

"Aerodrome" means a defined area on land or water to be used either wholly or in part, for the take-off, landing or movement of aircraft, and includes buildings, installations and equipment in the aerodrome;

"Licensed aerodrome" means an aerodrome which a person has obtained permission to establish under this Act and the aerodrome notified by the Minister;

"Air navigation facilities" means services provided for facilitating air navigation of aircraft, and includes buildings installations and equipment of such services;

"Convention" means the Convention on International Civil Aviation done at Chicago on the 7th December, 1944 including its Annexes and Amendments of the Annexes or the Convention;

"Personnel" means the pilot, navigator, engineer, radio-operator, air-traffic controller, flight operations officer and the persons performing other duties as determined in the Ministerial Regulations;

"Operator" means the person engaged in aircraft operation,

"Minister" means the Minister having charge and control of this Act.

Section 5. This Act shall not apply to the air navigation in the services of the military, police and other official units as may be determined in the Ministerial Regulations.

Section 6. The Minister of Communications shall have charge and control of this Act, and shall have the power to appoint competent officials and to issue Ministerial Regulations fixing fees not exceeding the rates hereto annexed and determining other activities for the execution of this Act.

Such Ministerial Regulations shall come into force upon publication in the Government Gazette.

CHAPTER 1

Civil Aviation Board

Section 7. There shall be a Civil Aviation Board consisting of the Minister of Communications as Chairman *ex-officio*, a Vice-Chairman and not more than seven other members appointed by the Council of Ministers.