				_	
Item No. 69-69-144	Rollins. Famous American Negro Poets. 1965 The cultural heritage of the Negro is spread through the work of twelve American Negro poets whose blographies are in this volume. Also included are a few poems by each.	Frade 4-9	<u>Item N</u> o. 55967	Emery. Tradition. 1946 Stacy Kennedy braves the prejudices of her schoolmates by befriending a new family of Japanese.	rade H.S.
69-60-110	Rollins. They Showed the Way. 1964 Short biographies of forty Negroes who led the way in their various fields. Their talent and perseverance have shown other gifted Negroes the road to achievement.	6-	55974.91	Faulkner. Intruder in the Dust. 1948 Lucas Beauchamp, a dignified elderly Negro, is charged with murder and held in a Mississippi jail. Evidence to prove his innocence is gathered by two sixteen-year-old boys, one white, one Negro, and an elderly spinster of an aristo- cratic family.	H.S.
69-65-207	Shapiro. Jackie Robinson of the Brooklyn Dodgers. 1957 A spectacular baseball player, Jackie Robinson accepted the responsibility of his pioneering role as the first Negro to play in the major leagues.	7-9	56022.7	Friermood. Whispering Willows, 1964	H.S.
69-60-145	Sterling and Quaries. Lift Every Voice. 1965 Accurate and exciting biographies of four Negro leaders who have significantly influenced the status of the Negro in America: Booker T. Washington, W.E.B. DuBois, Mary Church Terrell, and James	5-	56136.56	Tess Trumper is an orphan won neps her uncie with his job as caretaker of a cemetery in a small indiana town. The Washingtons, a large Negro family living nearby, give her the love and understanding she has missed. Hentoff, Jazz Country, 1965 When Tom Curtis chooses a career over a college	H.S.
69-60-146	Sterling Publishing Company. Picture Book of Famous Immigrants. 1962	6-8		When Tom Curtis chooses a career over a college education, he joins the world of jazz musicians. He becomes involved with the problems of his Negro friends and finds it difficult to leave them when he enrolls at Amherst College.	
	DuPont, Pulitzer, and Belafonte are a few of the immigrants whose biographies are in this collec- tion.		56146.3	Hill. Catch a Brass Canary, 1964 Miguel, a teen-age Puerto Rican boy is a page in an Upper West Side branch of the public library. Here he encounters hostility and in-	H.S.
	Stevenson. George Carver, Boy Scientist. 1944 Biography in story form of the shy boy, born in slavery, who fights for an education and becomes a great scientist.	4-6		in an Upper West Side branch of the public library. Here he encounters hostility and in- difference and is tempted to return to the gang. Through him we see the changes that can occur when people face up to their prejudices.	
New	Terzian and Benagh. Jimmy Brown Story. 1964 All-American in 1956 at Syracuse, this Negro star, now professional, has earned three of football's highest honors in three successive years.	6-	56256.8	Lee. To Kill a Mockingbird. 1960 The anti-Negro feelings of a small Alabama town are pictured through the eyes of an eight-year-old child, daughter of the town's leading	H.S.
69-64-129	White. George Washington Carver. 1953 A Negro scientist, whose work changed the economy of the South, also made contributions	6-9	56263.5	lawyer. Lewiton, Elizabeth and the Young Stranger. 1961	H.S.
	as an educator. Wise, Albert Einstein, 1960 A biography of the famous scientist who continued to serve mankind after anti-Semitism forced birm to take refuge in the United States.	6-		Elizabeth's new high school classmate is a young Hungarian refusee, but her father disapproves of their friendship. The snobbery of her New England friends contribute further to her prob- lem.	
	High School Fiction		56274.5	Livant. Song for Pamela. 1963 At Chisholm Choir College in New Jersey, a southern girl adjusts to dormitory life and establishes a relationship with Ginny, a Negro girl from South Carolina.	H.S.
Item No. 55622.2	Archibald. Outfield Orphan. 1961 Benjie Sadler, an oversensitive Negro baseball player, overcomes his own prejudies and returns to the big league to help win a pennant.	Grade H.S.	56332.1	No. 11 Ab. II. Dougham 1000	H.S.
55649.3	Balch. Runaways. 1963 A refugee from a World War II concentration camp. Jan looks forward to freedom on an Idaho	H.S.	56354.581	Abel Loftis, a Negro grocer, and his daughter Serens become friendly with Molly Demarest, an army wife who comes to live in the southern town of Chinkapink during World War II. Maule. Quarterback. 1962 Brad Thomas is a quarterback on a professional	H.S.
	ranch. He breaks the law unknowingly and runs away to the nearby mountains. Here, defending the horses he loves, he proves his own bravery to himself.			football team. His teammates include a lonely wealthy boy, a white southerner, and a Negro who wants to go to medical school.	
55649,35	Baldwin. Go Tell It on the Mountain. 1953 This is the story of a day in the life of several members of a Harlem fundamentalist church. The central figure is John Grimes, a fourteen- year-old boy.	H.S.	56359.5	Means. Reach for a Star. 1957 A novel of freshman life, romance and new friendships is set against the background of the large Negro campus of Fisk University.	H.S.
55688.2	Blanton. Hold Fast to Your Dreams, 1955 A Negro girl, determined to become a ballet dancer, is made aware of the special obstacles ahe will face.	H.S.	56866.65	Miller. Kirsti. 1964 The Junnola family came from Finland to start a new life in the Idaho Valley. Sixteen-year-old Kirsti and Tom Kincaid, a neighbor, brave both families' displeasure when they want to marry.	п,д.
New	Bonham, Durange Street. 1955 Rufus Henry is a seventeen-pear-old Negro on parole who is trapped by events into joining a gang. Told with brutal realism, this as a con- vincing account of young adults in a Los Angeles slum neighborhood.	н.s.	56387.5	Murphy. The Pond. 1864 In a backwood section of Virginia, Joey and his dog frequent the magic world of the pond. Here, the fourteen-year-old makes a good friend of Mr. Ben, a Negro fifty years older than Joey, but a contemporary in spirit.	н.s.
55742.7	Butters. Masquerade. 1961 Four freshman girls living in the dormitory of a Philadelphia art school face a decision when Cara, a Negro girl passing as white, is forced to leave the dormitory. Liz and Penny leave with her but their problems follow them.	H.S.	New	Santalo. Wind Dies at Sunrise. 1985 Delia Kingsley takes a job at a resort hotel and is shocked when her friends, the Rosens, are turned away because they are Jewish. She rooms with Jan Rosen at college next year and each learns much about the other.	H.S.
55774.2	Chandler. Ladder to the Sky. 1965 A Negro boy and hir family move to a Massa- chusetts farm from a near-by city. They find problems with their neighbors in addition to the problems of farm life.	H.S.	56577	Smith. Tree Grows in Brooklyn. 1947 Williamsburg. Brooklyn is the setting where Francie Noian grows up. This is the story of Francie and her neighborhood of Irish, Italian, and Jewsh immigrants.	H.S.
56797.79	Colman. Classmates by Request. 1964 A group of high school seniors headed by Carla Monroe decides to speed integration by transfer- ring to River High where all students are Negro. The friendship between Carla and a beautiful Negro girl, Ellen Randall, survives situations which cause misunderstandings.	H,S.	56586.7	Sprague. Question of Harmony, 1965 Jeanne Blake, Dave Carpenter and Mel Johnson, a Negro boy, form a chamber music trio and become good friends during their senior year in high school. They become involved in larger	H.S.
55797.8	Colman. Girl from Puerto Rico. 1961 A realistic picture of what it means to be a Puerto Rican girl in New York. The hurts are helped a little by the friendship of an Ameri-	H.S.	56607.5	issues such as civil rights for Negroes, and Mel's need for a college scholarship.	H.S.
55835.55	can boy and his aunt. Cox. Tall on the Court, 1964 Awkward, poor Samuel Boone from the Tennessee Mountains plays basketball at college. He feuds with Peter who is wealthy and pleasure-loving, but whose height creates problems for him similar to Sam's.	H.S.		Stolz. Who Wants Music on Monday? 1963 The Dunne children are candid about the gap between them and their parents. Vincent, away at college, has two roommates, one English, one Negro. Relationships are honestly and realisti- cally pictured.	
55850	Dahl. Homecoming. 1960 A second generation Norwegian girl resents her mother's insistence on retaining the Old World ways.	H.S.	56614.5	Strachan. Cabins with Window Boxes. 1964 Makah Indians did not own businesses in Neah Bay, Washington and the community thought Mrs. Robertson would fail. Seventeen-year-old Nona lielps her mother succeed with the Totem Pole Motel.	H.S.
66883.4	De Leeuw. Barred Road. Rev. ed. 1964 A sensitive story of a young Negro girl who faces group prejudice and through her courageous stand helps to modify it.	A.O.	56665	Tufts. Super's Daughter. 1953 Story of a Czech DP family in New York and especially of seventeen-year-old Meri.	H.S.

	High School Non-Fiction		Item No. 50313.6	Frazier. Negro in the United States. 1957 This survey of the social changes experienced by the American Negro is written by a distin-	Frede H.S.
Item No. 50309.49	Allen. Negro in New York, 1964 The status of the Negro in the development of New York State and biographics of notable New	Grade H.S.		guished Negro sociologist.	H.S.
50243.73	York City Negroes are included in this book. Baldwin. Fire Next Time. 1963 Two important essays about race relations in the United States today with a section on the Black	H.S.	•	Friedman. Southern Justice. 1965 Nincteen lawyers with first-hand experience in handling civil rights cases in the South today give accounts of how the law is turned against those who are seeking its protection.	
50309.5	Muslim Movement. Baldwin. Nobody Knows My Name. 1961 Highly personal, these essays deal with relations between the Negro and the white man, both in the United States and abroad.	H.S.	New	Gay. Jews in America 1965 From the first group of Sephardic Jews who arrived in New York to the postwar survivors of the concentration camps, little known infor- mation about the Jews and their impact on	H.S.
50288	Baruch. Glass House of Prejudice. 1946 Using stories of real people, the author shows the symptoms of hate and its causes.	H.S.	50329.5	America is presented in a very readable manner. Glazer and Moynihan. Beyond the Melting Pot. 1963	H.S.
50288.001	Bates, Long Shadow of Little Rock, 1962 The leader of the Negro integrationists, Daisy Bates, tells what it was like to face the full fury of the South trying to protect its way of life in Little Rock in September 1957.	H.S.		Much research went into this study of the Negroes, Puerto Ricans, Jews, Italians, and Irish in New York City. The expectations that a melting pot process would fuse the population have not been realized.	
50244.2	Belfrage. Freedom Summer. 1965 Saily Belfrage is a young, white Northerner who Saily Belfrage is a young, white Northerner who during the summer of 1964. This is a personal account of the courage of the young people living through the terror of an extreme situation.	H.S.	50813.7	Golden. Mr. Kennedy and the Negroes. 1964 The civil rights movement and John F. Kennedy's involvement in it are analysed. Appendix includes two important addresses by the 35th President and his brother, the former Attorney General.	H.S.
53666	Bontemps. American Negro Poetry. 1963 Among the fifty-six poets whose work is included in this collection are Paul Laurence Dunbar, Richard Wright and Le Roi Jones.	H.S.	54272.6	Golden. Only in America. 1958 Anecdotal observations of Jews, Negroes, politicians, and the old East Side of New York.	H.S.
50309.8	Bontemps. 100 Years of Negro Freedom. 1961 The struggle of the Negro is traced through the lives and personalities of leaders from Senator	H.S.	50243.85	Handlin. Fire-Bell in the Night 1964 Our racial attitudes are analyzed and the reasons are given for many of the difficulties which arise in the painful struggle for equal opportunity.	H.S.
New	Pinchback to Martin Luther King. Bowen. Struggle Within: 1965	H.S.	50800.5	Handlin. Newcomers. 1959 The author examines the Negro and Puerto Rican problem in New York in the light of other immigrants who have achieved satisfactory adjustments.	H.S.
	Comprehensive and objective, this book explores in depth the problem of the Negro American. Mr. Bowen presents as many sides of the question as possible and sheds light on the fears and misconceptions that he believes underlie the conservative's attitudes.		50290.7	Handlin. Race and Nationality in American Life. 1987 A searching and enlightening study of race re- lations by a professor of history at Harvard.	H.S.
50243.8	Brink and Harris. Negro Revolution in America. 1964 Based on the survey of Negro opinion made by Newsweek Magazine, a picture emerges telling what has triggered the present revolt against discrimination.		New	Hansberry. The Movement; Documentary of a Struggle for Equality, 1964 Beautiful photographs and a text by playwright Lorraine Hansberry are combined to depict to-day's struggle of the Negro for equality.	H.S.
50311.1	Butcher. Negro in American Culture. 1987 The Negro's role in American society and culture and his contributions to music, dance, painting, poetry, fiction and drama are discussed.	H.S.	53754.11	Hansberry. Raisin in the Sun (Play). 1959 A middle-class Negro family comes into money and faces universal problems.	H.S.
50319.5	cain. Winding Road to Freedom. 1965 The American Negro's perseverance in his quest for equality is recorded here.		50243.86	Hentoff. New Equality. 1984 An attempt to explain, especially to whites, how the Negroes feel in their struggle for equality. Discusses housing and school integration, the successes and failures.	H.S.
New	for equality is recorded here. Clark. Dark Ghetto. 1965 The author, a Negro social psychologist, presents the effects of Harlem phetoes on those who live there and on society as a whole. Included are suggestions for workable solutions.	110	53659.9	Hill. Soon, One Morning, 1963 The subtitle New Writing by American Negroes, 1940-1965 indicates the inclusion of such authors as James Baldwin, Paul Veere, Richard Wright and Langston Huphes. The collection includes essays, fiction and poetry.	H.S.
50244.3	Clark, Negro Protest, 1963 Verbatim conversations between Negro psychologist Kenneth Clark and James Baldwin, Martin Luther King and Malcolm X reveal three very different points of view.	H.S	\$8652.325	Hughes. Langston Hughes Reader, 1958 Thirty years of the author's work in this voluminclude abort stories, essays, plays, poems, and speeches about Negroes.	H.S.
New	Dabbs. Who Speaks for the South? 1964 Today's explosive issues in the South are square- by faced and the reasons for the disparate points of view of the Yankee and the Southerner are brought into focus.		£3689	Hughes. New Negro Poets-U.S.A. 1964 Thirty-even postwar Negro poets are represented in this anthology. Traditional themes are still pursued, but there is much more personal poetry included in this volume.	H.S.
50279.2	Dilliard. One Man's Stand for Freedom. 1963 A collection of the Supreme Court opinions of Mr. Justice Black who struggled to secure those basic freedoms guaranteed by the Bill of Rights.		50248.87	Humphrey. Integration vs. Segregation. 1984 Hubert Humphrey has edited this collection of articles and statements covering the most sig- nificant aspects of the problems of school de- segregation and integration.	H.S.
60312	Dorman. We Shall Overcome. 1964 A reporter watched the revolution of 1962-68 unfold, and his book gives an eyewitness report of this crucial year in the fight for civil rights.	H.S.	50814.2	segregation and integration. Isaacs. New World of Negro Americans. 1968 A study of the ways in which world affairs have an impact on Negro Americans.	н.з.
50312.5	Dover. American Negro Art. 1980 With more pictures than text, the work of many American Negro painters and sculptors is pre- sented. Some were photographed especially for this book.	H.S.	New	an impact of Me Neighbor, Call Me Friend. 1965 When the first Negro family bought a home it when the first Negro family bought a home it the new Lutheran minister knew that he had to set. By writing to his neighbors and parabilo news and by mobilising the best elements of the white and the Negro propulation, he united the	H.S.
50312.8	Durham and Jones. Negro Cowboys. 1965 The story of some of the cowboys who helped build the west.			community.	***
50243,83	Epstein and Forster. Some of My Best Friends 1952 The discrimination against Jews in the United States has assumed patterns and practices that make it uniquely American. The case histories are fully told and anti-Semitiam is analyzed in	H.S.	50302	Kennedy, Nation of Immigrants. 1964 First written in 1958 when John F. Kenned- was espousing forward steps in immigration legislation, this book tells what the immigrants has done for America—a nation of immigrants.	
53807	are fully took and anti-commissing as actions to combat and eradicate it here. Fleischman. Let's Be Human. 1960 Anecdotes and essays about race relations, civiliberties, unions, and immigration are treated with a light touch and stress the progress being made.	πе	50248.88	Killian and Grigs. Racial Crisis in America. 1864 Using a group of community studies, the author show that only token victories for the Negr have been won so far. They believe that only the threat of violence posed by internacial conflic will bring Negroes and whites into meaningfung propositions.	H.S.
50313.4	Franklin. From Slavery to Freedom. 1956 Written by a historian, this is a comprehensive chronicle of the history of the American Negro	H.S.	50816	King. Stride toward Freedom. 1958 Here is the full account of the first successful non-violent resistance of Alabama Negroes.	H.Š.

Item No.		Grade	Item No.		Grade
50248.9	King. Why We Can't Wait. 1964 Why the Negro is dissatisfied with the progress in the fight for his still-denied rights. Discusses non-violent protests, today's leaders, and outlines the developments that may be anticipated.	H.S.	50826.5	Thompson. Negro Leadership Class. 1963 The results of a study focused on New Orleans during the years 1940-62, this report by a so- clologist gives a frank pleture of the Negro leader, and the conflicting forces which face his	H.S.
503282.5	Konvitz. Century of Civil Rights. 1961 A clear analysis and appraisal of civil rights legislation, cases, and decisions assembled by a Cornell University professor of law.	H.S.	New	Von Hoffman. Mississippi Notebook. 1964 Chicago Daily News reporter Nicholas Von Hoffman records the turbulent events of the summer of 1964.	H.S.
58759.6	Laurents. West Side Story (Play). 1957 The struggle between two rival ten-age gangs ends in tragedy for Maria, a Puerto Rican girl, and Tony, a member of one of the gangs.	H.S.	New	Westin. Freedom Now! 1964 A collection of writings covering the history of the civil rights struggle and discrimination in law enforcement, education, housing, and employ- ment.	H.S.
50283.4	Lewis. Portrait of a Decade. 1964 From the day the Supreme Court ruled that segregation in public schools was unconstitutional, a climate was created encouraging Negroes to protest against injustice. Anthony Lewis depicts the events of the past ten years in the battle for civil rights. Compiled from the daily reports	H.S.	50828	Woodson and Wesley. Negro in Our History. 1962 The history of the United States has been in- fluenced by the presence of the Negro. The tenth edition of this book tells the story with some new material added.	
50303	of the New York Times. McWilliams Brothers under the Skin, 1951	H.S.	50829	Woodson and Wesley. Negro Makers of History. 1958 An account of the Negro from his African	
55055	Problems faced by our minority groups: Indians, Mexicans, Chinese, Puerto Ricans, and the effect intolerance has on our national life.		50829.01	An account of the Negro from his African origin to the present, now in its fifth edition. Year. Pictorial History of the American Negro.	
New	Mayerson. Two Blocks Apart. 1965 Juan Gonzales and Peter Quinn live only two blocks from one another but their lives are worlds	H.S.	50829.8	1965 A wealth of picture material illustrates this story of the Negro in America. Young. Negro Firsts in Sports. 1963	H S
	apart. The author records talks with these two seventeen-year-old New Yorkers and the contrast between them is striking.			American sports have provided an access to equality for Negroes. This is the story of how Negroes came onto the sports scene and con- tains the records attained by Negro athletes.	
50288.45	Mendelson. Discrimination. 1962 A résumé of the two-pear study by the United States Commission on Civil Rights. Objectively written, this book shows the total impact of discrimination and includes recommendations for combating it.	H.S.	50294.8	Zinn. Southern Mystique. 1984 An analysis of Northern and Southern attitudes from the Declaration of Independence to the present day.	H.S.
New	Musmanno. Story of the Italians in America. 1965 The problems of immigrants in a strange land are faced with frankness and the contributions of Italian immigrants to America are reviewed.	H.S.			
50284	Newman Freedom Reader 1963	H.S.		High School Biography	
T00/0.05	A collection of materials on civil rights and civil liberties in America, including commentaries of eminent lawyers, political scientists, and government officials.	H.S.	54456.2	Adams. Great Negroes, Past and Present. 1968 Short biographies of over 150 outstanding Ne- groes. Illustrations, source notes, and an extensive bibliography add to the book's value.	H.S.
60243.95	Peck. Freedom Ride. 1962 The author's involvement in the non-violent action to end segregation in the South.	4.0.	54575.8	Anderson, My Lord, What a Morning 1956 Marian Anderson tells of her long struggle to become a concert singer.	H.S
50303.4	Pisani. Italian in America. 1957 The story of the Italian in America illustrates how the interplay of cultures contributes to the	H.S.	54827.1	Bennett. What Manner of Man; Martin Luther King. Jr. 1964	H.S.
New	strength of the United States. Postal Encyclopedia of Jews in Sports, 1985 The stereotype of the Jew as a physical weakling is repudiated in this meticulously documented and well-illustrated volume. Arranged by sport, the achievements of Jewish athletes, both amateur and novements are recorded.	н.8.		Bennett, What Manner of Man; Martin Luther King Jr. 1984 Manner of Bony Magazine writes a comprehensive blography of Martin Luther King. As a former college classmate of Dr. King, he is in an excellent position to write an authoritative book.	
50304.5	protessional, are received	H.S.	54624	Jimmy Brown, the Negro fullback of the Cleve-	H.S.
50004.0	Rand. Puerto Ricans. 1958 A newspaper reporter writes a sympathetic account of our newest minority group.		54685.8	land Browns, tells of his rise in football. In this biography he also makes observations about bigotry that are pertinent to today's racial crisis.	H.S.
50323.3	Redding. Lonesome Road, 1958 Interesting aspects of Negro history are revealed in little known episodes that are included in this volume.	H.S.	50299.6	Campanella. It's Good to Be Alive. 1959 Biography of a famous ballplayer who is now confined to a wheelchair. Cavanah. We Came to America. 1954	H.S.
50243.72		H.S.		Cavanah. We Came to America. 1954 Firsthand accounts by some well known immigrants who came to the country to make new lives for themselves.	
	Rischin. Promised City. 1962 New York City faces social problems of urban development as told through the experiences of its Jewish residents. A scholarly investigation of the effects of the migration of the Jews of Eastern Europe.		54679.5	Covello. Heart Is the Teacher. 1958 This biography of a devoted teacher and principal in the New York City school system who worked with children of many different beelgrounds.	H.S.
58889	Rosten. Education of Hyman Kaplan, 1987 Stories of the hilarious happenings in Mr. Park- hill's English class for foreigners. The Return of Hyman Kaplan is a continuation of the class situation.	H.S.	New	Davis. Yes I Can. 1965 Sammy Davis Jr. is one of the foremost entertainers in America today. This is his story of how he reached the top.	H.S.
50304.7	Shannon. American Irish, 1963 The contributions of the Irish immigrants to American social history are told in colorful detail.	H.8.	54698	Doss. Family Nobody Wanted. 1954 Story of a minister and his wife who adopted a dozen children from completely different racial backgrounds.	H.S.
50248.958	Shapiro and Sullivan. Race Riots; New York 1964. 1964 Two veteran reporters have written the minute-by-minute story of what actually happened during the six hot days of 1964 when race riots hit New York City.	H.S.	545 77.76	Eaton. Trumpeter's Tale. 1955 Louis (Satchmo) Armatrong was born in a New Orleans sium in 1900. His mastery of the trumpet and his buoyant spirit helped him to overcome hardships in his rise to fame as a jazz musician.	H.S.
50243.954	Shogan and Craig. Detroit Race Riot. 1964 The full story of one of the worst race riots in American history. The authors have investigated Detroit's race-troubled past, seeking a reason for the riot in the summer of 1943.	H.S.	54755.3	Gibson. I Always Wanted to Be Somebody. 1988 Called the "Jackle Robinson of Temnia." Althes Gibson tells her story from her youth in Harlem to her satisfaction in becoming the tennis cham- pion, world-renowned.	H.S.
50243.955	Silberman. Crisis in Black and White. 1964 A bold exploration of the problem of finding ways to restore the Negro to dignity. Unless the	H.S.	55075.5	Graham. Booker T. Washington: Educator of Hand, Head and Heart. 1955 Biography of the founder of Tuskegee Institute.	
50248.96	Negroes achieve political and economic power, the author believes they will be unable to move into the mainstream of American life. Silver. Mississippi: The Closed Society. 1964	H.S.	55024.1	Handlin. Al Smith and His America. 1958 Biography with an excellent account of the problems of the Irish immigrant group of New York's East Side.	H.S.
	Written by a Mississippian who is a historian, James Sliver witnessed the long night of riot on September 30, 1962 at the University of Missis- sippi. He includes events that led up to that night and letters written after it.	!	50314	Henderson. Negro in Sports, 1949 A survey of the Negroes, professional and amateur, who have distinguished themselves in sports.	H.S.

Item No.		Grade	Item No.	•	Grade
54990.65	Hirahberg. Bill Russell of the Boston Celtics. 1963 A motherless, sensitive Negro boy overcomes many obstacles to win a college basketball scholarship. This biography of Bill Russell tells how he be- came one of the greatest centers who ever played	H.S.	54604.7	Peare. Mary McLeod Bethune. 1951 A great Negro leader overcame southern prej- udice and built an industrial school for her people.	H.S.
54639.05	the game. Holt. George Washington Carver. 1942	H.S.	50324.1	Richardson. Great American Negroes. 1956 Short biographical sketches of American Negroes who achieved success despite handicaps.	H.S.
	Story of the homeless little Negro boy who over- came numerous obstacles in life to become one of America's greatest scientists.		54832.9	Rodman. Fiorello La Guardia. 1962 The "Little Flower's" contribution to the multi- tudes of different people living in New York	H.S.
54604.6	Holt, Mary McLeod Bethune. 1964 A carefully researched biography of the proud,	H.S.		City at the time he was Mayor.	H.S.
	forceful Negro woman who founded Bethune- Cockman College and the National Council of Negro Women. The early years of her life in the South are vividly detailed.		54844.4	Sams. White Mother. 1987 The true story of Veanie and Mingo Bennett, seven-year-old Negro twins, orphaned and struggling in a hostile world. Chance led them to a gentle white woman in their small Florida town	н.ъ.
54498.5	Hughes. Famous Negro Heroes of America. 1958 Sixteen biographies of outstanding Negroes. In- cluded are such personalities as Harriet Tubman,	H.S.	-	and through her they learned the meaning of "mother."	
	Dorie Miller, Crispus Attucks and Esteban.		54997.3	Saund. Congressman from India, 1960 Autobiography of the first U.S. Congressman of	H.S.
54825.7	Kern. Yesterday's Child. 1962 The only child of a Jewish physician relives the problems of her Chicago girlhood.	H.S.		Asian extraction and his inspiring career.	
54630	Kugelmass. Ralph J. Bunche: Fighter for Peace. 1962 The stature of the man emerges in this biography of a contemporary American diplomat.	,	54997.4	Savo. I Bow to the Stones. 1963. The memories of Jimmy Savo's childhood are vividly told in this autobiography of the famous comedian. The son of Italian immigrants, Jimmy was resented by the Irish and German boys in his Bronx neighborhood.	:
54934	Lipman. Maybe I'll Pitch Forever. 1962 "Satchel" Paige is a baseball player who helped break the color barrier in the major leagues.	H.S.	55026.5	Sone. Nisei Daughter. 1953 Life in an Idaho detention camp during World War II and a visit to Japan make this Japanese	H.S.
54832.8	Mann. La Guardia. 1959 Story of the American melting pot which produced the "Little Flower."	H.S.		girl appreciate her dual heritage.	
53425.5	Mays. Born to Play Ball. 1955 A journalistic account of a popular ball player's life.	H.S.	54604.9	Sterne. Mary McLeod Bethune. 1957 The inspirational story of the girl who rose from slavery to found a college and become a friend to the nation's leaders.	H.S.
54783.5	Miller. Ahdoolo. 1963 Matthew Henson, a Negro who accompanied Peary to the North Pole, learned the language of the Eskimos and because of his great courage, be- came their hero.		New	Wiener. Ex-Prodigy. 1953 Norbert Wiener, the world-renowned mathema- tician was the son of a Jewish immigrant from Poland who became a Harvard professor. Nor- bert later pionered the development of the digital computer.	
54937	Papashvily. Anything Can Happen. 1945 Arriving in New York, penniless but optimistic, this immigrant from Russia becomes a successful inventor.	H.S.	55088.5	Winkler. Penny from Heaven. 1941 This is an autobiographical portrayal of the struggle of an immigrant boy in New York City.	H.S.
54940.4	Patterson. Victory over Myself. 1962 Teachers and schools are very important to this shy child who later becomes a heavyweight champion.	H.S.	55089	Wong, Fifth Chinese Daughter, 1950 A self-portrait of a Chinese-American girl who became an artist despite family opposition.	H.S.

[Taken from "Education Code"-State of California-1965, vol. 1]

CHAPTER 2. ELEMENTARY TEXTBOOKS

ARTICLE 1. ADOPTION

"Elementary schools" defined

9301. The term "elementary schools" as used in this chapter (commencing with Section 9301) includes all public schools, except junior high schools, in which instruction is given in the first to the eighth grades, inclusive, or in any one or more of such grades.

Cross Reference: For provisions for free texts for pupils, see Constitution Art.

IX, Sec. 7.

Adoption of textbooks, supplementary textbooks, and teachers' manuals

9302. The State Board of Education shall adopt one or more basic textbooks in each of the subjects prescribed for the elementary schools by Section 7604 of this code, except in art and in foreign language. The board may adopt a single textbook covering two or more of these subjects. The board may adopt other textbooks, supplementary textbooks, and teachers' manuals for use in the elementary schools. The board may adopt teachers' manuals for use in the kindergarten schools. The board shall determine the grade or grades for which each basic textbook, other textbook, supplementary textbooks, and teachers' manual is adopted.

The board shall determine the period for which each basic textbook, other textbook, supplementary textbook, and teachers' manual is adopted, which period shall not be less than four years nor more than eight years. After an original adoption period has expired, the board may extend the adoption period of such

books for not less than one year nor more than four years.

Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the governing board of any school district, or any county library from ordering and purchasing such supplementary textbooks as are required.

(Amended by Stats. 1963, Ch. 1051.)

Cross Reference: For special classes, see Secs. 5801-5802.

For textbooks to be used in elementary joint district, see Sec. 2097.

Specifications for textbooks

9303. The State Curriculum Commission shall recommend to the State Board of Education, specifications for textbooks for uniform use in the schools of the State so that the textbooks adopted shall conform to the minimum standard for courses of study.

Cross Reference: For general provisions relating to State Curriculum Com-

mission, see Sec. 7501 et sea.

Curriculum commission recommendations

9304. The State Curriculum Commission may also study the textbooks submitted to the State Board of Education for adoption and make recommendations thereon to the State Board of Education. The State Curriculum Commission shall give preference to California-produced books of equal or superior merit. The State Curriculum Commission may, without at the time furnishing vouchers and itemized statements, draw from funds appropriated for publishing, purchasing and shipping free textbooks a sum not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). The sum shall be used as a revolving fund for the purpose of having manuscripts of proposed textbooks prepared.

Cross Reference: For general provisions relating to State Curriculum Commis-

sion, see Sec. 7501 et seq.

Public hearing

9305. The State Board of Education shall give the State Curriculum Commission a public hearing before making any adoption of textbooks for use in the elementary schools of the State.

Public inspection

9306. Before final adoption of a textbook, it shall be made available for public inspection for 30 days in not less than 10 public libraries as directed by the State Board of Education.

ARTICLE 5. DISTRIBUTION OF TEXTBOOKS

Supply and distribution

9501. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall maintain a supply of state textbooks and distribute them to the school districts and county superintendents of schools in conformity with the provisions of this code and with the rules, regulations and resolutions of the State Board of Education made pursuant thereto

Cross Reference: For distribution of textbooks, see 5 California Administrative Code Sec. 44.1.

For distribution, see Constitution Art. IX, Sec. 7.

Charges

9502. No charge shall be made to any school district or county superintendent of schools for state textbooks or teachers' manuals to be used in grades one through eight of the public schools, nor shall any charge be made to any pupil or teacher for the use of such textbooks or teachers' manuals.

Cross Reference: For physical education manual, see Sec. 8152.

For public safety manual, see Sec. 8002.

For ownership of and responsibility for state textbooks, see 5 California Administrative Code Secs. 43-44.

[Taken from "Constitution of the State of California and of the United States and Related Documents," 1965]

STATE AND COUNTY BOARDS OF EDUCATION-FREE TEXTBOOKS

Sec. 7. The Legislature shall provide for the appointment or election of a State board of education, and said board shall provide, compile, or cause to be compiled, and adopt, a uniform series of textbooks for use in the day and evening elementary schools throughout the State. The State board may cause such textbooks, when adopted, to be printed and published by the superintendent of State printing, at the State Printing Office; and wherever and however such textbooks may be printed and published, they shall be furnished and distributed by the State free of cost or any charge whatever, to all children attending the day and evening elementary schools of the State, under such conditions as the Legislature shall prescribe. The textbooks, so adopted, shall continue in use not less than four years, without any change or alteration whatsoever which will require or necessitate the furnishing of new books to such pupils, and said State board shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law. The Legislature shall provide for a board of education in each county in the State. The county superintendents and the county boards of education shall have control of the examination of teachers and the granting of teachers' certificates within their respective jurisdictions. [As amended November 5, 1912.]

An Overview of Suggested Procedures for Improving Methods of

TEXTBOOK SELECTION

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK/THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT/BUREAU OF ELEMENTARY CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT/ALBANY, NEW YORK 12224

Sico

AN

OVERVIEW

OF

SUGGESTED PROCEDURES

FOR.

IMPROVING METHODS

OF

TEXTBOOK SELECTION

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

Regents of the University (with years when terms expire)

Edgar W. Couper, A.B., LL.D., L.H.D., Chancellor, Binghamton, 1968
Thad L. Collum, C.E., Vice Chancellor, Syracuse, 1967
Alexander J. Allan, Jr., LL.D., Litt.D., Troy, 1978
Charles W. Millard, Jr., A.B., LL.D., Buffalo, 1973
Everett J. Penny, B.C.S., D.C.S., White Plains, 1970
Carl H. Pforzheimer, Jr., A.B., M.B.A., D.C.S., Purchase, 1972
Edward M. M. Warburg, B.S., L.H.D., New York, 1975
Joseph W. McGovern, A.B., LL.B., L.H.D., LL.D., New York, 1969
Joseph T. King, A.B., LL.B., Queens, 1977
Joseph C. Indelicato, M.D., Brooklyn, 1974
Mrs. Helen B. Power, A.B., Litt.D., Rochester, 1976
Francis W. McGinley, B.S., LL.B., Glens Falls, 1979
George D. Weinstein, LL.B., Hempstead, 1981
Max J. Rubin, LL.B., L.H.D., New York, 1980
Kenneth B. Clark, A.B., M.S., Ph.D., New York, 1971

President of the University and Commissioner of Education
James E. Allen, Jr.

Deputy Commissioner of Education Ewald B. Nyquist

Associate Commissioner for Elementary, Secondary and Continuing Education Walter Crewson

Assistant Commissioner for Instructional Services (General Education)
Warren W. Knox

Director, Curriculum Development Center
William E. Young

Director, Division of General Education James C. Eadie

Chief, Bureau of Elementary Curriculum Development Robert H. Johnstone

> Chief, Bureau of School Library Services Frank A. Stevens

FOREWORD

This publication has taken form as the culmination of an idea advanced by Dr. Warren W. Knox, Assistant Commissioner for Instructional Services (General Education), for providing assistance to schools in improving local methods of textbook selection. A joint effort by the Bureau of School Library Services and the Bureau of Elementary Curriculum Development resulted from the original idea advanced by Dr. Knox.

Peter A. Martin, who is responsible for curriculum aspects of Title II ESEA, developed and organized this manual. Many individuals have assisted and advised the department during the period of preparation.

We should like to thank the administration and teache of Mohonasen Central School for permitting us to photograp a typical selection committee in action. The teachers photographed included: Harry R. Bain, Mary M. Congiano, Dorothy Foster, Barbara Thumm, and Michael Zollo. The cooperation of Barton Williams, assistant superintendent of schools, and James March, elementary principal, was especially helpful.

We are indebted to Gordon E. Van Hooft, Chief, Bureau of Secondary Curriculum Development, for reviewing this manuscript.

JAMES C. EADIE Director, Division of General Education

FRANK A. STEVENS Chief, Bureau of School Library Services WILLIAM E. YOUNG Director, Curriculum Development Center

ROBERT H. JOHNSTONE Chief, Bureau of Elementary Curriculum Development

PREFACE

Improvement of classroom instruction for all children in all subject areas constitutes a primary goal of the New York State Education Department.

At present, as in the past, the textbook remains as the most important single tool utilized by classroom teachers for instructional purposes. Today, we have the blessing and the complication of a wide choice of excellent textbooks. It follows logically that school board members together with their professional staff have responsibility for selecting only the best available material.

This publication presents a concise, suggested framework for developing local textbook selection procedures. It is designed to serve as a base from which local districts may "blast off" in developing their own written policy based on an intimate knowledge of local need. Employed in this manner, it should provide a valuable addition to the reference library of those charged with the important task of textbook selection.

WALTER CREWSON Associate Commissioner for Elementary, Secondary and Continuing Education

TEXTBOOK SELECTION PROCEDURE

BOARD OF EDUCATION (LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY) POLICY FORMATION

SUPER INTENDENT

SELECTION COMMITTEE (MEMBERSHIP)

COMMITTEE OPERATION RESEARCH - REPORTS - RECOMMENDATIONS

FINAL SELECTION PROCEDURE (INTERACTION) PROVISION FOR SYSTEMATIC REVIEW

Textbook

History and Development

The textbook remains today, as it has over the years, the single most important tool utilized by teachers for the purpose of instructional development. The basic textbook provides a common body of subject matter material organized in a manner designed to facilitate instruction. If the history of textbook development is examined, we find tremendous change based on new methodology, content, ideas, philosophy, and the demands of an ever-changing world.

Hornbooks constructed in the shape of a paddle and samplers used in dame's school were among the forerunners of our modern textbooks. These usually contained the alphabet, numerals, and sometimes religious verses. From this humble beginning, the next step was materials produced by the local printer. This material was produced to supplement income, and quality materials were the exception. The books used in the early schools remained English in origin to a major degree.

The most popular American textbook resulted from the dissatisfaction of Noah Webster, a teacher in the Goshen Classical School. The materials produced by Noah Webster were divided into three parts including a speller, grammar and a reader. The speller was published in 1783 and emerged as the famous Webster's Blue Book. This Webster speller was destined to become the largest selling textbook of all time. 'extbook selection at this stage in history was a relatively easy task. Choice was mainly a question of availability.

Several factors emerged in education that gave further impetus to the development of textbook materials. With the expansion of free education, the problem of increased enrolments emerged. Pupils began to leave the multilevel single classroom for separate grades and rooms. School districts became more complex and the trend toward more

uniform textbook material accelerated. In 1818 Philadelphia became the first city to make free textbooks available to all students. As other cities and states followed this example, more interest developed in producing improved textbook materials. This trend toward the availability of a wider variety of instructional materials intensified the need for more specific selection procedures. These early procedures were often subjective and mechanical in nature involving decisions largely administrative in scope. Teacher judgments and opinions played a minor role in the selection procedure.

Schools continued to increase in size, and curriculum expansion became more pronounced. Publishers developed mor effective methods of research to remain abreast of this dynamic growth. Great progress in content, methodology, teacher education, facilities, and technology have led to the demand for textbook materials designed to meet the challenge of inquisitive minds. Selection procedures need regular review if optimum use is to be made of the almost endless variety of educational materials available today. Administrators are involving teachers, librarians, subjectmatter specialists, and other interested parties in the process of textbook selection. More school systems are developing written criteria for textbook selections designe to facilitate intelligent selection based on individual school and local pupil needs.

Teachers today, with greater depth of training, are encouraged to move from the older accepted concept of one basic textbook as constituting a course of study. We find teachers using several textbooks plus a wide variety of supplemental materials. Students are encouraged to explore and to do research in many areas usin a wide range of materials. Progress has been made to the point where curriculum development determines textbook selection and not textbooks the curriculum. Selection procedures must provide for continued review and study if full advantage is to be taken of the new educational materials in various stages of development.

Board of Education

The local board of education is charged with the legal responsibility for textbook selection. In practice, many boards have delegated this responsibility to their superintendent. In larger districts, an assistant superintendent in charge of instructional materials may be assigned this responsibility. Final responsibility for textbook adoptions is of course retained by the local board of education which acts upon the recommendation of the superintendent. His recommendation follows the completion of the study by the textbook selection committee. The local board, representing as it does a broad cross section of the community, is in a unique position in terms of understanding local needs. The local board decision on textbook adoption thus has a firm, dual basis in legal responsibility and community empathy.

Superintendent of Schools

The superintendent is a key person in the total process of textbook selection. He is in a position through contacts with principals, supervisors, teachers, and parents to be aware of weak instructional areas within the school system. Too often, textbooks which constitute a major instructional tool have been selected and remain in use until obsolete or out-of-print. The superintendent, in his official capacity, is able to address the problem of textbook change in terms of the needs of an ever-changing, dynamic society. He will have responsibility for choosing the committee to serve employing criteria as enumerated. The guidelines developed for selection procedures will be the result of preliminary planning involving the superintendent and his Specific guidelines need to be established for textbook selection based on local need in terms of the school population. Additional criteria will be necessary in specific subject matter areas.

The superintendent, functioning as an instructional leader, will facilitate the development of this specific content criteria.

As with all tasks assigned to a committee, a tentative progress schedule should be developed with the superintendent. This action will serve two purposes. First, it assures that continued study is being carried out by the committee in terms of desired goals. Second, adequate arrangements may be made to provide committee members the time necessary for a competent job. The superintendent is able to arrange the budgetary support to provide the facilities, materials, and other resources necessary for the committee to function efficiently.

The final role of the superintendent will be one involving communication with and recommendation to the board of education. He will meet with the committee chairman and also meet with the committee as a whole. The information he receives will be communicated to the board of education as a form of progress report. Reactions and suggestions will then be taken back to the committee. When the point of decision is reached, the official recommendation for a final board decision will be made by the superintendent of schools. The superintendent's role in the total textbook selection process may be described at various times as initiating, facilitating, and culminating. He is the key to an efficient textbook selection program.

Selection Committee

The most important action taken in textbook selection normally rests with the selection committee. This committee will find its strength in terms of the strengths of the individual members of the group. For this reason, great care must be exercised in committee selection. The school superintendent, in consultation with his administrative staff, is the logical person to appoint the members of this committee.

In terms of selecting members of this committee the superintendent will be guided by a variety of pertinent criteria. Consideration of desirable characteristics of committee members will usually begin with teaching experience and demonstrated competence. Such teachers will be able to approach the matter of textbook selection with the background desirable for an enlightened choice. Their approach will not be based solely on the mechanical selection of books, but rather, on a more meaningful approach based on familiarity with the basic course of study, local student needs, and materials currently in use. The experienced teacher does not tend to be dominated by other members of the committee regardless of predetermined notions possessed by other committee members. Teachers are naturally interested in studies within their own areas of teaching competence. Members should want to serve on a particular committee, and be willing to give of the time and effort necessary for enlightened selection in terms of course of study and local needs.

A selection committee will normally include a school administrator and may include subject matter specialists, librarians and other interested community representatives. At this point, the possibility of an administrator dominating the committee should be considered. This will not happen if the administrator understands that his function is one of facilitating decision making and is not one of directive leadership. Some consideration could be given to having the chairman serve as a non-voting member of the committee. An administrator is ideally qualified to serve as

chairman because of his experience in dealing with people involved in all areas of the total school program. In addition, the administrator is in a better position to obtain the clerical and other help necessary for an adequate study. He could also function as liaison with the superintendent of schools.



