

which process is going to be the one we will accept and which processes are going to do the job properly and adequately.

Mr. DADDARIO. The question of disposal of waste materials in deep wells deserves a great deal of attention. As you have said, Mr. Vanik, it apparently will work but nobody is really sure.

In developing a base of investigation, we have become familiar with this particular method of disposal, but we need to know more about it and come to some decision as to whether or not it will be effective.

Mr. VANIK. There is one thing about it. Whatever it does, it puts the affluent away, which maybe if it can be safely put away from humanity and from contaminating other sources of water, it is certainly superior to systems that are not efficient. They say it seals off the well, so there is no flow in or out and it becomes a sealed area.

Inland Co. is the company doing this at East Chicago, and I think we ought to watch it very carefully.

Mr. DADDARIO. Mr. Ryan?

Mr. RYAN. I really want to commend our colleague, Mr. Vanik, for a very fine statement, and I agree that industry should play an important role in pollution abatement, and I think a tax incentive will go a long way toward solving this problem.

Mr. DADDARIO. Thank you.

Our hearings tomorrow will hear testimony from representatives of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. The witnesses will be Mr. Wilbur Cohen, Undersecretary; Mr. Arthur C. Stern, Assistant Chief, Division of Air Pollution, and Dr. Wesley E. Gilbertson, Chief, Division of Environmental Engineering and Food Protection.

This committee will adjourn until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock at this same place.

(Whereupon, at 12:05 p.m. the committee adjourned until 10 a.m., Thursday, July 20, 1966.)