

makes a representation of fact which he knows to be false in a material particular, he shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(2) If any person issues a certificate of insurance or certificate of security which is to his knowledge false in any material particular he shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding two hundred pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Power to
give effect
to Rome
Convention.

30. The Governor-General may, if it appears to him to be necessary or expedient so to do for the purpose of giving effect to the Rome Convention, make an order—

(a) directing—

(i) that the provisions set out in the order shall, in relation to aircraft registered in any such country as may be specified in the order, have effect instead of the provisions of this Part of this Act, save section 24; or

(ii) that all or any of the said provisions shall, in relation to such aircraft as aforesaid, have effect subject to such modifications, adaptations and exceptions as may be specified in the order; and

(b) making such provision as appears to the Governor-General to be required for securing that an aircraft registered in Ghana shall not leave Ghana on a flight to or over any such country as aforesaid, unless there is on board the certificate relating to a policy of insurance, a security or a deposit of money in respect of the aircraft, being a certificate in such form, and issued by such person, and containing such particulars, as may be prescribed by the order.

(2) If the Rome Convention is amended by any Convention or agreement to which the Government of Ghana is a party, subsection (1) of this section shall have effect as if any reference therein to the Rome Convention were a reference to the Rome Convention as so amended.

Supple-
mental
provisions.

31. (1) In this Part of this Act—

“certificate of insurance” and “certificate of security” have the meanings assigned to them by section 26 of this Act;

“material” in relation to any fact or particular means of such a nature as to influence the judgment of a prudent insurer or giver of securities in determining whether he will take the risk or provide security, and if so, at what premium or for what consideration, as the case may be, and subject to what restrictions and conditions;

“policy of insurance” includes a covering note.