A TYPICAL TEXTBOOK COMMITTEE

Committee size is important in terms of facilitating decision making. The committee should be large enough so individual study assignments will not be overwhelming. Yet the committee must be small enough so agreement is possible and decisions may be reached. In an average school system, a committee of from five to nine would seem suitable. Local conditions in terms of student and community needs may make a committee of different size more desirable. The competen cy of the individual members of the committee is more important than size in arriving at valid selective judgments. How this committee may function to arrive at definite recommendations will be considered as a separate entity from committee selection.

Selection Committee Operation

The textbook selection committee, once appointed and assigned a specific task, should set up a schedule and plan of operation. This action will be facilitated by having a tentative schedule of meeting dates developed in conjunction with the superintendent of schools.

So the committee may be made aware of the vast amount of material available in a particular subject area, certain steps may be taken by the committee chairman. Publishers should be notified that a change in textbooks is contemplated. A simple form giving such information as subject and grade level involved may be devised for this purpose. Publishers should be requested to send sample copies of textbooks they feel may meet the needs of the school district within the specific content area being considered. A listing of major textbook publishers may be found in the latest directory produced by the Association of Educational Salesmen of New York State. Provision for a file of publisher's catalog in a central location is advisable when committees are examining textbooks periodically. file should be kept current if it is to have maximum value. Once a file system has been established, it takes a minimum amount of time to keep it current. In addition, professional journals should be available with their many excellent reviews of new materials. Another valuable tool is Textbooks in Print, a catalog published by the R. R. Bowker Company which gives a comprehensive listing of published materials by subject areas from all publishers. Opinions may also be solicited from other local districts using different textbooks of recent selection.

The first committee meeting will concern itself with the problem of organization in terms of specific functions. A chairman should be elected if one has not been designated by the superintendent of schools. By tradition, committee chairmen have been administrators for the reasons already considered under committee membership. A recorder is necessary to take the minutes of each meeting. If possible, a member of the secretarial staff should be made available to the committee for recording the proceedings.

The professional members of the committee are then left free to concentrate on their major task of selection. The minutes should be duplicated, and corrections made by the committee members. A brief form of the minutes should be developed and should be available to all interested staff members. A note may be appended to the short forms of the minutes inviting comments from all interested persons. When decisions are reached, they then represent the result of contributions of the total staff. It is extremely important that committee meetings be open and not be construed in any way as secret or exclusive.

The committee will want to devote some time to a revie and discussion of the course of study the textbook will be chosen to implement. By having experienced teachers chosen for the committee, familiarity with curriculum in terms of local needs may be assumed. However, it will still be of value for experienced teachers to redefine desired values and outcomes in terms of State and local curriculum guides before beginning actual consideration of textbooks. The committee may also decide to call in resource consultants from the State Education Department and/or subject matter specialists from institutions of higher education. New approaches may be explored by making use of the particular talents of these resource people.

When sample copies of textbooks arrive, members of the committee will want to examine them in terms of criteria similar to that suggested in the selection criteria section of this booklet. Additions or deletions may be made to these criteria in terms of local conditions or special subject matter requirements. Individual members may report back to the group on their findings after examining sample textbooks. The examination of a number of books may also serve as a quasi in-service program for committee members. Through this interaction of reports and discussions, a pattern should emerge where a small number of books may be considered for more careful study. If this number can be reduced to five or less, the time for further intensive study has arrived.

Committee members may wish to utilize materials from a particular book with their own classes. Other teachers may also be invited to make use of these materials. It could be advantageous for a class to have an opportunity to use a particular set of books while completing a unit of work.

While this is taking place, the publisher's representative should have an opportunity to meet with the committee and with the individual teachers using his materials. minimum of one hour of presentation followed by a question period would seem advisable. To give less time defeats the purpose of such a meeting. For this reason, the presentation is suggested when the number of textbooks being considered has been reduced to a reasonable number. The publisher's representative will be able to appraise the committee of the philosophy and academic approach of his material. He may wish to bring research consultants, charts, or other audio-visual material for his presentation. Any unique features of the series may also be explained to the committee members at this time. All interested personnel should be invited to listen to these presentations. the formal presentation and answer period, individual committee members may wish to continue discussing the textbook material that has been presented. This is one significant advantage of having a single presentation at a scheduled meeting. Members of the committee are able to concentrate all of their energies on one set of materials at a time. It is doubtful that any positive purpose would be served by having more than one publisher's presentation at any one meeting.

With this background information plus committee research, opinions of resource persons and other classroom teachers, the committee will continue to eliminate textbooks until a final choice is possible.

A written report explaining the reasons for the committee arriving at the final choice should be presented to the superintendent. He will undoubtedly expect to meet with the committee as their decision is explored in depth.

If the superintendent is in agreement with the committee, there remains one more step to complete the process of selection. The superintendent may wish to have the committee meet with the board of education, and then present his recommendation. He may wish to distribute a written document developed by the committee and then give his recommendation. In either instance, his is the final recommendation with formal approval by the board of education signifying the successful conclusion of the committee effort. At this point, a series of follow-up meetings could be planned to continuously evaluate the material chosen. A tentative date may also be set when further revision will be considered. The selection committee may then be discharged with its assignment completed.

General Selection Criteria

The following general criteria may be applied to textbooks in all subject areas. It is suggested that local districts develop additional specific criteria, where needed, based on an intimate knowledge of local conditions and student needs.

Content -

Is the content accurate and in agreement with the latest research available?

Does the content relate to the course of study developed by the local district consistent with current guides and curriculum handbooks in New York State?

Is the material presented in an interesting manner with a minimum amount of extraneous material?

Is the material presented in such a way that students are led to think out solutions and not merely to memorize facts?

Is the content suitable in terms of reading level and vocabulary control for those students who will utilize it as a tool of instruction?

Are charts, maps and tables accurate and presented in a clear and concise manner?

Are questions presented in such a manner that they will be understood by students? Furthermore, are the reasons for asking the question clear?

Author -

Do the authors and/or consultants have teaching experience on the particular level and in the subject area being considered? Do the authors and consultants have an educational background that qualifies them to write in the content field involved?

Do the authors represent a philosophy of education that is compatible with the philosophy of the local school district?

<u>Date of</u> -<u>Publication</u>

Is the textbook being considered up-todate, and does it have a recent copyrigh date? Any book with a copyright date more than five years old should be examined very carefully.

Does the presence of a recent copyright date signify the incorporation of the latest findings in methodology and technology?

Is a recent copyright date the result o a real change, or a cursory or minor revision of materials from former editions.

<u>Treatment of</u> -<u>Sensitive Areas</u>

Does the author develop the role of minority groups in a manner that reflec the latest findings of scholarly research?

Has the integrity of content been respected where the author develops the ro of minority groups?

Are stereotypes avoided in terms of racial, religious and ethnic background

Is the textbook non-sectarian in nature

Where differences of opinions may exist, which have basis in interpretation, does the author treat all sides of the issue fairly and objectively?

Physical Characteristics

Is the binding substantial in terms of the amount of rough handling the book may be subjected to by children?

Does the book lie flat when open on a desk?

Is the paper of good quality affording maximum opacity?

Is the type suitable for the grade level being considered in terms of the period of visual development?

Is there adequate spacing between words and lines to make reading easy?

Are illustrations pleasing, colorful, and well located on a page?

Do the illustrations reflect the multiethnic character of our society?

Teaching Aids -

Is the teacher's manual written in such a manner as to explain completely the objectives of individual lessons, units, and sections?

Teaching Aids -

Are directions provided for the teacher terms of overall aims and objectives?

Are references listed for teachers and students in such a manner as to be of maximum use?

Have references been kept up to date?

Does the book have accompanying audiovisual aids including records, film strips, films, tapes, charts and overhead transparencies?

If appropriate, are workbooks challenging for the student and do they reinforce major concepts presented by the textbook? In addition, are workbooks easily corrected by the teacher employing the standard key?

Are workbook materials so organized that student weaknesses in particular areas may be identified?

Are appropriate testing materials available to the teacher for an adequate standardized program?

Do clear, concise, unit summaries reinforce important learnings?

Are interesting activites suggested that will challenge youngsters to do further research in meaningful areas?

Have subject indexes been included so specific material may be easily located by students?

Does the glossary give easily understood definitions of more difficult words employed by the author?

Is an attempt made by the publisher to keep content material current by the issuance of supplementary bulletins?

In Conclusion -

If considered desirable, the selection criteria discussed may be set up in the form of a score sheet for each textbook being considered. Individual districts may also wish to add to or delete items in this listing in terms of local conditions.

NEW MEXICO FEDERATION OF TEACHERS. Albuquerque, N. Mex., October 8, 1966.

Hon. ADAM CLAYTON POWELL. House of Representatives, Washington, D.C.

SIR: The Executive Council of the New Mexico Federation of Teachers protests the disclaimer made by Tito Valdez, Director of the Textbook Division, New Mexico State Department of Education, prior to his testimony before the House Education and Labor Committee on August 31. At this hearing, which concerned the treatment of minority groups in textbooks, Valdez said, "People of the state are either happy or they have been silently unhappy about the books the kids are studying. . . . There are no complaints." We also protest the support given this statement in a press release by officials of the New Mexico Education Association which stated that there had been no complaints in regard to minority groups.

We wish to point out that parents of Spanish-American or Indian students who themselves are deficient in English, are hardly likely to be the vocal type of parents who would express organized protest over textbook selection. This hardly means that there is no deficiency. Dropout figures would also seem to be a valuable indicator of discontent in the schools.

New Mexico has the highest number of students per capita and the second highest dropout rate in the nation. As shown by the June 1, 1966 report from the Southwestern Cooperative Educational Laboratories, racial minorities constitute the majority of these dropouts. Based on a population of 444,503 New Mexico residents presently 16 years and over, 27% of the Indians and 6% of the Spanish-Americans had no schooling whatsoever; this compares to 4% of all races combined. Ninety percent of the Indians and 82% of the Spanish-Americans had not gone beyond the eighth grade, whereas the figure for all races combined is 12%. Only 9% of the Spanish-Americans and 13% of the Indians completed high school; 24% of all races combined completed high school. Although separate figures were not available on the Negro, we believe that this minority would also show up substantially in dropout statistics. It is clear that these figures are in some ways out of date since they do not reflect possible advances in the last decade or so, but all indications suggest that the trend remains the same.

Educators in the State of New Mexico cannot remain complacent. shocking figures are true, and they remain true. There are a number of possible causes for the high dropout rate among minority groups. Certainly the failure of New Mexico to adopt a policy of using integrated textbooks is of prime im-

portance.

The NMFT brings to your attention the fact that the NMEA view is in direct contradiction to that of its parent organization, the National Education Association, which in a recent report on racial minorities in the southwest entitled, "The Invisible Minority," pointed out the tragic feelings of inferiority in a Spanish-American schoolgirl. "I am a Mexican. No matter what I attempt to do, my dark skin always makes me feel I will fail." The report offered as a possible solution the use of integrated textbooks and bilingual teaching methods, which would help the minority groups adapt to the dominant Anglo culture, while encouraging pride in their native traditions.

We are appalled that NMEA and state administrators take such a complacent view of minority education. We are concerned that culturally disadvantaged minorities in New Mexico, which represent a larger percentage of the population than in most southwestern states, are given virtually no recognition in school textbooks. Unless a more realistic approach is taken by the state education administrators and the NMEA, the situation could become a disgrace of such proportion

that much needed federal funds would be withdrawn.

Yours very truly,

THORD C. NILSON, President. (Mr. H. C. Quarles, Director, Division of Textbooks, South Carolina Department of Education Submitted the Following Material)

TEXTBOOK ADOPTION REGULATIONS FOR THE FREE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF SOUTH CAROLINA APPROVED BY THE SOUTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION, DECEMBER 18, 1964

Issued by State Department of Education, Jesse T. Anderson, State Superintendent of Education, Columbia, S.C., 1964

To Establish The Method For Adopting Textbooks For The Free Public Schools Of South Carolina; To Create The Textbooks Advisory Committee; To Provide For The Appointment of Special Committees To Evaluate And Rate Textbooks; And To Promulgate Such Rules And Regulations As Are Necessary To Carry Out The Provisions Thereof.

Section 1. Pursuant to Section 21–505, the State Board of Education shall have the responsibility and duty to adopt the textbooks used for instruction in the free public schools of South Carolina subject to the provisions of the sections that follow.

Section 2. The State Board of Education shall appoint, with recommendation of the State Superintendent of Education, a Textbook and Curriculum Advisory Committee. The Committee shall consist of 14 members; 8 members who are actively engaged in school work either administratively or supervisory, at least one from each congressional district; 1 lay citizen preferably a former member of the State Board of Education; 5 members from the staffs of the state educational agencies having responsibilities in the curriculum and textbook fields including the Director of the Division of Instruction, the Director of the State School Book Commission and preferably a representative of ETV. There shall be at least two nominees for committee membership from each congressional district. Four of the appointed members shall be appointed for a term of two years, five shall be appointed for a term of four years. Thereafter, the term of all appointed members shall be four years. The recommendations by the State Superintendent of Education shall include the suggestion of a Chairman, Vice-Chairman and Secretary. The Committee has the power to organize itself.

The duties of the Advisory Committee shall be to study continually the curriculum and textbook and make recommendations to the State Board of Education in subject fields in which textbook adoptions are needed to meet new programs of study; to replace textbooks on which contracts are expiring; to make recommendations in regard to exercising options in existing contracts; to make recommendation in regard to renegotiating expiring contracts; to recommend to the State Board of Education the number of books it considers desirable in each area of the curriculum being considered for textbook adoption. The committee shall give careful attention to new and improved methods of presenting instructional materials. The committee is authorized and directed to secure the assistance and advice of any consultants deemed proper. Special consideration should be given to consultants from the State Department of Education, colleges and universities of South Carolina.

The Textbook and Curriculum Advisory Committee shall meet annually at the call of the Chairman. Additional meetings, when necessary, may be held at the call of the Chairman, a majority of its members, or on request from the State Board of Education. Provided, however, that the State Board of Education reserves the right to limit the number of official meetings this committee may hold in one school year.

The Textbook and Curriculum Advisory Committee shall report to the State Board of Education not later than May of each year in regard to the necessity of textbook adoptions to be made during the following school year. The Committee may make curriculum reports when in its judgment such reports are deemed advisable.

Section 3. The State Board of Education shall examine the recommendations of the Textbook and Curriculum Advisory Committee and in its discretion determine the fields in which textbook adoptions will be made, if any. The State Board of Education shall, through its Administrative Officer, make information relative to the adoptions available to publishers and school administrators by mail, not later than June 30 preceding the adoption date in November. It shall also make due arrangements for an official announcement not later than

September 1. This announcement shall be sent to all publishing companies registered with the Administrative Officer of the Board, and a notice shall be given by legal advertisement in at least one daily newspaper in the State of South Carolina in accordance with the general legal requirements.

The formal notice by the Administrative Officer of the Board shall make available sample copies of the bid forms to be used by the publishers in submitting textbooks for adoption and a copy of the contract and bond each publisher will

be required to execute if its books are adopted.

SECTION 4. Following the announcement of the State Board of Education of the proposal for textbook adoptions, the State Board of Education shall appoint, with recommendation of the State Superintendent of Education, as soon as practical, an Evaluating and Rating Committee for each major subject field or related subject area in which adoptions are to be made. It is the desire of the Board that a balance be maintained on each evaluating committee between large and small, rural and urban schools. There shall be at least two nominees for each position except that of the State Department of Education. Each committee shall consist of nine members; seven members, one from each congressional district and one at large, who are actively engaged in teaching, in the supervision of teaching, or administration in the public schools, all of whom have had teaching experience, special training or supervision in the subject field in which they have been appointed, three of whom shall be full-time classroom teachers; one person who may be a college teacher or layman competent in the fields or subjects under consideration; one representative from the State Department of Education.

The recommendations by the State Superintendent of Education shall include

the suggestion of a Chairman, Vice-Chairman and Secretary.

It shall be the duty of each Evaluating and Rating Committee to rate all textbooks offered for adoption and file a written report with the Administrative Officer of the Statae Board of Education. The report shall consist of the committee's evaluations and a list of textbooks which the committee recommends as suitable for adoption. In order to be placed on the recommended list, a textbook must receive affirmative votes from at least two-thirds of the committee members. The number of books to be recommended by the committee in each subject field shall be in accord with instructions from the State Board of Education.

If a committee does not find the specified number of books satisfactory, it shall so indicate in its report. If, in the judgment of the committee for some unusual reason, the number is considered inadequate, the reasons shall be carefully

detailed in its report.

To facilitate efficient and competent evaluations by the committee, the State Board of Education shall furnish the committee with detailed instructions pertaining to its duties, textbooks evaluating guide materials, etc., and the time schedule necessary in order for the State Board of Education to complete its work in an orderly fashion. It shall be the duty of the State Superintendent of Education to serve as co-ordinator and liaison between the State Board of Education and the Committees.

Publishers shall be required to furnish a brief to each committee member for all textbooks being offered for adoption. The brief shall include a common reading level of the text material and level of difficulty. The Committee shall hold hearings allowing adequate time for each publisher's oral presentation provided, however, there shall be at least 30 days between the final date for submitting briefs and the dates of hearings. After the original hearings, there shall be no communications between the representatives of the textbook publishers and the committee members except as may be requested by the committee.

The committee is authorized and directed to secure the assistance and advice of any consultants deemed proper. Special consideration should be given to consultants from the State Department of Education, colleges and universities of South Carolina. It is, further, authorized to request and secure necessary cler-

ical services from the State Department of Education.

Textbooks shall not be recommended by the Evaluating and Rating Committee and the State Board of Education shall not adopt textbooks that fail to meet the South Carolina Official Minimum Manufacturing Standards and Specifications. Provided, however, the State Board of Education reserves the right to waiver minor deviations and technicalities and in each case the publisher shall be responsible for showing cause why the minor deviations or tehenicalities cannot be met. Copies of the Official Minimum Manufacturing Standards and Specifications will be made available to the publishers with the official call for bids.

In the event an Evaluating and Rating Committee cannot submit a report that is acceptable to the State Board of Education, the said committee may be dissolved and a new committee appointed in the same manner as the original committee.

Each Evaluating and Rating Committee shall be dissolved as soon as the State Board of Education completes the adoption in the subject field for which

it was appointed.

SECTION 5. The School Book Commission is hereby directed to cooperate fully with the State Board of Education, the Textbook and Curriculum Advisory Committee and the Textbook Evaluating and Rating Committees in determining whether or not textbooks offered for adoption meet the South Carolina Minimum Manufacturing Standards and Specifications for textbooks. The Commission shall furnish a list of textbooks offered for adoption which, in its judgment, fail to meet the Minimum Manufacturing Standards and Specifications and list in detail the deviations it finds prior to the rating by the evaluating committees.

Section 6. The Evaluating and Rating Committees may recommend and the State Board of Education may adopt textbooks in manuscript. Provided, however, any contract awarded for textbooks in manuscript form shall be subject to final approval of the State Board of Education and the Evaluating and Rating Committees as to the final wording, format, illustrations and captions, and physical construction. Any Evaluating and Rating Committee for subject matter adopted in manuscript form shall not be discharged until final action has been

taken by the State Board of Education on the completed text.

SECTION 7. It shall be the duty of the State Board of Education to adopt not less than 3 nor more than 5 books or series of books in each subject field if so many books have been recommended by the Evaluating and Rating Committees. However, prior provision notwithstanding, the State Board of Education is not required to adopt any books recommended by the Committees that in the judgment of the State Board of Education are unsatisfactory. The State Board of Education may adopt a number of books or series of books exceeding the original instructions to the Evaluating and Rating Committees if so recommended by the Evaluating and Rating Committee and the State Board of Education concurs in the recommendation.

Section 8. Substitutions of new copyrights for textbooks under contracts will

be allowed only with written permission as specified below.

(1) Any publisher desiring to substitute a later copyright of an adopted textbook with minor changes that can be used interchangeable in the same classroom without confusion may make application to the State Superintendent of Education. The publishers shall submit 4 samples of the edition under contract, 4 samples of the edition it proposes to substitute and 4 complete lists of changes between the two editions. If, after consultation with the Division of Instruction, the State Superintendent of Education concludes that the two editions can be used interchangeably in the same classroom without confusion, he is authorized to grant permission to substitute the new edition. All substitutions made under this provision shall be reported to the State Board of Education and approved by the Director of the State School Book Commission as to the construction of the book but not its contents.

(2) Any publisher desiring to substitute a later copyright of an adopted text-book that is so different from the original text that it cannot be used interchangeably in the same classroom without confusion must make application to the State Board of Education and agree to take up all copies of the old text books in use in the public schools of South Carolina and allow an exchange rate to the state or school equal to any equity they have in the used books. The State Board of Education shall examine the publishers request and if, in its judgment, there is sufficient merit to warrant further consideration the State Board of Education shall create an Evaluating and Rating Committee as provided under Section 4. After receiving the report of the Committee, the State Board of Education will

determine whether or not the substitution will be allowed.

(3) Provided, however, that in all substitutions allowed prices shall not exceed the price named in the original contract.

Section 9. All original contracts shall be for a period of four years and contain a clause providing that at the option of the State Board of Education the contracts may be extended for two additional years at no increase in price.

At the expiration of a contract between the state and the publisher of any textbook, the State Board of Education, upon the recommendations of the Textbook and Curriculum Advisory Committee and upon satisfactory agreement being had with such publisher, may renegotiate the contract for such textbook or later edition thereof for a period not to exceed two years without any increase in price.

SECTION 10. The Attorney General of the State of South Carolina shall approve all contracts to be entered into between the state and the publishers and shall approve the bond to be filed by each contract publisher. Such bond shall be placed in the custody of the State Treasurer.

Section 11. All members of the Textbook and Curriculum Advisory Committee and of the Evaluating and Rating Committees except ex-officio members of full-time employees of the State of South Carolina shall be paid the regular per diem and expenses as are members of other boards or agencies of South Carolina

as prescribed by law.

Section 12. Any school, desiring to teach an elective course that has been approved by the State Board of Education where, due to the volume, a formal adoption has not been made, may make application to the State Department of Education for the approval of the book which the school proposes to use. The State Superintendent of Education, after consultation with his staff, may approve the text if it is found to be satisfactory. It is it not found to be satisfactory, the matter shall be taken up with the school involved, recommendations made and a suitable text shall be agreed upon between the school and the State Department of Education. All texts so approved under this provision shall be reported to the State Board of Education in writing within 90 days with a description of the circumstances which make the action advisable. These texts are subject to State Board approval.

Section 13. Nothing contained in these regulations shall be construed or interpreted to restrict the authority of local schools to conduct experimental programs and the use of non-adopted material therein as provided in the current

elementary and secondary school standards.

Under no circumstances shall this section be used as a vehicle to circumvent state textbook adoptions. All textbooks approved under this provision shall be

reported to the State Board of Education.

Section 14. Any bidder or publisher submitting textbooks to the state for adoption shall on or before the day bids are received register in the office of the State Superintendent of Education the names, home addresses of all agents or employees of any kind or persons retained for legal or other services to whom there is being paid or there will be paid any salary, commission or royalty for representing the bidder or publisher. This registered list shall be kept open for inspection by the public and copies of it shall be made available to members of the State Board of Education, the Textbook and Curriculum Advisory Committee and the Textbook Evaluating and Rating Committees. The failure of any bidder or publisher to register the names, home addresses of all agents of any kind as herein specified shall be deemed as sufficient cause for summary rejection of the bid or proposal of such bidder or publisher.

Section 15. All contracts shall provide that, if any person who furnishes adopted textbooks in the state shall sell the same textbooks or cause them to be sold or offer them for sale to any other person, state or State Board of Education for a price less than that which this state has contracted to pay for such textbooks, such lower prices shall automatically become the price of such textbooks in this state and that the content of the textbook shall be considered and not the title in investigating such prices. The State Board of Education shall make the necessary investigations as to the prices of such textbooks so sold to other per-

sons, schools, states or State Board of Education.

Section 16. It shall be unlawful for any teacher of a school supported in whole or in part from the public school funds of this state, any trustee of any such school or any other school officer or employee to become an active or silent agent of any school book publisher or be in anywise pecuniarily interested in the introduction of any school book into any school in this state. Any person violating any of the provisions hereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Provided, however, the terms of this section shall not apply to encyclopedia sales by teachers and principals during the months they are not actively engaged in teaching.

Section 17. Any of all Rules and Regulations which may be in conflict with

the provisions of this regulation are hereby declared null and void.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

OF THE

STATE SCHOOL BOOK COMMISSION

Approved March 9, 1955



Issued by

STATE SCHOOL BOOK COMMISSION

J. D. Robison, Director

COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

STATE SCHOOL BOOK COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA

School Book Commission, State

ADOPTED BY THE SOUTH CAROLINA STATE SCHOOL BOOK COMMISSION

Pursuant to § 21-479, S. C. Code of 1952 (Filed Secretary of State's Office March 15, 1955)

Rules and Regulations to replace Rules and Regulations of April 21, 1937 and July 27, 1939

ARTICLE I—BOOKS

- Section 1. Adopted Books.—The State School Book Commission shall provide for use in the public schools only such books as are regularly adopted by the State Board of Education and duly contracted for with the Publishers.
- Section 2. Property of the State.—All books issued to schools and depositories by the State School Book Commission shall be the property of the State. Rental paid to the Commission shall not be considered as a payment toward the purchase of books, except as provided in Article IV, Section 4, in regard to damaged or lost books.
- Section 3. Consigned to Schools and Depositories.—Books issued to schools and depositories shall be consigned to them by the Commission for a minimum period of three years. Each title must be used three years before a change can be made. (State Board of Education Ruling.)
- Section 4. Workbooks and Paper Bound Books.—Workbooks, paper bound books and such other books that, in the judgment of the Commission, are not sufficiently durable to withstand use for more than one year shall not be provided on a rental basis. Such books shall be sold outright to per cent if books are paid for within 60 days from opening of school or date of invoice (whichever is later).

ARTICLE II—DISTRIBUTION

Section 1. Central Textbook Depository (State Depository).—All books shall be secured from Publishers and distributed by the State School Book Commission through the Central Textbook De-

pository, as required by contract between the State Board of Education and the Publishers.

- Section 2. Distribution to Schools.—The County Board of Education of each county, with the agreement of the Commission, shall determine the system of distribution within each county. The system agreed upon shall determine the agency from which the individual schools of the county shall secure their books.
 - (a) County Depositories: A county Depository may be established through which all books in the county may be distributed. Such Depository may, however, supply books to only those districts desiring to secure them from the Depository. This shall be determined by the County Board and the Trustees of the several districts.
 - (b) District Depositories: The Board of Trustees may establish a district depository through which all books in the district may be distributed. The district depository may secure books directly from the School Book Commission.
 - (c) School Depositories: The Board of Trustees may authorize schools within the district to act as depositories. Books may be secured directly from the School Book Commission.

ARTICLE III—CUSTODIANS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- Section 1. County Depository.—The County Board of Education shall be the legal Custodian of all books requisitioned by the County Depository. The Board shall be responsible for all books issued by the Depository to the individual districts regularly operating under the Depository.
- Section 2. District Depositories.—The Board of Trustees of each District and School Depositories shall be the legal custodians of all books issued to the schools within the district. It shall be responsible to the source from which books were secured.
- Section 3. Administration.—County Boards of Education and Boards of Trustees may appoint such agents as they deem necessary in the discharge of their duties. Such appointment shall not relieve the County Board or Trustees of their legal responsibilities.

ARTICLE IV—PRICES

- Section 1. Rental Prices.—Books shall be rented to pupils for the entire school year for one-third of the contract retail price except that all Readers shall be rented for one-fourth of the contract price.
- Section 2. Sale of Books.—Only new books that have not previously been rented may be sold to pupils. Such sales shall be at contract retail prices. Used books may be sold only in case of unreasonable abuse or damage, as provided in Article IV, Section 4.
- SECTION 3. Prices Listed on Forms.—All record forms furnished by the Commission shall show the contract retail price and yearly rental price of books listed thereon.
- SECTION 4. Lost Books.—Parents or guardians shall be required to pay for books lost and the pupil and parent(s) and/or guardian(s) shall be denied further benefits of the South Carolina Rental Textbook Law until this requirement is fully complied with. The following schedule shall be followed in determining amounts to be charged for lost books:
 - (a) For books issued to a pupil: The remaining balance between the cost of the book and the amount of rental previously paid but, a minimum charge of 25%, irrespective of the number of years the book has been used, will be collected.
 - (b) If the length of service of books can not be determined, an average price, based on actual value of books in the state, will be assessed.
 - (c) Books destroyed by fire in school buildings or private homes will be replaced free, provided official of the school shall furnish a certified list of books destroyed.
- Section 5. Damaged Books.—Parents and/or guardians shall be required to pay a fine for books damaged or in any way abused beyond reasonable wear and tear. The amount to be charged in such cases shall be determined by the agent in charge of books and shall in no case exceed the amount of charge applicable had the books been lost, provided that the pupil may have the option of paying the fine or purchasing the book according to the schedule in Section 4, above.
- Section 6. Deposits on Books.—No Board or agent thereof shall be allowed to require a pupil to make a money deposit to secure the return of books.

Section 7. Rental Must be Paid in Advance.—No book shall be issued to a pupil until the rental fee has been paid in full.

Section 8. *Price Changes*.—The Director of the School Book Commission shall notify all schools and depositories of changes in contract retail and/or rental prices.

ARTICLE V-REQUISITIONING BOOKS

Section 1. Time for Requisitioning.—At the close of school each year, or as soon thereafter as possible, the Board or it's agent shall determine the number of additional copies needed for the approaching year. Consideration shall be given to the number of usable copies already on hand, anticipated enrollment for the coming year, and such other factors as would increase or decrease the number of books rented. As soon as this has been determined, the agent shall immediately make requisition to the School Book Commission.

Section 2. Requisitioning from School Book Commission.—All requisitions made to the School Book Commission shall be on regular requisition forms supplied by the Commission and shall be approved by the County Superintendent of Education before being forwarded to the Commission.

Section 3. Accounts Must Be Settled.—No requisition for additional books shall be approved for any Depository until the Depository has settled in full with the Commission all prior year's indebtedness and submitted such reports as may be required by the Director of the School Book Commission at the close of school. Books being replaced by newly adopted books must be returned before any new books can be shipped. (See Article I, Section 3.)

ARTICLE VI—SURPLUS BOOKS

Section 1. Definition.—Surplus books are such books as may be in the possession of a school or Depository that have not been used during the school year and definitely will not be used thereafter. Surplus books may include such classifications as: (1) worn-out worthless books, (2) books that have been replaced by more recent adoptions, (3) good, usable books on hand in excess of normal requirements.

- Section 2. Return Surplus.—Surplus books should be returned to the agency from which the school or Depository secures it's books. Proper credit shall be issued to the agent returning such books.
- Section 3. When to Return Books.—Surplus books shall be returned, as provided in Section 2, as soon after the opening of school each year as the agent can determine that a surplus is on hand. Wornout books shall be returned each year at the close of school.
- Section 4. List Books Returned.—Agents returning books shall list them on forms supplied by the Commission and shall follow the instructions printed thereon in regard to packing, labeling, method of shipment, etc.
- Section 5. No Local Disposition.—No Depository may dispose of books, whether worn-out or otherwise, except upon specific authorization of the Director of the School Book Commission.
- Section 6. Imperfect Books.—Imperfect books shall be returned to the agency from which received, and exchanged for good books or credit, as may be desired by the agency returning such books.

ARTICLE VII—CARE OF BOOKS

- Section 1. Responsible Parties.—The County Board of Education and/or Board of Trustees shall be responsible for the proper care of books issued to their Depository.
- Section 2. Inspection.—Books shall be subject at any time to inspection by authorized agents of the County Board of Education, Board of Trustees, or the State School Book Commission. It shall be the duty of each teacher to frequently inspect the books issued to her pupils and to encourage the proper care and handling of books.
- SECTION 3. Reports.—All parties responsible for books shall make such reports to the Director of the School Book Commission as the Director may, from time to time, require relative to the Condition of books.
- Section 4. Book Covers.—All books shall be covered with book covers furnished by the School Book Commission, as long as such covers are available from the Commission. Covers shall be furnished by the Commission without charge for use on state-owned textbooks, only.

Section 5. Stamping Books.—When books are issued to pupils, but not before, they shall be stamped "Property of South Carolina, Year ..., No ..." on the inside of the back binding and also at the top of page 30. Rubber stamps for this purpose shall be furnished by the Commission. It is important that new books shall not be stamped until issued to pupils.

Section 6. Identification.—The names of pupils or teachers shall be written on the covers of books. Schools and Depositories may in addition use a suitable numbering system or other means of identification, provided that such will not impair handling books should they be transferred for use elsewhere.

Section 7. Marking.—Pupils shall not mark books, paste labels in them, or in any way force the bindings. See Article IV, Section 4, for penalties for any loss, abuse or damage beyond reasonable wear and tear.

Section 8. Storage.—County Boards of Education and Boards of Trustees shall provide secure places for the storage of books for such time as they are not rented to pupils. Places of storage should be clean, dry, well arranged and free of rats and insects. If such space is not available, schools operating under a Depository may return their books to the Depository and be receipted therefor. Care must be taken to see that books do not mold while in storage.

Section 9. Books Handled by Children with Contagious Diseases.—Books handled by children suffering from contagious diseases, such as scarlet fever, diphtheria, etc. shall be burned by the local agent, provided such destruction has been recommended by the physician attending the child. The local agent shall provide the Director of the School Book Commission with a list of the books and a statement in writing from the physician recommending destruction of the books. The account of the school shall be given credit by the School Book Commission.

ARTICLE VIII-RECORDS

Section 1. General.—All parties responsible for books shall keep an accurate record of the number of books received and returned. This record shall show at all times the number of books for which the school or Depository is responsible. Each school or Depository shall also keep an accurate record of rental and other fees collected

from pupils and the amount of such funds remitted to the proper authority.

Section 2. Invoicing of Textbooks. — Rental Units securing books directly from the School Book Commission shall order books as provided in Article V, Section 2. Each shipment of books shall be accompanied by an invoice executed in triplicate. The original copy shall be sent to the School Book Commission, the second copy retained by the Central Depository and the third copy sent to the Depository requisitioning books. Upon receipt of the shipment, the Depository agent shall check the number of books received against the invoice covering the shipment. If errors are found between the number of books received and the number of books invoiced, an immediate report of discrepancies should be made to the Commission. The third copy shall be kept by the Depository for it's files.

Section 3. Transfer of Books.—Each transfer of books from one rental unit to another shall be accompanied by an invoice which shall show the name of the school or Depository transferring the books, the name of the school or Depository receiving them and the number of each title transferred. Such invoice shall be executed in duplicate and signed by both the delivering and receiving agents. The original shall be retained by the party delivering books and the duplicate by the party receiving the books.

Section 4. Distribution Within the School.—In each school, books may be distributed directly to the pupils from a central book room, or delivered from the book room to each teacher for re-issue to the pupils in her room. All used books of each title shall be issued before any new books of the same title are issued. The Commission shall provide forms for recording books issued by the agent to each teacher, if such a system is used.

Section 5. Issued to Pupils.—A record shall be kept for all of the books issued to each pupil during the year and shall be kept on forms provided for this purpose by the Commission. Such forms shall include all information considered necessary.

Section 6. Books Returned by Pupils.—Books shall be turned in by the pupils at the close of school each year, or when the pupil withdraws from school. Books completed before the end of the year shall be turned in when completed. Books turned in before the end of the school year shall be kept separated from books not used during the current school year.

Section 7. Funds.—Rental and other collections of funds from pupils shall be remitted to the agency from which books are secured at the end of the second month, fifth month and at the end of school. Proper receipt shall be issued by the receiving agent to the agent remitting. Depositories shall keep such records as will show the amount of collections from each of the districts operating under them. Textbook custodians are warned not to keep funds collected from rentals in insecure places. The School Book Commission is not responsible for lost or stolen money.

Section 8. Reports.—Boards or their agents shall promptly furnish the Director of the School Book Commission such reports as he may, from time to time, consider necessary.

Section 9. Transfer Pupils.—A pupil transferring from one school to another in the State Rental System shall return his books to the agent of the school he is leaving. The agent shall properly receipt the pupil for the return of his books and, in addition, give him a "Pupil's Transfer Slip" indicating thereon the amount of rental paid by that pupil in his school. (No paper bound material shall be included in this amount.) This transfer slip, when presented at the second school, shall entitle the pupil, without charge, to books with a rental value of the amount shown on the slip. (Transfer credits cannot be used in payment for paper bound material.) If the rental on books issued at the second school exceeds the credit value of the slip, the pupil shall pay the difference. No refund shall be made, however, if the entire credit value of the slip is not used at the second school. Transfer Slips from any public school system in the state are acceptable. The agent of the second school shall submit the transfer slip to the same authority to whom his rental collections are remitted for the credit of his account.

Section 10. Rental Refunds.—A pupil moving out of the state, or to another school, within the state not connected with the State Rental System, shall be entitled to a refund of one-half of the rentals paid during the year, provided he leaves school before the second semester begins, or before February 1st, if the school does not operate on the semester plan. Such refunds shall be made by the Director of the School Book Commission and not by the local school or Depository agent. The agent of the school shall certify to the Director the amount of rental paid by the pupil and the date of his withdrawal from school.

ARTICLE IX-LIBRARY BOOKS

- Section 1. Ordering Library Books.—Schools, ordering Library books through the School Book Commission, shall use the order blanks provided by the School Book Commission. The order shall be made in duplicate and all information, indicated on order blank, shall be furnished. If all information is not furnished, the order will be returned to the sender.
- Section 2. Selection of Library Books.—No library books, that do not appear on the library lists prepared by the State Library Committee, can be shipped by the School Book Commission.
- Section 3. Payment.—Payment for library books may be made as follows:
 - (a) Cash with order.
 - (b) Cash on demand after books are delivered.
 - (c) Three payment plan: 1/3 cash with order, 1/3 at the end of the first year, and 1/3 at the end of second year. A charge of 3½% interest shall be paid on unpaid balance. When the three payment plan is used, the trustees and County Superintendent of Education must sign the special order blank furnished by the School Book Commission.
 - (d) If payment is not made by the first day of July, immediately following receipt of library books, no further shipment of library books or textbooks will be approved until payment is made.

ARTICLE X-COMPLAINTS AND INTERPRETATION

- Section 1. *Complaints*.—Complaints in regard to the textbook and library book service shall be made to the Director of the School Book Commission.
- Section 2. Interpretation.—The State School Book Commission shall interpret these regulations both as to the meanings of words and substance of thought, and shall make changes or additions from time to time as conditions may warrant.

(South Carolina State Department of Education, Library Services, Nancy Jane Day, Supervisor)

BOOKS BY OR ABOUT NEGROES COMPILED BY MARTHA JONES AND MARY FRANCES GRIFFIN, PROJECT EVALUATORS FOR TITLE II, E. S. E. A.

LIST FOR ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

(All titles are in print and have been taken from acceptable sources. The source number for Title II follows the price.)

300 SOCIAL SCIENCES

394.2 Rollins, Charlemae Christmas Gifts Follett \$3.71 (9)

600 USEFUL ARTS

612 Showers, Paul Your Skin and Mine Crowell \$2.95 (18)

920 BIOGRAPHY

Dobler, Lavinia Pioneers and Patriots: Six Negros of Historical Impor-920 tance Doubleday \$2.95 (18)

92 INDIVIDUAL BIOGRAPHY

- 92 CARVER, GEORGE WASHINGTON Epstein, Samuel George Washington Carver Grossett \$1.00 (9)
- CARVER, GEORGE WASHINGTON Epstein, Samuel George Washington 92 Carver: Negro Scientist Garrard \$1.98 (9)
- CARVER, GEORGE WASHINGTON Stevenson, Augusta George Carver: 92
- Boy Scientist Bobbs \$1.96 (9)
 CARVER, GEORGE WASHINGTON White, A. T. George Washington
 Carver The Story of a Great American Random \$1.95 (9) 92
- DOUGLASS, FREDERICK Bontemps, Arna Frederick Douglass: Slave-Fighter-Freeman Knopf \$3.00 (1)
- KING, MARTIN LUTHER Clayton, Ed Martin Luther King Prentice 92 \$3.50
- TUBMAN, HARRIET McGovern, Ann Runaway Slave: The Story of Har-92 riet Tubman Four Winds \$2.50 (18)
- WASHINGTON, BOOKER T. Patterson, Lillie G. Booker T. Washington 92 Garrard \$1.69 (1)
- 92 WASHINGTON, BOOKER T. Stevenson, Augusta Booker T. Washington: Ambitious Boy Bobbs \$2.25 (1)

FICTION

Bacmeister, Rhoda Voices in the Night Bobbs-Merrill \$3.25 (18) Baum, Betty Patricia Crosses Town Knopf \$3.50 Carlson, Natalie The Empty School House Harper \$3.50 (17)Caudill, Rebecca A Certain Small Shepherd Holt \$3.50 (18) Faulkner, Georgene Melindy's Medal Messner \$2.95 (22) Hunt, Mabel Leigh Ladycake Farm Lippincott \$2.82 (13) Kessler, Leonard Here Comes the Strike out Harper \$2.19 (18) Lattimore, Eleanor F. Felicia Morrow \$2.75 (1) Lattimore, E. F. Jasper Morrow \$2.00 (1) Lattimore, E. F. Jeremy's Isle Morrow \$2.50 (1) Lattimore, E. F. Junior Harcourt \$2.95 (1) Miles, Miska Mississiuppi Possum Little \$3.00 (18)Palmer, Candida Snow Storm Before Christmas Lippincott \$2.75 (18)

EASY

Bacmeister, Rhoda The People Downstairs and Other City Stories Coward-McCann \$3.75 (18) Beim, Lorraine Two Is a Team Harcourt \$2.75 (10) Bontemps, Arna The Fast Sooner Hound Houghton \$3.23 Brown, Jeanette P. Ronnie's Wish Friendship \$1.50 (12) Gates, Doris Little Vic Viking \$2.50 (9) Keats, Ezra The Snowy Day Viking \$3.00

Lexan, Joan I Should Have Stayed in Bed! Harper \$2.50 (18)

Scott, Ann Herbert Big Cowboy Western Lothrop \$2.95 (18)

Selsam, Millicent Tony's Birds Harper \$2.19 (13)

Shakelford, Jane My Happy Days Associated Publishers \$2.65 (13)

Sharpe, Stella Tobe University of North Carolina \$2.75 (13) Shotwell, Louisa Roosevelt Grady World \$2.88 (9) Vogel, Ilse-Margret Hello Henry Parents Magazine \$2.95 (18)

Williamson, Stan The No-Bark Dog Follett \$1.00 (9)

STORY COLLECTIONS

Gruenberg, Sidonie Favorite Stories Old and New Doubleday \$4.50

LIST FOR HIGH SCHOOLS

(All titles are in pirnt and have been taken from acceptable sources. The source number for Title II follows the price.)

