(15) "period of incubation" means (a) in respect of a quarantinable disease mentioned below, the period specified against it:

Yellow fever	6 days.
Plague	6 days.
Cholera	5 days.
Smallpox	14 days.
Typhus	14 days.
Relapsing fever	8 days.

and, (b) in respect of other infectious diseases such period as may be declared by the Central Government by notification in the official Gazette to be the period of incubation of that disease;

(16) "quarantinable diseases" means yellow fever, plague, cholera,

smallpox, typhus and relapsing fever:

(17) "relapsing fever" means louse-borne relapsing fever;

(18) "suspect" means a person who is considered by the Health officer as having been exposed to infection by a quarantinable or an infectious disease and is considered capable of spreading that disease;

infectious disease and is considered capable of spreading that disease; (18-A) "suspected aircraft" means an aircraft which under rule 9(2), 20(2) or 30(2) is regarded as an aircraft suspected of infection from an infectious disease;

(19) "typhus" means louse-borne typhus;

(20) "valid certificate", when applied to vaccination, means a certificate conforming with the requirements and the model laid down in Schedules III, IV and V to these Rules. In the case of certificates of vaccination against cholera and smallpox issued in India, the approved stamp to be affixed thereon shall be such as has been approved by the Central Government and the stamp shall be affixed on the certificates by only those persons who are authorised, either by designation or by name, for this purpose by the Central Government. In the case of certificates of vaccination against yellow fever issued in India, the vaccination centres shall be approved by the Central Government.

Part II.—Aircraft Arriving.

General Provisions.

3. (1) The Commander of an aircraft, which is on its way to India from any place outside India, shall send to the officer in charge of the airport, where he proposes to land in India, a health report stating—

(a) whether any person on board the aircraft is suffering from any illness, and, if so, what its signs and symptoms are, giving, if

possible, the name of the illness, and

(b) whether at any time during the voyage there has occurred on board any case, or suspected case, of a quarantinable or any other infectious disease, and if so what that case was.

(2) The report referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be sent—

(a) if the aircraft is not equipped with wireless, by means of a cablegram from the last place of landing before entering India, and

(b) if the aircraft is equipped with wireless, by means of a wireless message, when it is not less than two hours out from the airport in India, where it is proposed to land the aircraft.

(3) The Health Officer of an airport may, if authorised by the general or special orders of the Central Government, grant pratique