the crew in services different from those for which they were hired, provided they are not disqualified by category and rank. In case of necessity for the safety of the flight, the crew may be used in any capacity whatever.

Members of the crew who exercise functions different from those for which they were hired shall have a right to the higher compensation

due for such functions.

Art. 906. (Unauthorized loading of merchandize.) The commander and other members of the crew may not bring merchandise on an aircraft on their own account without the written consent of the oper-

ator or one of his representatives.

A member of a crew who violates the prohibition of the preceding paragraph must pay twice the price of the transportation current at the place and on the date of the shipment for the same trip and for merchandise of the same kind as that unlawfully shipped, without thereby affecting the duty to pay damages.

Art. 907. (Flight pay.) Flight personnel and persons who are temporarily required to render services on board shall, apart from the payment agreed upon, receive flight pay established according to corporative regulations, and in absence thereto according to usage.

Art. 908. (Arrest of employees.) In the case of arrest of an employee during employment, the employee shall have the right to payment for the duration in the amount established by corporative laws and regulations, and in the absence thereof, when the arrest is made

without any fault on his part for the period of one year.

Art. 909. (Illnesses or injuries of employees.) An employee who contracts an illness or receives an injury has the right to treatment at the expense of the operator within the limits established by the corporative laws and regulations, and in the absence thereof, by usage, and to compensation for the duration [of his contract] in the amount established by the corporative rules or in the absence thereof, by usage.

However, if the worker intentionally contracted the illness, or contracted the illness or received the injury through his own fault while he was on the ground and not because of his employment, the operator shall still be obliged to provide medical care, but he shall have right

to recover expenses.

In the cases provided for in the preceding paragraph, employees do not have a right to compensation for the entire time during which they

are unable to work.

Art. 910. (Indemnity for loss of clothing.) In the case of the loss of clothing or of baggage as a consequence of a flight accident the employee shall receive indemnification in the amount established by cor-

porative regulations and in the absence thereof, by usage.

Art. 911. (Compensation for services in the case of the loss of an aircraft.) An employee who, following the loss of an aircraft, gives his services in recovering the wreckage according to the provisions of Article 812, shall have the right to special compensation in the amount fixed by the corporative laws and regulations, or in the absence thereof, in an amount determined on the basis of the risk incurred, the hard-ships endured, and his usual wages.