300 SOCIAL SCIENCE

- 301.4 Bowan, David The Struggle Within: Race Relations in the United States Norton \$3.50 (18)
- 301.4 Meltzer, Milton In Their Own Words Crowell \$4.95 (17)
- Brink, William The Negro Revolution in America Simon and Schu-301.45 ter \$4.50 (11) Mature
- Lomax, Louis The Negro Revolt Harper \$4.50 (11) Mature 301.45
- 301.45 Marrow, Alfred Changing Patterns of Prejudice Chilton \$6.95 (11)
 - 323
 - Schechter, Betty The Peaceable Revolution Houghton \$3.75 (8) Douglas, William Mr. Lincoln and the Negroes Altheneum \$4.95 (11) 323.4 Mature
- 323.4 Sterne, Emma I have a Dream: The Civil Rights Movement Knopf \$3.50 (18)
- 325.2 Bontemps, Arna 100 Years of Negro Freedom Dodd \$2.51 (9)
- Hughes, Langston Pictorial History of the Negro in America Crown 325.2\$5.95 (11) Mature
- 325.2 Swift, Hildegarde North Star Shining Morrow \$3.95 (8)
 - 326 Bontemps, Arna Story of the Negro Knopf \$3.95 (12) Mature
 - 326 Buckmaster, Henrietta Flight to Freedom: The Story of the Underground Railroad Crowe \$3.95 (11)
 - Commager, Henry Steele The Great Proclamation: A Book for Young 326 Americans Bobbs 1960 \$2.95 (8)
 - 326 Durham, Philip The Negro Cowboys Dodd \$5.00 (18) Mature
 - 326 Hughes, Langston Simple's Uncle Sam Hill and Wang \$3.95 (17) Mature 326
 - Johnston, Johanna Together in America: The Story of Two Races and One Nation Dodd \$3.50 (18) 326
 - McCarthy, Agnes Worth Fighting For: A History of the Negro in the United States During the Civil War and Reconstruction Doubleday \$1.45 (18)
 - 326 Robinson, James The Road Without Turning Farrar \$3.50 (22) Mature
 - 326 Sterling, Dorothy Forever Free: The Story of the Emancipation Proclamation Doubleday \$3.50 (8)
- 326 Woodson, Carter J. Negro Makers of History Associated Publishers \$4.50 (9) Conant, James Slums and Suburbs McGraw-Hill \$2.65 (9) Teachers
- 373.73

600 APPLIED SCIENCE

646.7 Archer, Elsie Let's Face It Lippincott \$2.95 (1)

800 LITERATURE

- 811 Dunbar, Paul Laurence The Complete Poems of Paul Laurence Dunbar Dodd \$4.00 (11)
- Hughes, Langston Selected Poems Knopf \$5.00 (11) 811
- 811 Hughes, Langston The Dreamkeeper and Other Poems Knopf \$2.79 (11)
- 811 Johnson, James Weldon God's Trombones: Seven Negro Sermons in Verse Viking \$3.25 (11)

- 811.08 Bontemps, Arna American Negro Poetry Hill and Wang \$4.95 (11)
- 811.08 Bontemps, Arna Golden Slippers: An Anthology of Negro Poetry for Young Readers Harper \$3.95 (11)
- 811.03 Hughes, Langston The Poetry of the Negro 1746-1949 Doubleday \$6.50 (11)
- 811.03 Johnson, James Weldon American Negro Poetry Harcourt \$4.50 (11)
 - 812 Hansberry, Lorraine A Raisin in the Sun Random House \$3.95 (11)

920 COLLECTIVE BIOGRAPHY

- 920 Benet, Laura Famous American Poets Dodd \$3.50 (11) (Paul Laurence Dunbar)
- 920 Bolton, Sarah Lives of Poor Boys Who Became Famous Crowell \$3.95 (11) (George Washington Carver)
- 920 Bontemps, Arna Famous Negro Athletes Dodd \$3.25 (18)
- 920 Bontemps, Arna We Have Tomorrow Houghton \$3.25 (11)
- 920 Commager, Henry Steele Crusaders for Freedom Doubleday \$3.50 (11) (Harriet Tubman)
- 920 Douty, Esther *Under the New Roof* Rand McNally \$4.50 (18) (Richard Allen)
- 920 Hughes, Langston Famous American Negroes Dodd \$3.25 (11)
- 920 Hughes, Langston Famous Negro Heroes of America Dodd \$3.00 (1)
- 920 Hughes, Langston Famous Negro Music Makers Dodd \$3.25 (11)
- 920 Kenworthy, Leonard Twelve Citizens of the World Doubleday \$3.95 (4) (Ralph Bunche)
- 920 McMillan, Wheeler Fifty Useful Americans Putnam \$3.50 (3) (Booker T. Washington)
- 920 McNeer, Mary Armed With Courage Abingdon \$2.50 (4)
- 820 Meany, Tom Baseball's Greatest Players Grosset \$2.60 (11) (Campanella, Robinson)
- 920 Meyer, Edith Champions of Peace: Winners of the Nobel Peace Prize Little \$3.50 (11) (Ralph Bunche)
- 920 Nathan, Dorothy Women of Courage Random House \$2.28 (18) (Mary McLeod Bethune)
- 920 Richardson, Ben Great American Negroes Crowell \$4.50 (3)
- 920 Rollins, Charlemae Hill Famous American Negro Poets Dodd \$3.25 (18)
- 920 Rollins, Charlemae Hill They Showed the Way: Forty American Negro Leaders Crowell \$3.00 (8)
- 920 Sterling, Dorothy Lift Every Voice Doubleday \$2.95 (17)
- 920 Stratton, Madeline Negroes Who Helped Build America Ginn \$2.80
 (18)
- 920 Terkel, Studs Giants of Jazz Crowell \$3.50 (11)
- 920 Verral, Charles Mighty Men of Baseball (Dutton \$2.95 (11)

92 INDIVIDUAL BIOGRAPHY

- 92 ANDERSON, MARIAN My Lord What a Morning Viking \$5.00 (11) Mature
- 92 BETHUNE, MARY McLEOD Pearce, Catherine Mary McLeod Bethune Vanguard \$3.95 (22)
- 92 BETHUNE, MARY McLEOD Sterne, Emma Mary McLeod Bethune Knopf \$3.79 (12)
- 92 BROWN, JIMMY Terzian, James T. The Jimmy Brown Story Mess-
- ner \$3.25 (9)
 92 BUNCHE, RALPH J. Kugelmass, J. Alvin Ralph J. Bunche Messner \$3.25 (11)
- 92 CAMPANELLA, ROY Its' Good to Be Alive Little, Brown \$4.50 (1)
- 92 CAMPANELLA, ROY Schoor, Gene Roy Campanella: Man of Courage Putnam \$3.50 (1)
- 92 CAMPANELLA, ROY Shapiro, M. J. The Roy Campanella Story Messner \$2.95 (1)
- 92 CARVER, GEORGE WASHINGTON Bontemps, Arna The Story of George Washington Carver Grosset \$2.60 (11)
- 92 CARVER, GEORGE WASHINGTON Graham, Shirley Dr. George Washington Carver: Scientist Messner \$3.25 (11)
- 92 CARVER, GEORGE WASHINGTON Holt, Rackham George Washington Carver Doubleday \$4.95 (11)

- 92 GEORGE WASHINGTON Means. Florence Carver's George: A Biography of George Washington Carver Houghton \$3.00 (12)
- 92 CARVER, GEORGE WASHINGTON White, A. T. George Washington Carver, The Story of A Great American Random 1953 \$1.95 (1)
- 92 DOUGLASS, FREDERICK Bontemps, Arna Frederick Douglass; Slave-Fighter-Freeman Knopf \$3.00 (1)
- 92 DOUGLASS, FREDERICK Graham, Shirley There Was Once a Slave Messner \$3.95 (1)
- DUNBAR, PAUL LAURENCE Gould, Jean That Dunbar Boy: The Story of America's Famous Negro Poet Dodd \$3.00 (1) 92
- 92 FORTUNE, AMOS Yates, Elizabeth Amos Fortune, Free Man Dutton \$3.25 (12) 92
- KING, MARTIN LUTHER Clayton, Ed Martin Luther King Prentice \$3.50 (9) 92
- GIBSON, ALTHEA I Always Wanted to Be Somebody Harper \$3.95
- 92 MAYS, WILLIE Born To Play Baseball Putnam \$3.50 (3)
- 92 MAYS, WILLIE Schoor, Gene Willie Mays: Modest Champion Putnam \$2.95 (3)
- MAYS, WILLIE Shapiro, Milton J. The Willie Mays Story Messner \$2.95 (1) 92
- 92 ROBINSON, JACKIE Breakthrough to the Big League Harper \$2.92 (9)
- 92 ROBINSON, JACKIE Rowan, Carl Wait Till Next Year; The Life Story of Jackie Robinson Random \$4.95 (3)
- 92 ROBINSON, JACKIE Schoor, Gene Jackie Robinson of the Brooklyn Dodgers Messner \$3.25 (3)
 SMALLS, ROBERT Sterling, Dorothy Captain of the Planter: The
- 92
- Story of Robert Smalls Doubleday \$3.50 (12)
 THURMAN, HOWARD Yates, Elizabeth Howard Thurman: Portrait of a Practical Dreamer Day \$4.95 (18) 92
- TUBMAN, HARRIET Sterling, Dorothy Freedom Train: The Story of Harriet Tubman Doubleday \$3.25 (11) 92
- 92 WASHINGTON, BOOKER T. Graham, Shirley Booker T. Washington Messner \$3.25 (11)
 WASHINGTON, BOOKER T. Patterson, Lillie G. Booker T. Wash-
- 92 ington Garrard \$1.69 (1)
- WASHINGTON, BOOKER T. Up From Slavery Doubleday \$3.00 (1) 92
- WATERS, ETHEL His Eye Is On the Sparrow Doubleday \$4.75 92 (22) Mature
- WHEATLEY, PHILLIS Graham, Shirley Story of Phillis Wheatley Messner \$2.95 (1) 92

FICTION

Allen, Merritt Parmelee Battle Lanterns Longmans \$3.75 (8)

Bonham, Frank Durango Street Dutton \$3.75 (17) Mature Bontemps, Arna Chariot in the Sky: A Story of the Jubilee Singers Winston \$2.92 (12)

Butters, Dorothy Masquerade Macrae \$3.25 (12)

Carlson, Natalie The Empty Schoolhouse Harper \$3.50 (17)

Douglas, Marjory Freedom River Scribner \$3.50 (22)

Hayes, Florence Skid Houghton \$3.25 (12)

Hentoff, Nat Jazz Country Harper \$2.95 (18) Mature Hughes, Langston Not Without Laughter Knopf \$4.50 (22) Mature

Kytle, Elizabeth Willie Mae Knopf \$3.50 (3)

Lattimore, E. F. Indigo Hill Morrow \$2.50 (1)

Meadowcroft, Enid By Secret Railway Crowell \$3.75 (12)

Means, Florence Great Day in the Morning Houghton \$3.50 (4)

Means, Florence Reach for a Star Houghton \$3.00 (12)

Means, Florence Shuttered Windows Houghton \$3.50 (2)

Newell, H. H. Cap for Mary Ellis Harper \$3.50 (22) Newell, H. H. Mary Ellis: Student Nurse Harper \$3.50 (3)

Petry, Ann Tituba of Salem Village Crowell \$3.75 (9)

Stirling, Dorothy Mary Jane Doubleday \$3.27 (12)

Swift, Hildegarde Railroad to Freedom: A Story of the Civil War Harcourt \$3.95 (3)

(South Carolina State Department of Education, Division of Textbooks)

RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR FREE TEXTBOOKS

ARTICLE I-FREE BASAL TEXTBOOKS

Section 1. Free Basal Textbooks. The State Board of Education has interpreted "Basal Textbooks" in Grades 1-4, relative to Act #1025 of the 1966 General Assembly, to include the following:

Spelling—Grades 2, 3 and 4 (Hard Back) English Grammar—Grades 3 and 4

A Basal Reading Skills Program—Including the paper bound pre-primers which shall be considered non-consumable, the primer and first Reader in Grade 1, the first and second level Readers in Grades 2 and 3, and the basal Reader in Grade 4. (Reading Readiness will not be included.)

Writing—Writing books are paper bound. However, they should be considered as manuals and non-consumable. They should not be written in.

Social Studies-In the event the school selects one of the series with a primer and first book in Grade 1, the combined total shall not exceed 100% of the first grade enrollment.

Health

Arithmetic:

Grades 1 and 2 may use an expendable work-textbook if a school so chooses, in which case no hard back books will be issued.

Grades 3 and 4 will use hard back books.

Science

Music-Music texts shall be provided only to those schools which make provision for a planned course of music instruction. Since no student text is available at the first grade level, each classroom teacher should be furnished the teacher's edition.

Requisitions. Requisition only those books needed in the regular Section 2. Requisitions shall not exceed the anticipated enrollment for the next school year less the usable locally owned books. Provisions will be made after the first year for a normal working surplus.

Teachers' Editions. Teachers' editions should be ordered directly from the publisher or publisher's representative. A complete list of publishers and representatives appears on pages 59 and 60 of the booklet, A COMPLETE LIST OF ADOPTED TEXTBOOKS.

Section 4. Property of the state. Title to all books issued to the schools and depositories under the Free Textbook Act shall be vested in the state.

ARTICLE II-DISTRIBUTION

Section 1. Source. All books procured under the Free Textbook Program shall be ordered from the State Department of Education's Division of Textbooks and

orders shall be on current forms furnished by the department.

Section 2. Distribution to Schools. The County and/or District Boards of Education shall be legally responsible for the proper custody of all textbooks in its depositories and shall elect from the procedures listed below the system of distribution to be used.

(a) County Depositories: A county depository may be established through which all books in the county may be distributed.

(b) District Depositories: The Board of Trustees may establish a district depository through which all books in the district may be distributed.

(c) School Depositories: The Board of Trustees may authorize schools within the district to act as depositories.

The responsible board may designate an agent to operate the depository, maintain adequate records and make necessary reports.

ARTICLE III-CARE OF BOOKS

Section 1. Responsible Parties. The County Board of Education and/or District Board of Education shall be responsible for the proper care of books issued to their depositories or schools.

Section 2. Inspection. Books shall be subject at any time to inspection by authorized agents of the County and/or District Boards of Education or the Division of Textbooks, State Department of Education. It shall be the duty of each teacher to inspect frequently the books issued to pupils and to encourage the proper care and handling of books.

Section 3. Book Covers. All books shall be covered with book covers. Covers may be acquired without charge from the Division of Textbooks, State Department of Education.

Section 4. Stamping or Labeling Books. Before books are issued to pupils they shall be stamped "Property of South Carolina, Year ____, No. ____" on the inside of the front cover. It is important that new books not be stamped or labeled until issued to pupils. Gummed labels may be used in lieu of stamping books. Rubber stamps or gummed labels are available from the Division of Textbooks.

Section 5. Marking. Pupils shall not mark or mutilate books or in any way force the bindings. See Section 8 of this article (III) for penalties for any loss,

abuse, or damage beyond reasonable wear.

Section 6. Storage. Each school unit shall provide secure places for the storage of books for such time as they are not in use. Places of storage should be clean, dry, well arranged, and free of insects. Care must be taken to see that books do not mold while in storage. Books should not be stored on floors and should be at least one inch from walls or partitions to allow proper ventilation and protection from termites.

Section 7. Lost Books. Parents or guardians are required to pay for books lost and the pupil(s), parent(s) and/or guardian(s) shall be denied further benefits of the Free Textbook Law until they comply fully with this requirement. The following schedule shall be followed in determining amounts to be charged

for lost books.

(a) New books-100% of contract price

(b) Books used one year—75% of contract price (c) Books used two years—50% of contract price

(d) Books used three or more years-25% of contract price

(In the event the number of years a book has been used cannot be determined, the teacher or school official should assess an amount equal to the actual value of the book.)

Section 8. Damaged Books. Parents and/or guardians are required to pay for books damaged or in any way abused beyond reasonable wear. The amount to be charged in such cases shall be determined by the agent in charge of books and shall in no case exceed the amount of charge applicable had the books been lost, provided that the pupil may have the option of paying the damage fee or purchasing the book according to the schedule in Section 7 above.

Section 9. Deposits on Books. No board or agent thereof shall require a

pupil to make a deposit to secure the return of books.

ARTICLE IV-BOOK LOSSES ABSORBED BY THE STATE

Section 1. Fire Loss. Books destroyed by fire in school buildings or private homes shall not be charged to the individual or school provided the proper

official of the school furnishes a certified list of books destroyed.

Section 2. Books Handled by Children with Contagious Diseases. Books handled by children suffering from contagious diseases such as scarlet fever, diphtheria, etc. shall be burned by the local agent provided such destruction has been recommended by the physician attending the child. The local agent shall provide the Division of Textbooks with a certified list of the books destroyed.

ARTICLE V-RECORDS

Section 1. General. All parties responsible for books shall keep an accurate record of the number of books received and returned. This record shall show at all times the number of books for which the school or depository is responsible. Each school or depository shall also keep an accurate record of sales, lost books, and damage fees collected from pupils and the amount of such funds remitted to the Division of Textbooks.

Section 2. Invoicing of Textbooks. Each shipment of books to schools and depositories shall be accompanied by an invoice executed in triplicate. The original copy shall be sent to the Division of Textbooks, the second copy retained by the Central Depository, and the third copy sent to the unit requisitioning books. The unit agent shall verify the books received against the invoice. If errors are found between the number of books received and the number of books invoiced, an immediate report of discrepancies shall be made to the Division of Textbooks. The invoice shall be considered correct, unless the Division of Textbooks is notified of discrepancies within three weeks from date invoice is received.

Section 3. Distribution Within the School. Books may be distributed directly to the pupils from a central bookroom, or delivered from the bookroom to each teacher to be issued to the pupils. The Division of Textbooks shall provide forms for recording books issued by agents and teachers.

Section 4. Used Books. All used books of each title shall be utilized before

any new books of the same title are issued.

Section 5. Books Returned by Pupils. Books shall be turned in by the pupils as follows:

1-When the course or book is completed or dropped.

2-When the pupil withdraws from school.

3-At the end of the school year. Section 6. Transfer Pupils. A pupil transferring from one school to another shall return his books to the agent of the school he is leaving. The agent shall indicate on the pupil's transfer records that the books have been returned. This data shall be sufficient evidence for the new school to issue books to the pupil.

Such evidence is necessary for the new school to issue books.

Section 7. Inventory. Schools shall furnish such inventories and reports as may be required by the Division of Textbooks.

ARTICLE VI-INTERPRETATION

Section 1. Interpretation. The State Board of Education upon recommendation of the Division of Textbooks shall interpret these regulations both as to the meanings of words and substance of thought, and shall make changes or additions as conditions may warrant.

(Material Submitted by Mack Avants, Assistant Superintendent, State Department of Education, Baton Rouge, La.)

MEMORANDUM ON TEXTBOOK ADOPTION

GENERAL DIRECTIONS TO COMMITTEES

1. Louisiana's children and youth are entitled to the best materials of instruction available. The books selected must support American ideals and must con-

tribute to accomplishing the purposes of public education in Louisiana.

2. Textbook adoption committees are charged with the responsibility of representing the schools of Louisiana in the selection of textbooks which are to be used in the schools of the State. It must be kept in mind that the ultimate objective is to select the best textbooks available so that those who use them will receive the maximum benefit. The textbooks selected should be related to the needs of children and youth in the schools of the State.

3. All textbook committee members are obligated to refrain from discussing details of the work in which they are engaged with anyone not officially connected with the textbook adoption. There are many reasons why this obligation must be strictly observed. It applies not only during the period in which the books are examined, but thereafter until such time as the State Board of Education receives and acts upon the recommendations of the textbook committees.

4. A schedule is set up to hearing the representatives of the publishers. Committees are urged to follow this schedule with as little change as possible. Modifications of the schedule may be made provided all interested parties agree.

5. The chairman of each subject-area committee should advise each publisher's representative to present only the merits of his books. Representatives of publishers will not be permitted to make criticisms of other publishers or their publications.

6. The representative of each publisher is entitled to a fair, impartial, and courteous hearing. After he has had his hearing, all members of the committee

should be given an opportunity to question him regarding his offering.

7. After all hearings are completed, the members of the committees will begin the task of examining all textbooks offered. This examination will begin immediately following the hearings, and will be continued in the rooms to which the committees have been assigned. All committees are urged to complete this task within a reasonable time.

8. It is suggested that committees may expedite their work in most cases by eliminating the less desirable books. This will enable them to spend the major part of their time in making a detailed study of the remaining titles which are worthy of serious consideration.

9. In making their selections, committees should be influenced by the educational merit, the quality of print and paper, and the binding of books considered.

- 10. After the textbooks have been studied and discussed by committee members, each member will rate at least five textbooks or series of textbooks (unless otherwise advised). This rating should be done independently, and it should be based completely on the opinion of the person doing the rating. It is not desirable for members of the committee to divulge their ratings of particular books to other committee members who are in the process of arriving at their ratings. Such practice might result in influencing the opinions of other members of the committee. If committee members wish to amplify ratings or to make written statements or recommendations concerning the adoption in their fields, they may do so. Such statements as they might desire to make should accompany other data submitted.
- 11. Before any book is finally recommended by the committee, it must be carefully read to make sure that it does not contain statements which are un-American, subversive, or would in any way be injurious to children and youth of Louisiana. This task may be divided among the members of the committee.

12. After individual ratings have been made by committee members, the chairman of each group will consolidate these ratings on Form 4, "Summary of Percentage Ratings of Textbooks." Members of the committee should sign the

summary sheet.

13. When the work of the committee is completed, each committee member will submit a detailed statement of his expenses. This statement must be filed with

Mr. A. E. Swanson, 19th Floor of the State Capitol Building.

- 14. Dr. William F. Beyer, Jr., Assistant Superintendent, Curriculum and Instruction, will serve as general chairman, and chairmen of all committees should submit their recommendations to him immediately upon completion of their work.
- 15. All members of the staff of the State Department of Education will be available for any help the committees may need. The chairman will be available for consultation on matters of general policy, prices, or other administrative matters relating to the adoption.

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR THE EVALUATION OF TEXTBOOKS

I. Criteria

In most instances it is believed that the following criteria should be set up for the evaluation of textbooks under consideration. Should committees find it desirable to set up special criteria to cover points peculiar to the needs in a particular field, they should feel free to do so. Any such additional criteria should, however, be taken up under the main divisions of the general criteria listed below.

Authorship

1. What training and experience has the author had that qualified him to write this particular book?

2. Does the author's point of view best serve the present needs?

- 3. Is the point of view free from dogmatism, bias, and is it free from material, statements, or illustrations offensive to our way of life?
- 4. Does it conform to the trends of theory, practice, and philosophy of public school education in this State?

5. Is the content accurate?

Curriculum Needs

1. What purposes or objectives are recognized in this book?

2. Is the relationship between avowed objectives and the choice and arrangement of subject matter consistently and definitely established and maintained?

3. Is the material organized in keeping with present concepts of learning?

Adaptation to Pupils' Use

1. Is the material so written that it meets the maturity levels and interests of the pupils for whom it was prepared?

2. Is the material well adapted to provide for individual differences among children and classes? Is the content understandable? Appealing? Is the vo-

cabulary load controlled, adaptable to its grade level, etc? Are there study helps? 3. Does the arrangement of the various units promote: (a) an understanding of fundamental principles with adequate emphasis upon the development of

manipulative skills; (b) consistent and coordinated thought development, study habits, and growth in power to solve problems?

Adaptation to Teacher's Use

- 1. Is the material arranged in convenient units for teaching? Does it have good questions; i.e., challenging, timely, reasonable, intellectually stimulating?
- 2. Is the subject matter presented in a sequence that is psychologically sound? 3. Are there good summaries, a good index, table of contents, glossary, etc.? Are there challenging chapter headlines, topic headings?

4. Are there suggested readings and interesting student activities?

5. Can the material be efficiently adapted to individual and community interests and needs?

Format

1. Is the general apearance of the book artistic and appealing to pupils?

2. Is the book a convenient size?

3. Is the durability of the book insured by high quality of materials and workmanship?

4. Are the illustrative materials in the book attractive, artistic, authentic, and

in sensible proportion with the other content of the book?

5. Are the hygienic standards, finish of paper, size of print, and page arrangement consistently high?

Miscellaneous

1. Is the price reasonable?

3. Has the book recent? (Revision or new product)

4. Is the publisher reliable?

II. Rating procedure

1. Each member of the rating committee will rate each book examined. This rating will be done individually and without consultation with other members of the committee as to their individual ratings. It is essential that this procedure be strictly followed. A sample evaluation sheet is attached hereto (Form 3).

2. The numerical values indicated opposite each category denote the highest possible number of points to be awarded on that particular phase of the publi-

Highest

cation. These categories are:

	vaiue
Authorship	_ 10
Curriculum needs	20
Adaptation to children's use	30
Adaptation to teacher's use	_ 30
Format	5
Miscellaneous	5

3. The individual rating sheets will be turned over to the chairmen of the examining committees, who will enter these individual ratings on Form 4, "Summary of Percentage Ratings of Textbooks." The book or series receiving the highest rating will be entered on the first line; the book or series receiving the next highest rating will be entered on the next line, etc.

STATE OF LOUISIANA

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

FORM 3 DE 2500	EVALUATION FORM (To be filled in by each member of examining committee for each book presented for examination)			
AUTHOR	-	FIELD	PRICE	
TITLE			DATE OF PUBLICATION	

DIRECTIONS: Give the number of points that you think the book or series deserves on each of the general categories below, using the numbers opposite each division to indicate the highest value. Degrees of merit below this top appraisal figure will be indicated. A midpoint will represent "good"; zero rating will indicate "poor."

F EXAMPLE: If a book is considered to have "excellent" authorship, the rating on that point would be 10; if the adaptation to children's use is __od," the rating on that point would be 15; if the format is "poor," the rating on that item would be zero.

GENERAL CATEGORIES	HIGHEST POSSIBLE VALUE	RATING OF THIS BOOK
Authorship	. 10	
Curriculum Needs	20	
Adaptation To Children's Use	30	
Adaptation To Teacher's Use	30	
Format	5	
Miscellaneous	5	
	TOTAL	
SIGNED, MEMBER OF EXAMINING COMMITTEE	DATE	

SUMMARY OF PERCENTAGE RATINGS OF TEATBOOKS AND KANNING BY INDIVIDUAL COMMITTER MINES.	TAGE KATINGS OF 1EA	NAME OF COMM	שננ שנאסני	14001 14001	0476		
List below in order of rank books or stries rated and percentage score of each. Award quality points as follows: book or series ranked first will receive 5 quality points; book or series ranked server beprints; third ronk, 3 points; outfl first sonk, 1 point. (Rank all books or series)	l and percentage score of each. 3 points; fourth rank, 2 points	Award quality points as fo	llows: book or serie	s ranked first will re-	ceive 5 quality	points; book	or serie
TITLE OF BOOK OR SERIES		AUTHOR	PUDI	PUBLISHER	PERCENTAGE	RANK	QUALITY
	-						

STATE OF LOUISIANA
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE RATINGS OF TEXTBOOKS

(To be filled out by Chairman)

RANK NOTE. Book or series with largest number of quality points to be ranked no. 1; book with second highest number of quality points to be ranked no. 2; etc. five books or series should be ranked. TOTAL QUALITY POINTS AWARDED BY RESPECTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS GRADE NAME OF CHAIRMAN SIGNATURES OF COMMITTEE MEMBERS PUBLISHER AUTHOR TITLE OF BOOK SUBJECT OR FIELD FORM 4-Port 11

Material Submitted by E. B. Eller, Assistant Commissioner, Division of Instruction, State Department of Education, Nashville, Tenn.)

[Public Chapter No. 180, House Bill No. 1080]

PUBLIC SCHOOL LAWS OF TENNESSEE

(By Fleming Hodges, Cato Ellis, Tom Larkin)

AN ACT To provide for the adoption of textbooks for the public schools of Tennessee, grades one through twelve, to create a State Textbook Commission for the administration of this ACT, and to provide regulations governing the duties of said Commission and its powers for the making of contracts and to fix the compensation of its members, and to repeal Chapter 96 of the Public Acts of 1947, the same being Section 2453.25 of Williams' Tennessee Code annotated, and all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act. this Act

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That Chapter 96 of the Public Acts of 1947, the same being Section 2453.25 of Williams' Tennessee Code annotated, is hereby repealed. The State Textbook Commission hereinafter created shall succeed to all the duties and powers of the

State Board of Education under said Act above repealed.

Section 2. Be it further enacted, That there is hereby created a State Textbook Commission composed of seven (7) members, six (6) of whom shall be appointed by the Governor prior to July 1, 1951, and after the effective date of this Act. The members of said State Textbook Commission shall be educators of high qualifications who are actually engaged in educational work in the State, and whose educational qualifications shall not be less than graduation from a four-year college with a Bachelor's Degree, and with at least five (5) years of teaching, supervisory, or administrative experience.

Two (2) members shall be appointed for a term beginning with the date of appointment and expiring June 30, 1952; two (2) members for a term beginning with the date of appointment and expiring June 30, 1954; two (2) members for a term beginning with the date of appointment and expiring June 30, 1956. The

Governor shall fill any vacancy by appointment for an unexpired term.

At the expiration of the terms of the first appointees and thereafter, the terms

of the members of the State Textbook Commission shall be three years.

One member of the State Textbook Commission shall be a County Superintendent of Schools; one member shall be a City Superintendent of Schools; one member shall be a school principal; one member shall be a teacher or supervisor in the lower grades (grades 1 to 3, inclusive); one member shall be a teacher or supervisor in the intermediate grades (grades 4 to 8, inclusive); and one member shall be a teacher or supervisor of upper grade subjects (grades 9 to 12, inclusive).

At least one member of said Textbook Commission shall be appointed from East Tennessee, one from Middle Tennessee and one from West Tennessee.

The State Commissioner of Education shall be ex-officio secretary of the Commission, with the right to vote, and he shall serve without additional compensation for such service. The appointed members of the State Textbook Commission shall have their organization meeting in July following the passage of this Act. The State Commissioner of Education (Secretary of the Commission) shall notify the members of the organization meeting and fix the time and place of the meeting. They shall elect one of their members as Chairman for one year; and each year thereafter at the regular meeting in July they shall elect a Chairman for one year.

SECTION 3. Be it further enacted, That before beginning the discharge of their duties it shall be the duty of each member of the said Textbook Commission to take and subscribe to the following oath, "I do hereby declare that I am not now directly or indirectly financially interested in, or employed by, any textbook publisher or agency, and that I will not become directly or indirectly financially interested in any of the proposed contracts, nor in any book, nor in any publishing concern handling or offering any books or other publications to the Commission, of which I am a member, for listing and adoption, and I do hereby promise that I will act honestly, faithfully and conscientiously, and in all respects will discharge my duty as a member of this Commission to the best of my skill and ability". No member of said Textbook Commission shall receive any gift, reward, present or emolument from any author, publisher or distributor of such book or books except copies of books offered for listings and adoption; nor shall any member or employee of said Commission accept any employment as agent,

attorney, sub-agent, employee, or representative of any author, publisher or distributor of such book or books during his term of service on said Commission, nor within twelve months after the expiration of his term of office; nor shall any such author, publisher, or his agent, attorney, employee or representative give any present, reward, gift or emolument to any member of the Commission during his term of service whereby such member is to become the agent, employee, attorney or representative of such author or publisher.

SECTION 4. Be it further enacted, That each member of the State Textbook Commission shall be paid a per diem of Ten (\$10.00) Dollars for services for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days in any one year, and, in addition, the reimbursement of necessary traveling expenses including necessary hotel bills and meals and transportation not exceeding six (6) cents a mile, while on official

duty as a member of the State Textbook Commission.

SECTION 5. Be it further enacted, That the State Textbook Commission shall have two (2) regular meetings each school year to be held on the second Monday in July and October, respectively. The said Commission may have as many special meetings as it deems necessary, provided that in no case shall any member or members of this Commission receive traveling expenses for more than two (2) meetings in one school year. Notice of the call for said special meetings shall be made by the Secretary of the Commission ten (10) days in advance of the date set for said special meeting. All meetings shall be held in the office of the State Commissioner of Education, or at such place in Nashville as may be designated by the Commission.

SECTION 6. Be it further enacted, That is shall be the duty of the State Textbook Commission to prepare a list of approved standard editions of textbooks for use in the public schools of the State. A list of at least four (4) books in each subject and grade shall be listed, if available and sufficient merit to warrant being listed. Said Textbook Commission shall select and publish such a list of textbooks for use in the schools of Tennessee not later than February 1, 1952, and not later than February 1 of any subsequent year when listings are made or there are changes to be reported. Said list shall contain the title of the textbooks listed for adoption, the name of the publishers and the prices at which said books

are available, as provided in this Act.

The State Textbook Commission shall have authority to determine the policies and the conditions under which textbooks may be added to the list for adoption, as provided in this Act, at any regular meeting or at a date designated at a regular meeting. The State Textbook Commission shall also have the authority to determine the policies and conditions under which any book may be removed from the list for adoption at any regular meeting, or at a date designated at a regular meeting, if the Commission finds that such book contains subversive material or information, provided the publisher of such book has been given written notice by the Secretary of the Commission not less than thirty (30) days prior to the meeting that removal of such book will be considered by the Commission.

The State Textbook Commission shall have authority to adopt minimum manufacturing standards and specifications for textbooks, and to make contracts with publishers for a period of not less than three (3) years nor more than

five (5) years.

SECTION 7. Be it further enacted, That the county, city and special school district boards of education are hereby authorized and required to adopt textbooks to be used in the public schools of said counties, cities and special school districts, from the list of textbooks listed for adoption by the State Textbook Commission, said adoption to be for a period of not less than three (3) years, and not more than five (5) years, in accordance with state contracts, provided that cities and special school districts may adopt the same textbooks that are used in the county in which said city or special school district is located; and provided, further, that all cities or special school districts having a total population of less than five thousand (5,000) are hereby required to make their adoption as a part of and in cooperation with the county unit in which said city or special school district is located; and provided, further, that county, city and special school district boards of education shall make their adoption upon recommendations of Committees, these Committees to be set up by subject matter fields and composed of three (3) or five (5) teachers, or supervisors and teachers, the number depending upon the relative size of the local school systems. These Committees shall be composed of teachers and supervisors who are now teaching or supervising the respective subjects and shall be by grade or groups of grades arranged so that a Committee may consider an entire series of books if

it should so desire, provided in all cases, the teachers appointed on the Committees herein provided for shall hold permanent professional certificates and shall have had three (3) or more years of experience as teachers or supervisors in the public schools. The members of the Committee authorized in this paragraph shall serve for one fiscal year; provided that the members of the first Committees appointed under the provisions of this Act shall serve until June 30, 1952; provided further that all members appointed on such Committees shall subscribe to the oath as set out in Section 3 of this Act. The oath shall be administered by the County Judge or by the Chairman of the County Court, or by some authorized official empowered to administer an oath. The superintendent of schools in the county, city, or special school district, adopting textbooks under the provisions of this Act, shall serve as ex-officio member of all Committees, and shall record a list of all books adopted and immediately at the completion of the adoption forward a copy of such recorded adoption to the State Commissioner of Education.

SECTION 8. Be it further enacted, That the State Textbook Commission, at its regular meeting on the second Monday in July of each year, shall give notice to school book publishers that, on the second Monday of October of the same year, bids will be received on all books to be listed, contracts of which expire, or are to be terminated, June 30th of the succeeding year. The Commission shall formulate rules and regulations governing bids and any additional information that will be required to be submitted with the bids. The said Commission shall meet on the day designated and open and read publicly all bids received and shall then proceed to select books for the approved lists on which bids have been

requested.

Section 9. Be it further enacted. That all bids shall be made on uniform blanks which are supplied by the State Textbook Commission and shall be filed with the Secretary of the State Textbook Commission on or before 10 o'clock A.M. on the day designated for the call of bids. Each bid shall be accompanied by a certified check of not less than Five Hundred (\$500.00) Dollars, nor more than Two Thousand (\$2,000.00) Dollars, the amount of such check to be determined at the rate of Five Hundred (\$500.00) Dollars for each book bid, but in no event to exceed Two Thousand (\$2,000.00) Dollars for any one bidder. checks shall be payable to the State Treasurer and shall be forfeited to the State, if the bidder, whose bid or part thereof is accepted, shall fail, within thirty (30) days after the award, to execute such contract and bond, as provided in this The checks of unsuccessful bidders shall be returned immediately after the The checks of successful bidders shall be returned upon proper execution of contract and bond. An acceptable performance bond may be filed with the Commission in lieu of a certified check.

Section 10. Be it further enacted, That official samples of all books bid shall be filed with the Secretary of the State Textbook Commission on or before the Such samples shall be accompanied by a list stating the date for opening bids. edition, title and author of each book offered. No books shall be listed for adoption unless official samples have been filed as herein provided. books listed for adoption shall be retained by the State Commissioner of Educa-

tion for the period of the adoption.

Section 11. Be it further enacted, That the State Textbook Commission shall establish the retail price at which adopted books shall be sold at retail; but the spread between the contract price and the retail price shall not exceed fifteen (15%) per cent of the contract price. Any retailer who shall receive more than the retail price designated by the Commission for any such textbook shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than Twenty-

five (\$25.00) Dollars nor more than One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars.

Section 12. Be it further enacted, That contracts for the books listed shall be executed in duplicate by the State Commissioner of Education as Secretary of the State Textbook Commission, on forms prepared and approved by the State One copy of the contract shall be retained by the publisher Attorney-General. and one copy shall be kept on file in the office of the Secretary of the State Text-Each contract shall state that the prices contained therein do book Commission. not exceed prices offered currently elsewhere. The State Textbook Commission may require the publisher to print or affix in each book the retail price of said book as fixed by the State Textbook Commission. The contractor shall file with his contract a good and sufficient bond with a Surety Company authorized to do business in the State of Tennessee in the sum to be determined by the State Textbook Commission, but not to exceed Ten Thousand (\$10,000.00) Dollars, and conditioned upon the faithful performance of all conditions of such contract and the provisions of this Act.

SECTION 13. Be it further enacted, That the party or parties with whom the contract is made, or the agent of the party or parties, shall designate in each county in the State, in such towns and cities as the State Textbook Commission shall require, at least one merchant who will handle the books of the contractor, that the contractor or his agent will supply books to said dealer so that there will be at all times in the dealers' hands a sufficient stock or supply of books contracted for to meet all immediate demands in his vicinity, that he will ship the books contracted for to such merchants at the price named in the contract f.o.b. Nashville, and that he will require said merchant to contract to sell said books at such f.o.b. price plus the merchant's spread fixed by the Textbook Commission; that the contractor or his agent will ship directly to parties living in any county where no arrangements have been made for distribution at the contract price f.o.b. Nashville, provided the price of the book or books so ordered shall be paid in advance: that the contractor or his agent will sell directly the books covered by said contract to school authorities of any county, city, or special school district authorized to purchase the same at the price named in the contract, f.o.b. Nashville.

The State Textbook Commission shall have full authority to make regulations

governing distribution of all textbooks under contract.

SECTION 14. Be it further enacted, That it shall be a part of the terms and conditions of every contract made under the provisions of this Act that the State of Tennessee shall not be liable to any contractor or his agent in any manner or for any sum whatever. All such contractors and agents shall receive their pay and compensation solely and exclusively from the proceeds of the sale of books under their contract; and provided further, that in the adoption of textbooks by county, city and special school district boards of education as provided in this Act, the committees appointed by these respective boards of education shall first determine, from the published list of textbooks provided for in the first paragraph of Section 6 of this Act, what book or books shall be changed and request samples of the various publishers for books only that are to be changed, said samples to remain the property of the respective publishers, who shall have the right to claim said books within thirty (30) days after any adoption. All such books not claimed within thirty (30) days by the publishers shall become the property of the respective boards of education and shall be used for library purposes only.

SECTION 15. Be it further enacted, That no teacher or principal in any of the public schools of this State shall use or permit to be used in his or her school any textbooks upon any subject to the exclusion of the textbooks listed by the State Textbook Commission, provided that this shall not apply to textbooks previously listed and purchased with public funds. Any teacher or principal violating the provisions of this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than Ten (\$10.00)

Dollars nor more than Fifty (\$50.00) Dollars.

Section 16. Be it further enacted, That in the event that any bidder shall fail to execute contract and bond as required under this Act, or in the event any contractor shall fail to carry out the provisions of his contract, or in the event that all bids are unsatisfactory, or in the event of the invalidation of any adoption, the State Textbook Commission is specifically authorized to proceed at once to make such rules and regulations concerning the filing of bids and samples as are necessary for an immediate listing for adoption in such subjects for which no adoption exists. The State Textbook Commission shall then proceed to make selection and to list books for adoption, and to contract for textbooks in the subjects on which no adoption exists.

Section 17. Be it further enacted, That should any section or sections of this Act be declared unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, the validity

of the remaining sections shall not be impaired by such decision.

Section 18. Be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall be construed as cancelling or in any manner modifying any existing contract with a publisher, or changing the period covered by such contract.

Section 19. Be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed, and this Act shall take effect from and after its passage, the public welfare requiring it.

Passed: March 14, 1951. Approved: March 15, 1951.

GORDON BROWNING, Governor. McAllen Foutch. Speaker of the House of Representatives. WALTER M. HAYNES, Speaker of the Senate. SUPPLEMENT TO CONTRACT—POLICIES OF TENNESSEE STATE TEXTBOOK COMMISSION

(On July 13, 1959, the State Textbook Commission passed a motion making its Policies a part of the contract with each publisher bidding textbooks.)

1. There shall be a staggered adoption of textbooks in Tennessee with a period

of 5 years required to complete adoptions in all subject areas.

2. The Official Minimum Manufacturing Standards and Specifications for Textbooks adopted by the Book Manufacturer's Institute, Inc., of New York City, shall be Tennessee's official minimum standards and specifications for textbooks.

3. After the Commission's meeting on the second Monday in July, each textbook publishing company will be notified that bids will be opened at 10:00 a.m. (CST) on the occasion of the Commission's regular meeting on the second Monday in October. The Secretary of the Commission will then send bid forms to each textbook publishing company requesting same.

4. Publishing companies may at any time send sample textbooks to the Commission members as individuals only, but these companies are not to send samples

to them as members of the Textbook Commission before the month of July.

5. Each member of the Commission shall receive only one set of samples.

6. Each publishing company shall submit with each sample textbook a brief not to exceed one typewritten page.

7. Between the July and October meetings of the Commission, publishing company representatives are to make social calls only on members of the Commission.

8. Each member of the Commission shall work as an individual and shall secure

the assistance of certain persons in reviewing the textbooks.

9. In order that each representative of a publishing company may have an opportunity to present his books to the Commission when official hearings are held on the second Monday in October, the Commission has adopted the following timetable graduated in terms of the number of books bid by each company:

Number of books bid:	umber of minutes allowed
1 to 5	15
6 to 15	20
16 to 25	25
26 to 35	
36 to 45	
46 to 55	40
56 to 75	45
76 and more	50

10. The Commission shall make all textbook listings in grades 1 through 12 without any breakdown in terms of elementary, junior high, or senior high.

11. The Commission may list paper-bound books in non-consumable form in the following areas:

Agriculture

Agricultu Art

Industrial Arts

Music

Pre-Primers

Writing

Reading Readiness

Elementary Foreign Languages

Supplementary Literature

12. At any regular meeting on the second Monday in July, the Commission will consider (1) the substitution of the revised edition of a textbook for the edition previously listed and (2) the substitution of a textbook which bears the same copyright date but contains content revisions made since the previous official listing of the book, provided that each book (a) meets the Official Minimum Manufacturing Standards and Specifications for Textbooks, (2) will be sold at the same price as the book originally listed, and (c) can be used with the book originally listed. When these books are offered for substitution, the same sampling and bidding procedures shall be followed as in the case of the original texts which they are to replace, except that no additional bond or contract will be required. Samples of each book shall be submitted by the publishing company

representatives to each member of the Commission, together with a brief setting forth in detail the differences between the book originally listed and the newer book. Every textbook to be submitted according to policy No. 12 shall be presented to the members of the Commission at least 30 days prior to the regular meeting in July.

