations of the provisions of royal decrees issued in application of this law shall be punished by imprisonment of from eight days to one year and by a fine of from twenty-six francs to one thousand francs, or by only one of these penalties.

Violations of the regulations issued by the Minister charged with the administration of aviation shall be punished by imprisonment of from one day to seven days and by a fine of from one franc to twenty-five francs, or by only one of these penalties.

Royal or ministerial ordinances which, in exceptional circumstances, temporarily prohibit the flight of aircraft over certain areas of the territory, or which provide for other urgent measures with immediate effect, shall determine the manner of their publication, such as radio or placing on view at the airdromes, by which, because of their urgency, they shall be brought to the knowledge of the persons concerned.

*Article 33.* Any captain who has been sentenced for a violation specified in this law or by the ordinances issued for its application, and who commits a new violation of such law or ordinances within five years counting from the day when he has suffered the penalty or when the statute of limitations has run, may be sentenced to a penalty of twice the maximum prescribed for the violation.

*Article 34.* All provisions of the First Book of the Criminal Code shall apply to violations specified in this law and in the ordinances issued for its application.

However, in case of a misdemeanor, the court may decide that Article 43 of the Criminal Code shall not apply.

*Article 35.* The penalties provided for in this law shall be imposed without thereby affecting the application of those provided for in other criminal or fiscal laws.

Furthermore, they shall be imposed without thereby affecting administrative or disciplinary sanctions and damages, if any.

*Article 36.* Violations committed aboard a Belgian aircraft in flight shall be deemed to have been committed in Belgium and may be prosecuted there even if the accused is not found on the territory of the Kingdom.

For the prosecution of such violations and of those specified in this law and the ordinances issued for its application, there shall have jurisdiction the King's attorney or the representative of the Public Ministry at the police court at the place where the violation was committed, at the place of residence of the accused, at the place where he may be found and, lacking any of the above, that at Brussels.

Articles 6 to 13 of the Law of April 17, 1878, which constitutes the preliminary title of the Code of Criminal Procedure, shall apply to violations committed aboard a foreign aircraft in flight in such