(3) No aircraft in respect of which the conditions required in subrule (2) are not satisfied, or which is already validly registered in

another country, shall be registered in India.

(4) In a case where the usual station of an aircraft and its ordinary area of operation are not situated in India, the Central Government may decline to accept an application for registration of the aircraft in India, or, as the case may be, to permit, the aircraft to remain registered in India, if, in its opinion, the aircraft could more suitably be registered in some other country.

(5) In any particular case, the Central Government may decline to register an aircraft in India if, in the circumstances of the case, it appears to it to be inexpedient in the public interest that the aircraft

should be so registered.

(6) The registration of an aircraft registered in India may be cancelled at any time by the Central Government, if it satisfied that the ownership of the aircraft is not as shown in the register or that registration is not in conformity with the provisions of sub-rule (2) of this rule or that the aircraft could more suitably be registered in some other country or that it is inexpedient in the public interest that the aircraft should should remain registered in India.

31. Nature of Application.—(1) Every application for a certificate

of registration shall be accompanied by—

(a) such particulars relating to the aircraft and its ownership as may be required by the Central Government;

(b) the fee prescribed in rule 35; and

(c) in the case of an aircraft imported by air, a certificate signed by the Chief Customs Officer or Customs Collector that the customs duty leviable in respect of it has been paid and stating the type and manufacture's number of the aircraft and engine, and if the aircraft has been registered elsewhere, its registration markings.

(2) An applicant for a certificate of registration may be required to produce proof of the truth of the statements contained in his

application.

32. Aircraft imported by air.—When an application is made for the registration of an aircraft before its import into India, for the purpose of the import of the aircraft by air a temporary certificate of registration may, subject to the conditions of sub-rule (3) of rule, 30, be granted by the Central Government to the owner of the aircraft complying with clauses (a) and (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 31. Such temporary certificate shall be valid only until the first landing of the aircraft at a customs aerodrome in India, when the certificate shall be delivered by the pilot or other person in charge to the local Aerodrome Officer. Thereafter, on production by or on behalf of the owner of the aircraft of the certificate mentioned in clause (c) of sub-rule (1) of rule 31, the certificate of registration may be granted by the Central Government.

Provided that, if an aircraft in respect of which a temporary certificate of registration has been issued is imported otherwise than by air, such temporary certificate shall cease to be valid on the date of import of the aircraft and the temporary certificate shall forthwith be delivered by the owner to the Director-General, and thereafter the certificate of registration may be granted by the Central Government.