13. If a publishing company bids a textbook in a given area and if the Commission lists it in that area, the publishing company shall not subsequently offer

it for listing in another area during the period the book is under contract.

14. Seventh- and eighth-grade books listed as literature by publishing companies may be used as readers in the seventh and eighth grades if local adoption committees feel that the literature books fit into their reading programs.

15. An appendix or list of materials accompanying textbooks such as word-

books, teachers' guides, etc., shall not be listed by the Commission.

16. All announcements to the press of what takes place in the Commission's meetings shall be made by the Chairman or the Secretary of the Commission.

17. The Commission shall submit its listing of textbooks by the third Friday

in December, if possible.

18. The State Department of Education shall not make available to textbook

publishers the list of local county and city adoption committees.

19. Local units may make a multiple adoption of textbooks. They shall adopt only one basal textbook in each subject offered (except agriculture, home economics, industrial arts in which an open adoption may be made), and they shall adopt whatever supplementary texts may be needed to enrich instruction in a given course.

20. The placing of books in the basal or the supplementary category is a

local problem and requires no action by the Commission.

21. In the event that a local board of education fails to make necessary adoptions in any subject-matter field during an adoption period, the local board may reactivate its adoption committees and select the lacking textbook or texbooks from the State Textbook Commission's official list. When this supplementary adoption has received the approval of the local board of education, this action shall be promptly transmitted by the local superintendent to the Secretary of the Commission, together with the following information about the book:

Name of Author

Name of Book

Name of Publishing Company

Copyright Date of Book

22. If the Commission lists no textbook in a subject area offered in Tennessee schools and if a local unit offers that subject in one or more of its schools the local unit may go outside the official list of textbooks and try to find a suitable book. If such a book is thus found, it may be recommended by the local board of education, and the local superintendent shall transmit the board's recommendation to the Secretary of the Commission and secure his approval before the book can be purchased out of free textbook funds.

23. During the period extending from the official meeting of the Commission on the second Monday in October to the beginning of local hearings about the first of February, only bona fide Tennessee representatives of publishing companies shall be permitted to operate in the State. Consultants shall visit local school systems only upon request of the superintendents during this period.

24. An adoption period shall be defined as that period during which the counties, cities, and special school districts of the State hold textbook hearings incident to their making their own local adoptions. This period shall extend from approximately the first of February until such time as the local hearings have been completed, usually a total period of 10 to 12 weeks' duration.

25. A bona fide publishing company representative shall be defined as "A per-

son who has charge of a regular territory."

26. A consultant shall be defined as "A publishing company employee whose assigned responsibility is that of furnishing, upon the request of superintendents, professional services for teachers and *not* that of promoting the sale of his or her company's textbooks."

27. A maximum of 4 bona fide representatives and/or regularly employed full-time consultants of a publishing company shall be allowed to work in the

State at the same time during an adoption period.

28. Each publishing company representative and/or consultant shall be registered by his company with the Secretary of the State Textbook Commission on or before January 1.

$654\,$ books for schools and treatment of minorities

29. After the official list has been distributed to the superintendents of the State, each publishing company shall send from one to three complete sets of official samples through the superintendent to his local adoption committees, with the stipulation that, if additional copies of samples are needed, they should be requested through the Secretary of the Textbook Commission.

30. After the final hearings in the local units (counties and cities) of the

30. After the final hearings in the local units (counties and cities) of the State, publishing company representatives, including consultants, will be permitted to contact administrative staff members and members of local adopting

committees only upon the request of the local superintendents.

31. No publishing company representative or consultant shall present to any local hearing committee any textbooks not listed by the Commission. Violation of this policy will subject the offending publishing company to cancellation of its contract by the Commission.

32. Sample textbooks shall be submitted, at the time bids are opened by the Commission, in the form in which they will be distributed to the public schools. No galley proofs or page proofs of textbooks will be considered by the Commission.

33. Teachers' editions of textbooks will be listed by the Commission, provided that these editions are bid at prices not in excess of the prices at which the accompanying textbooks are bid. When teachers' editions are bid, the same procedure shall be followed as in the case of the texts which they accompany.

34. The following scale shall designate the amount of bond required of each

publishing company:

Number of books officially listed:	bond
1 to 10	\$2,000
11 to 15	3,000
16 to 20	4,000
21 and over	5,000
	,

35. A minimum of 4 members of the State Textbook Commission shall be interpreted as constituting a quorum for doing business.

TENNESSEE

OFFICIAL LIST OF TEXTBOOKS WITH WHOLESALE PRICES, RETAIL PRICES AND COPYRIGHT DATES

FIXED BY

State Textbook Commission



1966

TENNESSEE

OFFICIAL LIST OF TEXTBOOKS WITH WHOLESALE PRICES, RETAIL PRICES AND COPYRIGHT DATES

FIXED BY STATE TEXTBOOK COMMISSION

1966

STATE TEXTBOOK COMMISSION

Mr. Hugh Waters, Metropolitan Schools of Nashville and Davidson County, 2601 Bransford Ave., Nashville 37204

Mr. Herman Osteen, Principal, Collierville High School, Collierville 38017

Miss Mildred Doyle, Superintendent, Knox County School, 400 West Hill Avenue, Knoxville 37902

Mrs. Marjorie M. Sloan, Supervisor, Maury County Schools, Columbia 38401

Mrs. Donna Netherland, Elementary Teacher, Carter Boulevard, Elizabethton 37643

Mr. W. O. Warren, Superintendent of Schools, Dyersburg 38024

J. H. WARF, Commissioner Secretary of State Textbook Commission

TENNESSEE BOOKMEN'S CLUB 1965-1966

The objective of the TENNESSEE BOOKMEN'S CLUB is to foster high professional standards among the men engaged in the publication and distribution of textbooks, to create a better understanding of bookmen's problems, to facilitate the exchange of educational information, and to work in general for the betterment of education as a

ALLYN & BACON, INC.

M. C. ELLIS 1903 Hamilton Drive Murfreesboro, Tennessee 37103

AMERICAN BOOK COMPANY

JACK ADKINS 14 Sherwood Drive Clarksville, Tennessee, 37040 Phone 645-2980

JOHN D. WOOTTEN 606 Lake Circle Lafayette, Tennessee 37083 Phone 666-8531

BOBBS-MERRILL COMPANY.

INC., THE DON C. KENNON 1960 North Parkway-Apt. 507

Memphis, Tennessee 38112 Phone 901-278-2575

D. VAN NOSTRAND CO. INC.

FRANK PATTI Rt. #3, Box 92B Hammond, La. 70401 Phone 345-2908

ECONOMY COMPANY, THE G. C. DRIVER

5264 Helene Road Memphis 17, Tennessee

FOLLETT PUBLISHING COMPANY

FRANK O. ROBERTS P. O. Box 587 Franklin, Tennessee 37064 Phone 794-5773

GINN & COMPANY

JOHN T. BURRUS P. O. Box 9392 Nashville 4, Tennessee 37204

Phone 298-3603 HARCOURT, BRACE & WORLD, LYONS & CARNAHAN

WILLIAM H. HUNTER

Nashville Pike Gallatin, Tennessee CECIL R. JAMES P. O. Box 11 Greenfield, Tennessee Phone 235-3259

THOMAS E. NEELY 3111 Lakeland Drive Nashville, Tennessee 37414 Phone 889-9291

HARLOW PUBLISHING COMPANY

M. E. IRBY

1205 Richmond Drive Nashville 6, Tennessee Phone 262-2013

HARPER AND ROW. **PUBLISHERS**

THERON O. ANGLIN 6559 Joycelyn Hollow Road Nashville, Tennessee 37205 Phone 352-2650

HEATH & COMPANY, D. C. JACK J. BRENT

Phone 893-9416

HOLT, RINEHART & WINSTON, INC.

HARRY F. HALL (Mid-East) P. O. Box 354 South Pittsburg, Tennessee Phone 837-6385 TOM TOWRY (Mid-West) Bagley Drive Fayetteville, Tennessee 37380

Phone 433-3345 HOUGHTON-MIFFLIN

COMPANY JAMES T. RICHARDSON, JR. R.F.D. #2 Erin, Tennessee 37061 Phone 289-4568

LAIDLAW BROTHERS

CARLOS H. LANNOM Royal Arms Apts. Apt. S-2 Richard Jones Road Nashville, Tennessee 37215

LIPPINCOTT COMPANY, THE J. B.

LEONARD H. HARRIS 1717 19th Street Bowling Green, Kentucky 42101 Phone 502-842-2666

R. E. (Mike) MOUNT, JR.

Apartment G-5 813 Bradford Avenue Nashville, Tennessee 37212

MACMILLAN COMPANY, THE GLENN C. WADE 2010 Martha Berry Drive Knoxville, Tennessee 37918

Phone 687-4790 GLEN HIGGINS 615 Elliott Drive Murfreesboro, Tennessee 37103

Phone 893-0534 McGRAW-HILL BOOK COMPANY, THE

(Webster Division) DOUGLAS GRAY Glengarry Heights Apts. Winthorne Drive Nashville, Tennessee 37217

CHARLES E. MERRILL BOOKS, INC. BROWDER R. MEANS

4309 Signal Hill Drive Nashville, Tennessee 37205 JACK J. BRENT Phone 269-4385
P. O. Box 357
PRENTICE-HALL, INC.
Murfreesboro, Tennessee 37103 Educational Book Division JERRY L. BURNS 843 Rodney Drive

Nashville, Tennessee 37205 Phone 352-1795

RAND McNALLY & COMPANY CHARLES DWIGHT SHOE Box 241 Davidson, North Carolina Phone 704-892-8577

SCOTT, FORESMAN & COMPANY

WILLIAM G. BOYD (East) P. O. Box 62 Nashville, Tennessee Phone 292-3134 ROBERT E. BLANKENSHIP (West) 406 Wrather Place Murfreesboro, Tennessee 37103 Phone 893-0213

SILVER BURDETT COMPANY JACK W. DRAPER

1114 Stonewall Drive Nashville, Tennessee 37204

SINGER COMPANY, THE L. W. (A Division of RandomHouse) JESSE D. MALLORY

131 W. Brookfield Drive Nashville, Tennessee 37205 Phone 298-4784

SOUTH-WESTERN PUBLISHING COMPANY

WALTER H. GREENWOOD 805 Elliston Street Old Hickory, Tennessee 37138 Phone 847-5414

STECK-VAUGHN COMPANY ALTON L. GODBOLD P. O. Box 567

Clanton, Alabama 35045 Phone 755-0121

PUBLISHERS OF TEXTBOOKS CURRENTLY IN USE

- 1. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 3220 Porter Drive, Palo Alto, Calif.
- 2. Allyn and Bacon, Inc., 695 Miami Circle, N.E., Atlanta 5, Georgia
- American Association for Health, Physical Education and Recreation, 1201 16th. St. N.W., Washington, D. C. 20036
- 4. American Book Company, 300 Pike Street, Cincinnati 2, Ohio
- 5. American Southern Pub. Co., Northport, Alabama
- 6. American Technical Society, 848 East 58th St., Chicago 37, Illinois
- Banks Upshaw Division (National Textbook Corporation), 4761 Touhy Avenue, Lincolnwood 46, Illinois
- 8. Benefic Press, 1900 Narragansett, Chicago 39, Illinois
- 9. Benson, W. S., Co., Educational Publishers, Austin, Texas
- 10. Bennett, Chas. A., Co., 237 N.E. Monroe St., Peoria, Illinois
- 11. Bobbs-Merrill Co., 4300 W. 62nd St., P.O. Box 558, Indianapolis, Indiana 46206
- 12. Bruce Publishing Co., The, 400 North Broadway, Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin
- 13. Chilton Company, 525 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
- 14. Follett Publishing Co., 1010 West Washington Boulevard, Chicago 7, Illinois
- 15. Freeman, W. H. & Co., 660 Market St., San Francisco, Calif. 94104
- 16. Gregg Publishing Division, 4655 Chase Avenue, Lincolnwood, Chicago 46, Illinois
- 17. Ginn and Co., 717 Miami Circle, Atlanta, Georgia
- 18. Harcourt, Brace and World, 750 Third Ave., New York 17, New York
- 19. Harlow Publishing Corp., 212 East Gray, Norman, Oklahoma
- 20. Harper and Row Publishers, Inc., 680 Forrest Road, N.E., Atlanta 12, Georgia
- 21. Harr Wagner Publishing Co., 609 Mission St., San Francisco 5, California
- 22. Heath, D. C., Co., 670 Miami Circle, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia
- 23. Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, Inc., 383 Madison Ave., New York 17, New York
- 24. Houghton Mifflin Co., 3108 Piedmont Rd., N.E., Atlanta 5, Georgia
- 25. Interstate Printers and Publishers, 19-27 No. Jackson, Danville, Illinois
- 26. Laidlaw Brothers, Thatcher and Madison, River Forest, Illinois
- 27. Latin American Institute Press, 200 Park Ave. S., New York 3, New York
- 28. Lippincott, J. B., Co., 333 West Lake St., Chicago 6, Illinois
- 29. Lyons and Carnahan, 680 Forrest Road, N.E., Atlanta 12, Georgia
- 30. McCormick-Mathers Publishing Co., Wichita, Kansas
- 31. McGraw-Hill Book Co., 680 Forrest Road, N.E., Atlanta 12, Georgia
- 32. McKnight and McKnight Publishing Co., Market and Center Streets, Bloomington, Illinois
- 33. Macmillan Co., The, 60 Fifth Avenue, New York 11, New York
- 34. Merrill, Chas. E., Co., 1300 Alum Creek Dr., Columbus 15, Ohio
- 35. Noble and Noble Publishers Inc., 67 Irving Place, New York 3, New York
- 36. Palmer Co., The A. N., 902 Wabash Avenue, Chicago 5, Illinois
- 37. Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey
- 38. Rand McNally & Co., P. O. Box 7600, Chicago 80, Illinois
- 39. Rothrock, Mary U., 3740 Kingston Pike, Knoxville, Tennessee
- 40. Scott, Foresman and Co., 3145 Piedmont Rd., N.E., Atlanta, 5, Georgia
- 41. Scribner's Sons, Chas., 597 Fifth Avenue, New York 17, New York
- 42. Shawnee Press, Inc., Delaware Water Gap, Pennsylvania
- 43. Silver Burdett Co., Morristown, New Jersey

- 44. Singer, L. W., Co., Inc., 249-259 West Erie Boulevard, Syracuse 2, New York
- 45. Smith, Turner E., Co., 680 Forrest Rd., N.E., Atlanta 12, Georgia
- 46. South-Western Publishing Co., 5101 Madison Road, Cincinnati 27, Ohio
- 47. Steck-Vaughn Co., Box 2028, Austin, Texas 78767
- 48. Summy-Birchard Company, 1834 Ridge Avenue, Evanston, Illinois
- 49. Van Nostrand, D., Co., Inc., 120 Alexander St., Princeton, New Jersey
- Webster Publishing Co., (Division of McGraw-Hill Book Company), 680 Forrest Road, N.E., Atlanta 12, Georgia
- 51. Wiley and Sons, John, Inc., 605 Third Ave., New York, New York 10016
- Witmark & Sons, M. (Music Publishers Holding Corporation), 488 Madison Avenue, New York 22, New York
- 53. Zaner-Bloser Company, Columbus, Ohio

NOTE

The textbooks published by the above-named companies are distributed to Tennessee public school systems by ${\bf v}$

TENNESSEE BOOK COMPANY 347 Reedwood Drive Nashville, Tennessee 37202

TABLE OF CONTENTS

P	PAGE
Section I. (5-Year Listings, Contracts Expire June 30, 1967)	
Mathematics	
Arithmetic 3-9	
Arithmetic, Business	5
Algebra	- 5
Geometry (Plane, Solid, and Unified)	6
Trigonometry	
Mathematics, Advanced	
Mathematics—Vocational, Related, and Applied	8
Section II. (5-year Listings, Contracts Expire June 30, 1971)	
Language Arts	
English Grammar and Composition (Grades 2-12)	9
Literature	15
English Handbooks	18
Foreign Languages	
French (Elementary and Grades 9-12)	19
German Grades 5-127	
Latin	
Russian	
Spanish (Elementary and Grades 9-12)	
Spelling	
Writing	
Speech	
Dictionaries	
Journalism	
Se tier TII (Ferrer Listings Control Brain Tone 20 1070)	
Section III. (5-year Listings, Contracts Expire June, 30, 1970)	
Agriculture	
Home Economics	
Health and Physical Education	41
Science	
Science and Conservation, Grades 1-9	43
Biology	47
Chemistry	48
Physics	
Aerospace Science	
Physical Science	49
Section IV. (5-year Listings, Contracts Expire June 30, 1969)	
Social Studies:	
History, Lower Grades	50
Integrated Social Studies	
Civics	
Geography	55
Commercial Geography	57
World Geography	57
Economics	57
American Government	58
Sociology	58
American History	59
World History	
Ancient History	61
Modern History	

Business Edi	ear Listings, Contracts Expire June 30, 1968)
	ing
Вооккеер	ng
Business	English
	Law
General I	Susiness
Office Pra	ctice
Secretaria	l Practice
Shorthan	
Typewrit	ng
Distributive	Education
Oriver Educ	ation
Fine Arts	
Art	
Constan	
	ts and Trades and Industrial Education
Auto Me	chanics
Auto Me Bricklayii	chanics g, Tile Setting, and Masonry
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry	chanics g, Tile Setting, and Masonry
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing,	chanics g, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing,	chanics g, Tile Setting, and Masonry
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity	chanics g, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry	chanics ng, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S	chanics ng, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S Machine	chanics ng, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S Machine Plumbing	chanics g, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S Machine Plumbing Printing	chanics ng, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S Machine Plumbing Printing Radio-Tel	chanics g, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop evision and Electronics
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S Machine Plumbing Printing Radio-Tel Sheet Me	chanics Ig, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical Thop Shop Svision and Electronics Stal
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General & Machine Plumbing Printing Printing Radio-Tel Sheet Me	chanics ag, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop evision and Electronics al
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General & Machine Plumbing Printing Printing Cadio-Tel Sheet Me Tailoring Upholster	chanics ng, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop evision and Electronics tal
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity General S Machine Plumbing Printing Radio-Tel Sheet Me Tailoring Upholster Welding	chanics ng, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop evision and Electronics tal
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S Machine Plumbing Printing Radio-Tel Sheet Me Tailoring Upholster Welding Woodworl	chanics ng, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop evision and Electronics cal ing cing and Cabinet Making
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S Machine Plumbing Printing Radio-Tel Sheet Me Tailoring Upholster Welding Woodworl	chanics ng, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop evision and Electronics tal
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S Machine Plumbing Printing Radio-Tel Sheet Me Tailoring Upholster Welding Woodworl	chanics ng, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop evision and Electronics cal ing cing and Cabinet Making
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S Machine Plumbing Printing Radio-Tel Sheet Me Tailoring Upholster Welding Woodworl Others	chanics g, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop evision and Electronics tal ing ing and Cabinet Making
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S Machine Plumbing Printing Radio-Tel Sheet Me Tailoring Upholster Welding Woodworl others Reading Developm	chanics g, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop evision and Electronics cal ing cing and Cabinet Making
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S Machine Plumbing Printing Radio-Tel Sheet Me Tailoring Upholster Welding Woodworl Others Ceading Developm Suppleme	chanics ng, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop evision and Electronics cal ing cing and Cabinet Making
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General S Machine Plumbing Printing Radio-Tel Sheet Me Tailoring Upholster Welding Woodword Others	chanics ng, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop evision and Electronics cal ing cing and Cabinet Making ental ntary ry
Auto Me Bricklayin Carpentry Drawing, Electricity Foundry General Machine Plumbing Printing Radio-Tel Sheet Me Tailoring Upholster Welding Woodword Others Eading Developm Suppleme Liters Socia	chanics ng, Tile Setting, and Masonry Architectural and Mechanical hop Shop evision and Electronics cal ing cing and Cabinet Making

SECTION I

Contracts Begin July 1, 1962

5-Year Listing. Contracts Expire June 30, 1967

MATHEMATICS

1. Arithmetic 3-9

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc.			
1	Grade 7-9-Introduction to Mathematics-			
	Brumfiel et al—1st Ed.	\$3.00	\$3.45	1961
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
2	*Grade 3—Arithmetic in My World—Stokes			
	et al-Reg. Ed.	. 2.16	2.48	1958
3	*Grade 4—Arithmetic in My World—Stokes			****
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.16	2.48	1958
4	*Grade 5—Arithmetic in My World—Stokes	0.10	2.52	1958
-	et al-Reg. Ed.	. 2.19	2.52	1900
5	*Grade 6—Arithmetic in My World—Stokes et al—Reg. Ed.	2 10	2.52	1958
6	*Grade 7—Arithmetic in My World—Stokes	. 2.10	2.02	1000
. 0	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.40	2.76	1958
7	*Grade 8—Arithmetic in My World—Stokes	. 2.10		2005
•	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.40	2.76	1958
8	Grade 9—Refresher Arithmetic—Stein—Reg. Ed.		3.62	1961
-	*Teachers' Edition available at the same price as the text.			
9	American Book Company *Grade 3-American Arithmetic-Upton and			
Ð,	Fuller—Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.58	1960
10	*Grade 4—American Arithmetic—Upton and	,_,		
•	Fuller—Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.58	1960
11	*Grade 5—American Arithmetic—Upton and			
	Fuller—Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.58	1960
12	*Grade 6-American Arithmetic-Upton and			
	Fuller—Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.58	1960
13	*Grade 7—American Arithmetic—Upton and			
	Fuller—Red. Ed.	2.25	2.58	1960
14	*Grade 8—American Arithmetic—Upton and			
	Fuller—Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.58	1960
15	Grade 9-Basic Arithmetic, Book 1-			
	Grove et al-Reg. Ed.	3.72	4.27	1961
	*Teachers' Edition available at the same price as the text.			
	Ginn and Company			
16	Grade 3-Arithmetic We Need-Buswell			
	et al—Enlarged Ed.	2.25	2.59	1961
	•			

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
17	Grade 4-Arithmetic We Need-Buswell			
	et al-Enlarged Ed.	. 2.25	2.59	1961
18	Grade 5—Arithmetic We Need—Buswell			
	et al—Enlarged Ed.	. 2.25	2.59	1961
19	Grade 6—Arithmetic We Need—Buswell			
	et al—Enlarged Ed.	. 2.25	2.59	1961
20	Grade 7—Arithmetic We Need—Buswell			
	et al—Enlarged Ed.	. 2.25	2.59	1961
21	Grade 8—Arithmetic We Need—Buswell			
	et al—Enlarged Ed.	. 2.25	2.59	1961
	D. C. Heath and Company			
22	*Grade 3-Learning to Use Arithmetic-			
	Gunderson et al—Reg. Ed.	2.22	2.55	1958
23	*Grade 4—Learning to Use Arithmetic—			
	Gunderson et al-Reg. Ed.	. 2.22	2.55	1958
24	*Grade 5—Learning to Use Arithmetic—			
	Gunderson et al-Reg. Ed.	2.22	2.55	1958
25	*Grade 6—Learning to Use Arithmetic—			
	Gunderson et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.22	2.55	1958
26	*Grade 7—Learning to Use Arithmetic—			
	Gunderson et al—Reg. Ed.	2.22	2.55	1959
27	*Grade 8—Learning to Use Arithmetic—			
00	Gunderson et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.22	2.55	1959
28	*Grade 9—Mathematics in Daily Use—Hart			4004
	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.15	3.62	1961
	*Teachers' Edition available at the same price as the text.			
	Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, Inc.			
29	Grade 3-The New Discovering Numbers-			
	Brueckner et al—Reg. Ed.	2.19	2.52	1959
30	Grade 4—The New Learning Numbers—			
	Brueckner et al-Reg. Ed.	. 2.19	2.52	1959
31	Grade 5-The New Exploring Numbers-			
	Brueckner et al-Reg. Ed.	2.19	2.52	1959
. 32	Grade 6—The New Understanding Numbers—			
	Brueckner et al-Reg. Ed.	2.19	2.52	1959
33	Grade 7—The New Thinking with Numbers—			
	Brueckner et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.19	2.52	1959
34	Grade 8—The New Knowing About Numbers—			
	Brueckner et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.19	2.52	1959
35	Grade 3—Making Number Discoveries—	0.05	0.50	1050
0.0	Brueckner et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.25	2.59	1959
36	Grade 4—Reaching Number Goals—	0.05	0 50	1061
37	Brueckner et al—Reg. Ed.	. 4.40	2.59	1961
01	Grade 5—Using Number Ideas—Brueckner et al—Reg. Ed	9 95	2.59	1961
38	Grade 6—Gaining Number Power—Brueckner	. 2.20	4.00	1001
00	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.59	1961
39	Grade 7—Holt Arithmetic 1—Kinney et al—Reg. Ed.		3.21	1960

Depository Title No.	,	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
40 41	Grade 8—Holt Arithmetic 2—Kinney et al—Reg. Ed Grade 9—Holt General Mathematics—	2.97	3.42	1961
71	Kinney et al—Reg. Ed.	3.33	3.83	1960
	Laidlaw Brothers, Inc.			
42	*Grade 3—Understanding Arithmetic— McSwain et al—Reg. Ed	9 99	2.55	1959
43	*Grade 4—Understanding Arithmetic—		2.00	1505
44	McSwain et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 5—Understanding Arithmetic—	2.22	2.55	1959
	McSwain et al—Reg. Ed.	2.22	2.55	1959
45	*Grade 6—Understanding Arithmetic— McSwain et al—Reg. Ed.	2.22	2.55	1959
46	*Grade 7—Understanding Arithmetic—			
47	McSwain et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 8—Understanding Arithmetic—	2.22	2.55	1959
	McSwain et al—Reg. Ed.	2.22	2.55	1959
	*Teachers' Edition available at the same price as the text.			
	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.			
48	Grade 7—Using Mathematics—Henderson and	0.15	0.00	1041
49	Pingry—Modern Topics EdGrade 8—Using Mathematics—Henderson and	3.15	3.62	1961
50	Pingry—Modern Topics Ed Grade 7—Using Mathematics—Henderson and	3.15	3.62	1961
50	Pingry—2nd Ed.	3.06	3.52	1961
51	Grade 8—Using Mathematics—Henderson and Pingry—2nd Ed	2 06	3.52	1961
52	Grade 9-Using Mathematics-Henderson and		0.02	1901
	Pingry—2nd Ed.	3.12	3.59	1960
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
53	Grade 7—Mathematics First Course— Brown et al—1st Ed.	9 61	3.00	1960
54	Grade 8-Mathematics Second Course-		3.00	1500
	Brown et al—1st Ed	2.79	3.21	1960
	Row, Peterson & Company			
55	Grade 3—Row-Peterson Arithmetic 3— Wheat et al—Reg. Ed.	0.16	0.40	1050
56	Grade 4—Row-Peterson Arithmetic 4—	2.10	2.48	1959
57	Wheat et al—Reg. Ed	2.16	2.48	1959
	Wheat et al—Reg. Ed.	2.16	2.48	1959
58	Grade 6—Row-Peterson Arithmetic 6— Wheat et al—Reg. Ed.	2.16	2.48	1959
59	Grade 7—Row-Peterson Arithmetic 7—			
60	Wheat et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 8—Row-Peterson Arithmetic 8—	2.16	2.48	1959
	Wheat et al—Reg. Ed.	2.16	2.48	1959

Depository Fitle No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Scott, Foresman and Company			
61	Grade 3—Seeing Through Arithmetic—			
	Hartung et al-Reg. Ed.	2.16	2.48	1961
62	Grade 4—Seeing Through Arithmetic—			
	Hartung et al—Reg. Ed.	2.16	2.48	1961
63	Grade 5—Seeing Through Arithmetic—			
	Hartung et al—Reg. Ed.	2.16	2.48	1961
64	Grade 6—Seeing Through Arithmetic—			
	Hartung et al—Reg. Ed.	2.16	2.48	1961
	Charles Scribner's Sons			
65	Grade 7-Functional Mathematics-Gager			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.85	3.28	1957
66	Grade 8-Functional Mathematics-Gager		•	
	et al-Reg. Ed.	2.85	3.28	1957
67	Grade 9—Functional Mathematics—Gager			
	et al-Reg. Ed.	2.97	3.42	1961
	Silver Burdett Company			
68	*Grade 3-Making Sure of Arithmetic-			
	Morton et al—1958 Ed.	2.31	2.66	1958
69	*Grade 4-Making Sure of Arithmetic-			
	Morton et al—1958 Ed.	2.31	2.66	1958
70	*Grade 5-Making Sure of Arithmetic-			
	Morton et al—1958 Ed.	2.31	2.66	1958
71	*Grade 6-Making Sure of Arithmetic-			
	Morton et al—1958 Ed.	2.31	2.66	1958
72	*Grade 7—Making Sure of Arithmetic—			
	Morton et al—1958 Ed.	2.31	2.66	1958
73	*Grade 8—Making Sure of Arithmetic—	0.01	0.00	1050
71	Morton et al—1958 Ed.	2.31	2.66	1958
74	*Grade 7—Modern Mathematics for Junior High,	0.10	0.50	1001
75	Book 1—Rosskopf et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 8—Modern Mathematics for Junior High,	3.12	3.59	1961
75	Book 2—Rosskopf et al—Reg. Ed.	2 1 9	3.59	1961
		0.12	0.00	1001
	*Teachers' Edition available at the same price as the text.			
	The L. W. Singer Company, Inc.			
76	Grade 9—General Mathematics—Mallory			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.94	3.38	1960
	Webster Publishing Company, Inc.			
77	Grade 3-Exploring Arithmetic-Osborn et al-2nd Ed	2.31	2.66	1962
78	Grade 4—Exploring Arithmetic—Osborn et al—2nd Ed		2.66	1962
79	Grade 5—Exploring Arithmetic—Osborn et al—2nd Ed		2.66	1962
80	Grade 6—Exploring Arithmetic—Osborn et al—2nd Ed		2.66	1962
81	Grade 7—Exploring Arithmetic—Osborn et al—2nd Ed.		2.66	1962
82	Grade 8-Exploring Arithmetic-Osborn et al-2nd Ed		2.66	1962
83	Grade 9-Mathematics for Daily Needs-			
	Osborn and Colestock—2nd Ed.	2.91	3.35	1960

Depository Title No.	,	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
2.	Arithmetic, Business			
84	Gregg Publishing Division Grade 9-12—Business Mathematics, Principles and Practice—Rosenberg and Lewis—5th Ed	3.12	3.59	1958
85	D. C. Heath and Company Grade 9-12—Essentials of Business Arithmetic— Kanzer and Schaaf—Reg. Ed.	3.09	3.55	1960
86	Prentice-Hall, Inc. Grade 9-12—Business Arithmetic—McNelly & Adams—4th Ed.	2.79	3.21	1958
87	South-Western Publishing Company Grade 9-12—Applied Business Arithmetic— Piper et al—7th Ed.	3.00	3.45	1959
3.	Algebra			
88	Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc. Grade 9—Algebra I—Brumfiel et al—1st Ed.	3.81	4.38	1961
89	Allyn and Bacon, Inc. Grade 9—Algebra One—Hayden and Finan— Reg. Ed. (W/WO answers)	3.24	3.73	1961
	American Book Company			
90 91	Grade 9—Algebra and Its Use, Book 1, Enlarged Ed.—Grove et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 10-12—Algebra and Its Use, Book 2, Enlarged	3.15	3.62	1960
31	Ed.—Grove et al—Reg. Ed.	3.33	3.82	1960
92	Ginn and Company Grade 9—First Course in Algebra—Weeks			
93	and Adkins—Reg. Ed Grade 10-12—Second Course in Algebra—Weeks		3.80	1961
	and Adkins—Reg. Ed. D. C. Heath and Company	. 3.48	4.00	1962
94 95	Grade 9—First Year Algebra—Hart et al—Reg. Ed Grade 10-12—Second Year Algebra—Hart	3.15	3.62	1957
00	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.36	3.86	1957
96	Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, Inc. Grade 9—Modern Elementary Algebra— Nichols and Collins—Reg. Ed	3.06	3.52	1961
	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.			
97	Grade 9-Algebra: Its Big Ideas and Basic Skills, Book I-Aiken et al-Modern Mathematics Ed.	3.09	3.55	1960

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
98	Grade 10-12—Algebra: Its Big Ideas and Basic Skills, Book II—Aiken et al—Modern Mathematics Ed	3.27	3.76	1960
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
99	Grade 9—Algebra First Course—Mayor and Wilcox—2nd Ed	3.18	3.66	1961
100	Grade 10-12—Algebra Second Course—Mayor and Wilcox—2nd Ed	3.27	3.76	1961
	The L. W. Singer Company, Inc.			
101	Grade 9—First Course in Algebra—Mallory et al—Reg. Ed.	3.09	3.55	1961
102	Grade 10-12—Second Course in Algebra—Mallory et al—Reg. Ed.	3.27	3.76	1961
4.	Geometry (Plane, Solid, and Unified)			
	Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc.			
103	Grade 10-12—Geometry—Brumfiel et al—1st Ed	3.81	4.38	1960
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
104 105	Grade 10-12—Plane Geometry—Avery and Stone—Reg. Ed.	3.30	3.79	1958
109	Grade 10-12-Solid Geometry-Avery and Stone-Reg. Ed.	2.76	3.17	1960
	American Book Company			
106 107	Grade 10-12—Plane Geometry—Shute et al—Reg. Ed Grade 10-12—Solid Geometry—Shute et al—Reg. Ed		3.62 3.38	1960 1960
	Ginn and Company			
108	Grade 10-12-Plane Geometry-Welchons et al-Reg. Ed.	3.30	3.80	1961
109 110	Grade 10-12—Solid Geometry—Welchons et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 10-12—A Course in Geometry, Plane and Solid—	3.00	3.45	1959
	Weeks and Adkins-Reg. Ed.	3.30	3.80	1961
	D. C. Heath and Company			
111	Grade 10-12—Plane Geometry and Supplements— Hart et al—Reg. Ed.	3.30	3.80	1959
112	Grade 10-12—Solid Geometry—Hart and Schult—Reg. Ed.			
113	*Grade 10-12—Geometry (Unified)—Fehr and Carnahan—Reg. Ed.		2.93 3.97	1952 1961
	*Teachers' Edition available at the same price as the text.		··· ·	2002
	Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, Inc.			
114	Grade 10-12-Plane Geometry-Schacht and			
	McLennan—Reg. Ed.	3.24	3.73	1957

Depositor Title No.	•	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
115	Charles E. Merrill Books, Inc. *Grade 10-12—Geometry: A Unified Course— Goodwin et al—Textbook Ed *Teachers' Edition available at the same price as the text.		3.73	1961
116	The L. W. Singer Company, Inc. Grade 10-12—A First Course in Geometry— Mallory et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.27	3.76	1959
5.	Trigonometry			
117	Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc. Grade 12—Trigonometry—Vance—1st Ed	3.80	4.37	1954
118	Ginn and Company Grade 12—Trigonometry with Tables—Welchons and Krickenberger—Reg. Ed	. 3.33	3.83	1960
119	D. C. Heath and Company Grade 12—Trigonometry for Secondary Schools— Butler and Wren—Reg. Ed.	2.76	3.17	1957
120	Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, Inc. Grade 12—A Modern Course in Trigonometry—Hooper and Griswold—Reg. Ed	3.06	3.52	1959
121	Prentice-Hall, Inc. Grade 12—Trigonometry—Rees and Rees—1st Ed	3.12	3.59	1959
6.	Mathematics, Advanced			
122	Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc. Grade 12—Probability, A First Course— Mosteller et al—1st Ed	4.00	4.60	1961
123	American Book Company Grade 12—Foundations of Advanced Mathematics— Kline et al—Reg Ed.	3.72	4.27	1959
124 125	D. C. Heath and Company Grade 12—College Algebra and Trigonometry— Hart—Reg. Ed. Grade 12—Analytic Geometry and Calculus— Hart—Reg. Ed.		5.39 6.68	1959 1957
	Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, Inc. Grade 12—Contemporary Algebra and Trigonometry— Griswold et al—Rev. Ed	3.45	3.97	1963

Depositor Title No.	7 .	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
127	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. Grade 12—Fundamentals of Freshman Mathematics— Allendoerfer and Oakley—1st Ed	. 5.40	6.21	1959
128	Charles E. Merrill Books, Inc. Grade 12—Advanced High School Mathematics— Vannatta et al—Textbook Ed	3.72	4.28	1961
129	The L. W. Singer Company, Inc. Grade 12—Senior Mathematics—Mallory et al—Reg. Ed.	3.27	3.76	1955
7.	Mathematics-Vocational, Related, and Applied			
130	The Bruce Publishing Company Grade 9-12—Shop Mathematics—Felkner—Rev. Ed	2.43	2.79	1959
131	Laidlaw Brothers, Inc. Grade 9-12—General Mathematics, Book Two— Brown et al—Reg. Ed	3.39	3.90	1961
132	Prentice-Hall, Inc. Grade 9-12—The New Applied Mathematics— Lasley and Mudd—6th Ed.	2.97	3.42	1964
133	Charles Scribner's Sons Grade 10—Functional Mathematics, Book 2—			
134	Gager et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 11—Functional Mathematics, Book 3—		3.42	1953
135	Gager et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 12—Functional Mathematics, Book 4— Gager et al. Pag. Ed.		3.42	1955
	Gager et al—Reg. Ed. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.	0.00	3.80	1956
136	Grade 9-12—Mathematics for Technical and Vocational Schools—Slade and Margolis—4th Ed	4 99	4.96	1955
		1.02	2.00	1000

SECTION II

Contracts Begin July 1, 1966

5-Year Listings. Contracts Expire June 30, 1971

LANGUAGE ARTS

1. English Grammar and Composition

Depository Title .No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
5001	Grade 2—English: Your Language— Wolfe et al—Reg. Ed.	\$1.92	\$2.21	1963
5002	Grade 3—English: Your Language— Wolfe et al—Reg. Ed.	2.31	2.66	1963
5003	Grade 4—English: Your Language— Wolfe et al—Reg. Ed	2.49	2.86	1963
5004	Grade 5—English: Your Language— Wolfe et al—Reg. Ed	2.61	3.00	1963
5005	Grade 6—English: Your Language— Wolfe et al—Reg. Ed	2.70	3.10	1963
5006	Grade 7—English: Your Language— Wolfe et al—Reg. Ed.	2.79	3.21	1964
5007	Grade 8—English: Your Language— Wolfe et al—Reg. Ed		3.35	1964
5008	Grade 9—Effective English: Book 1— Meade et al—Reg. Ed		3.24	1961
5009	Grade 10—Effective English: Book 2— Meade et al—Reg. Ed		3.42	1961
5010	Grade 11—Effective English: Book 3— Meade et al—Reg. Ed.		3.42	1961
5011	Grade 12—Effective English: Book 4— Meade et al—Reg. Ed.		3.69	1961
	American Book Company			
5012	*Grade 2—Go Ahead—Bailey et al— Reg. Ed	1.83	2.10	1963
5013	*Grade 3—Fun to Learn—Bailey et al— Reg. Ed.		2.62	1963
5014	*Grade 4—Good Times—Bailey et al— Reg. Ed.		2.69	1963
5015	*Grade 5—Every Day—Bailey et al—Reg. Ed.		2.79	1963
5016	*Grade 6-Around the Clock-Bailey		2.86	1963
5017	et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 7—Through the Year—Bailey			
5018	et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 8—Straight Ahead—Bailey		3.07	1963
	et al-Reg. Ed.	2.76	3.17	1963

Depository Title No.	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5019 *Grade 9—Modern Grammar and Composition—Conlin & Herman—			
Reg. Ed	3.12	3.58	1965
Conlin & Herman—Reg. Ed	3.12	3.58	1965
Conlin & Herman—Reg. Ed	3.24	3.72	1965
Composition—Conlin and Herman—Reg. Ed* *Teachers' editions are available without charge on a rational statement of the control of the co		3.86	1965
	io vasis.		
American Southern Publishing Company 5023 Grade 9—Communicative Arts—			
Boone et al.	2.88	3.30	1961
5024 Grade 10—Communicative Arts— Boone et al	2 88	3.30	1961
5025 Grade 11—Communicative Arts—			
Boone et al	2.88	3.30	1961
Boone et al	2.88	3.30	1961
Follett Publishing Company			
5027 Grade 12—The Lively Art of Writing— Payne—1st Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	2.40	2.76	1965
Ginn and Company			
5028 Grade 7—A Programmed Approach to Writing, Book I—Gordon et al—			
Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY) 5029 Grade 9-10—Writing: Unit Lessons	2.22	2.55	1964
in Composition—Book 1-A—			
Educational Development Corp.— Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	1.89	2.17	1964
5030 Grade 9-10—Writing: Unit Lessons in Composition—			
Book 1-B—Educational Development Corp. —Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	1.89	2.17	1964
5031 Grade 9-10—Writing: Unit Lessons in Composition— Book 1-C—Educational Development Corp.—			
Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	1.89	2.17	1964
5032 Grade 11—Writing: Unit Lessons in Composition— Book 2-A—Educational Development Corp.—			
Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	1.89	2.17	1964
5033 Grade 11—Writing: Unit Lessons in Composition— Book 2-B—Educational Development Corp.—			
Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	1.89	2.17	1964
5034 Grade 11—Writing: Unit Lessons in Composition— Book 2-C—Educational Development Corp.—			
Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	. 1.89	2.17	1964
5035 Grade 12—Writing: Unit Lessons in Composition— Book 3-A—Educational Development Corp.—			
Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	. 2.16	2.48	1965

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5036	Grade 12—Writing: Unit Lessons in Composition— Book 3-B—Educational Development Corp.—			
5037	Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	2.16	2.48	1965
5038	Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY) Grade 9-12—A Writer's Handbook—	. 2.16	2.48	1965
0000	Laird—Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	3.75	4.31	1964
1	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
5039	Grade 2-Language for Daily Use-			
	Dawson et al—1st Ed.	1.80	2.07	1964
5040	Grade 3-Language for Daily Use-	0.04	0.04	1004
- 0.44	Dawson et al—1st Ed.	∴ 2.64	3.04	1964
5041	Grade 4—Language for Daily Use— Dawson et al—1st Ed	9 64	3.04	1964
E049	Grade 5—Language for Daily Use—	2.04	0.01	1001
5042	Dawson et al—1st Ed	2.64	3.04	1964
5043	Grade 6—Language for Daily Use—	2.02		
0040	Dawson et al—1st Ed.	2.64	3.04	1964
5044	Grade 7—Language for Daily Use—			
	Dawson et al—1st Ed.	3.00	3.45	1965
5045	Grade 8-Language for Daily Use-			
	Dawson et al—1st Ed.	3.00	3.45	1965
5046	Grade 3-The Roberts English Series-			
	Roberts—1st Ed.	2.55	2.93	1966
5047	Grade 4-The Roberts English Series-			
	Roberts—1st Ed.	2.70	3.11	1966
5048	Grade 5-The Roberts English Series-			4000
	Roberts—1st Ed.	2.70	3.11	1966
5049	Grade 6-The Roberts English Series-	0.70	0 1 1	1000
	Roberts—1st Ed.	2.70	3.11	1966
5050	Grade 7—English Grammar and Composition—			
	Warriner et al—2nd Ed.	2.40	2.76	1965
5051	Grade 8—English Grammar and Composition—	0.55	0.00	1965
	Warriner et al—2nd Ed.	2.55	2.93	1909
5052	Grade 9—English Grammar and Composition—	9.70	3.11	1965
	Warriner et al—2nd Ed.	2.10	5.11	1909
5053	Grade 10—English Grammar and Composition—	9 95	3.28	1965
	Warriner et al—3rd Ed.	2.00	0.20	1000
5054	Grade 11—English Grammar and Composition—	9.07	3.42	1965
	Warriner et al—2nd Ed.	2.31	0.44	1000
5055	Grade 12—English Grammar and Composition— Warriner & Griffith—3rd Ed	2 00	3.55	1965
	Harper and Row Publishers	0.00	0.00	1000
	•			
5056	*Grade 3—The New Building Better English—	9 05	2.59	1966
2025	Bracken et al—Reg. Ed.	4.20	4.00	1200
5057	*Grade 4—The New Building Better English— Bracken et al—Reg. Ed	9 95	2.59	1966
	Dracken et al-keg. Eu.	2.20	4.03	1000

