insurer had not cancelled or avoided the policy and, if he were or would have been so insured, give such particulars with regard to that policy as were specified in the certificate of insurance issued to him in respect thereof.

(2) In the event of any person becoming bankrupt or making a composition or arrangement with his creditors, or in the event of an order being made under the provisions of any law relating to bankruptcy in respect of the estate of any person, or in the case of a winding-up order being made or a resolution for a voluntary winding-up being passed with respect to any company or of a receiver or manager of the company's business or undertaking being duly appointed or of possession being taken, by or on behalf of the holders of any debentures secured by a floating charge, of any property comprised in or subject to the charge, it shall be the duty of the bankrupt debtor, personal representative of the deceased debtor and, as the case may be, of the official assignee, trustee, liquidator, receiver, manager or person in possession of the property to give at the request of any person claiming in respect of a liability to him such information as may reasonably be required to ascertain whether any rights have been transferred to and vested in him under the provisions of Part V of this Act, and for the purpose of enforcing such rights, and any contract of insurance in so far as it purports either directly or indirectly to avoid the contract or to alter the rights of the parties thereunder upon the giving of any such information or otherwise to prohibit, prevent or limit the giving of such information shall be of no effect.

(3) If the information given to any person in pursuance of the provisions of this paragraph discloses reasonable grounds of belief that rights have or may have been transferred to him under the provisions of this Part of this Act against any particular insurer that insurer shall be subject to the same duty as is imposed by this paragraph on the persons therein mentioned.

(4) The duty imposed by this paragraph to give information shall include a duty to allow all contracts of insurance, receipts for premiums and other relevant documents in the possession, power or control of the persons on whom the duty is so imposed to be inspected and copies thereof to be taken.

(4) Any person who, without reasonable excuse, the onus of proving which shall be upon him, fails to comply with the provisions of this section or who wilfully or negligently makes any false or misleading statement in reply to a demand for information, shall be guilty of an offence under Part V of this Act and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds.

5. Where a certificate of insurance has been delivered under the provisions of Part V of this Act to the person by whom a policy has been effected and the policy is cancelled by mutual consent or by virtue of any provision in

Duty to surrender certificates on cancellation of policy. Cap. 229, s. 16.