

<i>Program</i>	<i>Citation</i>
Department of Health, Education, and Welfare—Continued	
Office of Education—Continued	
11. Instruction in critical subjects and institutes (National Defense Education Act).	20 U.S.C. 441-445, 591-592.
12. Vocational education—Training in specified occupations (Smith-Hughes Act and George-Barden Act).	20 U.S.C. 11-15, 16-28; and 15i-15m, 15o-15q, 15aa-15jj, 15aaa-15ggg, 35g, 35i.
Vocational Rehabilitation Administration:	
1. Vocational education—Rehabilitation services and facilities for handicapped.	29 U.S.C. 32, 33, 34, 41a, 41b.
Public Health Service:	
1. Hospital and medical facilities construction.	42 U.S.C. 291-291o.
2. Clean Air Act.	42 U.S.C. 1857-1857l.
3. Community mental health centers.	42 U.S.C. 2681-2687.
4. Mental health services.	42 U.S.C. 242a, 242b.
5. Community health service for the chronically ill and aged.	42 U.S.C. 246(c), 247a.
Water Pollution Control Administration:	
1. Waste treatment plants.	33 U.S.C. 466-466e.
Welfare Administration:	
1. Aid to families with dependent children.	42 U.S.C. 601-609.
2. Child welfare services (foster home, day care).	42 U.S.C. 721-731.
3. Maternal and child health services.	42 U.S.C. 701-716.
4. Medical and other assistance to the aged (Kerr-Mills).	42 U.S.C. 301-306, 1381-1385.
5. Aid to the blind—Preventive and rehabilitative services.	42 U.S.C. 1201-1206.
6. Aid to the permanently and totally disabled.	42 U.S.C. 1351-1355.
Department of Agriculture:	
1. Food stamp program.	7 U.S.C. 2011-2025.
2. School lunch program.	42 U.S.C. 1751-1760.
Department of Commerce:	
1. Highway planning and construction.	23 U.S.C. 101-134, 136, 319.
2. Public works grants (Economic Development Administration).	42 U.S.C. 3131-3136.
Department of Labor:	
1. Training and skill development programs.	42 U.S.C. 2581-2587.
2. Neighborhood Youth Corps.	42 U.S.C. 2731-2736.
Office of Economic Opportunity:	
1. Community action programs.	42 U.S.C. 2781-2791, 2831.
2. Work experience program.	42 U.S.C. 2921-2923.

Mrs. DWYER. Mr. Secretary, H.R. 12341 states that cities do not have adequate resources to deal with critical problems facing them, and that additional Federal assistance is essential. Does this acknowledge that the public housing and urban renewal programs, into which have been poured billions of dollars, in fact, have developed shortcomings?

Secretary WEAVER. No, it simply says that the amount of Federal aid which has come from these programs—all of these programs have had an impact, and I think all a desirable impact, upon city problems—has not been adequate to meet the total needs and the total deficit of needs in the cities.