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5058	*Grade 5—The New Building Better English— Bracken et al—Reg. Ed	2 34	2.69	1966
5059	*Grade 6—The New Building Better English— Bracken et al—Reg. Ed.		2.69	1966
5060	*Grade 7—The New Building Better English—		3.90	1965
5061	Greene et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 8—The New Building Better English—			
5062	Greene et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 9—The New Building Better English—		3.90	1965
5063	John et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 10—The New Building Better English—		3.90	1965
5064	John et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 11—The New Building Better English—	. 3.39	3.90	1965
5065	John et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 12—The New Building Better English—	. 3 . 39	3.90	1965
	DeBoer—Reg. Ed* *Teachers' editions are available without charge on a rational content of the content of t		3.90	1965
ī	D. C. Heath and Company	Dasis.		
5066	*Grade 3—English Is Our Language—			
5067	Sartain et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 4—English Is Our Language—		2.86	1966
5068	Sartain et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 5—English Is Our Language—		2.93	1966
5069	Sartain et al—Reg. Ed** *Grade 6—English Is Our Language—	2.61	3.00	1966
5070	Sartain et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 7—Modern English in Action—	2.67	3.07	1966
5071	Christ et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 8—Modern English in Action—	3.12	3.59	1966
5072	Christ et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 9—Modern English in Action—	3.12	3.59	1966
5073	Christ et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 10—Modern English in Action—	3.18	3.66	1965
5074	Christ et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 11—Modern English in Action—	3.18	3.66	1965
5075	Christ et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 12—Modern English in Action—	3.30	3.80	1965
0010	Christ et al—Reg. Ed.		3.80	1965
т.	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio Holt-Rinehart & Winston, Inc.	basis.		
	Grade 7—Modern Composition, Book 1—			
5076	Stegner et al-Reg. Ed.	2.55	2.93	1964
5077	Grade 8—Modern Composition, Book 2— Stegner et al—Reg. Ed	2.55	2.93	1964
5078	Grade 9-Modern Composition, Book 3- Stegner et al-Reg. Ed.	3.06	3.52	1964
5079	Grade 10—Modern Composition, Book 4— Stegner et al—Reg. Ed	3.06	3.52	1964

Depositor Title No.	y	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5080	Grade 11-Modern Composition, Book 5-			
	Stegner et al-Reg. Ed.	3.06	3.52	1964
5081	Grade 12-Modern Composition, Book 6-			
	Stegner et al-Reg. Ed.	3.06	3.52	1965
	Laidlaw Brothers			
5082	*Grade 2—Using Good English—			
	Shane et al—Reg. Ed.	. 1.68	1.93	1964
5083	*Grade 3—Using Good English—	0.00	0.55	1001
	Shane et al—Reg. Ed	. 2.22	2.55	1964
5084	*Grade 4—Using Good English—	0.00	0.00	1964
	Shane et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.28	2.62	1904
5085	*Grade 5—Using Good English—	9.40	2.76	1964
FOOG	Shane et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.40	2.10	1304
5086	*Grade 6—Using Good English— Shane et al—Reg. Ed.	2 43	2.79	1964
5087	*Grade 7—Using Good English—	. 2.40	2	1001
9001	Shane et al—Reg. Ed.	2.91	3.34	1964
5088	*Grade 8—Using Good English—		0.02	
9000	Shane et al—Reg. Ed.	2.91	3.34	1964
5089	*Grade 9—Using Good English—			
	Brewton et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.30	3.79	1966
5090	*Grade 10—Using Good English—			
	Brewton et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.30	3.79	1966
5091	*Grade 11—Using Good English—			
	Brewton et al-Reg. Ed.	. 3.30	3.79	1966
5092	*Grade 12-Using Good English-			
	Brewton et al-Reg. Ed.	3.30	3.79	1966
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio	basis.		
	McGraw-Hill Book Co. (Webster Div.)			
5093	Grade 9—Grammar, Usage, and Style Schuster—1st Ed	. 2.91	3.35	1965
5094	Grade 10-Your Language, Book 4-			
	LaBrant et al—2nd Ed.	. 3.36	3.86	1963
5095	Grade 11-Your Language, Book 5-			
	LaBrant et al—1st Ed.	. 3.60	4.14	1960
5096	Grade 12-Your Language, Book 6-			
	LaBrant et al—1st Ed.	. 3.60	4.14	1962
	The Macmillan Company			
5097	*Grade 2-The Macmillan English Series-			
	Pollock & Bowden-2nd Rev. Ed.	2.01	2.31	1963
5098	*Grade 3—The Macmillan English Series—			
	Pollock & Bowden-2nd Rev. Ed.	. 2.40	2.76	1963
5099	*Grade 4-The Macmillan English Series-			
	Pollock & Bowden—2nd Rev. Ed.	. 2.46	2.83	1963
5100	*Grade 5—The Macmillan English Series—Pollock			
	et al—2nd Rev. Ed.	2.58	2.97	1963
5101	*Grade 6—The Macmillan English Series—Pollock	0.50	0.07	1000
	& Straub—2nd Rev. Ed.	2.58	2.97	1963

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5102	*Grade 7-The Macmillan English Series-			
	Pollock & Rounds—2nd Rev. Ed.	2.82	3.24	1963
5103	*Grade 8—The Macmillan English Series—			
	Pollock et al—2nd Rev. Ed.	2.82	3.24	1963
5104	*Grade 9—The Macmillan English Series—	2.2		
	Pollock et al—2nd Rev. Ed.	3.18	3.66	1964
5105	*Grade 10—The Macmillan English Series—	0.40		1001
	Pollock et al—2nd Rev. Ed.	3.18	3.66	1964
5106	*Grade 11—The Macmillan English Series—	0.10	0.00	1064
F10F	Pollock et al—2nd Rev. Ed.	. 3,18	3.66	1964
5107	*Grade 12—The Macmillan English Series—	9 1 0	3.66	1964
	Pollock et al—2nd Rev. Ed.	. 0.10	3.00	1304
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio	basis.		
	Scott, Foresman and Company			
5108	Grade 9—Guide to Modern English—			
	Corbin et al-Reg. Ed.	. 3.24	3.73	1965
5109	Grade 10-Guide to Modern English-		0.50	
	Corbin et al—Reg. Ed.	3.24	3.73	1965
5110	Grade 11—Guide to Modern English—	9 90	3.80	1963
5111	Corbin and Perrin—Reg. Ed Grade 12—Guide to Modern English—	. 0.00	3.00	1900
9111	Corbin and Perrin—Reg. Ed.	3 33	3.83	1963
	Corbin and Terrin—iteg. Ed.	. 0.00	0.00	2000
	The L. W. Singer Company, Inc.			
5112	*Grade 2—Enjoying English—Wolfe			
	et al-Reg. Ed.	. 1.77	2.04	1966
5113	*Grade 3—Enjoying English—Wolfe			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.34	2.69	1966
5114	*Grade 4—Enjoying English—Wolfe			
	et al-Reg. Ed.	2.46	2.83	1966
5115	*Grade 5—Enjoying English—Wolfe			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.61	3.00	1966
5116	*Grade 6—Enjoying English—Wolfe			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.70	3.11	1966
5117	*Grade 7—Enjoying English—Wolfe			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.82	3.24	1966
511 8	*Grade 8—Enjoying English—Wolfe			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.88	3.31	1966
5119	*Grade 9—Enjoying English—Wolfe			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.24	3.73	1966
5120	*Grade 10—Enjoying English—Wolfe			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.30	3.80	1966
5121	*Grade 11—Enjoying English—Wolfe			
	et al-Reg. Ed.	3.33	3.83	1966
5122	*Grade 12—Enjoying English—Wolfe		0.04	400-
	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.3 6	3.86	1966
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a rati	o basis.		

Depositor Title No.	y .	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
2.	Literature			
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
5123	Grade 9-A Cavalcade of Life in Writing-			
	Horn & Sullivan—Reg. Ed.	. 3.63	4.17	1963
5124	Grade 10—A Cavalcade of Life in Writing—		4.00	1001
5125	Horn & Sullivan—Reg. Ed. Grade 11—A Cavalcade of Life in Writing—	3.81	4.38	1961
0120	Horn & Sullivan—Reg. Ed.	3.93	4.52	1961
5126	Grade 12-A Cavalcade of Life in Writing-			
	Horn & Sullivan—Reg. Ed.	4.08	4.69	1961
	American Book Company			•
5127	*Grade 7-A World of Events-			
	Bailey et al-Reg. Ed.	3.21	3.69	1963
5128	*Grade 8-A World of Experience-			
	Bailey et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.39	3.89	1963
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio	o basis.		
	Bobbs-Merrill Company, Inc.			
5129	*Grade 7-Voyages in Reading-			
	Smith et al-Reg. Ed.	3.30	3.80	1965
5130	*Grade 8—Challenges in Reading—			
	Smith et al—Reg. Ed.		3.97	1965
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio	o basis.		
	Ginn and Company			
5131	Grade 7—Introduction to Literature—			
	Eller et al—Reg. Ed.	3.39	3.90	1964
5132	Grade 8—The Study of Literature—	0 51	4.04	1004
5133	Eller et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 9—Understanding Literature—	. 3.51	4.04	1964
0100	White et al—Reg. Ed.	3 63	4.17	1964
5134	Grade 10—Types of Literature—	. 0.00	,	1001
	Bennett et al-Reg. Ed.	. 3.84	4.42	1964
5135	Grade 11—American Literature—			
	Porter et al-Reg. Ed.	4.05	4.66	1964
5136	Grade 12—English Literature—		4.00	
	Craig et al—Reg. Ed.	. 4.20	4.83	1964
5137	Grade 7—Discovery through Reading—	0.00	0.00	1000
5138	Gunn et al—Reg. EdGrade 8—Exploration through Reading—	. 3.30	3.80	1963
9190	Gunn et al, Reg. Ed.	3 36	3.86	1964
5139	Grade 9—Achievement through Reading—	. 0.00	0.00	1001
	Gunn et al—Reg. Ed.	. 4.02	4.62	1965
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
5140	Grade 7-Adventures for Readers: Book One-			
	Laureate Ed.—O'Daly & Nieman—4th Ed.	3.24	3.73	1963
5141	Grade 8-Adventures for Readers: Book Two-			
	Laureate Ed.—Nieman & O'Daly—4th Ed.	. 3.33	3.83	1963

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5142	Grade 9-Adventures in Reading: Laureate			4000
5143	Ed.—Lodge & Braymer—7th EdGrade 10—Adventures in Appreciation: Laureate	3.66	4.21	1963
5144	Ed.—Loban & Olmsted—7th EdGrade 11—Adventures in American Literature:	3.66	4.21	1963
	Laureate Ed.—Fuller & Kinnick—7th Ed.	3.90	4.49	1963
5145	Grade 12—Adventures in English Literature: Laureate Ed.—Priestly & Spear—7th Ed	3.90	4.49	1963
	Houghton-Mifflin Company			
5146	Grade 9-Values in Literature-			
5147	Chase et al—Reg. EdGrade 10—Insights into Literature—	3.33	3.83	1965
0141	Van Doren et al—Reg. Ed.	3.42	3.93	1965
5148	Grade 11—American Literature—			
	Schorer et al-Reg. Ed.	4.20	4.83	1965
5149	Grade 12—English Literature—	400	4.00	1005
	Daiches et al—Reg. Ed.	4.26	4.90	1965
	Laidlaw Brothers			
5150	*Grade 7—New Horizons: Book 1—			
F1F1	Brewton et al—Reg. Ed.	2.97	3.41	1964
5151	*Grade 8—New Horizons: Book 2— Brewton et al—Reg. Ed	2 97	3.41	1964
5152	*Grade 9—New Horizons: Book 3—	2.01	0.11	1001
	Brewton et al-Reg. Ed.	3.06	3.51	1963
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ra	tio bas	sis.	
	The Macmillan Company			
5153	*Grade 9-Short Stories I-Alwin-			
P4 P 4	Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	.84	.97	1961
5154	*Grade 9—Nonfiction I—Bush— Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	.84	.97	1961
5155	*Grade 9—Poetry I—Corbin—	.04	.01	1001
	Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	.75	.86	1962
5156	*Grade 9—Drama I—Barrows— Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	.84	.97	1962
5157	*Grade 10—Short Stories II—Scheld—			
~~ ~~	Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	.87	1.00	1961
5158	*Grade 10—Nonfiction II—Baum— Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	.84	.97	1962
5159	*Grade 10—Poetry II—Peterson—	.01		1000
	Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	.75	.86	1962
5160	*Grade 10—Drama II—Redman—			4000
E161	Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	99	1.14	1962
5161	*Grade 11—The Early Years of American LiteratureWacher et alReg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	.99	1.14	1963
5162	*Grade 11—The Changing Years of		414.4	2000
	American Literature—Wacher et al—			
	Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	.99	1.14	1963

		VVII . 1 .	D-1-22	0
Depositor: Title No.	,	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5163	*Grade 11—Contemporary American Prose—Wacher et al—Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	99	1.14	1963
5164	*Grade 11—Contemporary American Poetry—			2000
	Foster-Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	90	1.04	1963
5165	*Grade 11—Contemporary American Drama—			
F1.00	Barrows—Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	. 1.05	1.21	1964
5166	*Grade 12—The Early Years of English Literature—Barrows et al—			
	Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	93	1.07	1964
5167	*Grade 12—Spenser to Goldsmith—Kobler &			
	Evans-Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	1.05	1.21	1964
5168	*Grade 12—Romantic and Victorian Writers—	99	114	1963
5169	Frey—Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)* *Grade 12—Modern English Prose and Poetry—	99	1.14	1909
0100	Kubat & Magill—Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	99	1.14	1963
5170	*Grade 12-Modern English Drama-Barrows &			
	Dolkey—Reg. Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	. .9 9	1.14	1964
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio	basis.		
	Charles E. Merrill Books, Inc.			
5171	Grade 7-Ideas in Literature-Variations-			
	Jacobs & Root—1st Ed.	. 3.45	3.97	1966
5172	Grade 8—Ideas in Literature—Directions— Jacobs & Root—1st Ed	3.51	4.04	1966
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
5173	Grade 9-12—Ideas in Prose—Fidell—			
02.0	1st Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	. 2.49	2.86	1962
5174	Grade 9-12—Ideas in Poetry—			
	Fidell—1st Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	. 2.40	2.76	1965
	Scott, Foresman and Company			
5175	Grade 7-Wide, Wide World in Literature-			
	Pooley et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.45	3.97	1963
5176	Grade 8—All around America through Literature—	9.40	4.00	1963
5177	Pooley et al—Reg. EdGrade 9—Outlooks through Literature—	9.40	4.00	1900
0111	Pooley et al-Reg. Ed.	3.78	4.35	1964
5178	Grade 10—Exploring Life through Literature—			
	including Silas Marner—Pooley			4001
E170	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.84	4.42	1964
5179	Grade 11—The United States in Literature— Pooley et al—Reg. Ed.	4.02	4.62	1963
5180	Grade 12—England in Literature—			
	Pooley et al—Reg. Ed.	4.08	4.69	1963
5181	Grade 9-Vanguard-Pooley	0.50	4.65	
E400	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.72	4.28	1961
5182	Grade 10—Perspectives—Pooley et al—Reg. Ed	3.78	4.35	1963
5183	Grade 11—Accent: U.S.A.—Pooley	3.10	1,00	2000
	et al—Reg. Ed.	4.02	4.62	1965

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	The L. W. Singer Company			
5184	Grade 7—Prose and Poetry Journeys— Iverson et al—Reg. Ed	. 3.45	3.97	1963
5185	Grade 8—Prose and Poetry Adventures— Iverson et al—Reg. Ed	. 3.48	4.00	1963
5186	Grade 9—Prose and Poetry for Enjoyment— McCarthy et al—Reg. Ed	3.66	4.21	1963
5187	Grade 10—Prose and Poetry for Appreciation— Agnew et al—Reg. Ed	. 3.75	4.31	1963
5188	Grade 11—Prose and Poetry of America— McCarthy et al—Reg. Ed	. 3.96	4.55	1963
5189	Grade 12—Prose and Poetry of England— Rodabaugh et al—Reg. Ed.	3.99	4.59	1963
3.	English Handbooks			
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
5190	Grade 9-12—Harbrace Handbook of English— Hodges—2nd Ed	2.25	2.59	1959
5191	Grade 7—Composition: Models and Exercises 7— Nunan—1st Ed.	1.65	1.90	1965
5192	Grade 10—Composition: Models and Exercises 10— Fleming & Glatthorn—1st Ed	. 1.80	2.07	1965
5193	Grade 11—Composition: Models and Exercises 11—Glatthorn & Fleming—1st Ed	. 1.95	2.24	1965
5194	Grade 12—Advanced Composition: A Book of Models for Writing—Warriner et al—1st Ed	2.55	2.93	1961
	D. C. Heath and Company			
5195	*Grade 7—Heath Handbook of English 7— Christ et al—Reg. Ed	. 2.34	2.69	1965
5196	*Grade 8—Heath Handbook of English 8— Christ et al—Reg. Ed		2.90	1965
5197	*Grade 9—Heath Handbook of English 9— Christ et al—Reg. Ed		2.90	1965
5198	*Grade 10—Heath Handbook of English 10— Christ et al—Reg. Ed		2.90	1965
5199	*Grade 11—Heath Handbook of English 11— Christ et al—Reg. Ed	2.52	2.90	1965
5200	*Grade 12—Heath Handbook of English, Complete Course, Christ et al—Reg. Ed	2.52	2.90	1965
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio			
	McCormick-Mathers Publishing Co.			
5201	Grade 7-12—Plain English Handbook—Walsh & Walsh—Clothbound Ed	1.71	1.97	1966
	McGraw-Hill Book Co. (Webster Div.)			
5202	Grade 9-12—McGraw-Hill Handbook of English— Shaffer & Shaw—2nd Ed.	2.91	3.35	1960

Depository Title No.	,	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5203	Scott, Foresman and Company Grade 9-12—The Perrin-Smith Handbook of Current English—Perrin & Smith—Reg. Ed	4.00	4.60	1962
FOREIG	GN LANGUAGES			
1.	French (Elementary and Grades 9-12)			
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
5204	Grade 7-9—Speaking French—Etmekjian			
****	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.24	3.73	1963
5205	Grade 9-12—Le Francais Courant I—Etmekjian - et al—Reg. Ed	9 84	4.42	1964
5206	Grade 10-12—Le Francais Courant II—Etmekjian	0.04	4.44	1001
0200	& Caefer—Reg. Ed.	3.87	4.45	1965
	Ginn and Company			
5207	Grade 3-7—Nous Sommes Amis—	4.00		1000
5208	LeBlanc—Reg. EdGrade 3-7—Comment Dit-on?—	1.38	1.59	1963
9208	Le Blanc—Reg. Ed	90	1.04	1963
5209	Grade 9-12—French I—O'Brien—Reg. Ed.	3.60	4.14	1965
5210	Grade 9-12-New First Year French-			
	O'Brien—Reg. Ed.	3.60	4.14	1962
5211	Grade 9-12—New Second Year French— O'Brien—Reg. Ed	3.90	4.49	1963
5212	Grade 9-12—Advanced French—O'Brien— Reg. Ed	4.05	4.66	1963
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
5213	Grade 7-A-LM French 7, Level One-First			
	Half—Thompson & Peloro—1st Ed.	1.65	1.90	1964
5214	Grade 8—A-LM French 8—Level One—Second	1 05	2.24	1964
5215	Half—Thompson & Peloro—1st EdGrade 9-12—A-LM French: Level One—		2.24	1304
0210	Thompson & Peloro—1st Ed.	2.40	2.76	1963
5216	Grade 9-12—A-LM French: Level Two—			
	Thompson & Capretz—1st Ed.	2.85	3.28	1962
5217	Grade 9-12-A-LM French: Level Three-	0.00	4.40	1001
F040	Thompson & Capretz—1st Ed.	3.90	4.49	1964
5218	Grade 9-12—A-LM French: Level Four— Thompson & Capretz—1st Ed	4.50	5.18	1965
	Inompson & Supress 100 Edition	2100	0.11	
	D. C. Heath and Company			
5219	Grade 9-12-Cours Elementaire de Français-			
	Dale & Dale—Reg. Ed.	3.51	4.04	1964
5220	Grade 10-12—Cours Moyen de Français—	0.50	4.00	100-
	Dale & Dale—Reg. Ed	5.72	4.28	1964

Depositor Title No.	У	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Holt, Rinehart & Winston, Inc.			
5221	Grade 3-6-Introducing French-			
	Holt Staff—Reg. Ed.		2.55	1964
5222	Grade 3-6—Premier Cours—Holt Staff—Reg. Ed.	. 2.97	3.42	1965
5223	Grade 7-10—Le Français: Ecouter Et Parler—			
5224	Cote et al—Reg. EdGrade 8-11—Le Francais: Parler Et	3.27	3.76	1962
0224	Lire—Langellier et al—Reg. Ed.	1 GE	5.35	1963
5225	Grade 9-12—Le Français: Lire, Parler	4.00	0.00	1900
	Et Ecrire—Bauer et al—Reg. Ed.	5.40	6.21	1964
5226	Grade 9-11—Le Francais: Book 1—			
	Ernst & Levy—Reg. Ed.	4.35	5.00	1964
5227	Grade 10-12—Le Français: Book 2—			
	Ernst & Levy—Reg. Ed	4.65	5.35	1964
	Latin American Institute Press, Inc.			
E000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
5228	Grade 3-5—First Steps in French—	00	٠.	1004
5229	Madrigal & Dulac—1st EdGrade 5-7—Open Door to French—	.83	.95	1964
0220	Madrigal & Dulac	2 40	2.75	1963
•		2.40	2.10	1000
	McGraw-Hill Book Co. (Webster Div.)			
5230	Grade 9-12-Level I-Learning French the Modern			
	Way, Book 1—Evans & Baldwin—1st Ed.	3.03	3.48	1963
5231	Grade 9-12—Level II—Learning French the Modern			
	Way, Book 2—Evans & Baldwin—1st Ed.	3.15	3.62	1963
5232	Grade 9-12—Level III—La France: Une			
	Tapisserie, Politzer et al—1st Ed.	4.11	4.73	1965
	Charles E. Merrill Books, Inc.			
5233	Grade 9-10—Le Français Vivant I—			
	Couture—1st Ed.	3.30	3.80	1965
5234	Grade 10-11—Le Francais Vivant II—			
	Couture—1st Ed.	4.05	4.66	1966
2.	German			
	Bruce Publishing Company			
5235	Grade 9-12—Deutsch, Erstes Buch—			
F000	Mueller, 1st Ed.	3.96	4.55	1958
5236	Grade 9-12—Deutsch, Zweites Buch—	0.40		
5237	Mueller, 1st EdGrade 9-12—Deutsch, Drittes Buch—	3.40	3.91	1959
0201	Mueller, 1st Ed.	4.00	4.60	1060
		4.00	4.00	1962
	Ginn and Company			
5238	Grade 9-12—First Book in German—			
	Chiles—Reg. Ed.	4.20	4.83	1963

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
5239	Grade 9-12—A-LM German: Level One— Thompson & Peloro—1st Ed	2.40	2.76	1961
5240	Grade 9-12—A-LM German: Level Two— Thompson & Capretz—1st EdGrade 9-12—A-LM German: Level Three—	. 2.85	3.28	1962
5241 5242	Thompson & Capretz—1st Ed	3.90	4.49	1964
0242	Thompson & Capretz—1st Ed.	. 4.50	5.18	1965
	D. C. Heath and Company			
5243	Grade 9-12—A First Course in German— Huebener & Newmark—Reg. Ed	. 3.72	4.28	1964
5244	Grade 10-12—A Second Course in German— Huebener & Newmark—Reg. Ed	. 3.39	3.90	1965
3.	Latin			
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
5245	Grade 9—First Year Latin—Smith et al—Reg. Ed	. 3.90	4.48	1962
5246	Grade 10—Second Year Latin—Scudder & Jenney—Reg. Ed.	. 4.23	4.86	1962
5247	Grade 11—Third Year Latin—Jenney & Scudder—Reg. EdGrade 12—Fourth Year Latin—Jenney	. 4.32	4.97	1963
5248	& Scudder—Reg. Ed.	4.56	5.24	1964
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
5249	Grade 9-12—Our Latin Heritage: Book I— Hines et al—1st Ed	3.15	3.62	1966
5250	Grade 9-12—Our Latin Heritage: Book II— Hines et al—1st Ed	3.45	3.97	1963
	Lyons & Carnahan, Inc.			
5251	Grade 9-12—Living with the Romans— (1st Year)—Crabb—Reg. Ed	3.45	3.96	1964
5252	Grade 9-12—Rome, A World Power (2nd Year)—Crabb & Small—Reg. Ed		4.31	1964
	The Macmillan Company			
F0F0	*Grade 9—Latin for Americans—			
5253	Ullman et al—4th Ed* *Grade 10—Latin for Americans—	3.54	4.07	1962
5254	Ullman et al—4th Ed.	3.84	4.42	1962
5255	*Grade 11-12—Latin for Americans— Ullman & Suskin—Reg. Ed.	4.29	4.93	1965
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a rati	o basis.		

Depositor: Title No.	,	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Charles E. Merrill Books, Inc.			
5256	Grade 9-10-Latin: Our Living Heritage,			
	Book I-Breslove et al-1st Ed.	3.42	3.93	1962
5257	Grade 10-11—Latin: Our Living Heritage,			
F0F0	Book II—Breslove et al—1st Ed.	3.63	4.17	1962
5258	Grade 11-12—Latin: Our Living Heritage, Book III—Gillingham & Barrett—1st Ed.	4 90	4.83	1964
	Book 111-Gillingham & Barrett—15t Ed.	. 4.20	4.00	1004
	Scott, Foresman and Company			
5259	Grade 9-Using Latin 1-Horn			
	et al-Reg. Ed.	3.48	4.00	1961
5260	Grade 10-Using Latin 2-Horn			4000
E0.01	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.69	4.24	1963
5261	Grade 11—Using Latin 3— Horn & Gummere—Reg. Ed	4 90	4.93	1954
5262	Grade 12—The Aeneid of Vergil, Books	. 4.40	1.00	1001
	1-6, with Ovid—Knapp—Reg. Ed.	3.75	4.31	1951
4.	Russian			
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
5263	Grade 9-12—Elements of Russian—			
0200	Ornstein & Howes—Reg. Ed	3.75	4.31	1964
	Bruce Publishing Company			
5264	Grade 9-12—Russian, First Course, Part I—			
0204	Poltoratzky & Zarechnak—1st Ed	3.60	4.14	1960
5265	Grade 9-12—Russian, First Course, Part II—			
	Poltoratzky & Zarechnak—1st Ed	4.20	4.83	1961
5266	Grade 9-12-Russian, Second Course-			
	Poltoratzky—1st Ed	. 5.20	5.98	1965
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
5267	Grade 9-12-A-LM Russian: Level One			
	Thompson & Peloro—1st Ed	2.40	2.76	1963
5268	Grade 9-12—A-LM Russian: Level Two—			
5269	Thompson & Capretz—1st Ed	2.85	3.28	1963
9209	Grade 9-12—A-LM Russian: Level Three— Thompson & Capretz—1st Ed	3 90	4.49	1965
5270	Grade 9-12—A-LM Russian: Level Four—	. 0.00	1.10	1000
	Thompson & Capretz—1st Ed	4.50	5.18	1965
5.	Spanish (Elementary and Grades 9-12)			
	Allyn & Bacon, Inc.			
5271	Grade 8—Speaking Spanish—			
	Ginsburg & Nassi—Reg. Ed.	. 3.18	3.66	1962
5272	Grade 9-Primera Vista-Ginsburg			
	& Nassi-Reg. Ed.	3. 90	4.48	1964

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5273	Grade 10—Segunda Vista—Ginsburg & Nassi—Reg, Ed.	. 3.96	4.55	1961
	Banks Upshaw and Co. (Division of National Textbook Corp.)			
5274	Grade 2-4—Let's Talk Spanish, Book I— Vogan—2nd Ed	1.88	2.16	1962
5275	Grade' 2-4—Let's Talk Spanish, Book II— Vogan—2nd Ed.		2.16	1962
	W. S. Benson and Company		2.10	1002
5276	Grade 3—Mis Primeros Pasos—Rivera	2.25	2.59	1966
5277	Grade 4—De Camino—Rivera		2.62	1966
5278	Grade 5—Caminando y Apprendiendo—Rivera	2.31	2.66	1966
5279	Grade 6—Viajar y Apprender—Rivera	2.34	2.69	1966
	Ginn and Company			
5280	Grade 3-7—Como se Dice?—Scott—Reg. Ed	.90	1.04	1963
5281	Grade 3-7—Somos Amigos—Scott—Reg. Ed.	1.38	1.59	1963
5282	Grade 4-7—Somos Amigos—Libro Segundo—Scott— Reg. Ed	2.16	2.48	1965
5283	Grade 9-12—Spanish: Oral Approach I—			
	Michalski-Reg. Ed.	3.15	3.63	1965
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
5284	Grade 7—A-LM Spanish 7, Level One—First Half—Thompson & Peloro—1st Ed	1.65	1.90	1964
5285	Grade 8—A-LM Spanish 8, Level One—Second Half—Thompson & Peloro—1st Ed	1.05	2.24	1964
5286	Grade 9-12—A-LM Spanish: Level One—	1.30	2.24	1504
	Thompson & Peloro—1st Ed.	2.40	2.76	1963
5287	Grade 9-12-A-LM Spanish: Level Two-		0.00	1000
5288	Thompson & Capretz—1st EdGrade 9-12—A-LM Spanish: Level Three—	2.85	3.28	1962
0200	Thompson & Capretz—1st Ed.	3.90	4.49	1964
5289	Grade 9-12-A-LM Spanish: Level Four-			
	Thompson & Capretz—1st Ed.	4.50	5.18	1965
F 200	D. C. Heath and Company			
5290	Grade 9-12—El Espanol Al Dia, Book 1— Turk & Allen—Reg. Ed.	2 24	4.42	1963
5291	Grade 9-12—El Espanol Al Dia, Book 2—	0.04	7.72	1306
0201	Turk & Allen—Reg. Ed.	3.84	4.42	1964
	Holt, Rinehart & Winston, Inc.			
5292	Grade 3-6—Introducing Spanish— Holt Staff—Reg. Ed	2.22	2.55	1964
5293	Grade 4-6—Primer Curso—Holt Staff—Reg. Ed		3.35	1964
5294	Grade 5-6—Segundo Curso—Holt		0.00	2001
	Staff—Reg. Ed.	. 2.97	3.42	1965

Depositor; Title No.	•	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5295	Grade 5-6—Para Empezar—Holt Staff—Reg. Ed	. 3.1 5	3.62	1965
5296	Grade 7-10—Espanol: Entender y		0.50	1001
5297	Hablar—LaGrone et al—Reg. EdGrade 8-11—Espanol: Hablar y Leer—	. 3.27	3.76	1961
5298	LaGrone et al—Reg. EdGrade 9-12—Espanol: Leer, Hablar et	4.65	5.35	1962
0296	Escriber—Keesee et al—Reg. Ed	5.40	6.21	1963
	Houghton Mifflin Company			
5299	Grade 9-12—El Camino Real, Book I—	4.00	4.00	1960
5300	Jarrett & McManus—Reg. Ed Grade 9-12—El Camino Real, Book II—	4.20	4.83	1900
	Jarrett—Reg. Ed	4.26	4.90	1958
	Latin American Institute Press, Inc.			
5301 5302	Grade 3-5—First Steps in Spanish—MadrigalGrade 5-7—Open Door to Spanish—Madrigal		.95 2.75	1961 1959
0002	McGraw-Hill Book Co. (Webster Div.)	2.10	2	1000
5303	Grade 9-12—Level I—Learning Spanish the			
5004	Modern Way, Book 1—Brenes et al—1st Ed.	3.03	3.48	1963
5304	Grade 9-12—Level II—Learning Spanish the Modern Way, Book 2—Brenes et al—1st Ed	3.15	3.62	1963
5305	Grade 9-12—Level III—Galeria Hispanica—	4.90	4.83	1965
	Lado et al—1st Ed.	4.20	4.00	1900
500 0	Charles E. Merrill Books, Inc.			
5306	Grade 6-7—Mi Libro de Espanol— Brady—1st Ed	2.25	2.59	1965
5307	Grade 7-8—Adelante—Brady—1st Ed.		2.59	1965
5308	Grade 9-10-Espanol Moderno I-			
	Brady & Oberhelman—1st Ed.	2.85	3.28	1964
5309	Grade 10-11—Espanol Moderno II— Brady & Oberhelman—1st Ed	2 00	4.49	1965
	Diaty & Ostinoman 150 Edin	0.00	21.20	1000
SPELLI	NG			
	Allyn & Bacon, Inc.			
5310	Grade 2-You Can Spell-Petty			
5311	& Plessas—Reg. Ed	1.35	1.55	1964
	& Plessas—Reg. Ed.	1.35	1.55	1964
5312	Grade 4—You Can Spell—Petty & Plessas—Reg. Ed	1.35	1.55	1964
5313	Grade 5—You Can Spell—Petty & Plessas—Reg. Ed		1.55	1964
5314	Grade 6—You Can Spell—Petty		1.00	1904
E91E	& Plessas—Reg. Ed.	1.35	1.55	1964
5315	Grade 7—You Can Spell—Petty & Plessas—Reg. Ed	1.35	1.55	1964

Depositor; Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5316	Grade 8—You Can Spell—Petty & Plessas—Reg. Ed	1.35	1.55	1964
	Follett Publishing Company			
5317	Grade 2—Patterns in Spelling and Writing— Botel et al—1st Ed., Book B	1.56	1.79	1964
5318	Grade 3—Patterns in Spelling and Writing— Botel et al—1st Ed., Book C	1.56	1.79	1964
5319	Grade 4—Patterns in Spelling and Writing— Botel et al—1st Ed., Book D		1.79	1964
5320	Grade 5—Patterns in Spelling and Writing—			
* 00*	Botel et al—1st Ed., Book E	1.56	1.79	1965
5321	Grade 6—Patterns in Spelling and Writing— Botel et al—1st Ed., Book F	1.56	1.79	1965
F900	Ginn and Company	7.4 1.59	1.76	1965
5322	Grade 2—Spelling—Horrocks & Staiger—Reg. I Grade 3—Spelling—Horrocks & Staiger—Reg. I		1.76	1965
5323	Grade 4—Spelling—Horrocks & Staiger—Reg. I		1.79	1965
5324			1.79	1965
5325	Grade 5—Spelling—Horrocks & Staiger—Reg. I		1.79	1965
5326	Grade 6—Spelling—Horrocks & Staiger—Reg. I		1.79	1965
5327	Grade 7—Spelling—Horrocks & Staiger—Reg.	Ed1.30	1.19	1900
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
5328	Grade 2—Sound and Sense in Spelling—			-001
E900	Madden et al—1st EdGrade 3—Sound and Sense in Spelling—	1.50	1.73	1964
5329	Madden et al—1st Ed	1.50	1.73	1964
5330	Grade 4-Sound and Sense in Spelling-		4.50	1001
	Madden et al—1st Ed.	1.50	1.73	1964
5331	Grade 5—Sound and Sense in Spelling— Madden et al—1st Ed	1.50	1.73	1964
5332	Grade 6—Sound and Sense in Spelling—	1.00	10	1001
9994	Madden et al—1st Ed	1.50	1.73	1964
5333	Grade 7-Sound and Sense in Spelling-			
	Madden et al—1st Ed.	1.50	1.73	1964
5334	Grade 8-Sound and Sense in Spelling-		. =0	
	Madden et al—1st Ed.	1.50	1.73	1964
	Harper & Row Publishers, Inc.	*		
5335	*Grade 2—Harper/Row Basic Speller—		4 50	1005
5000	O'Donnell et al—Reg. Ed.	1.56	1.79	1965
5336	*Grade 3—Harper/Row Basic Speller— O'Donnell et al—Reg. Ed	1.56	1.79	1965
5337	*Grade 4—Harper/Row Basic Speller—		-	
,	O'Donnell et al-Reg. Ed.	1.56	1.79	1965
5338	*Grade 5—Harper/Row Basic Speller—			
	O'Donnell et al—Reg. Ed.	1.56	1.79	1965
5339	*Grade 6—Harper/Row Basic Speller—		4 =0	1005
	O'Donnell et al-Reg. Ed.	1.56	1.79	1965

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5340	*Grade 7-Harper/Row Basic Speller-			
	O'Donnell et al-Reg. Ed.	1.56	1.79	1965
5341	*Grade 8—Harper/Row Basic Speller—O'Donnell			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.56	1.79	1965
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a rati	o basis.		
	J. B. Lippincott Company			
5342	Grade 2—Basic Spelling Keys—			
•	Glim & Manchester—1st Ed.	1.50	1.73	1963
5343	Grade 3—Basic Spelling Keys—	. 1.00	1110	1000
	Glim & Manchester—1st Ed.	1.50	1.73	1963
5344	Grade 4-Basic Spelling Keys-			
	Glim & Manchester—1st Ed.	. 1.50	1.73	1963
5345	Grade 5—Basic Spelling Keys—			
	Glim & Manchester—1st Ed.	1.50	1.73	1963
5346	Grade 6—Basic Spelling Keys—			
TO 1-	Glim & Manchester—1st Ed.	1.50	1.73	1963
5347	Grade 7—Basic Spelling Keys—			
F 0.40	Glim & Manchester—1st Ed.	. 1.50	1.73	1963
5348	Grade 8—Basic Spelling Keys—			
•	Glim & Manchester—1st Ed.	. 1.50	1.73	1963
	Lyons & Carnahan, Inc.			
5349	Grade 2-My Word Book (Manuscript)-			
0010	Rogers et al—Reg. Ed.	1 56	1.79	1966
5350	Grade 2—My Word Book (Manuscript-Cursive)—	. 1.00	1.10	1500
0000	Rogers et al—Reg. Ed.	1.56	1.79	1966
5351	Grade 3—My Word Book—Rogers et al—Reg. Ed.		1.79	1966
5352	Grade 4—My Word Book—Rogers et al—Reg. Ed.		1.79	1966
5353	Grade 5-My Word Book-Rogers et al-Reg. Ed.		1.79	1966
5354	Grade 6-My Word Book-Rogers et al-Reg. Ed.	1.56	1.79	1966
5355	Grade 7—Spelling—Rogers et al—Reg. Ed.		1.79	1966
5356	Grade 8—Spelling—Rogers et al—Reg. Ed.	1.56	1.79	1966
I	McCormick-Mathers Publishing Company			
5357	Grade 2—Skills in Spelling—Bremer & Long	1.35	1.55	1964
5358	Grade 3—Skills in Spelling—Bremer & Long		1.55	1964
5359	Grade 4—Skills in Spelling—Bremer & Long		1.55	1964
5360	Grade 5-Skills in Spelling-Bremer & Long		1.55	1964
5361	Grade 6-Skills in Spelling-Bremer & Long	1.35	1.55	1964
5362	Grade 7—Skills in Spelling—Bremer & Prouse	1.35	1.55	1964
5363	Grade 8—Skills in Spelling—Bremer & Prouse	1.35	1.55	1964
1	McGraw-Hill Book Co. (Webster Div.)			
5364	Grade 2-Basic Goals in Spelling-			
	Kottmeyer & Ware—2nd Ed.	1.77	2.04	1964
5365	Grade 3—Basic Goals in Spelling—			
	Kottmeyer & Ware—2nd Ed.	1.77	2.04	1964
5 366	Grade 4-Basic Goals in Spelling-			
	Kottmeyer & Ware—2nd Ed.	1.77	2.04	1964

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5367	Grade 5—Basic Goals in Spelling— Kottmeyer & Ware—2nd Ed.	1.77	2.04	1964
5368	Grade 6—Basic Goals in Spelling— Kottmeyer & Ware—2nd Ed		2.04	1964
5369	Grade 7—Basic Goals in Spelling— Kottmeyer & Ware—2nd Ed		2.04	1964
5370	Grade 8—Basic Goals in Spelling— Kottmeyer & Ware—2nd Ed.		2.04	1964
	Charles E. Merrill Books, Inc.			
5371	Grade 2—Spelling for Word Mastery— Patton & Johnson, Enlarged Ed.	1.32	1.52	1963
5372	Grade 3—Spelling for Word Mastery— Patton & Johnson, Enlarged Ed		1.52	1963
5373	Grade 4—Spelling for Word Mastery— Patton & Johnson, Enlarged Ed.		1.52	1963
5374	Grade 5—Spelling for Word Mastery— Patton & Johnson, Enlarged Ed		1.52	1963
5375	Grade 6—Spelling for Word Mastery— Patton & Johnson, Enlarged Ed.		1.52	1963
5376	Grade 7—Spelling for Word Mastery— Patton & Johnson, Enlarged Ed.		1.52	1963
5377	Grade 8—Spelling for Word Mastery— Patton & Johnson, Enlarged Ed.		1.52	1963
	Silver Burdett Company	1.02	1.02	1000
5378	*Grade 2—Spell Correctly—Benthul et al—Reg. Ed	1 44	1.66	1965
5379	*Grade 3—Spell Correctly—Benthul et al—Reg. Ed.		1.66	1965
5380	*Grade 4—Spell Correctly—Benthul et al—Reg. Ed.		1.66	1965
5381	*Grade 5—Spell Correctly—Benthul et al—Reg. Ed.		1.66	1965
5382	*Grade 6—Spell Correctly—Benthul et al—Reg. Ed.		1.66	1965
5383	*Grade 7—Spell Correctly—Benthul et al—Reg. Ed.		1.66	1965
5384	*Grade 8—Spell Correctly—Benthul et al—Reg. Ed.		1.66	1965
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a			1000
	The L. W. Singer Company			
5385	*Grade 2—Spellingtime B—Hildreth et al—Reg. Ed	1.50	1.73	1966
5386	*Grade 3—Spellingtime C—Hildreth et al—Reg. Ed	1.50	1.73	1966
5387	*Grade 4—Spellingtime D—Hildreth et al—Reg. Ed.	1.50	1.73	1966
5388	*Grade 5—Spellingtime E—Hildreth et al—Reg. Ed.	1.50	1.73	1966

