## **JORDAN**

Law No. 55, 1953: Law of Civil Aviation 1

Art. 1. This law is to be called Law of Civil Aviation of 1953. It shall be effective from its publication in the Official Gazette.

Art. 2. Definitions:

(Minister) in this law means the Minister of Communications-Civil Aviation, or any person delegated by the Minister to exer-

cise his authority according to this law.

(Treaty) means the convention signed in Chicago on December 7, 1944, according to which it was agreed to adopt some general laws and regulations regarding international civil aviation, or any international treaty amending this Convention or replacing it and recognized by the Jordan Government.

(Contracting Party) means any State which signed that Con-

vention.

(Aircraft) means all balloons, airplanes, dirigibles, or gliders. (Balloon) means any aircraft which use gases lighter than air for keeping in the air and which has no power of propulsion.

(Airplane) means all air, sea, and water planes and other aircraft which are heavier than air and have propulsive power.

(Dirigible) means aircraft which is lighter than air and has no ties with the land and no mechanical propulsive power though it has machines for controlling direction.

(Military aircraft) means military and Air Force aircraft which belong to the Jordanian R.A.F., and other aircraft piloted by personnel from the King's sea, land, or air forces shall also be considered military aircraft.

(Foreign aircraft) means aircraft which are non-Jordanian whether military or civilian, including those used for transpor-

tation of pouches, mail, customs and police.

(Governmental aircraft) means all aircraft used by the State

for mail, customs and police.

(Passenger aircraft or freight aircraft) means aircraft used for transporting passengers or freight in exchange for wages or remuneration.

(Crew) means the pilot, navigator, and other crew members working on the aircraft.

(Freight) includes postal bags and animals.

(Wireless Telegraphy) means also wireless telephone.

(Airdrome) means a land or water surface, all or part of which is intended for the landing of aircraft. It includes the buildings thereon and all other installations.

(Customs Airdrome) means any airdrome under the control of the Ministry.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Published in the Official Gazette No. 1135, March 1, 1953.