

often when you get—if I may make a figure of speech—administrative siblings coordinating for other siblings, you get into difficulty.

Here again we want to have diversification and flexibility. In one city you may have a strong individual that can do this, or you may have such a peculiar type of administrative machinery that this could be done. There is nothing in the law that prevents it. My guess is that it would be a rarity rather than the rule.

Mrs. SULLIVAN. It should be, then, a new agency setup with possibly some of these people in the agencies that are now in existence representing it?

Secretary WEAVER. I wouldn't say that it should be, Mrs. Congresswoman. But I would say that it probably will be.

But this again would be up to the local government to determine, realizing the type of system that you have in the local government. In the cities that I have been operating in on the local level it would be necessary, from my knowledge of them, to have a special individual, although this individual might also have the responsibility for carrying out urban renewal and public housing, and a few other programs.

Mrs. SULLIVAN. Does your agency have any guidelines as to what type of agency should be set up? In other words, what type of people might be better qualified to serve?

Secretary WEAVER. No, our approach has been to set out the results we expect to get from the agency. It is a performance standard rather than the technical or the structural criteria that we are concerned with.

Mrs. SULLIVAN. Following up what Mr. Barrett mentioned before, since the whole emphasis seems to be on development grants, would it not be more appropriate to rename the second administration bill, H.R. 12946, the "Metropolitan Development Act" instead of the "Urban Development Act"?

Secretary WEAVER. I think that this might be more descriptive. But again this gets into the semantics of the thing. What we are trying to do is get the word "urban" to be synonymous with "metropolitan," and to involve not only the central city, but also the satellite communities around it, and the urbanized areas beyond. But I don't think any particular violence would be done to our concept by that.

Maybe Secretary Haar would like to speak to that. That is his particular area of interest, and he hasn't said anything so far anyhow.

Mr. HAAR. We see no objection to renaming it that way. There are other sections that dealt with the city programs as well. And so we used the word "urban" in the broad sense which the Secretary has described. But I think calling it the Metropolitan Act would be all right too.

Secretary WEAVER. I might note that the Assistant Secretary under whom this will fall has "metropolitan" in his title. So we are using both terms.

Mrs. SULLIVAN. I think we are getting to the point where we can recognize that there is a difference between what we normally term "urban area," which is a city, and the metropolitan area, which takes in many suburbs, cities, and even including a little of the rural area.

Secretary WEAVER. This is exactly what we mean.

Mrs. SULLIVAN. Thank you. That is all for now, Mr. Chairman.

Mr. BARRETT. Mrs. Dwyer?

Mrs. DWYER. Mr. Secretary, how many different programs will be included for coordination in the demonstration cities program?