Depositor Title No.	· •	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5389	*Grade 6-Spellingtime F-Hildreth			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.50	1.73	1966
5390	*Grade 7—Spellingtime X—Hildreth			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.50	1.73	1966
5391	*Grade 8—Spellingtime Y—Hildreth			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.50	1.73	1966
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ra	tio bos	ia	
	reachers editions are available without charge on a ra	uo bas	15.	
WRITIN	NG			
	Bobbs-Merrill Company, Inc.			
5392	Grade 1—I Learn to Write—Davidson &			
0004	Veal, Non-Consumable Ed.	.35	.40	1958
5393	Grade 2—I Learn to Write—Davidson &	.00	.40	1990
0000	Veal, Non-Consumable Ed	.35	.40	1959
5394	Grade 3—I Learn to Write—Davidson &	.00	.40	1000
0001	Veal, Non-Consumable Ed.	.35	.40	1959
5395	Grade 4—I Learn to Write—Davidson &	.00	.40	1000
0000	Veal, Non-Consumable Ed.	.35	.40	1959
5396	Grade 5—I Learn to Write—Davidson &	.00	.40	1909
0000	Veal, Non-Consumable Ed.	.35	.40	1959
5397	Grade 6—I Learn to Write—Davidson &	.00	.40	1000
••••	Veal, Non-Consumable Ed.	.35	.40	1959
5398	Grade 7—I Learn to Write—Davidson &	.00	.40	1000
	Veal, Non-Consumable Ed.	.35	.40	1960
5399	Grade 8—I Learn to Write—Davidson &	.00	.20	1000
	Veal, Non-Consumable Ed.	.85	.40	1960
	, and	.00	•••	1000
	The Macmillan Company			
5400	*Grade 1-Adventures in Handwriting-			
	Peterson-Reg. Ed.	.63	.72	1964
5401	*Grade 2—Adventures in Handwriting—			
	Peterson—Reg. Ed.	.63	.72	1964
5402	*Grade 3—Adventures in Handwriting—			
	Peterson—Reg. Ed.	.51	.59	1964
5403	*Grade 4—Adventures in Handwriting—			
	Peterson—Reg. Ed.	.51	.59	1964
5404	*Grade 5-Adventures in Handwriting-			
	Peterson—Reg. Ed.	.51	.59	1964
5405	*Grade 6—Adventures in Handwriting—			
	Peterson—Reg. Ed.	.51	.59	1964
5406	*Grade 7—Adventures in Handwriting—			
	Peterson—Reg. Ed.	.51	.59	1964
5407	*Grade 8—Adventures in Handwriting—			
	Peterson—Rec	.51	.59	1965
	*Teachers' editio ble without charge on a ratio	basis.		
	Noble and Noble Publishers, Inc.			
5408	Grade 1—Better Handwriting for			
	Everyone—Noble—Reg. Ed	.31	.35	1962
•				
	28			

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5409	Grade 2—Better Handwriting for			
	Everyone-Noble-Reg. Ed.	.31	.35	1962
5410	Grade 3-Better Handwriting for			
	Everyone-Noble-Reg. Ed.	.31	.35	1962
5411	Grade 4—Better Handwriting for			
	Everyone—Noble—Reg. Ed.	.31	.35	1962
5412	Grade 5—Better Handwriting for			
	Everyone—Noble—Reg. Ed.	.31	.35	1962
5413	Grade 6—Better Handwriting for			
	Everyone—Noble—Reg. Ed.	.31	.35	1962
5414	Crade 7 Potter Handsmitting for			
	Everyone—Noble—Reg. Ed.	.31	.35	1962
5415	Grade 8—Better Handwriting for			
	Everyone—Noble—Reg. Ed.	.31	.35	1962
	The A. N. Palmer Company			
5416	Grade 1-My First Writing Book-King,			
	Manuscript Writing the Easy Way Ed.	46	.50	1963
5417	Grade 2-My Second Writing Book-King,			
	Manuscript Writing the Easy Way Ed.	46	.50	1963
5418	Grade 2-3—(Transition)—My Guide Book—King,			
	Cursive Writing the Easy Way Ed.	32	.35	1963
5419	Grade 3-My Guide Book-King,			
	Cursive Writing the Easy Way Ed.	32	.35	1963
5420	Grade 4-My Guide Book-King,			
	Cursive Writing the Easy Way Ed.	32	.35	1963
5421	Grade 5—My Guide Book—King,			
	Cursive Writing the Easy Way Ed.	.32	.35	1963
5422	Grade 6-My Guide Book-King,			
	Cursive Writing the Easy Way Ed.	32	.35	1963
5423	Grade 7-My Guide Book-King,			
	Cursive Writing the Easy Way Ed.	32	.35	1963
5424	Grade 8-My Guide Book-King,			
	Cursive Writing the Easy Way Ed.	32	.35	1963
	Steck-Vaughn Company			
5425	*Grade 1—Imaginary Line Handwriting—			
	Townsend, Text Ed.	.36	.41	1966
5426	*Grade 2-Imaginary Line Handwriting-			
	Townsend, Text Ed.	36	.41	1966
5427	*Grade 2-3 (Transition)—Imaginary Line Hand-			
	writing-Beginning Cursive-Townsend, Text Ed	30	.35	1966
5428	*Grade 3-Imaginary Line Handwriting-			
0 120	Townsend, Text Ed.	30	.35	1966
5429	*Grade 4—Imaginary Line Handwriting—			
	Townsend, Text Ed.	30	.35	1966
5430	*Grade 5—Imaginary Line Handwriting—			
0400	Townsend, Text Ed.	30	.35	1966
5431	*Grade 6—Imaginary Line Handwriting—		.00	
0.491	Townsend, Text Ed	30	.35	1966
	IUWIISCHU, ICAU EU		.00	1000

Depositor Title No.	y	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5432	*Grade 7-Imaginary Line Handwriting-			
	Townsend, Text Ed.	.30	.35	1966
5433	*Grade 8-Imaginary Line Handwriting-			
	Townsend, Text Ed.	30	.35	1966
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio	o basis.		
	The Zaner-Bloser Company			
5434	*Grade 1—Starting to Write Compendium			
	(Manuscript)—Freeman—Guiding Growth			
	in Handwriting Ed.	37	.43	1959
5435	*Grade 2-Writing Better Each Day Compendium			
	(Manuscript)—Freeman—Guiding Growth			
	in Handwriting Ed.	31	.36	1959
5436	*Grade 2-Writing Better Each Day Compendium			
	(Transition)—Freeman—Guiding Growth			
	in Handwriting Ed.	37	.43	1959
5437	*Grade 3-Learning a New Way Compendium			
	(Transition)—Freeman—Guiding Growth			
	in Handwriting Ed.	37	.43	1959
5438	*Grade 3—Learning a New Way Compendium			
	(Cursive)-Freeman-Guiding Growth			
	in Handwriting Ed.	31	.36	1959
5439	*Grade 4—Seeing Our Progress Compendium—			
0 200	Freeman—Guiding Growth			
	in Handwriting Ed.	31	.36	1959
5440	*Grade 5—Improving Our Writing Compendium—			
0.110	Freeman—Guiding Growth			
	in Handwriting Ed.	31	.36	1959
5441	*Grade 6—Gaining in Skill Compendium—			
0111	Freeman—Guiding Growth			
	in Handwriting Ed.	31	.36	1959
5442	*Grade 7—Writing Legibly Compendium—			
0.1.	Freeman—Guiding Growth			
	in Handwriting Ed.	31	.36	1959
5443	*Grade 8—Reaching Our Goal		*	
0110	Compendium—Freeman—Guiding Growth			
	in Handwriting Ed.	.31	.36	1959
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a re		is.	
SPEEC	н .			
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
5444	Grade 7-9—Your Speech—Griffith et al—2nd Ed	2.45	3.97	1960
5444	Holt, Rinehart, & Winston, Inc.	. 0.40	0.01	1300
5445				
0440	Grade 9-12—Modern Speech—Irwin & Rosenberger—Reg. Ed.	4.05	4.66	1961
	w Rosenberger—Reg. Ed.	4.00	4.00	1901
	J. B. Lippincott Company			
5446	Grade 9-12—New American Speech—			
9440	Hedde et al—2nd Ed.	3 90	4.49	1963
	meduc co al—bud bul	0.00	4,40	1000

Depositor Title No.	, -	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
5447	McGraw-Hill Book Co. (Webster Div.) Grade 9-12—The Stage and the School— Ommanney, 3rd Ed. (SUPPLEMENTARY)	4.68	5.38	1960
5448	The Macmillan Company Grade 9-12—Speak Up—Adams & Pollock—Rev. Ed	3.75	4.31	1964
5449	Noble and Noble Publishers, Inc. Grade 7-9—Building Better Speech— Brandes & Smith—Reg. Ed	3.84	4.41	1964
5450	Scott, Foresman and Company Grade 9-12—Speech in Action—Robinson & Lee—Reg. Ed.	3. 63	4.17	1965
DICTIO	NARIES (Elementary, Secondary, and Advanced)			
	American Book Company			
5451	*Grade 3-8-New Elementary Dictionary-			
	Webster-Reg. Ed.	. 2.67	3.07	1965
5452	*Grade 3-8—New Practical School Dictionary:			
	A New Dictionary for Boys and Girls—	9 00	3.31	1964
5453	Webster-Reg. EdGrade 3-8-New Practical School Dictionary:	. 4,00	9.91	1304
9499	A New Dictionary for Boys and Girls			
	(Indexed)—Webster—Reg. Ed.	. 3.36	3.86	1964
5454	*Grade 9-12—New Students Dictionary—			
	(Plain)—Webster—Reg. Ed	. 3.87	4.45	1964
5455	Grade 9-12-New Students Dictionary-			
	(Indexed)—Webster—Reg. Ed.	. 4.38	5.03	1964
5456	Grade 9-12—Seventh New Collegiate Dictionary	4.00	400	1000
F 455	#8 (Plain)—Webster—Reg. Ed.	4.32	4.96	1963
5457	Grade 9-12—Seventh New Collegiate Dictionary #9 (Indexed)—Webster—Reg. Ed	5.07	5.83	1963
			0.00	2000
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a rati	o basis.		
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
5458	Grade 9-12—Standard College Dictionary—	4.00	F 01	1000
F450	Text Ed.—(Plain)—Michaelis—1st Ed	. 4.88	5.61	1963
5459	Text Ed.—(Indexed)—Michaelis et al—1st Ed	5.63	6.47	1963
	Text Eu.—(Indexed)—Michaelis et al 150 Eu	. 0.00	0.1.	1000
	Holt, Rinehart & Winston, Inc.			
5460	Grade 3-5—Basic Dictionary of American			
	English—Holt Staff, Plain Ed.	. 2.91	3.35	1962
5461	Grade 5-9—Winston Dictionary for Schools—	0.10	0.00	10.00
E 4 CO	Holt Staff, Plain Ed.	. 3.18	3.66	1963
5462	Grade 9-12—Winston Senior Dictionary— Holt Staff, Plain Ed	3.84	4.42	1957
	11010 Doan, I lain Du	. 0.04		1001

Depositor Title No.	y	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	The Macmillan Company			
5463	Grade 4-8-New World Dictionary-			
	Webster, Elem. Ed.	. 2.79	3.21	1961
5464	Grade 7-12—Macmillan Students Edition of the			
	Concise Webster's New World Dictionary— Webster, Concise Ed	3.24	3.73	1960
5465	Grade 10-12-New World Dictionary of the American	. 0.21	0110	2000
	Language—(Plain) Webster, College Ed	. 4.47	5.14	1960
5466	Grade 10-12—New World Dictionary of the			
	American Language—(Indexed) Webster, College Ed	5 9 5	6.04	1961
•		. 0.20	0.04	1001
	Scott, Foresman and Company			
5467	Grade 3-4—Thorndike-Barnhart Beginning Dictionary —Thorndike & Barnhart—Reg. Ed	9 79	3.14	1964
5468	Grade 5-6—Thorndike-Barnhart Junior Dictionary—	. 2.10	0.14	1504
	Thorndike & Barnhart—Reg. Ed.	. 2.85	3.28	1965
5469	Grade 7-8—Thorndike-Barnhart Advanced Junior			
E 450	Dictionary—Thorndike & Barnhart—Reg. Ed.	. 3.15	3.62	1965
5470	Grade 9-12—Thorndike-Barnhart High School Dictionary—(Plain) Thorndike & Barnhart—			
	Reg. Ed.	3.84	4.42	1965
5471	Grade 9-12—Thorndike-Barnhart High			
	School Dictionary—(Indexed) Thorndike &		.	
	Barnhart—Reg. Ed.	4.50	5.18	1965
	The L. W. Singer Company			
5472	Grade 9-12—The American College Dictionary—			
5473	(Plain) Barnhart et al—Reg. EdGrade 9-12—The American College Dictionary	. 4.31	4.96	1964
0110	(Indexed) Barnhart et al—Reg. Ed	5.06	5.82	1964
	, ,			
JOURN	ALISM			
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
5474	Grade 9-12—News in Print—Post			
	& Snodgrass—Reg. Ed	3.24	3.73	1961
	Holt, Rinehart & Winston, Inc.			
5475	Grade 9-12-Modern Journalism-			
	Miller-Reg. Ed.	. 3.51	4.04	1962
	The Macmillan Company			
5476	Grade 9-12-High School Journalism-			
	Spears—3rd Rev. Ed.	4.11	4.73	1964
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
5477	Grade 9-12—Press Time—Adams			
	& Stratton-1st Ed.	. 3.99	4.59	1963

SECTION III

Contracts Begin July 1, 1965

5-Year Listing, Contracts Expire June 30, 1970

AGRICULTURE

1. Agronomy (Including Soils)

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			
432	Grade 9-12-Our Soils and Their Management-			
400	Donahue—2nd Ed.		4.53	1961
433 434	Grade 9-12—Pastures for the South—King—4th Ed Grade 9-12—Using Commercial Fertilizers—	3.30	3.80	1963
404	McVickar—2nd Ed.	2.96	3.40	1961
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
435	Grade 9-12-Crop Production-Delorit et al-2nd Ed.	5.19	5.97	1959
436	Grade 9-12-Profitable Soil Management-Knuti			
497	et al—1st EdGrade 9-12—Profitable Southern Crops—Walton and	4.68	5.38	1962
437	Holt—1st Ed.	4.92	5.66	1959

2.	Conservation			
	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			
438	Grade 9-12—Approved Practices in Soil			
	Conservation—Foster—3rd Ed.		3.02	1964
439	Grade 9-12—Our Natural Resources—McNall—2nd Ed.	3.56	4.09	1964
3.	Dairying			
	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			
440	Grade 9-12-Approved Practices in Dairying-			
	Juergenson and Mortenson—2nd Ed.	2.63	3.02	1960
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
441	Grade 9-12-Dairy Production-Diggins and			
	Bundy—2nd Ed.	4.92	5.66	1961
	John Wiley and Sons, Inc.			
442	Grade 10-12-Dairy Cattle Feeding and Management-			
	Reaves and Henderson—5th Ed.	7.96	9.15	1963
4.	Farm Management			
	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			
443	Grade 9-12—The Farm Management Handbook—	0.54	4.05	1000
	Hall and Mortenson—4th Ed.	3.71	4.27	1963

Depositor: Title No.	•	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
444	Prentice-Hall, Inc. Grade 9-12—Profitable Farm Management—Bryant and Hamilton—2nd Ed.	4.86	5.59	1963
445	Turner E. Smith and Co. Grade 8-12—Better Farm Management—King and Hardin—Reg. Ed	2.96	3.40	1956
5.	Agricultural Mechanics			
	Bruce Publishing Company			
446	Grade 9-12—Adequate Wiring for Home and Farm— Jones and Johnston—1st Ed	3.36	3.86	1963
445	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			•
447	Grade 9-12—Farm Mechanics Text and Handbook— Phipps et al—6th Ed	3.71	4.27	1959
448	Grade 9-12—Farm Tractor Maintenance—Brown and Morrison—3rd Ed	2.74	3.15	1962
449	Grade 9-12-Ideas for Farm Mechanics Projects and		4.09	1962
450	Activities—Phipps and Jenne—1st EdGrade 9-12—600 More Things to Make for the Farm			
	and Home—Cook and Phipps—1st Ed.	3.00	3.45	1952
451	McGraw-Hill Book Co. (Webster Division) Grade 10—Shopwork on the Farm—Jones—2nd Ed	4.65	5.35	1955
452	Prentice-Hall, Inc. Grade 9-12—Modern Farm Power—Promersberger and Bishop—1st Ed.	5.19	5.97	1962
6.	General (more than one area)			
	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			
453	Grade 9-12—Approved Practices in Beautifying the Home Grounds—Hoover—2nd Ed.	2.63	3.02	1959
454	Grade 9-12—Approved Practices in Fruit Production—		3.23	1964
455	Scheer and Juergenson—1st Ed Grade 9-12—Manual of Southern Forestry—Weaver		ð.Zð	1964
456	and Anderson—1st EdGrade 9-12—Raising Vegetables—Ware and	3.38	3.89	1954
	McCollum—2nd Ed.	4.13	4.75	1959
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
457	Grade 8-9—Exploring Agriculture—Evans and Donahue—2nd Ed	4.53	5.21	1963
458	Grade 9-12—Fruit Growing—Schneider and Scarborough—1st Ed	5.04	5.80	1960
	Turner E. Smith and Co.			
459	Grade 8-12—Forestry in the South—Mobley and Hoskins—Reg. Ed.	2.96	3.40	1956

Depository Title No.	•	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
460	Grade 8-12—Southern Horticulture—Stuckey—Reg. Ed.	. 2.81	3.23	1951
7.	Livestock (General or Single Enterprises)			
	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			
461	Grade 9-12—Approved Practices in Beef Cattle	0.69	3.02	1964
462	Production—Juergenson—3rd EdGrade 9-12—Approved Practices in Sheep Production—		5.02	1504
	Juergenson—2nd Ed.	. 2.63	3.02	1963
463	Grade 9-12—Horses and Horsemanship—Ensminger— 3rd Ed.	. 4.31	4.96	1963
464	Grade 9-12—Livestock Judging Handbook—Nordby			
465	et al—9th Ed. Grade 9-12—Selecting, Fitting, and Showing Beef	. 3.71	4.27	1962
409	Cattle—Nordby and Lattig—7th Ed	. 1.13	1.30	1962
466	Grade 9-12—Selecting, Fitting, and Showing Dairy	1 10	1.00	1001
467	Cattle—Nordby and Lattig—7th EdGrade 9-12—Selecting, Fitting, and Showing Horses—	. 1.13	1.30	1961
401	Nordby and Lattig—7th Ed.	. 1.13	1.30	1963
468	Grade 9-12—Selecting, Fitting, and Showing	1 19	1.30	1964
469	Poultry—Nordby and Lattig—7th EdGrade 9-12—Selecting, Fitting, and Showing Sheep—	. 1.10	1.50	1304
	Nordby and Lattig-6th Ed.	. 1.13	1.30	1962
470	Grade 9-12—Selecting, Fitting, and Showing Swine— Nordby and Lattig—6th Ed	1.13	1.30	1961
471	Grade 9-12—Southern Hog Growing—Scarborough— 1st Ed	3.00	3.45	1958
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
472	Grade 9-12—Beef Production—Diggins and Bundy— 2nd Ed.	4 62	5.31	1962
473	Grade 9-12—Livestock and Poultry Production—	. 1.02	0.02	2002
	Bundy and Diggins—2nd Ed.	5.22	6.00	1961
474	Grade 9-12—Sheep Production—Diggins and Bundy— 1st Ed	4.92	5.66	1958
475	Grade 9-12—Swine Production—Bundy and Diggins— 2nd Ed		5.35	1963
8.	Poultry			
-	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			
476	Grade 9-12—Approved Practices in Poultry			
	Production—Biddle and Juergenson—3rd Ed	2.63	3.02	1963
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
477	Grade 9-12—Poultry Production—Bundy and Diggins—1st Ed	4.62	5.31	1960
478	Grade 9-12—Your Future in Poultry Farming— Goodman and Tudor—1st Ed	4.92	5.66	1960

Depositor Title No.	.	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
9.	Special			
479	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc. Grade 9-12—Domestic Rabbit Production— Templeton—3rd Ed	2.96	3.40	1962
10.	Animal Nutrition			
480	Interstate Printers and Publisher, Inc. Grade 9-12—Approved Practices in Feeds and Feeding—Cassard and Juergenson—3rd Ed	2.63	3.02	1963
11.	Agricultural Occupations and Guidance			
,	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			
481	Grade 9-12—Agriculture in Our Lives—Krebs— 2nd Ed	3.75	4.31	1964
482	Grade 9-12—Handbook of Agricultural Occupations— Hoover—1st Ed.	3.56	4.09	1963
12.	Animal Science			
	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			•
483	Grade 9-12—Animal Sanitation and Disease Control— Dykstra—6th Ed	4.13	4.75	1961
484 485	Grade 9-12—Animal Science—Ensminger—5th Ed Grade 9-12—The Stockman's Handbook—	5.62	6.46	1962
	Ensminger—3rd Ed.	5.62	6.46	1962
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
486	Grade 9-12—Judging Livestock, Dairy Cattle, Poultry, and Crops—Youtz and Carlson—1st Ed	4.14	4.76	1962
13.	Plant Science			
487	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc. Grade 9-12—Producing Farm Crops—Wilson and Richer—1st Ed	3.38	3.89	1960
14.	Agricultural Arithmetic			
488	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc. Grade 9-12—Arithmetic in Agriculture—Fenske et al—3rd Ed	2.25	2.59	1951
15.	Agricultural Marketing			
	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			
489	Grade 9-12—Modern Marketing of Farm Products— Mortenson—1st Ed.	2.81	3.23	1963
	0.0			

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
490	Grade 9-12—Profitable Farm Marketing—Snowden and Donahoo—1st Ed.	4.92	5.66	1960
16.	Agricultural Business			
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
491	Grade 9-12—Records for Farm Management— Hopkins and Turner—1st Ed	4.41	5.07	1958
17.	Agricultural Leadership			
	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			
492 493	Grade 9-12—The FFA and You—Bender et al—1st Ed. Grade 9-12—How to Speak and Write for Rural		4.27	1962
494	Audiences—Eastman—1st EdGrade 9-12—When You Preside—Sutherland—3rd Ed.		3.40 3.40	1960 1962
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
495	Grade 9-12—Leadership Training and Parliamentary Procedure for FFA—Gray and Jackson—1st Ed	1. 86	2.14	1958
18.	Food Processing and Storage			
	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			
496	Grade 9-12—The Meat We Eat—Ziegler—8th Ed	4.31	4.96	1962
19.	Agricultural Engineering			
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
497	Grade 9-12—Modern Farm Buildings—Ashby	- 10	0.00	1050
400	et al—1st Ed.	5.46	6.28	1959
498	Grade 9-12—Using Electricity on the Farm— Hamilton—1st Ed	5.10	5.87	1959
20.	Others (Including Job-Related Texts)			
	Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc.			
499	Grade 9-12—Farming Programs for Small Acreages—Juergenson—1st Ed	2.63	3.02	1959
500	Grade 9-12—Farming Programs for Students in Vocational Agriculture—Hammonds and			
	Binkley—1st Ed.	3.56	4.09	1961
	ME ECONOMICS Iomemaking)			
	Child Care		-	
E01	Chas. A. Bennett Co. Grade 9-10—Family Nursing and Child Care—			
501	Riehl—1st Ed.	3.66	4.21	1961

Depositor Title No.	•	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	J. B. Lippincott Company			
502	Grade 9-12—Learning about Children—Shuey et al—Rev. Ed.	3.72	4.28	1964
2.	Foods and Nutrition			
	Chas. A. Bennett Co.			
503	Grade 9-12—Meal Planning and Service—McLean—			
504	6th EdGrade 9-12—Mealtime—Oerke—1st Ed		4.14 4.66	1964 1960
		1.00	4.00	1000
F0F	Ginn and Company			
505	Grade 9-12—Experiences with Foods—Pollard— Rev. Ed	1 96	4.90	1964
	2007	4.20	4.50	1904
	D. C. Heath and Company			
506	Grade 9-12—Your Foods Book—Harris and Withers—Reg. Ed	4 457	F 4.4	1001
	withers—Reg. Ed.	4.47	5.14	1964
	J. B. Lippincott Company			
507	Grade 9-12—Food for Better Living—McDermott			
	et al—3rd Ed.	4.20	4.83	1960
	McGraw-Hill Book Company (Webster Division)			
508	Grade 10-12—Guide to Modern Meals—Shank			
509	et al—1st Ed.	5.22	6.00	1964
509	Grade 7-9—How You Plan and Prepare Meals— Carson and Ramee—1st Ed	4 11	4.73	1962
			1.10	1002
F10	The Macmillan Company			
510	Grade 9—Family Meals and Hospitality—Lewis et al—2nd Rev. Ed	<i>l</i> 11	4.73	1960
	co ar—zna rev. Ed.	4.11	4.75	1900
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
511	Grade 9-12—You and Your Food—White—1st Ed	4.44	5.11	1961
3.	Housing and Home Furnishings			
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
512	Grade 9-12-Your Home and You-Greer and			
	Gibbs—Reg. Ed.	4.05	4.66	1960
	D. C. Heath and Company			
513	Grade 9-12—Homes with Character—Craig and			
	Rush—Reg. Ed.	3.84	4.42	1962
	The Macmillan Company			
· 514	Grade 11—Housing and Home Management—Lewis			
	et al—Rev. Ed.	3.84	4.42	1961

700 BOOKS FOR SCHOOLS AND TREATMENT OF MINORITIES

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
4.	Management for Personal and Family Living			
515	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc. Grade 9-12—Managing Livingtime—Raines—1st Ed	3.75	4.31	1964
516	D. C. Heath and Company Grade 9-12—Management for Better Living—Starr— Reg. Ed.—Rev.	3.96	4.55	1963
517	J. B. Lippincott Company Grade 9-12—Management for You—Fitzsimmons and White—3rd Ed	3.90	4.48	1964
5.	Relationships in Home and Community Living			
518	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc. Grade 10-12—Thresholds to Adult Living—Craig— 1st Ed	. 4.32	4.97	1962
519	J. B. Lippincott Company Grade 9-12—Building Your Home Life—Wallace and McCullar—1st Ed	. 4.20	4.83	1960
520	Grade 9-12—Mind Your Manners—Allen and Briggs—2nd Ed	2.55	2.93	1964
521	Grade 9-12—Your Life in the Family—Rhodes and Samples—Rev. Ed.		4.83	1964
522	The Macmillan Company Grade 12—Family Living—Duvall—2nd Rev. Ed	3.48	4.00	1961
523 524	Prentice-Hall, Inc. Grade 7-9—Building Your Life—Landis and Landis—3rd Ed Grade 10-12—Personal Adjustment, Marriage, and Family Living—Landis and Landis—3rd Ed		4.14 4.28	1964 1960
525	John Wiley and Sons, Inc. Grade 11-12—Essentials of Family Living— Hoeflin—1st Ed.		5.29	1960
6.	Textiles and Clothing			
526	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc. Grade 9-12—Dress—Oerke—2nd Ed	4.05	4.66	1960
527	Ginn and Company Grade 9-12—Experiences with Clothing—Pollard— 1st Ed	4.26	4.90	1961
528	D. C. Heath and Company Grade 9-12—Clothes for Teens—Todd and Roberts—Reg. Ed	4.02	4.62	1963

Deposito Title No.	rry · · ·	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Houghton Mifflin Company			
529	Grade 9-12-Fashion Your Own-East and Wines-			
530	Reg. EdGrade 9-12—Fashions and Fabrics—Rathbone	3.45	3.97	1964
	et al-Reg. Ed.	4.32	4.97	1962
	J. B. Lippincott Company			
531	Grade 9-12—Bishop Method of Clothing			
532	Construction—Bishop and Arch—1st Ed	1.65	1.89	1959
	Bishop and Arch—1st Ed.	1.65	1.89	1962
	McGraw-Hill Book Company (Webster Division)			
533	Grade 10-12—Guide to Modern Clothing—Sturm			
534	and Grieser—1st Ed Grade 7-9—How You Look and Dress—	5.22	6.00	1962
001	Carson—3rd Ed	3.72	4.28	1959
	The Macmillan Company			
535	Grade 10—Clothing Construction and Wardrobe Planning—Lewis et al—Rev. Ed	3.84	4.42	1960
	John Wiley and Sons, Inc.			
536	Grade 11-12-Family Clothing-Tate and Glisson-			
	1st Ed.	7.00	8.05	1961
7.	General Texts			
	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc.			
537	Grade 7-9—Young Living—Clayton—2nd Ed.	3.30	3.80	1963
538	Grade 8-9—Homemaking for Teen-Agers, Book 1— McDermott and Nicholas—4th Ed	3.90	4.49	1960
539	Grade 9-12—Homemaking for Teen-Agers, Book 2—			
	McDermott and Nicholas-2nd Ed.	4.95	5.69	1962
	Ginn and Company			
540	Grade 9-12-Experiences in Homemaking-Pollard			
	et al—Rev. Ed	4.26	4.90	1964
	J. B. Lippincott Company			
541	Grade 7-9-Junior Homemaking-Jones and			
	Burnham—Rev. Ed.	3.90	4.48	1963
	McGraw-Hill Book Company (Webster Division)			
542	Grade 7-9-Teen Guide to Homemaking-Barclay			
	and Champion—1st Ed.	4.47	5.14	1961
	The Macmillan Company			
543	Grade 8-Tomorrow's Homemaker-Lewis			
	et al—Reg. Ed	3.72	4.28	1960

Deposito Title No.	ry	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
544	Grade 7-9—Exploring Home and Family Living— Fleck et al—2nd Ed	4.20	4.83	1965
545	Grade 9-12—Living with Your Family—Fleck et al—1st Ed	. 4.71	5.42	1965
(Wage-Earning Occupations)			
	. Textiles and Clothing			
	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc.			
546	Grade 10-12—Custom Tailoring for Homemakers— Beck—1st Ed.	3.90	4.49	1964
	Bruce Publishing Company			
547	Grade 9-12—How to Tailor—Schwebke—2nd Ed	4.40	5.06	1965
HEAL	TH AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION			
3	. Health—Grades 1-8			
	The Bobbs-Merrill Company, Inc.			
548	*Grade 1-Health at School-Wilson & Wilson-			
040	Reg. Ed.	1.77	2.04	1965
549	*Grade 2—Health Day by Day—Wilson & Wilson— Reg. Ed		2.17	1965
550	*Grade 3—Health and Fun—Wilson & Wilson— Reg. Ed	1.98	2.28	1965
551	*Grade 4—Health and Growth—Wilson & Wilson—		2.48	1965
552	*Grade 5—Health and Living—Wilson & Wilson— Reg. Ed.		2.52	1965
553	*Grade 6—Health and Happiness—Wilson & Wilson—			
000	Reg. Ed.	2 .2 8	2.62	1965
554	*Grade 7-Men, Science, and Health-Wilson &	9 55	2.93	1965
	Wilson—Reg. Ed* *Grade 8—Health, Fitness, and Safety—Wilson &	2.00	2.00	1000
555	Wilson—Reg. Ed	2.55	2.93	1965
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a rat	io basis	•	
	Laidlaw Brothers	•		
556	*Grade 1-First Steps to Health-Byrd et al-Reg. Ed.	1.41	1.62	1963
557	*Grade 2—Learning about Health—Byrd		1.00	1000
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.59	1.82 2.03	1963 1963
558	*Grade 3—Habits for Health—Byrd et al—Reg. Ed.	1.77	2.24	1963
559	*Grade 4—Building for Health—Byrd et al—Reg. Ed.	1 05	2.24	1963
560	*Grade 5—Your Health—Byrd et al—Reg. Ed *Grade 6—Growing in Health—Byrd et al—Reg. Ed	1.95	2.24	1963
561	*Grade 6—Growing in Health—Byrd et al—leg. Ed *Grade 7—Improving Your Health—Byrd et al—	2.00		
562	Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.58	1963
563	*Grade 8—Today's Health—Byrd et al—Reg. Ed	2.25	2.58	1963
000	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a rai	io basi	3.	
	TEACHETS Editions are available himself and an area			

Depositor Title No.	у	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Lyons and Carnahan			
564	*Grade 1—All about You—Irwin et al—Reg. Ed	1 50	1.72	1965
565	*Grade 2—You and Others—Irwin et al—Reg. Ed	1.60	1.86	1965
566	*Grade 3—Growing Every Day—Irwin et al—Reg. Ed.		1.96	1965
567	*Grade 4—Finding Your Way—	1.11	1.50	1909
•••	Irwin et al—Reg. Ed.	1 80	2.07	1965
568	*Grade 5—Understanding Your Need—Irwin	1.00	2.01	1000
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.95	2.24	1965
569	*Grade 6—Choosing Your Goal—Iwrin et al—Reg. Ed.		2.24	1965
	-			1000
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio	basis.		
	Scott, Foresman and Company			
570	*Grade 1—Being Six—Bauer et al—Reg. Ed.	1.44	1.66	1962
571	*Grade 2—Seven or So—Bauer et al—Reg. Ed.	1.68	1.93	1962
572	*Grade 3-From Eight to Nine-Bauer			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.77	2.04	1962
573	*Grade 4—Going on Ten—Bauer et al—Reg. Ed		2.24	1962
574	*Grade 5—About Yourself—Bauer et al—Reg. Ed		2.28	1962
575	*Grade 6-About All of Us-Bauer et al-Reg. Ed.	1.98	2.28	1962
576	*Grade 7—Growing and Changing—Bauer			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.59	1962
577	*Grade 8—Advancing in Health—Bauer			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.59	1962
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio	basis.		
2.	Health—Grades 9-12			
	Ginn and Company			
578	· •	414	4 TC	1004
010	Grade 9-12—Health for Life—Gallagher et al—1st Ed	4.14	4.76	1964
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
579	Grade 9-12—Your Health and Safety—Lawrence			
	et al—5th Ed.	4.05	4.66	1963
	50 W. 24	4.00	4.00	1000
	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.			
580	Grade 9-12-Modern Health-Otto et al-Reg. Ed.	4.26	4.90	1963
	,			
	Laidlaw Brothers			
581	*Grade 9-10-Your Health-Today and Tomorrow-			
	Bolton et al—Reg. Ed.	3.15	3.62	1963
	McGraw-Hill Book Co. (Webster Div.)			
582	Grade 7-10—Health and Safety for You—Diehl			
	et al—2nd Ed. Rev.	4.20	4.83	1964
	Scott Foregreen and Commence			
5 00	Scott, Foresman and Company			
583	Grade 9—Health and Safety for Teen-Agers—	-		
	Bauer et al—Reg. Ed.	3.72	4.28	1962
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio	basis.		

Depositor: Title No.	,	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
3.	Physical Education			
	American Association for Health, Physical Education, an	d Recr	eation	
584	Grade 7-12—Physical Education for High School			
	Students—Mohr et al—1st Ed.	3.20	4.00	1960
SCIENC	Œ			
1.	Science and Conservation, Grades 1-9			
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
585	*Grade 1—Exploring Science One—Thurber—Reg. Ed.	1.95	2.24	1964
586	*Grade 2—Exploring Science Two—Thurber—Reg. Ed.	2.13	2.45	1964
587	*Grade 3—Exploring Science Three—Thurber— Reg. Ed.	9 91	2.66	1964
588	*Grade 4—Exploring Science Four—Thurber—	. 2.01	2.00	1001
000	Reg. Ed.	2.43	2.79	1964
589	*Grade 5—Exploring Science Five—Thurber—			
	Reg. Ed.		2.90	1964
590	*Grade 6—Exploring Science Six—Thurber—Reg. Ed. Grade 7—Our Environment: Its Relation to Us—	2.61	3.00	1964
591	Smith et al—Reg. Ed.	3.18	3.66	1964
592	Grade 8-Our Environment: How We Adapt			
	Ourselves to It—Smith et al—Reg. Ed	3.60	4.14	1964
593	Grade 9—Our Environment: How We Use and	4 41	5.07	1964
	Control It—Smith et al—Reg. Ed.		-	1904
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a rati	o basis.	•	
	American Book Company			
594	*Grade 1-Looking into Science, Book 1-			
	Jacobson et al—Reg. Ed.	2.04	2.34	1965
595	*Grade 2—Searching in Science, Book 2—	0 12	2.44	1965
596	Jacobson et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 3—Learning in Science, Book 3—	2.10	2.44	1000
990	Jacobson et al—Reg. Ed.	2.28	2.62	1965
597	**Grade 4-Probing into Science, Book 4-			
	Jacobson et al—Reg. Ed.	2.43	2.79	1965
598	**Grade 5—Inquiring into Science, Book 5—	0.50	9.00	1065
700	Jacobson et al—Reg. Ed.	2.58	2.96	1965
599	**Grade 6—Investigating in Science, Book 6— Jacobson et al—Reg. Ed	2.64	3.03	1965
600	*Grade 7—Adventures in Science, Jacobson	2.01	0.00	2000
000	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.97	3.41	1964
601	*Grade 8—Broadening Worlds of Science—Jacobson			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.24	3.72	1964
602	*Grade 9—Challenges in Science—Jacobson	2 00	4.58	1964
	et al—Reg. Ed.			1904
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a rati **Teachers' editions are in preparation and will be avai			haroe
	on a ratio basis.			

Depository Title No.	,	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Ginn and Company			
603	Grade 9—Science in Modern Life—Mallinson and Meppelink—1st Ed.	4.29	4.93	1964
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
604	Grade 7—The World of Living Things—Brandwein			
	et al—3rd Ed.	3.60	4.14	1964
605	Grade 8-The World of Matter-Energy-Bandwein			
	et al-3rd Ed.	3.75	4.31	1964
606	Grade 9—Exploring The Sciences—Brandwein			
	et al—4th Ed.	4.50	5.1 8	1964
	II-man 0 Day D 111 J			
207	Harper & Row Publishers, Inc.			
607	*Grade 1—Today's Basic Science 1—Navarra and			
608	Zafforoni—Reg. Ed.	1.92	2.21	1963
000	*Grade 2—Today's Basic Science 2—Navarra and	0.07	0.00	1000
609	Zafforoni—Reg. Ed* *Grade 3—Today's Basic Science 3—Navarra and	2.07	2.38	1963
	Zafforoni—Reg. Ed.	2 25	2.59	1963
610	*Grade 4—Today's Basic Science 4—Navarra and	2.20	2.00	1000
	Zafforoni-Reg. Ed.	2.46	2.83	1963
611	*Grade 5-Today's Basic Science 5-Navarra and			
	Zafforoni—Reg. Ed.	2.58	2.97	1963
612	*Grade 6-Today's Basic Science 6-Navarra and			
410	Zafforoni—Reg. Ed.	2.73	3.14	1963
613	*Grade 7—Today's Basic Science: The Molecule and	0.00		
	the Biosphere—Navarra et al—Reg. Ed.		4.14	1965
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio	basis.		
	D. C. Heath and Company			
614	*Grade 1—Science for Work and Play—Schneider and			
0.1.1	Schneider—Reg. Ed	1 09	2.21	1964
615	*Grade 2—Science for Here and Now—Schneider	1.02	2.21	1904
	and Schneider—Reg. Ed.	2.07	2.38	1964
616	*Grade 3—Science Far and Near—Schneider and			
	Schneider-Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.59	1964
617	*Grade 4—Science in Your Life—Schneider and			
410	Schneider—Reg. Ed.	2.37	2.73	1964
618	*Grade 5—Science in Our World—Schneider and			
619	Schneider—Reg. Ed.	2.43	2.79	1964
010	*Grade 6—Science for Today and Tomorrow— Schneider and Schneider—Reg. Ed	0 55	2.93	1064
620	*Grade 7—Science in the Space Age—Schneider	2.00	2.95	1964
	and Schneider—Reg. Ed.	2.64	3.04	1964
621	*Grade 8—Science and Your Future—Schneider and	2.01	0.02	1001
	Schneider—Reg. Ed.	2.85	3.28	1964
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio			
	caratons are available without charge on a fatto	vasis.		
	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.			
622	Grade 7-8-Modern Science 1-Blanc et al-Reg. Ed	3.60	4.14	1963
				22 30

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
623	Grade 7-8-Modern Science 2-Blanc et al-Reg. Ed	3.60	4.14	1963
624	Grade 9—Modern Science 3—Blanc et al—Reg. Ed	3.60	4.14	1963
625	Grade 7-Science, Book 1-Davis et al-Reg. Ed	3.21	3.69	1962
626	Grade 8—Science, Book 2—Davis et al—Reg. Ed	3.57	4.11	1962
627	Grade 9—Science, Book 3—Davis et al—Reg. Ed	4.32	4.97	1961
	Lyons & Carnahan	4 44	1 60	1963
628	*Grade 1-Looking at Science-Bond et al-Reg. Ed.	1.41	1.62	1905
629	*Grade 2—Thinking about Science—Bond et al—Reg. Ed	1.98	2.27	1963
630	*Grade 3—Knowing about Science—Bond			
631	et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 4—Experimenting in Science—Bond	2.13	2.44	1963
	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.58	1963
632	*Grade 5—Living with Science—Bond et al—Reg. Ed	. 2.31	2.65	1963
633	*Grade 6—Looking Ahead with Science—Bond et al—Reg. Ed		2.76	1963
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio			
	The Macmillan Company			
634	*Grade 1—The Macmillan Science—Life Series—			
	Book 1-Barnard et al-Rev. Ed.	. 2.16	2.48	1962
635	*Grade 2—The Macmillan Science—Life Series— Book 2—Barnard et al—Rev. Ed	. 2.28	2.62	1962
636	*Grade 3—The Macmillan Science—Life Series— Book 3—Barnard et al—Rev. Ed	. 2.46	2.83	1962
637	*Grade 4—The Macmillan Science—Life Series— Book 4—Barnard et—Rev. Ed		2.90	1962
638	*Grade 5—The Macmillan Science—Life Series—			
	Book 5—Barnard et al—Rev. Ed.	. 2.64	3.04	1962
639	*Grade 6—The Macmillan Science—Life Series— Book 6—Barnard et al—Rev. Ed	2.70	3.11	1962
640	*Grade 7—Science: A Search for Evidence—Barnard			
	et al—Rev. Ed.	3.30	3.80	1962
641	*Grade 8—Science: A Way to Solve Problems— Barnard et al—Rev. Ed		4.04	1962
642	*Grade 9—Science: A Key to the Future—Barnard et al—Reg. Ed		5.28	1962
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a rati			
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
643	Grade 7—Science You Can Use—Stone and Stephenson—2nd Ed	3 99	4.59	1964
644	Stephenson—znd Ed	3.99	4.59	1964
	Scott, Foresman and Company			
645	*Grade 1—Science is Fun—Beauchamp et al—Reg. Ed.	1.92	2.21	1965

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
646	*Grade 2—Science Is Learning—Beauchamp			
647	et al—Reg. Ed** *Grade 3—Science Is Exploring—Beauchamp	2.07	2.38	1965
011	et al—Reg. Ed	2.25	2.59	1965
648	Grade 7—Science Is Explaining—Beauchamp			
649	et al—Reg. Ed	3.21	3.69	1963
	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.57	4.11	1964
650	Grade 9-Everyday Problems in Science-Beauchamp			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	4.20	4.83	1963
651	Grade 7—Science Problems 1—Beauchamp			
050	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.97	3.42	1964
652	Grade 8—Science Problems 2—Beauchamp et al—Reg. Ed	9 1 5	3.62	1964
653	Grade 9—Science Problems 3—Beauchamp	9.19	3.02	1904
000	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.30	3.80	1964
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio			
	- salvant carrier a transfer with the charge on a ratio	Danis.		
	Silver Burdett Company			
654	*Grade 1—Science 1—Mallinson et al—Reg. Ed		2.21	1965
655	*Grade 2—Science 2—Mallinson et al—Reg. Ed		2.38	1965
656	*Grade 3—Science 3—Mallison et al—Reg. Ed	2.25	2.59	1965
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio	basis.		
,	The L. W. Singer Company, Inc.			
657	Grade 1—Science for You—Frasier et al—2nd Ed		2.10	1962
658	Grade 2—Science All the Year—Frasier et al—2nd Ed		2.31	1962
659	Grade 3—Science Adventures—Frasier et al—2nd Ed		2.48	1962
660	Grade 4—Science Discoveries—Frasier et al—2nd Ed		2.62	1962
661	Grade 5—Science Experiments—Frasier et al—2nd Ed		2.73	1962
662	Grade 6—Science Problems—Frasier et al—2nd Ed	2.46	2.83	1962
663	Grade 7—Scientists at Work—MacCracken			
664	et al—Reg. EdGrade 8—Scientists Solve Problems—MacCracken	2.97	3.42	1962
	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.09	3.55	1962
665	Grade 9—Scientists Explore—MacCracken	4.45		1000
	et al—Reg. Ed.	4.47	5.14	1963
666	*Grade 7—Basic Life Science—MacCracken	0.15	0.00	1001
667	et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 8—Basic Earth Science—MacGracken	ა.15	3.62	1964
001	et al—Reg. Ed	3 30	3.80	1964
668 /	*Grade 9—Basic Physical Science—MacCracken	0.00	0.00	1904
	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.57	4.11	1964
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio			

Deposit Title No.	ory	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	D. Van Nostrand Company, Inc.			
669	Grade 7—Discovering the World of Science—Obourn et al—1st Ed	3.30	3.79	1963
670	Grade 8—Exploring the World of Science—Obourn et al—1st Ed.	3.60	4.14	1963
671	Grade 7—Life Science—A Modern Course—Mason and Peters—1st Ed.	3.45	3.96	1965
672	Grade 8—Earth Science—The World We Live In— Namowitz and Stone—3rd Ed	4.20	4.83	1965
:	2. Biology			
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
673	Grade 9-12—Elements of Biology—Dodge—Reg. Ed	4.35	5.00	1964
	Ginn and Company			
674	Grade 10—Biological Science for High School— Gregory and Goldman—1st Ed	4.56	5.24	1965
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
675	Grade 9-12—Biological Science: An Inquiry into Life —Moore et al—1st Ed.	4.95	5.69	1963
	D. C. Heath and Company			
676	Grade 10—Biology—Kroeber et al—Reg. Ed	4.86	5.59	1965
	Holt, Rinehart & Winston, Inc.			
677	Grade 10-12—Design for Life—Trump and Fagle—Reg. Ed	4.68	5.38	1963
678	Grade 10-12—Human Physiology—(Supplementary)— Morrison et al—Reg. Ed	4.68	5.38	1963
679	Grade 9-10—Modern Biology—Otto and Towle— Reg. Ed.	4.65	5.00	1965
	Houghton Mifflin Company			
680	Grade 9-12—Biological Science: Molecules to Man (BSCS Blue Version)—Complete Ed	5.97	6.87	1963
	·			
681	J. B. Lippincott Company Grade 9-12—Biology for You—Vance and			
001	Miller—5th Ed.	4.29	4.93	1963
	Rand McNally & Company			
682	Grade 9-12—BSCS Green Version: High School Biology—American Institute of Biological Sciences—1st Ed	£ 19	5.90	1963
	Defences—1st Eu.	0.10	0.00	1000

Deposit Title No.	ory	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
3	3. Chemistry			
	W. H. Freeman and Company			
683	Grade 11-12—Chemistry: An Experimental Science— Chemical Education Material Study—1st Ed	4.35	5.00	1963
	Ginn and Company			
684	Grade 11—Chemistry: A First Course in Modern Chemistry—Garrett et al—1st Ed	4.47	5.14	1964
	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.			
685	Grade 11-Modern Chemistry-Dull et al-Reg. Ed	4.35	5.35	1962
	J. B. Lippincott Company			
686	Grade 11—Chemistry for the Space Age— Posin and Shampo—Rev. Ed.	4.35	5.00	1964
	Lyons and Carnahan			
687	Grade 11—Chemistry and You—Bradbury et al—Reg. Ed	4.05	4.65	1962
	McGraw-Hill Book Co. (Webster Div.)			
688	Grade 10-12—Chemical Systems—Chemical Bond Approach—1st Ed.	5.22	6.00	1964
	Charles E. Merrill Books, Inc.			
689	*Grade 11-12—Chemistry: A Modern Course—Price et al—1st Ed.	4,35	5.00	1965
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio	basis.		
	D. Van Nostrand Company, Inc.			
690	Grade 11—Chemistry: A Modern Approach—Hogg et al—1st Ed	4.35	5.00	1963
4.	Physics			
	Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc.			
691	Grade 12—The Science of Physics—Beiser—1st Ed	4.50	5.18	1964
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
692	Grade 12—Elements of Physics—Boylan et al—Reg. Ed	4.47	5.14	1962
	D. C. Heath and Company			
693	Grade 12—PSSC Physics—Physical Science Study Committee—Reg. Ed	4.41	5.07	1960
	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.			
694	Grade 12-Modern Physics-Dull et al-Reg. Ed.	4.47	5.14	1964

Depositor Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
695	Houghton Mifflin Company *Grade 12—Physics: Fundamentals and Frontiers— Stollberg and Hill—Reg. Ed *Teachers' editions are available without charge on a ratio		5.28	1965
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a fatte	Dasis.		
696	J. B. Lippincott Company Grade 12—Physics for the Space Age—Schulz and Lagemann—1st Ed.	4.29	4.93	1961
697	Noble and Noble Publishers, Inc. Grade 12—Matter and Energy—Foundations of Modern Physics—MacLachlan et al—Reg. Ed	4.11	4.72	1963
698	D. Van Nostrand Company, Inc. Grade 12—Physics—A Basic Science—Verwiebe et al—4th Ed	4.47	5.14	1962
5.	Aerospace Science			
699	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc. Grade 11-12—Modern Space Science—Trinklein and Huffer—Reg. Ed	. 3.9 0	4.49	1961
6.	Physical Science			
700	Harcourt, Brace and World, Inc. Grade 9-12—The Physical World: A Course in Physical Science—Brinckerhoff et al—2nd Ed	4.05	4.66	1963
701	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc. Grade 9-12-Modern Physical Science-Brooks et al-Reg. Ed.	. 4.23	4.86	1965
702	McGraw-Hill Book Co. (Webster Div.) Grade 9-12—General Physical Science—Mallinson et al—1st Ed	. 4.47	5.14	1961
703	Prentice-Hall, Inc. Grade 9-12—Physical Science for Progress—Pella and Wood—2nd Ed	4.20	4.83	1964
704	D. Van Nostrand Company, Inc. Grade 9—Introductory Chemistry and Physics— Pickard and Radomsky—1st Ed	. 2.85	3.27	1960
705	John Wiley and Sons, Inc. Grade 11-12—Man and His Physical Universe— Wistar—2nd Ed.	6.36	7.31	1963

SECTION IV

Contracts Begin July 1, 1964

5-Year Listing. Contracts Expire June 30, 1969

SOCIAL STUDIES

1. History, Lower Grades

Depository Title No.	,	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
706	*Grade 5-Discovering American History-			
	Rickard and Ray—Reg. Ed.	3.33	3.83	1961
707	Grade 7-8—The Story of Our Country—			
	West and Gardner—Reg. Ed.	4.38	5.04	1963
	*Teachers' edition available at the same price as the text.			
	American Book Company			
	(ABC History Series)			
708	*Grade 4Under Freedoms Banner			
	Fraser and Yeager—Reg. Ed.	2.49	2.86	1964
709	*Grade 5—The Adventure of America—			
710	Fraser and Yeager—Reg. Ed.	2.79	3.20	1964
710	*Grade 6—Discovering Our World's History— Fraser and Magenis—Reg. Ed	0.70	9.00	1004
711	*Grade 7-8—Five Centuries in America—	2.19	3.20	1964
	Drummond et al—Reg. Ed.	4.20	4.83	1964
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the texts			
	Ginn and Company			
712	Grade 4—Trail Blazers of American History—			
112	Mason and Cartwright—Reg. Ed.	2.49	2.86	1961
713	Grade 8—The Story of Our Heritage—	2.10	2.00	1001
	Winther and Cartwright—Reg. Ed.	4.02	4.62	1962
	II.			
F7 4	Harcourt, Brace and World, Inc.			
714	Grade 7-8—Story of the American Nation— Gabriel—1st Ed.	4.00	4.00	1000
	Gabriei—Ist Ed.	4.20	4.83	1962
	Harlow Publishing Corporation			•
715	Grade 7-8—The Story of Tennessee			
	Parks and Folmsbee-Reg. Ed.	3.82	4.40	1963
	D. C. Hardy and Communication			
716	D. C. Heath and Company			
110	Grade 5-6—Makers of the Americas— Lansing, et al—Reg. Ed	9 1 5	3.62	1963
717	Grade 6-7—Builders of the Old World—	0.10	0.02	1909
	Hartman, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.97	3.42	1959
718	Grade 7-8—America—Land of Freedom—			
	Hartman, et al—Reg. Ed.	4.20	4.83	1961

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.			
719	Grade 8-Story of Our Land and People-			
	Moon and Cline—Rev. Ed.	4.08	4.69	1961
	Haushtan Millin Company			
	Houghton Mifflin Company			
720	Grade 7-8—This is America's Story— Wilder, et al—Reg. Ed	1 17	5.14	1964
	wilder, et al—key, Ed.	2.21	0.14	1001
	Laidlaw Brothers, Inc.			
721	*Grade 4—Great Names in Our Country's Story—			
	Eibling, et al—Reg. Ed	2.16	2.48	1962
722	*Grade 5—Our Country's Story—	9.40	2.86	1962
723	Eibling, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.49	2.00	1502
123	*Grade 6—Our Beginnings in the Old World— Eibling, et al—Reg. Ed	2.64	3.03	1962
724	*Grade 7-8—History of Our United States—			
	Eibling, et al—Reg. Ed.	4.05	4.65	1964
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the texts.			
	Lyons and Carnahan			
. 725	Grade 5-6—America's Frontier—			
	Clark, et al—Reg. Ed	3.00	3.45	1965
726	Grade 6-7—America's Old World Frontier—		0.45	1005
	Clark, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.00	3.45	1965
727	Grade 7-8—Freedom's Frontier— Clark, et al—Reg. Ed	3 99	4.58	1965
	Clark, et al—neg. Ed.	. 0.00	4.00	1000
	The Macmillan Company			
728	Grade 4—They Made America Great—		0.00	1001
	McGuire—2nd Rev. Ed.	2.46	2.83	1964
729	Grade 5—The Story of American Freedom—	2 70	3.21	1964
700	McGuire—2nd Rev. EdGrade 6—Backgrounds of American Freedom—	. 2.19	0.21	1304
730	McGuire—2nd Rev. Ed	2.79	3.21	1964
731	Grade 8—Our Free Nation—			
	McGuire and Portwood-2nd Rev. Ed.	4.08	4.69	1961
	Charles E. Merrill Books, Inc.			
732	Grade 6-7-Long Ago in the Old World-			4004
	Cassidy and Southworth—Textbook Ed.	. · 3.39	3.90	1964
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
733	Grade 8—Your America—Andersen and Shufelt— 1st Ed	4.32	4.97	1964
	Mary U. Rothrock			
734	Grade 6-8—Discovering Tennessee, with supplement—			
102	Rothrock—1962 Ed.	. 2.25	2.59	1962
735	Grade 7-8—This is Tennessee—Rothrock—			40.00
	1963 Ed.	2.58	2.97	1963

Depositor: Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Scott, Foresman and Company			
736	Grade 7-8-Living in Our America-Quillen and Krug-Reg. Ed.	. 3.90	4.49	1964
•	Silver Burdett Company			
737	Grade 7-8—The United States of America: A			
	History for Young Citizens—Brown, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 4.20	4.83	1964
	The Steck Company			
738	Grade 6-Your Old World Past-			
	Bettersworth, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.88	3.31	1961
2.	Integrated Social Studies			
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
739	Grade 6-7—Eastern Lands—Hughes,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	4.20	4.83	1959
740	Grade 7-8-Western Lands-Hughes,			
	et al-Reg. Ed.	4.20	4.83	1959
	American Book Company			
741	*Grade 3—Our Community—Fraser and Hoy—	- 40		4004
= 40	Reg. Ed.	2.49	2.86	1961
742	*Grade 4—Our State—Fraser and Hoy—	0.00	3.31	1961
743	Reg. Ed* *Grade 5—Our Hemisphere—Fraser and Hoy—	. 4.00	0.01	1901
140	Reg. Ed	3.48	4.00	1961
744	*Grade 6—Our World Neighbors—Fraser,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.54	4.07	1961
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text			
	Follett Publishing Company			
745	Grade 3—Working Together—McIntire and Hill—			
	Rev. Ed.	2.64	3.04	1962
746	Grade 4—Exploring Regions Near and Far—			
	Gross, et al—1st Ed.	. 2.97	3.42	1965
747	Grade 5—Exploring the New World—			
	Hamer, et al—Rev. Ed.	3.75	4.31	1965
748	Grade 6—Exploring the Old World—			4005
	Hamer, et al—Rev. Ed.	3.75	4.31	1965
749	Grade 7—Exploring American Neighbors— Hamer, et al—Rev. Ed	9.70	4.28	1962
	namer, et al—kev. Ed	. 8.12	4.20	1902
	Ginn and Company			
750	Grade 4-Your People and Mine-Tiegs,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.24	3.73	1960
751	Grade 5-Your Country and Mine-Tiegs,			
	et al-Reg. Ed.	. 3.78	4.35	1960
752	Grade 5-Understanding Your Country and			
	Canada—Tiegs, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.90	4.49	1964

Depository Title No.	,	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
753	Grade 6—Understanding Latin America—			
754	Tiegs, et al—Reg. Ed Grade 6-7—Your World and Mine—Tiegs,	. 3.78	4.35	1960
755	et al—Reg. EdGrade 7—Your Country and the World—Tiegs.	3.78	4.35	1960
756	et al—Reg. Ed	3.81	4.38	1961
100	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.84	4.42	1961
	The Macmillan Company			
757	Grade 3—Living in America Today and Yesterday—	0.50	0.15	****
758	Cutright, et al—2nd Rev. Ed		3.17	1962
759	Cutright, et al—2nd Rev. EdGrade 5—Living in the Americas—Cutright,	3.12	3.59	1961
760	et al—2nd Rev. EdGrade 5—Living in the United States—Cutright,	3.90	4.49	1961
	et al—2nd Rev. Ed.	3.72	4.28	1961
761	Grade 6-7—Living in the Old World—Cutright, et al—2nd Rev. Ed.	3.90	4.49	1961
762	Grade 6-7—Living as American Neighbors—Cutright and Durand—2nd Rev. Ed		4.40	1000
763	Grade 7-8-Living as World Neighbors-		4.49	1962
	Cutright, et al—2nd Rev. Ed.	4.05	4.66	1962
	Rand McNally & Company			
764	*Grade 3—Around the Home—Borchert and McGuigan—Pupil's Ed	2.70	3.11	1961
765	*Grade 4—Many Lands—Borchert and McGuigan— Pupil's Ed	9 01	3.35	1961
766	*Grade 5-6-Within Our Borders-Jones,			1901
767	et al—Pupil's Ed* *Grade 5-6—Beyond Our Borders—Nystrom,		4.14	1961
768	et al—Pupil's Ed* *Grade 6-7-—Beyond the Oceans—Pounds and Jones—	3.60	4.14	1961
•••	Pupil's Ed.	3.54	4.07	1961
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the texts.			
	Scott, Foresman and Company	•		
769	*Grade 3—In City, Town, and County—Hanna, et al—Reg. Ed	9 61	3.00	1963
770	*Grade 4-In All Our States-Hanna,			
771	et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 5—In the Americas—Hanna,		3.28	1961
772	et al—Reg. EdGrade 6—Beyond the Americas—Hanna.	3.72	4.28	1962
- ·-	et al—Reg. Ed.	3.90	4.49	1964
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the texts	•		

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Silver Burdett Company			
773 774	*Grade 4—Mankind in Time and Place, Learning to Look at Our World—Cooper, et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 5—Mankind in Time and Place, The	. 3.24	3.73	1964
	Changing New World: North and South America—Cooper, et al—Reg. Ed	. 3.87	4.45	1964
775	*Grade 6—Mankind in Time and Place, The Changing Old World—Cooper, et al—Reg. Ed	. 3.93	4.52	1964
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text	s.		
	The L. W. Singer Company, Inc.			
776	*Grade 3—We Look Around Us—Hunnicutt, et al—Reg. Ed	. 2.55	2.93	1963
777	*Grade 4—Man Changes His World—Patterson, et al—Reg. Ed		3.42	1963
778	*Grade 5—This Is Our Land—Patterson,		4.21	1963
779	et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 6—The Great Adventure—Hunnicutt,			
	et al-Reg. Ed.		4.28	1963
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text	s.		
3.	Civics			
780	Allyn and Bacon, Inc. Grade 9—Building Citizenship—McCrocklin— Reg. Ed	. 4.08	4.69	1961
781	American Book Company Grade 9—Civics, Fifty State Edition—Allen and Stegmeir—Reg. Ed	. 3. 96	4.55	1962
782	Benefic Press (Division of Beckley-Cardy) Grade 7-8—We the People—Richards and Isely—Reg. Ed.	2.85	3.28	1961
783	Follett Publishing Company Grade 8—Citizenship in Action—Painter and Bixler— 3rd Ed.	3.78	4.35	1962
784	Ginn and Company Grade 9—Your Life as a Citizen—Tiegs, et al—Reg. Ed.	3.90	4.49	1963
785	Harlow Publishing Corporation Grade 7-8—The Tennessee Citizen (supplementary)— Cole and Johnson—2nd Ed.	4.10	4.72	1964
786	Harper & Row, Publishers, Inc. Grade 7-8—Civics for Young Americans—Posey— Reg. Ed.	2.85	3.28	1960

Depositor; Title No.	•	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
787	Harr Wagner Publishing Company *Grade 8—Building Our Democracy—Devereaux— 2nd Ed	3.15	3.62	1962
	*Teachers' edition available at the same price as the text.			
788	Houghton Mifflin Company Grade 7-8—The Citizen and His Government— Rienow—Reg. Ed	. 2.97	3.42	1963
789	Laidlaw Brothers, Inc. Grade 9—Living in Today's World—Roth, et al—2nd Reg. Ed.	. 3.72	4.27	1964
790	The Macmillan Company Grade 9—Civics for Americans—Clark, et al—2nd Rev. Ed.	4.05	4.66	1961
791	Prentice-Hall, Inc. Grade 9—Our Democracy at Work—Warren, et al—1st Ed.	. 3.99	4.58	1963
792	Scott, Foresman and Company Grade 9—Living in Our Communities—Quillen, et al—Reg. Ed	. 3.63	4.17	1963
793	The Steck Company Grade 8—Government by the People—Steen— Reg. Ed	. 2.46	2.83	1959
4.	Geography			
794	Allyn and Bacon, Inc. *Grade 3—The Community Where You Live— Pierce and Georgas—Reg. Ed	9 07	3.42	1959
795	*Grade 4—A Journey Through Many Lands—			
796	Drummond—Reg. Ed* *Grade 5—Journeys Through the Americas—	. 3.42	3.93	1964
797	Drummond—Reg. Ed. *Grade 6-7—The Eastern Hemisphere—	. 4.20	4.83	1964
798	Drummond—Reg. Ed. *Grade 7-8—The Western Hemisphere—	. 4.20	4.83	1961
•••	Drummond—Reg. Ed.		4.83	1961
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text	s.		
799	Ginn and Company Grade 3—At Home in Our Land—Goetz—			
800	Reg. Ed	. 2.5 8	2.97	1961
	Reg. Ed.	. 3.36	3.86	1961
801	Grade 5-The United States and Canada- Whittemore-Reg. Ed.	3.81	4.38	1961

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
802	Grade 5—The United States, Canada, and Latin America—Whittemore, et al—Reg. Ed	. 3.90	4.49	1962
803	Grade 6—Latin America, Africa, and Australia— Uttley and Aitchison—Reg. Ed	. 3.84	4.42	1963
804	Grade 6-7—Eurasia, Africa, and Australia— Glendinning, et al—Reg. Ed	. 4.05	4.66	1962
805	Grade 6-7—Eurasia—Glendinning—Reg. Ed.		4.66	1963
	Harlow Publishing Corporation			
806	Grade 7-8—Tennessee Geography—Law— 2nd Ed. (supplementary)	. 3.1 6	3.64	1964
	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.			
807	Grade 3-Our Neighbors at Home-Smith and	0.07	9.40	1060
808	Sorenson—Rev. Ed Grade 4—Neighbors Around the World—Smith and		3.42	1960
	Sorenson—Rev. Ed.	. 3.21	3.69	1959
809	Grade 5-6—Neighbors in the Americas—Smith and Sorenson—Rev. Ed	. 3.72	4.28	1957
810	Grade 5-6—Knowing Our Neighbors in Canada and Latin America—Carls, et al—Rev. Ed		4.55	1964
811	Grade 6-7—Neighbors Across the Seas—Carls and Sorenson—Rev. Ed	3.72	4.28	1959
812	Grade 7-8—Our United States in a World of Neighbors—Carls, et al—Rev. Ed		4.66	1964
	Charles E. Merrill Books, Inc.			
813	Grade 7-8-Our Homeland and the World-Thurston, et al-Textbook Ed.	4.35	5.00	1964
	Silver Burdett Company			
814	*Grade 3—Ways of Our Land—Sorensen— Reg. Ed	. 2.5 8	2.97	1961
815	*Grade 4—Geography for Today's World, Our Big World—Barrows, et al—Reg. Ed	. 3.06	3.52	1964
816	*Grade 5-Geography for Today's World, The		4.55	1964
817	American Continents—Barrows, et al—Reg. Ed *Grade 5—Geography for Today's World, The	. 0. 20	4.00	1004
	United States and Canada—Barrows, et al—Reg. Ed	3.81	4.38	1964
818	*Grade 6—Geography for Today's World, Old World Lands—Barrows, et al—Reg. Ed		4.55	1964
819	*Grade 7-Geography for Today's World, A World			
900	View—Sorensen—Reg. Ed* *Grade 6-7—Learning About Latin America—	. 4.0 8	4.69	1964
820	Harper, et al—Reg. Ed.	3.72	4.28	1964
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text	s.		

Depos Title No.	itory	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	5. Commercial Geography			
821	South-Western Publishing Company Grade 9-12—World Geography—Pounds and Cooper— 6th Ed	3.60	4.14	1961
	6. World Geography	•		
822	Allyn and Bacon, Inc. Grade 9-12—Global Geography—Van Cleef and Finney—Reg. Ed	1 69	5.31	1963
823	Grade 9-12—Our World and Its Peoples—Kolevzon		0.01	1900
	and Heine—Reg. Ed.	4.50	5.17	1960
824	Ginn and Company Grade 9-10—World Geography—Bradley— Reg. Ed	4.44	5.11	1960
825	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. (Webster Publishing Division) *Grade 9-12—The World Today: Its Patterns and Cultures—Kohn—Ist Ed	5.16	5.93	1963
	*Teachers' edition available at the same price as the text.			
826	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc. Grade 9-12-World Geography Today-Israel, et al-Rev. Ed.	4.44	5.11	1962
	The Macmillan Company			
827 828	Grade 9-12—The Wide World: A Geography— James and Davis—Rev. EdGrade 9-12—Geography of the World—Packard,	4.65	5.35	1962
	et al—4th Ed.	4.65	5.35	1963
829	Rand McNally & Company Grade 9-12—Geography and World Affairs— Jones and Murphy—2nd Ed	4.20	4.83	1962
830	D. Van Nostrand Company, Inc. Grade 9—World Geography and You—Holt— 1st Ed.	4.80	5.52	1964
	7. Economics			
	Follett Publishing Company			
831	Grade 10-12—Economics and You—Holt—3rd Ed	3.60	4.14	1964
832	Ginn and Company Grade 11-12—Economics—Goodman and Harriss— Reg. Ed	4.17	4.80	1963

Depository Title No.	•	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
833	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc. Grade 9-12—Our American Economy—Lindholm and Driscoll—2nd Ed	3.90	4.49	1964
	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. (Webster Publishing Division)			
834	Grade 11-12—Economics for Our Times—Smith— 3rd Ed. Rev	4.32	4.97	1963
	South-Western Publishing Company			
835	Grade 9-12—Applied Economics—Dodd, et al—6th Ed.	3.36	3.86	1962
836	Grade 9-12—Consumer Economic Problems—Wilson and Eyster—6th Ed.	3.45	3.96	1961
8.	American Government			
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
837	Grade 12—American Government—Magruder and McClenaghan—Reg. Ed	4.44	5.11	1964
838	Grade 12—Today's Problems—Hughes, et al—Reg. Ed	4.44	5.11	1962
	Follett Publishing Company			
839	Grade 10-12—The People Govern—Paquin and Irish—1st Ed	4.11	4.73	1961
	Ginn and Company			
840	Grade 11-12—Understanding Our Government— Bruntz—Reg. Ed	4.26	4.90	1963
	The Macmillan Company			
841	Grade 9-12—Government in Our Republic—Brown and Peltier—Reg. Ed	4.20	4.83	1960
842	Grade 9-12—Goals of Democracy: A Problems Approach—McCutchen, et al—Reg. Ed	4.20	4.83	1962
843	Scott, Foresman and Company Grade 12—Our Living Government—Hacfner, et al—Reg. Ed	4.26	4.90	1964
	07 41—106. Hall			
9.	Sociology			
844	Allyn and Bacon, Inc. Grade 12—High School Sociology—Cole and Montgomery—Reg. Ed	3.81	4.38	1963
845	Ginn and Company Grade 11-12—Social Living—Landis—Reg. Ed	3.81	4.38	1961

Depositor Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	J. B. Lippincott Company			
846	Grade 9-12—Living in Social Groups—Quinn— 1st Ed.	. 4.05	4.66	1962
	The L.W. Singer Company			
847	Grade 12—Understanding Our Times—Walker,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 3.3 6	3.86	1961
10.	American History			
	Ginn and Company			
848	Grade 11—Our American Republic—Muzzey and Link—1st Ed. "B" Imprint	. 4.50	5.18	1963
849	Grade 11—Our Country's History—Muzzey— Reg. Ed	4.50	F 10	1001
	neg. Eu.	. 4.50	5.18	1961
	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
850	Grade 11-12—Rise of the American Nation—Todd and Curti—1st Ed	. 4.80	5.52	1961
	Harper & Row, Publishers, Inc.			
851	Grade 9-12—The American People: Their History—	•		
	Ver Steeg-Reg. Ed.	4.47	5.14	1964
	T7 1/2 T0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
050	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.			•
852	Grade 11-12—Story of America—Harlow and Noyes—Rev. Ed	A A!7	5.14	1964
	Hoyes—Hev. Ed.	4.4 (5.14	1964
	Houghton Mifflin Company			
853	Grade 9-12-The Making of Modern America-			
	Canfield and Wilder—Reg. Ed.	4.65	5.35	1964
	Laidlaw Brothers, Inc.			
854	Grade 9-12-Our Nation's Story-Augspurger and			
	McLemore-Reg. Ed.	4.35	5.00	1960
	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.			
855	(Webster Publishing Division) Grade 9-12—This Is Our Nation—Boller &			
000	Tilford—1st Ed	4.47	5.14	1961
	The Macmillan Company			
856	Grade 9-12-History of a Free People-Bragdon and			
	McCutchen—5th Rev. Ed	4.65	5.35	1964
	Rand McNally & Company			
857	Grade 9-12—The Adventure of the American People—			
	Graff and Krout—1st Ed.	4.47	5.14	1964

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
11.	World History			
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
858	Grade 9-10—The Pageant of World History—	4 E C	5.24	1962
859	Leinwand—Reg. EdGrade 10—The Making of Today's World—	4.50	5.24	1902
	McCrocklin—Reg. Ed.	4.74	5.45	1962
860	Grade 10-11—A Global History of Man— Stavrianos, et al—Reg. Ed.	4.80	5.52	1962
	American Book Company			
861	*Grade 10—A History of the World—Magenis and Appel—Reg. Ed	4.44	5.10	1963
	*Teachers' edition available at the same price as the text.			
	Ginn and Company		•	
862	Grade 10—A World History—Roselle—Reg. Ed	4.65	5.35	1963
863	Grade 10—Our World History—Black—Reg. Ed.	4.65	5.35	1962
	Harcourt, Brace and World, Inc.			
864	Grade 10—Men and Nations: A World History— Mazour and Peoples—3rd Ed.	4.80	5.52	1964
	D. C. Heath and Company			
865	Grade 10-11—The World Story—Bruun and Haines—Reg. Ed.	4.71	5.42	1963
	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.			
866	Grade 9-11—Story of Nations—Rogers, et al—Rev. Ed	. 4.47	5.14	1962
867	Houghton Mifflin Company Grade 9-12—The History of Our World—Boak,			
801	et al—Reg. Ed	. 4.80	5.52	1963
	Laidlaw Brothers, Inc.			
868	Grade 9-12—World History, The Story of Man's Achievements—Habberton, et al—Reg. Ed	. 4.74	5.45	1962
	The Macmillan Company			
869	Grade 9-12—Past to Present: A World History— Zebel and Schwartz—Rev. Ed.	4.71	5.42	1963
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
870	Grade 9-12—Our World Through the Ages— Platt and Drummond—2nd Ed	. 4.47	5.14	1961
	Scott, Foresman and Company			
871	Grade 10—Living World History—Wallbank and Schrier—Reg. Ed.	. 4.41	5.07	1964

Depositor: Title No.	y	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
12.	Ancient History			
872	Silver Burdett Company Grade 10—Ancient and Medieval History— Magoffin and Duncalf—Reg. Ed.	. 4.23	4.86	1959
13.	Modern History			
873	Silver Burdett Company Grade 11—Modern History—Becker—Reg. Ed	. 4. 35	5.00	1964
14.	Psychology			
874	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc. Grade 9-12—Psychology: Its Principles and Applications—Engle—3rd Ed.	4.20	4.83	1957
	McGraw-Hill Book Company (Webster Publishing Division)			
875	Grade 10-12—Psychology for Living—Sorenson and Malm—2nd Ed.—Rev	. 4.47	5.14	1964
876	Prentice-Hall, Inc. Grade 9-12—Psychology and Personality— Phillips and Gibson—1st Ed.	. 3. 8 4	4.42	1957

SECTION V

Contracts Begin July 1, 1963

5-Year Listing. Contracts expire June 30, 1968

BUSINESS EDUCATION

1. Bookkeeping

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
877	Grade 10-12—Introductory Bookkeeping— Olson, et al—3rd Ed.	\$3.03	\$3.48	1961
	South-Western Publishing Co.			
878	Grade 9-12—20th Century Bookkeeping and Accounting, Carlson et al—(First Year)—	0.50	0.00	1000
879	22nd Ed	. 2.79	3.20	1962
	21st Ed.	. 3.06	3.51	1958
2.	Business English			
	D. C. Heath and Co.			
880	Grade 9-12—Business English in Action— Tressler and Lipman—Reg. Ed	. 3.60	4.14	1957
	Gregg Publishing Division			
881	Grade 9-12—Business English and Communication— Stewart, et al—2nd Ed	. 3.42	3.93	1961
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
882	Grade 10-12—English for Business— Parkhurst—4th Ed	. 3.09	3.55	1963
	South-Western Publishing Company			
883	Grade 9-12—Effective English for Business— Aurner and Burtness—5th Ed.	3.30	3.79	1962
3.	Business Law			
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
884	Grade 9-12—Business Law for Everyday Living— Getz—2nd Ed.	2.97	3.42	1959
	South-Western Publishing Co.			
885	Grade 9-12—Applied Business Law—			
	Fisk and Snapp—8th Ed.	2.91	3.34	1960

Depository Title No.	·	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
4.	General Business			
886	Allyn and Bacon, Inc. Grade 9-12—Introduction to Business— Reed, et al—Reg. Ed.	3.33	3.83	1958
887	Gregg Publishing Division Grade 9-12—General Business for Everyday Living— Price, et al—2nd Ed	3.84	4.42	1960
888	Prentice-Hall, Inc. Grade 9-12—General Business for Today and Tomorrow—Aberle, et al—1st Ed	2.97	3.42	1959
889	South-Western Publishing Co. Grade 9-12—General Business—Crabb, et al—8th Ed	3.27	3.76	1961
5. (Office Practice			
890	Gregg Publishing Division Grade 11-12—General Office Practice— Archer, et al—1st Ed	3.42	3.93	1958
891	South-Western Publishing Co. Grade 9-12—Clerical Office Practice— Agnew and Meehan—3rd Ed.	3.09	3.55	1961
6.	Secretarial Practice			
892	Gregg Publishing Division Grade 12—Applied Secretarial Practice— Gregg, et al—5th Ed.	3.48	4.00	1962
893	Prentice-Hall, Inc. Grade 11-12—Office and Secretarial Training— Stickney, et al—4th Ed.	2.97	3.42	1959
894	South-Western Publishing Co. Grade 9-12—Secretarial Office Practice— Agnew and Meehan—6th Ed.	3.09	3.55	1960
7.	Shorthand	•		
895 896	Gregg Publishing Division Grade 10-12—Gregg Shorthand Manual Simplified (First Year)—Gregg, et al—2nd Ed	2.52	2.90	1955
	Leslie and Zoubek—2nd Ed.	2.82	3.24	1955

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
897	Grade 10-12—Gregg Dictation Simplified (First Year)—Leslie and Zoubek—2nd Ed	2.82	3.24	1955
898	Grade 10-12—Gregg Speed Building Simplified (Second Year)—Gregg, et al—2nd Ed	2.91	3.35	1957
899 900	Grade 10-12—Gregg Transcription Simplified (Second Year)—Leslie and Zoubek—2nd EdGrade 9-12—Gregg Notehand—A Personal-Use	2.97	3.42	1956
500	Shorthand With Integrated Instruction in How to Make Notes—Leslie, et al—1st Ed	3.45	3.97	1960
	South-Western Publishing Co.			
901	Grade 9-12—Shorthand Dictation Studies— Bowman and Oliverio—3rd Ed	2.85	3.27	1961
902	Grade 9-12—Shorthand Transcription Studies— Balsley and Wanous—3rd Ed.	2.85	3.27	1958
8.	Typewriting			
	Gregg Publishing Division			
903	Grade 9-12—Gregg Typing, 191 Series, Book One— Rowe, et al—1st Ed	2.73	3.14	1962
904	Grade 9-12—Gregg Typing, Complete Course— Rowe and Lloyd—2nd Ed	2.97	3.42	1958
	South-Western Publishing Co.			
905	Grade 9-12—20th Century Typing—(First Year) Lessenberry, et al—8th Ed	. 2.34	2.69	1962
906	Grade 9-12—20th Century Typing (Complete Edition) Lessenberry, et al—8th Ed	2.85	3.27	1962
DISTRI	BUTIVE EDUCATION			
	Gregg Publishing Division			
907	Grade 11-12—Retailing Principles and Practices— Richert, et al—4th Ed	4.11	4.73	1962
908	Grade 11-12—Salesmanship Fundamentals— Ernest and DaVall—2nd Ed	. 3.42	3.93	1959
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
909	Grade 11-12—Facts About Merchandise— Logan and Moon—1st Ed	. 4.35	5.00	1962
910	Grade 11-12—Sales Horizons— Haas and Perry—2nd Ed		3.66	1963
911	Grade 11-12—Store Salesmanship— Robinson, et al—5th Ed		3.38	1959
	South-Western Publishing Co.			
912	Grade 9-12—Fundamentals of Selling— Wingate and Nolan—7th Ed	3.09	3.55	1959
	Williage and Molan-int Ed.	. 0.00	0.00	

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
913	Grade 9-12-Retail Merchandising-			
914	Wingate and Weiner—5th EdGrade 9-12—Fundamentals of Advertising—	3.15	3.62	1957
915	Rowse and Nolan—6th Ed	2.79	3.20	1957
	Shilt and Wilson—4th Ed.	3.36	3.86	1961
DRIVER	EDUCATION			
916	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc. Grade 9-12—Youth at the Wheel—Glenn—1st Ed	3.06	3.52	195 8
917	Laidlaw Brothers, Inc. Grade 9-12—When You Take the Wheel— Strasser, et al—Reg. Ed	2.55	2.93	1963
918	McGraw-Hill Book Co., Inc. Grade 7-12—Sportsmanlike Driving— American Automobile Association—4th Ed	3.27	3.76	1961
919	Prentice-Hall, Inc. Grade 9-12—Man and the Motor Car—Center for Safety Education, New York University—6th Ed	2.76	3.17	1962
FINE A	RTS			
1.	Music			
	Allyn & Bacon, Inc.			
920	Grade 1—This is Music—Sur, et al—Reg. Ed.	4 20°	4.83	1962
	*Grade 2—This is Music—Sur, et al—Reg. Ed		2.07	1961
921 922	*Grade 3—This is Music—Sur, et al—Reg. Ed		2.07	1961
923	*Grade 4—This is Music—Sur, et al—Reg. Ed		2.17	1961
	*Grade 5—This is Music—Sur, et al—Reg. Ed		2.24	1962
924 925	*Grade 6—This is Music—Sur, et al—Reg. Ed*		2.41	1962
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text.			
	American Book Company			
926	Grade 1—Music for Young Americans— Berg, et al—Reg. Ed	3.90	4.48	1963
927	*Grade 2—Music for Young Americans— Berg, et al—Reg. Ed		2.07	1963
928	Grade 2—Music for Young Americans, Guide and Accompaniment for Book 2—Berg, et al—Reg. Ed		3.10	1963
929	*Grade 3—Music for Young Americans—			
930	Berg, et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 3—Music for Young Americans, Guide and		2.13	1963
931	Accompaniment for Book 3—Berg, et al—Reg. Ed *Grade 4—Music for Young Americans—		3.27	1963
	Berg, et al—Reg. Ed.	1.92	2.20	1963

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
932	Grade 4—Music for Young Americans, Guide and Accompaniment for Book 4, Berg, et al—Reg. Ed	3,00	3.45	1963
933 934	*Grade 5—Music for Young Americans— Berg, et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 5—Music for Young Americans, Guide and	1.98	2.27	1963
935	Accompaniment for Book 5—Berg, et al—Reg. Ed *Grade 6—Music for Young Americans—	3.30	3.79	1963
936	Berg, et al—Reg. Ed Grade 6—Music for Young Americans, Guide and	2.04	2.34	1963
937	Accompaniment for Book 6-Berg, et al-Reg. Ed *Grade 7-Music for Young Americans-	3.45	3.96	1963
938	Berg, et al—Reg. Ed Grade 7—Music for Young Americans, Guide and		2.86	1963
939	Accompaniment for Book 7—Berg, et al—Reg. Ed *Grade 8—Music for Young Americans—		4.83	1963
940	Berg, et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 8—Music for Young Americans, Guide and		2.93 4.83	1963 1963
	Accompaniment for Book 8—Berg, et al—Reg. Ed *Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text		4.00	1300
	Banks Upshaw Division (National Textbook Corporation)			
941	Grade 9-12—Adventures in Music—Howell—1st Ed	2.70	3.11	1960
	Follett Publishing Company			
942	*Grade 1-Music Round the Clock-Wolfe,			
943	et al—Diamond Ed* *Grade 2—Music Round the Town—Wolfe,	. 1.59	1.83	1963
	et al-Diamond Ed.	. 1.77	2.04	1963
944	*Grade 3—Music Through the Year—Wolfe, et al—Diamond Ed	1.86	2.14	1963
945	*Grade 4—Music Across Our Country—Wolfe,			1000
946	et al—Diamond Ed* *Grade 5—Voices of America—Wolfe,	. 1.92	2.21	1963
	et al—Diamond Ed.	2.01	2.31	1963
947	*Grade 6—Voices of the World—Wolfe, et al—Diamond Ed	2.07	2.38	1963
948	*Grade 7—Music Sounds Afar—Wolfe, et al		3.04	1958
949	*Grade 8—Proudly We Sing—Wolfe, et al		3.11	1958
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text	•		
	Ginn and Company			
950	Grade 1—The First Grade Book, Enlarged Ed.— Pitts, et al—Reg. Ed.———————————————————————————————————	. 4.20	4.83	1959
951	Grade 1—Singing as We Play, Primer 1— Pitts, et al—Reg. Ed	75	.86	1957
952	Grade 1—Singing All the Day, Primer 2— Pitts, et al—Reg. Ed.	.75	.86	1957
953	Grade 1—Playing As We Sing (Piano)— Pitts, et al—Reg. Ed	75	.86	1955

Depository Title No.	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
954 *Grade 2—Singing On Our Way, Enlarged Ed.—	1.774	9.00	1050
Pitts, et al—Reg. Ed		2.00	1959
Pitts, et al—Reg. Ed	1.80	2.07	1959
Pitts, et al—Reg. Ed	1.86	2.14	1959
Pitts, et al—Reg. Ed	1.92	2.21	1959
Pitts, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.04	2.35	1959
Pitts, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.88	3.31	1961
Pitts, et al—Reg. Ed.		3.38	1961
961 Grade 9-12—Music Makers—Pitts, et al—Reg. Ed *Teachers' editions available at the same price as the tex		3.45	1956
Music Publishers Holding Corporation (M. Witmark & Sons) Grade 7-9—Living with Music, Volume I—	.		
Richardson and English—Rev. Ed	2.23	2.85	1962
Richardson and English—1st Ed.	2.06	2.65	1958
Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
964 Grade 7—Time for Music—Ehret, et al—1st Ed 965 Grade 8—Music for Everyone—Ehret, et al—1st Ed		2.69 2.69	1959 1959
Shawnee Press, Inc.			
966 Grade 7-12—Fred Waring Song Book—Ades	1.30	1.50	1962
967 Grade 7-12—Have Songs-Will Sing (Fred Waring Workshop Series)—Simeone		1.50	1962
968 Grade 7-12—Youth Sings (Fred Waring Workshop Series)—Simeone		1.50	1954
969 Grade 5-12—A Singing Bee (Fred Waring Workshop Series)—Gearhart.	•	1.50	1954
970 Grade 7-12—Songfest (Fred Waring			
Workshop Series)—Simeone		1.50	1956
Workshop Series)—Ades		1.50	1957
Workshop Series)—Gearhart 973 Grade 7-12—Gentlemen Songsters (Fred Waring		1.50	1957
Workshop Series)—Gearhart 974 Grade 9-12—3 to Make Music (Fred Waring		1.50	1959
Workshop Series)—Ades		1.50	1959
Workshop Series)—Simeone 976 Grade 4-12—Little Folk Songs (Fred Waring	1.3 0	1.50	1960
Workshop Series)—Israel, et al		1.50 1.50	1961 1961

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Silver Burdett Company			
978	Grade 1—Music for Living, I Like the City— Mursell, et al—Reg. Ed	1.05	1,21	1962
979	Grade 1-Music for Living, I Like the Country-		1.21	1962
980	Mursell, et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 1—Music for Living, Music Through the Day	. 1.00	1.01	1002
001	(Teacher's Book 1 with accompaniments)— Mursell, et al—Reg. Ed.	3.09	3.55	1962
981	Grade 2—Music for Living, Music in Our Town— Mursell, et al—Reg. Ed.	1.80	2.07	1962
982	Grade 2—Music for Living, Music in Our Town— (Teacher's Book 2 with accompaniments)—	9 59	2.90	1962
983	Mursell, et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 3—Music for Living, Music Now and Long		2.10	1962
984	Ago—Mursell, et al—Reg. EdGrade 3—Music for Living, Music Now and Long Ago—(Teachers's Book 3 with accompaniments)—	. 1.00	2.10	
985	Mursell, et al—Reg. EdGrade 4—Music for Living, Music Near and Far—	2.67	3.07	1962
986	Mursell, et al—Reg. EdGrade 4—Music for Living, Music Near and Far—	1.86	2.14	1962
007	(Teacher's Book 4 with accompaniments)— Mursell, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.73	3.14	1962
987	Grade 5—Music for Living, Music in Our Country— Mursell, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.01	2.31	1962
988	Grade 5—Music for Living, Music in Our Country— (Teacher's Book 5 with accompaniments)— Mursell, et al—Reg. Ed	3.12	3.59	1962
989	Grade 6—Music for Living, Music Around the World—Mursell, et al—Reg. Ed.		2.38	1962
990	Grade 6-Music for Living, Music Around the World—(Teacher's Book 6 with accompani-			
	ments)—Mursell, et al—Reg. Ed	3.51	4.04	1962
991 992	Grade 7—Music in Our Life—Cooper, et al—Reg. Ed Grade 7—Music in Our Life—(Teacher's Edition	. 2.76	3.17	1959
	with accompaniments)-Cooper, et al-Reg. Ed	. 8.60	4.14	1959
993 994	Grade 8—Music in Our Times—Cooper, et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 8—Music in Our Times—(Teacher's Edition	. 2.82	3.24	1959
995	with accompaniments)—Cooper, et al—Reg. Ed Grade 9-12—Music in Our Heritage—		4.14	1960
996	Serposs and Singleton—Reg. EdGrade 9-12—Music in Our Heritage—Serposs and	. 8.00	3.45	1962
	Singleton—Reg. Ed. (Source Book for Teaching)	. 3,45	3.97	1962
	Summy-Birchard Company			
997	Grade 1—Birchard Music Series: Book One— (Teacher's Book—Cloth)—Ernst, et al—1st Ed	. 4.20	4.83	1962
998	Grade 2—Birchard Music Series: Book Two— Ernst, et al—1st Ed	. 1.86	2.14	1962
999	Grade 2—Birchard Music Series: Book Two— (Teacher's)—Ernst, et al—1st Ed	. 3.60	4.14	1962

Depositor Title No.	У	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1000	Grade 3-Birchard Music Series: Book Three-			
	Ernst, et al—1st Ed.	. 1.86	2.14	1962
1001	Grade 3-Birchard Music Series: Book Three			1002
	(Teacher's)—Ernst, et al—1st Ed	3.60	4.14	1962
1002	Grade 4—Birchard Music Series: Book Four—			
	Ernst, et al—1st Ed	. 1.98	2.28	1962
1003	Grade 4—Birchard Music Series: Book Four			
	(Teacher's)—Ernst, et al—1st Ed.	. 3.75	4.31	1962
1004	Grade 5-Birchard Music Series: Book Five-			
1005	Ernst, et al—1st Ed.	2.10	2.42	1962
1005	Grade 5—Birchard Music Series: Book Five			
1006	(Teacher's)—Ernst, et al—1st Ed.	3.90	4.49	1962
1000	Grade 6—Birchard Music Series: Book Six—	0.00		
1007	Ernst, et al—1st Ed	2,22	2.55	1962
	(Teacher's)—Ernst, et al—1st Ed	4.05	4.00	1000
1008	Grade 7—Birchard Music Series: Book Seven—	4.05	4.66	1962
	Ernst, et al—1st Ed.	9.07	3.42	1050
1009	Grade 7—Birchard Music Series: Book Seven	4.51	3.44	1959
	(Teacher's)—Ernst, et al—1st Ed.	2.85	3.28	1959
1010	Grade 8-Birchard Music Series: Book Eight-	2.00	0.20	1000
	Ernst, et al—1st Ed.	2.97	3.42	1959
1011	Grade 8-Birchard Music Series: Book Eight		0.12	1000
	(Teacher's)—Ernst, et al—1st Ed	2.85	3.28	1959
1012	Grade 9-12—Music Throughout the World—			
	Cotton and Bradburn—Rev. Ed.	3.72	4.28	1960
1013	Grade 9-12—Hearing, Gateway to Music—			
	Katz and Rowen—1st Ed.	2.25	2.59	1959
2.	Art			
	Chas. A. Bennett Company, Inc.			
1014	Grade 7-12—Art for Young America—			
	Nicholas, et al—4th Ed.	3.54	4.07	1962
			_,,,	
	W. S. Benson and Company			
1015	Grade 1-Our Expanding Vision, A Way to Tell-			
	Fearing, et al—Reg. Ed.	.84	1.12	1960
1016	Grade 2—Our Expanding Vision, A Way to Know—			
	Fearing, et al—Reg. Ed.	.84	1.12	1960
1017	Grade 3-Our Expanding Vision, A Way to See-			
	Fearing, et al—Reg. Ed.	.84	1.12	1960
1018	Grade 4—Our Expanding Vision, Discovering Your			
	Way-Fearing, et al-Reg. Ed.	.84	1.12	1960
1019	Grade 5—Our Expanding Vision, Knowing Yourself			
1000	and Others—Fearing, et al—Reg. Ed.	.84	1.12	1960
1020	Grade 6-Our Expanding Vision, Expressing Your			
1001	Ideas—Fearing, et al—Reg. Ed.	.84	1.12	1960
1021	Grade 7—Our Expanding Vision, You and the			
	World—Fearing, et al—Reg. Ed.	.84	1.12	1960

Depository Title No.	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date		
1022 Grade 8—Our Expanding Vision, Greater Understanding—Fearing, et al—Reg. Ed	84	1.12	1960		
Laidlaw Brothers, Inc.					
1023 Grade 1-Art for You-Stafford, et al-Reg. Ed.	66	.75	1960		
1024 Grade 2-Art for You-Stafford, et al-Reg. Ed.	66	.75	1960		
1025 Grade 3—Art for You—Stafford, et al—Reg. Ed		.75	1960		
1026 Grade 4—Art for You—Stafford, et al—Reg. Ed		.75	1960		
1027 Grade 5—Art for You—Stafford, et al—Reg. Ed		.75	1960		
1028 Grade 6—Art for You—Stafford, et al—Reg. Ed.	66 78	.75 .89	1960 1960		
1029 Grade 7—Art for You—Stafford, et al—Reg. Ed.		.89	1960		
1030 Grade 8—Art for You—Stafford, et al—Reg. Ed.	10	.00	1300		
Charles E. Merrill Books, Inc.					
1031 Grade 1—The Prang Young Artists Series—					
Kysar, et al—Teacher's Book	. 2.00	2.30	1959		
1032 Grade 2—The Prang Young Artists Series—					
Kysar, et al—Teacher's Book	. 2.00	2.30	1959		
1033 Grade 3—The Prang Young Artists Series—	0.00	2.30	1959		
Kysar, et al—Teacher's Book	. 2.00	2.50	1999		
1034 Grade 4—The Prang Young Artists Series— Kysar, et al—Teacher's Book	2.00	2.30	1959		
1035 Grade 5—The Prang Young Artists Series—	2.00	2.00	1000		
Kysar, et al—Teacher's Book	2.00	2.30	1959		
1036 Grade 6—The Prang Young Artists Series—					
Kysar, et al-Teacher's Book	2.00	2.30	1959		
1037 Grade 7—The Prang Young Artists Series—					
Kysar, et al-Teacher's Book	. 2.00	2.30	1959		
1038 Grade 8—The Prang Young Artists Series—					
Kysar, et al—Teacher's Book	2.00	2.30	1959		
3. Crafts					
McKnight & McKnight Publishing Co.					
1039 Grade 7-12—Handicrafts Simplfied—					
Amon and Rawson—1st Ed.	3.30	3.80	1961		
INDUSTRIAL ARTS AND TRADES AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION					
1. Auto Mechanics					
American Technical Society					
1040 Grade 10-12—Automotive Collision Work—	£ 2£	6.15	1955		
Frazee, et al—2nd Ed 1041 Grade 10-12—Automotive Fundamentals—	0.00	0.10	1999		
1041 Grade 10-12—Automotive Fundamentals— Venk and Billiet—2nd Ed.	5.01	5.76	1961		
venk and Dimev-2nd Ed.	0.01	0.10	1001		
Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc.					
1042 Grade 9-12—Automechanics—Glenn—1st Ed.	5.22	6.00	1962		

Depositor Title No.	y	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	The Bruce Publishing Company			
1043	Grade 9-12-Automotive Essentials-Kuns-Rev. Ed	. 3.72	4.28	1958
	Chilton Publications, Inc.			
1044	Grade 9-12-Automobile Sheet Metal Repair-Sargent	. 6.06	8.05	1961
1045	Grade 9-12—Glenn's New Auto Repair Manual—Glenn	. 6.81	9.05	1962
	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.			
1046	Grade 9-12—Automotive Mechanics—Crouse—5th Ed	. 5.04	5.80	1965
2.	Bricklaying, Tile Setting, and Masonry			
	American Technical Society			
1047	Grade 10-12-Bricklaying Skill and Practice-			
	Dalzell and Townsend—2nd Ed.	. 2.70	3.11	1954
1048	Grade 10-12—Masonry Simplified, Vol. I—	4.40	۳.00	1050
1049	Dalzell, et al—2nd EdGrade 10-12—Masonry Simplified, Vol. II—	. 4.43	5.09	1956
	Dalzell, et al—2nd Ed.	4.58	5.27	1957
	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc.			
1050	Grade 9-12—Art of Bricklaying—Ray—2nd Ed	. 3.38	3.89	1961
3.	Carpentry			
	American Technical Society			
1051	Grade 10-12—Fundamentals of Carpentry, Vol. I— Durbahn—3rd Ed	. 3.66	4.21	1961
1052	Grade 10-12—Fundamentals of Carpentry, Vol. II—			
	Durbahn—2nd Ed.	. 3.81	4.38	1956
4.	Drawing (Architectural and Mechanical)			
	American Technical Society			
1053	Grade 11-12-How to Plan a House-			
	Townsend, et al—3rd Ed.	5.35	6.15	1958
1054	Grade 11-12—Engineering-Technical Drafting and Graphics—Gianchino and Beukema—1st Ed	. 7.51	8.64	1961
	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc.			
1055	Grade 7-12-Drawing and Planning for Industrial			
	Arts—Feirer—2nd Ed	3.39	3.90	1963
	The Bruce Publishing Company			
1056	Grade 9-12-Architectural Drawing-Waffle-Rev. Ed	. 5.10	5.87	1962
1057	Grade 9-12—Mechanical Drawing—Berg—Rev. 5th Ed.	. 2.40	2.76	1962
1058	Grade 7-9—Visualized Basic Mechanical Drawing—	1.00	0.01	1001
1059	Almon—1st Ed. Grade 7-9—Modern Drafting—Wyatt—1st Ed.		2.21 1.69	1961 1962
1000	Grade 1-0-Broderin Pratonic 41 Jane 190 Edimenti	. 1.71	1.00	1002

Depositor Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	McGraw-Hill Book Co., Inc.			
1060	Grade 9-12—Mechanical Drawing— French and Svensen—6th Ed	4.41	5.07	1957
1061	Grade 9-12—Industrial Arts and Blueprint Reading—Coover—2nd Ed.	8.60	4.14	1961
	McKnight & McKnight Publishing Company			
1062	Grade 7-9—Applied Drawing and Design— Scrogin and Bettencourt—4th Ed	9 45	3.97	1959
1063	Grade 7-9—General Drafting— Fryklund and Kepler—3rd Ed		3.11	1960
1064	Grade 10-12—Graphic Architectural Drafting— Edgar—2nd Ed		4.31	1960
	The Macmillan Company			
1065	Grade 9-12—Basic Technical Drawing—	4.05	4.00	1000
	Spencer—Reg. Ed.	4.05	4.66	1962
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.	F 00		1000
1066 1067	Grade 9-12—Architectural Drafting—Hornung—3rd Ed. Grade 9-12—Technical Drafting Essentials—		6.00	1960
1000	Luzadder—2nd Ed.		4.76	1956
1068	Grade 9-12—Mechanical Drafting—Hornung—1st Ed	4.02	5.31	1957
5.	Electricity			
	American Technical Society			
1069	Grade 9-12—Electricity and Electronics—Basic— Steinberg and Ford—2nd Ed	3.47	3.99	1961
1070	Grade 11-12—Interior Electric Wiring-Residential— Graham—6th Ed	3.66	4.21	1961
1071	Grade 9-12—Fundamentals of Electricity—			
	Graham—4th Ed.	3.66	4.21	1960
	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc.			
1072	Grade 7-10—Industrial-Arts Electricity— Lush and Engle—3rd Ed	2.28	2.62	1959
	The Bobbs-Merrill Company, Inc.			
1073	Grade 10-12—Learning Electricity Fundamentals (EFC-1)—Crow—1st Ed	4.46	5.13	1957
1074	Grade 10-12—Basic Electricity and an Introduction to Electronics (VEY-IT)—Howard W. Sams		0.44	1050
	Engineering Staff—1st Ed.	2.70	3.11	1959
1075	Chilton Publications, Inc. Grade 9-12—Fundamentals of Electricity—Bishop	5.31	7.05	1960
	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.			
1076	Grade 9-12—Basic Electrical and Electronic Principles—Suffern—3rd Ed	5.40	6.21	1962

734° $\,$ books for schools and treatment of minorities

Depositor Title No.	·y	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1077	Grade 9-12—Understanding Electricity and Electronics—Buban and Schmitt—1st Ed.	. 4. 86	5.59	1962
1078	McKnight & McKnight Publishing Company Grade 9-12—Experimental Basic Electronics— Evans and Porter—1st Ed.	910	0.40	1050
1079	Grade 9-12—30 Instruction Units in Basic Electricity—Matson—1st Ed.		2.42	1959
1080	Grade 7-12—General Electricity—Jones—3rd Ed.		1.47 1.38	1961 1954
1081	Grade 7-9—Exploratory Electricity— Schank and Arnold—1st Ed.		1.08	1960
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
1082	Grade 9-12—Basic Electricity—Marcus—2nd Ed.	4.83	5.55	1964
6.	Foundry			
	American Technical Society			
1083	Grade 11-12—Foundry Practices—Rusinoff—1st Ed	. 5.01	5.76	1955
	McKnight & McKnight Publishing Company			
1084	Grade 10-12—Patternmaking and Founding— Smith—2nd Ed.	. 1.20	1.38	1954
7.	General Shop			
	The Bruce Publishing Company			
1085	Grade 7-12—Comprehensive General Shop I—			
1086	Bauer, et al—1st Ed.	3.24	3.73	1959
1000	Grade 7-12—Comprehensive General Shop II— Miller, et al—1st Ed	3.45	3.97	1962
	D. C. Heath and Company			
1087	Grade 9-12—General Shop for Everyone— Newkirk—Reg. Ed	3.00	3.45	19 59
	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.		0.10	1000
1088	Grade 7-12—General Shop—Groneman and Feirer			
	—3rd Ed.	3.72	4.28	1963
	The Macmillan Company			
1089	Grade 9-12—The Farm Shop— Wakeman and McCoy—Reg. Ed	4.47	5.14	1960
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			•
1090	Grade 7-9-Industrial Arts for the General Shop-			
1091	Olson—2nd EdGrade 9-12—General Metal: Principles, Procedures	3.96	4.54	1961
	and Projects—Fraser and Bedell—2nd Ed.	3.66	4.21	1961

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1092	The Steck Company Grade 7-12—Exploring the Industries— Groneman—Reg. Ed	2.88	3.31	1962
8.	Machine Shop			
1093	American Technical Society Grade 10-12—Machine Trades Blueprint Reading— Ihne and Streeter—4th Ed.	2.70	3.11	1962
1094	Grade 10-12—Machine Shop Operations and Setups— Porter, et al—2nd Ed	4.24	4.88	1960
1095	McGraw-Hill Book Company Grade 9-12—Machine Tool Metalworking—	. 4.00	5.70	1961
1096	Feirer and Tatro—1st Ed		5.75	1959
1097	Burghardt, et al-5th Ed		6.07	1960
	Burghardt, et al—4th Ed	0.20	0.01	2000
1098	Grade 9-12—Metalwork Technology and Practice— Ludwig—4th Ed.	. 4.95	5.70	1962
9.	Plumbing			
1099	American Technical Society Grade 10-12—How to Design and Install Plumbing— Matthias, et al—4th Ed	3.81	4.38	1960
10.	Printing			
1100	American Technical Society Grade 10-12—Graphic Arts Procedures— Karch—2nd Ed	3. 66	4.21	1957
	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc.			
1101 1102	Grade 7-12—Practice of Printing—Polk—5th EdGrade 7-12—Graphic Arts—Carlsen—2nd Ed.	3.75 2.85	4.31 3.28	1962 1964
1103	The Bruce Publishing Company Grade 9-12—Printing and Allied Graphic Arts—Hague		3.63	1957
1104	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. Grade 9-12—Printing: A Practical Introduction to the Graphic Arts—Jackson—1st Ed	4.0 2	4.62	1957
1105	McKnight & McKnight Publishing Company Grade 9-12—Photo Offset Fundamentals— Cogoli—1st Ed	3. 60	4.14	1960

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1106	Grade 9-12—General Printing— Cleeton and Pitkin—3rd Ed.	3.00	3.45	1953
11.	Radio-Television and Electronics			
	American Technical Society			
1107	Grade 10-12—Radio-Television and Basic Electronics— Oldfield—2nd Ed.	3.81	4.38	1960
	The Bobbs-Merrill Company, Inc.			
. 1108	Grade 10-12—Basic Electronics Series: Amplifier Circuits (BEA-1)—Adams—1st Ed	0.01	2.54	1961
1109	Grade 10-12—Basic Electronics Series: Detector		2.04	1901
1110	and Rectifier Circuits (BED-1)—Adams—1st Ed Grade 10-12—Basic Electronics Series: Oscillator	2.21	2.54	1961
1111	Circuits (BEO-1)—Adams—1st Ed.	2.21	2.54	1961
1111	Grade 10-12—Basic Electronics Series: Transistor Circuits (BET-1)—Adams—1st Ed	2.21	2.54	1962
1112	Grade 10-12—Computer Basics: Introduction to	_,		
	Analog Computers (CSS-1)—Technical Education and Management, Inc.—1st Ed	3.71	4.27	1962
1113	Grade 10-12—Computer Basics: Analog Computers— Mathematics and Circuitry (CSS-2)—Technical			
	Education and Management, Inc.—1st Ed.	3.71	4.27	1962
1114	Grade 10-12—Computer Basics: Digital Computers—			
	Mathematics and Circuitry (CSS-3)—Technical Education and Management, Inc.—1st Ed	3.71	4.27	1962
1115	Grade 10-12—Computer Basics: Digital Computers— Storage and Logic Circuitry (CSS-4)—1st Ed		4.27	1962
1116	Grade 10-12—Computer Basics: Analog and Digital	0.11	2.21	1002
	Computers—Organization, Programming and Maintenance (CSS-5)—Technical Education and			
	Management, Inc.—1st Ed	3.71	4.27	1962
1117	Grade 10-12—Computer Basics: Solid-State Computer			
	Circuits (CSS-6)—Technical Education and Management, Inc.—1st Ed	3.71	4.27	1962
1118	Grade 9-12-Modern Dictionary of Electronics			2002
	(DIC-1)—Graf—1st Ed.	5.21	5.99	1962
	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.			
1119	Grade 9-12-Understanding Radio-Watson,			
	et al—3rd Ed.	4.65	5.35	1960
	Prentice-Hall Inc.			
1120	Grade 9-12—Elements of Television Servicing for Bench and Field—Marcus and Gendler—2nd Ed	E 10	c 00	1000
1121	Grade 9-12-Radio Servicing: Theory and Practice-		6.28	1963
1100	Marcus—3rd Ed.		5.80	1960
1122	Grade 9-12—Elements of Radio—Marcus—5th Ed	4.62	5.31	1965

Depositor Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
12.	Sheet Metal			
1128	American Technical Society Grade 10-12—Sheet Metal Shop Practice— Bruce—2nd Ed	3.54	4.07	1959
1124	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc. Grade 7-12—Sheet-Metal Pattern Drafting and Shop Problems—Daugherty and Powell— 3rd Ed. (cloth)	. 3.60	4.14	1961
1125	The Bruce Publishing Company Grade 7-12—Metalwork Essentials—Tustison, et al—Rev. Ed	2.88	3.31	1962
1126	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. Grade 7-10—General Metals—Feirer—2nd Ed	4.32	4.97	1959
1127	The Steck Company Grade 7-12—Basic Metalwork—Glazener—Reg. Ed.	2.88	3.31	1962
13.	Tailoring			
1128	The Bruce Publishing Company Grade 9-12—How to Tailor—Schwebke—1st Ed	4.40	5.06	1960
14.	Upholstering			
1129	Chilton Publications, Inc. Grade 9-12-Upholstering at Home-Parker and Fornia	4.56	6.05	1951
15.	Welding			
1130	American Technical Society Grade 10-12—Welding Skills and Practices— Giachino, et al—1st Ed	3.81	4.38	1960
1131	McKnight & McKnight Publishing Company Grade 9-12—Contemporary Metal Home Furnishings—			
1132	Lux and Towers—1st Ed		3.45 1.38	1957 1956
•	Prentice-Hall, Inc.	1.20	1.00	1000
1133	Grade 9-12—Basic Welding Principles—Stieri—1st Ed	5.25	6.04	1953
16.	Woodworking and Cabinet Making			
1194	American Technical Society			
1134	Grade 10-12—Cabinetmaking and Millwork—Dahl and Wilson—2nd Ed.	5.01	5.76	1956

Depositor Title No.	T.	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc.			
1135	Grade 7-12-Industrial Arts Woodworking-			
	Feirer—2nd Ed.	3.30	3.80	1960
1136	Grade 7-12-I. A. Bench Woodwork-Feirer-1st Ed.		2.93	1959
1137	Grade 7-12—Advanced Woodwork and Furniture			
	Making—Feirer—3rd Ed.	3.42	3.93	1963
	The Bruce Publishing Company			
1138	Grade 7-8-Instructional Units in Hand Woodwork-			
	Tustison, et al—Rev. Ed	2.25	2.59	1954
1139	Grade 7-12—Operation of Modern Woodworking—			
1140	Hjorth and Holtrop.	. 3.00	3.45	1958
1140	Grade 9-12—Principles of Woodworking—Holtrop			
1141	and Herman—Rev. Ed.	4.05	4.66	1961
1141	Grade 7-8—Basic Woodworking Processes—Hjorth and Fowler—Rev. Ed	0.40	0.70	1001
1142	Grade 10-12-Modern Machine Woodworking-	2.40	2.76	1961
	Hjorth and Holtrop—1st Ed.	2 60	4.14	1960
		0.00	4.14	1900
	McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.			
1143	Grade 7-12-General Woodworking-Groneman-3rd Ed.	3.99	4.59	1964
	McKnight & McKnight Publishing Company			
1144	Grade 7-12-General Shop Bench Woodworking-			
	Fryklund and Kepler—4th Ed.	2.70	3.11	1955
1145	Grade 9-12-Woodworking Technology-Hammond,			
	et al—1st Ed.		5.87	1961
1146	Grade 9-12—Machine Woodworking—Smith—3rd Ed.	3.00	3.45	1958
1147	Grade 9-12—Finishing Materials and Methods—			
1140	Soderberg—2nd Ed.	3.60	4.14	1959
1148	Grade 9-12—Woodworking with Machines—			
	Douglass—1st Ed.	3.15	3.62	1960
	Prentice-Hall, Inc.			
1149	Grade 7-12-Woods and Woodworking for Industrial			
	Arts-Olson-1st Ed.	3.99	4.59	1958
18	041			
17.	Others			
	American Technical Society			
1150	Grade 10-12—Building Trades and Blueprint			
	Reading, Part I—Dalzell, et al—3rd Ed.	9 19	2.44	1956
1151	Grade 10-12—Building Trades Blueprint	2.12	2.33	1550
	Reading, Part II—Sunderberg—1st Ed.	2.27	2.61	1959
	Chas. A. Bennett Co., Inc.			
1152	Grade 7-12—Exploring Power Mechanics—			
	Glenn—1st Ed.	2.85	3.28	1962
1153	Grade 9-12-Making Things of Plastic-			
	Edwards—1st Ed.	2.81	3.23	1954
		-		

Depositor: Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1154 1155	Grade 9-10—Leathercraft—Groneman—2nd EdGrade 9-12—General Crafts—Willoughby—1st Ed		3.62 3.45	1963 1959
1156	The Steck Company Grade 7-12—Basic Leathercraft—McCoy—Worktext Ed	90	1.04	1961
READI	NG Developmental			
	-			
	Allyn and Bacon, Inc.			
1157	*Grade 1—Picture Stories, Readiness 1—Sheldon, et al—Reg. Ed.	69	.79	1957
1158 1159	Grade 1—More Picture Stories, Readiness 2—Sheldon, et al—Reg. EdGrade 1—At Home, Pre-Primer 1—Sheldon,	69	.79	1957
1160	et al—Reg. EdGrade 1—Here and Near, Pre-Primer 2—Sheldon,	57	.66	1957
1161	et al—Reg. Ed. Grade 1—Here and Away, Pre-Primer 3—Sheldon,	60	.69	1957
1162	et al—Reg. Ed	60	.69	1957
1163	Here and Near, Here and Away)—Sheldon, et al—Reg. Ed. *Grade 1—At Home and Away, Senior Pre-Primer—	. 1.47	1.69	1957
1164	Sheldon, et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 1—Our School, Primer—Sheldon,	. 1.47	1.69	1957
1104	et al—Reg. Ed	1.47	1.69	1957
1165	*Grade 1—Our Town—Sheldon, et al—Reg. Ed		1.79	1957
1166	*Grade 2-Fields and Fences, Book 1-Sheldon,			
1167	et al—Reg. Ed. *Grade 2—Town and Country, Book 2—Sheldon,		1.93	1957
1168	et al—Reg. Ed. *Grade 3—Magic Windows, Book 1—Sheldon,		1.93	1957
1169	et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 3—Story Caravan, Book 2—Sheldon,		2.24	1957
1170	et al—Reg. Ed		2.24	1957
1171	et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 5—Finding the Way—Sheldon, et al—Reg. Ed		2.52	1957
1172	*Grade 6—Arrivals and Departures—Sheldon, et al—Reg. Ed.		2.55	1957
1173	*Grade 7—High Trails—Sheldon, et al—Reg. Ed.		3.42	1958
1174	*Grade 8—Widening Views—Sheldon, et al—Reg. Ed		3.42	1958
*11.4	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text			
•	American Book Company			
1175	Grade 1—The ABC Fun for All (language readiness)—Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed	. 66	.75	1963
1176	Grade 1—The ABC Ready! Go! (reading readiness)—Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed		.82	1963

Deposit Title No.	ory	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
: 1177	Grade 1-The ABC Teacher's Edition for Fun for			
	All and Ready! Go!—Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed	1.38	1.58	1963
1178	Grade 1-The ABC On Our Way (1st Pre-primer)-			
	Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed.	57	.65	1963
1179	Grade 1-The ABC Time to Play (2nd Pre-primer)-			
	Betts and Welch-Reg. Ed.	60	.69	1963
1180	Grade 1-The ABC All in a Day (3rd Pre-Primer)-			
	Betts and Welch-Reg. Ed.	63	.72	1963
1181	Grade 1-The ABC Teacher's Edition for 3 Pre-			
	primers (annotated and keyed)—Betts and			
	Welch-Reg. Ed.	1.80	2.07	1963
1182	*Grade 1-The ABC Up the Street and Down			
	(Primer)—Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed.	1.35	1.55	1963
1183	*Grade 1—The ABC Around Green Hills (1st			
	Reader)—Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed.	1.47	1.69	1963
1184	*Grade 2—The ABC Down Singing River (2nd			
	Reader, Level 1)—Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed	1.80	2.07	1963
1185	*Grade 2—The ABC Over a City Bridge (2nd			
	Reader, Level 2)—Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed	1.80	2.07	1963
1186	*Grade 3—The ABC Beyond Treasure Valley (3rd		•	
	Reader, Level 1)—Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed	2.04	2.34	1963
1187	*Grade 3-The ABC Along Friendly Roads (3rd			
	Reader, Level 2)—Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed	2.04	2.34	1963
1188	*Grade 4—The ABC American Adventures (4th			
	Reader)—Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed.	2.22	2.55	1963
1189	*Grade 5-The ABC Adventures Here and There (5th			
	Reader)—Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed	2.22	2.55	1963
1190	*Grade 6—The ABC Adventures Now and Then			
	(6th Reader)—Betts and Welch—Reg. Ed	2.22	2.55	1963
1191	Grade 9-High School Reading, Book 1-Caughran			
	and Mountain-Reg. Ed.	3.36	3.86	1961
1192	Grade 10-High School Reading, Book 2-			
	Caughran and Mountain—Reg. Ed.	3.45	3.96	1961
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the texts	š.		
	Ginn and Company			
1193	Grade 1-My ABC Book-Ousley-Reg. Ed.	.84	.97	1962
1194	Grade 1—Games to Play (Readiness)—Haynes and			
	Russell—Reg. Ed.	.90	1.04	1961
1195	Grade 1—Fun with Tom and Betty (Readiness)—			
	Russell and Ousley—Star Ed.	.69	.79	1961
1196	Grade 1-My Little Red Story Book (Pre-primer 1)-			
	Russell and Ousley—Reg. Ed.	.54	.62	1961
1197	Grade 1-My Little Green Story Book (Pre-			
	primer 2)—Russell and Ousley—Reg. Ed.	.54	.62	1961
1198	Grade 1-My Little Blue Story Book (Pre-			
4400	primer 3)—Russell and Ousley—Reg. Ed	.57	.66	1961
1199	Grade 1—Teacher's Edition, Pre-Primer Program—			
1000	Russell and Ousley—Reg. Ed.	1.65	1.90	1961
1200	*Grade 1—The Little White House (Primer)—			
	Russell and Ousley—Reg. Ed.	1.35	1.55	1961

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1201	*Grade 1-On Cherry Street (1st Reader)-			
1201	Russell and Ousley—Reg. Ed	1.56	1.79	1961
1202	*Grade 2—We Are Neighbors (2nd Reader,			
1202	Level 1)—Russell and Ousley—Reg. Ed	1.62	1.86	1961
1203	*Grade 2—Around the Corner (2nd Reader,			
1200	Level 2)—Russell and Ousley—Reg. Ed	1.62	1.86	1961
1204	*Grade 3—Finding New Neighbors (3rd Reader,	. 2002		
1204	Level 1)—Russell, et al—Reg. Ed	1.77	2.04	1961
1205	*Grade 3—Friends Far and Near (3rd Reader,	. 2.,,		
1200	Level 2)—Russell and Wulfing—Reg. Ed	1.77	2.04	1961
1206	*Grade 4—Roads to Everywhere (4th Reader)—			
1200	Russell, et al—Reg. Ed	2.10	2.42	1961
1207	*Grade 5—Trails to Treasure (5th Reader)—			
1201	Russell, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.19	2.51	1961
1208	*Grade 6—Wings to Adventure (6th Reader)—			
1200	Russell, et al—Reg. Ed	2.22	2.55	1961
1209	*Grade 7—Doorways to Discovery (7th Reader)—			
1209	Russell, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.40	2.76	1960
1210	*Grade 8—Windows on the World (8th Reader)—	. 2.10	2	2000
1210	Russell and Gunn—Reg. Ed	2.40	2.76	1961
			2	
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text	s.		
1211	Grade 1—Come With Us (Enrichment Pre-primer)—		- 00	1050
	Ousley—Reg. Ed.	57	.66	1959
1212	Grade 1-Under the Apple Tree (Enrichment		- 40	1050
	Primer)—Ousley—Reg. Ed.	1.41	1.62	1959
1213	Grade 1—Open the Gate (Enrichment First		4 =0	4050
	Reader)—Ousley—Reg. Ed.	. 1.50	1.73	1959
1214	Grade 2—Ranches and Rainbows (Enrichment		0.04	1050
	Second Reader)—Ousley—Reg. Ed.	1.77	2.04	1959
1215	Grade 3—Fun and Fancy (Enrichment Third	1.00	0.10	1050
	Reader)—Robison—Reg. Ed.	. 1.83	2.10	1959
1216	Grade 4—Down Story Roads (Enrichment Fourth	0.10	0.40	1962
	Reader)—Russell, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.16	2.48	1902
1217	Grade 5—Along Story Trails (Enrichment Fifth	a 91	9.66	1962
	Reader)—Russell, et al—Reg. Ed	2.31	2.66	1902
1218	Grade 6—On Story Wings (Enrichment Sixth	0.94	2.69	1962
	Reader)—Russell, et al—Reg. Ed.	4.04	2.05	1302
1	Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc.			
1219	Grade 7—Adventures for You—Kincheloe and			
1419	Pumphrey—1st Ed.	2.94	3.38	1962
1220	Grade 8—Adventures Ahead—Pumphrey and			
1220	Kincheloe—1st Ed.	. 2.94	3.38	1962
1221	Grade 9—Adventures for Today—Clark and Potell—			
1221	2nd Ed.	3.36	3.86	1962
1222	Grade 10—Adventures in Living—Potell and			
1444	Clark—2nd Ed.	3.36	3.86	1962
1223	Grade 11—Adventures for Americans—Derrick,			
1440	et al—2nd Ed.	3.72	4.28	1962
1224	Grade 12—Adventures in Modern Literature—			٠.
1004	Lazarus, et al—5th Ed	3.72	4.28	1962
	number of at our name			

Depositor Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Harper & Row Publishers, Inc.			
1225	Grade 1—Here We Go, Diagnostic Readiness—			
1000	Betts and O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	45	F0	1050
1226	Grade 1—Over the Wall, Developmental Readiness—	.45	.52	1956
1000	Wilson and O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	90	44	1050
1227	Grade 1—Skip Along, First Pre-primer—O'Donnell—	.36	.41	1956
	Reg. Ed.	.39	.45	1957
1228	Grade 1—Under the Sky, Second Pre-primer—	.09	.40	1957
	O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	.51	.59	1957
1229	Grade 1—Open the Door, Third Pre-primer—	.01	.03	1901
	O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	.51	.59	1957
1230	Grade 1—High On a Hill, Fourth Pre-primer—	.01	.00	1991
	Coughlan and O'Donnell—Reg. Ed	.39	.45	1957
1231	Grade 1—Day In and Day Out, Basic Primer—	.03	.40	1551
	O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	1 22	1.41	1957
1232	Grade 1-The Wishing Well, Parallel Primer-	1.20	1.71	1001
	Coughlan and O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	1 14	1.31	1957
1233	Grade 1—Round About, Basic First Reader—	1.11	1.01	1001
	O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	1 41	1.62	1957
1234	Grade 1-Anything Can Happen, Parallel First	1.71	1.02	1001
	Reader—Phillips and O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	1.38	1.59	1957
1235	Grade 2—Down the River Road, Readiness Second	1.00	1.00	1001
	Reader—O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	1.26	1.45	1957
1236	Grade 2-Friendly Village, Basic Second Reader-	2.20	2.10	1001
	O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	1.47	1.69	1957
1237	Grade 2-Neighbors on the Hill, Parallel Second	,	1.00	100.
	Reader—Flack and O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	1.41	1.62	1957
1238	Grade 3-Through the Green Gate, Readiness Third			
	Reader—O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	1.41	1.62	1957
1239	Grade 3-If I Were Going, Basic Third Reader-			
	O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	1.74	2.00	1957
1240	Grade 3-The Five-and-a-Half Club, Parallel Third			
	Reader-Bianco and O'Donnell-Reg. Ed.	1.65	1.90	1957
1241	Grade 4-Singing Wheels, Basic Fourth Reader-			
	O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	1.95	2.24	1957
1242	Grade 4—From Codes to Captains, Basic Reader in			
	Subject Areas—O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	2.10	2.42	1963
1243	Grade 5—Engine Whistles, Basic Fifth Reader—			
	O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	1.95	2.24	1957
1244	Grade 6—Runaway Home, Basic Sixth Reader—			
	Coatsworth—Reg. Ed.	1.95	2.24	1957
	TT.1/ TO: 1 / 1 TT: / T			
	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.			
1245	Grade 1—Ready to Go (Readiness, Level 1)—			
	Stauffer and Burrows-Reg. Ed.	.69	.79	1960
1246 .	Grade 1—Ready to Read (Readiness, Level 2)—			
1045	Stauffer and Burrows—Reg. Ed.	.63	.72	1960
1247	Grade 1—Come Here (Pre-primer, Level 3)—			
1040	Stauffer, et al—Reg. Ed.	.45	.52	1960
1248	Grade 1—Stop and Look (Pre-primer, Level 2)—		_	
	Stauffer, et al—Reg. Ed.	.51	.59	1960

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1249	Grade 1—Go Up (Pre-primer, Level 3)—			
	Stauffer, et al-Reg. Ed.	.60	.69	1960
1250	Grade 1—Come With Me (Primer)—			
	Stauffer, et al—Reg. Ed	1.65	1.90	1960
1251	Grade 1—Away We Go (First Reader)—Stauffer,			
1201	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.71	1.97	1960
1252	Grade 2—Friends All About (Second Reader,			
1202	Level 1)—Stauffer, et al—Reg. Ed	1.89	2.17	1960
1253	Grade 2—People on Parade (Second Reader,			
1200	Level 2)—Stauffer, et al—Reg. Ed	1 92	2.21	1960
1254				2000
1204	Grade 3—Into the Wind (Third Reader, Level 1)—Stauffer, et al—Reg. Ed	2.07	2.38	1960
1055		2.01	2.00	1000
1255	Grade 3—Across the Valley (Third Reader,	0.10	2.42	1960
	Level 1;—Stauffer, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.10	2.42	1900
1256	Grade 4—Around the Bend (Fourth Reader,	0.40	0.70	1001
	Level 1)—Stauffer, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.43	2.79	1961
1257	Grade 4-Above the Clouds (Fourth Reader,			1001
	Level 2)—Stauffer, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.52	2.90	1961
1258	Grade 5-Through the Years-Stauffer, et al-Reg. Ed.	2.52	2.90	1961
1259	Grade 6—Skyways to Tomorrow—Stauffer,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.58	2.97	1961
. 1	Houghton Mifflin Company			
1260	Grade 1—Getting Ready to Read (Readiness)—			
	McKee, et al—Reg. Ed.	90	1.04	1962
1261	Grade 1—Tip (Pre-primer 1)—McKee, et al—Reg. Ed.		.69	1963
1262	Grade 1—Tip and Mitten (Pre-primer 2)—			
	McKee, et al—Reg. Ed.	.63	.72	1963
1263	Grade 1—The Big Show (Pre-primer 3)—McKee,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	63	.72	1963
1264	Grade 1—Jack and Janet (Primer)—McKee,			
1401	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.44	1.66	1963
1265	Grade 1—Up and Away (First Reader)—McKee,			
1200	et al—Reg. Ed	1.50	1.73	1963
1266	Grade 2—Come Along (Level 1)—McKee,	. 1.00	2	2000
1200	et al-Reg. Ed	1 71	1.97	1963
1267	Grade 2—On We Go (Level 2)—McKee, et al—Reg. Ed.	1 71	1.97	1963
1268	Grade 2.—On we do (Level 2)—McKee, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 1.11	1.01	1000
1200	Grade 3—Looking Ahead (Level 1)—McKee,	1 96	2.14	1963
1000	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 1.00	2.14	. 1000
1269	Grade 3—Climbing Higher (Level 2)—McKee,	1.00	014	1963
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 1.00	2.14	
1270	Grade 4—High Roads—McKee, et al—Reg. Ed		2.59	1962
1271	Grade 5—Sky Lines—McKee, et al—Reg. Ed.		2.76	1962
1272	Grade 6—Bright Peaks—McKee, et al—Reg. Ed.		2.83	1962
1273	Grade 7—Adventure Bound—Jewett, et al—Reg. Ed	. 3.30	3.80	1961
1274	Grade 8—Journeys Into America—Jewett,			4004
	et al-Reg. Ed.	3.36	3.86	1961
1	Lyons and Carnahan			
1275	Grade 1-Pictures to Read (Readiness)-Bond,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	66	.76	1962

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1276	Grade 1-Three of Us (Regular Pre-primer,			
	Level 1)—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed.	51	.59	1962
1277	Grade 1—Play With Us (Regular Pre-primer,	01	.00	1002
	Level 2)—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed.	51	.59	1962
1278	Grade 1-Fun With Us (Regular Pre-primer,	01	.00	1002
	Level 3)—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed.	.51	.59	1962
1279	Grade 1-Ride With Us (Pre-primer,			1002
	Level 4)—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed.	51	.59	1962
1280	Grade 1—See Us Come (Companion Pre-primer,	01	.00	1002
	Level 1)—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed.	.51	.59	1958
1281	Grade 1—See Us Play (Companion Pre-primer,	01	.00	1000
	Level 2)—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed	.51	.59	1958
1282	Grade 1—See Us Have Fun (Companion Pre-primer,	01	.00	1000
	Level 3)—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed.	.51	.59	1958
1283	Grade 1—See Us Ride (Companion Pre-primer,	.01	.00	1000
	Level 4)—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed.	.51	.59	1958
1284	Grade 1—Many Surprises (Primer, Regular)—	01	.00	1000
	Bond, et al—Reg. Ed.	1 25	1.55	1962
1285	Grade 1—Surprises for Us (Companion Primer)—	1.00	1.00	1302
	Bond, et al—Reg. Ed.	1 20	1.48	1962
1286	Grade 1—Happy Times (First Reader)—Bond,	1.20	1.40	1302
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1 44	1.66	1962
1287	Grade 2—Down Our Way (Second Reader, Level 1)—	1.44	1.00	1302
	Bond, et al—Reg. Ed	1 69	1.93	1962
1288	Grade 2—Down Our Way (Second Reader, Level	1.00	1.50	1902
	1)—Bond, et al—Classmate Ed.	1 69	1.93	1962
1289	Grade 2—Just for Fun (Second Reader, Level	1.00	1.50	1902
	2)—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed.	1 50	1.73	1962
1290	Grade 2—Just for Fun (Second Reader, Level 2)—	1.00	1.10	1902
	Bond, et al—Classmate Ed.	1 50	1.73	1962
1291	Grade 3—Stories from Everywhere (Third Reader,	1.50	1.70	1904
	Level 1)—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed	1 74	2.00	1962
1292	Grade 3—Stories from Everywhere (Third Reader,	1.14	2.00	1902
	Level 1)—Bond, et al—Classmate Ed	1.74	9 00	1962
1293	Grade 3—Once Upon a Storytime (Third Reader,	1.14	2.00	1904
	Level 2)—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed.	1 60	1.93	1962
1294	Grade 3—Once Upon a Storytime (Third Reader,	1.00	1.50	1904
	Level 2)—Bond, et al—Classmate Ed	1 60	1.93	1962
1295	Grade 4—Meeting New Friends—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed		2.38	1962
1296	Grade 4—Meeting New Friends—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed	2.01	4.00	1902
	et al—Classmate Ed.	9.07	2.38	1962
1297	Grade 5—Days of Adventure—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed.			
1298	Grade 5—Days of Adventure—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed	2.10	2.48	1962
1200	et al—Classmate Ed.	0.10	2.48	1962
1299	Grade 6—Stories to Remember—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed			
1300	Grade 6—Stories to Remember—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed	2.10	2.48	1962
-500		9 1 <i>E</i>	0.40	1060
1301	et al—Classmate Ed.		2.48	1962
1302	Grade 7—A Call to Adventure—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed	2.70	3.11	1962
1002	Grade 7—A Call to Adventure—Bond,	0.50	0.1.	1000
1000	et al—Classmate Ed.		3.11	1962
1303	Grade 8—Deeds of Men—Bond, et al—Reg. Ed	2.70	3.11	1962

Depositor Title No.	y	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1304	Grade 8—Deeds of Men—Bond, et al—Classmate Ed	2.70	3.11	1962
	The Macmillan Company			
1305	Grade 7-8—Advanced Skills in Reading, Book I—		٠,	
1000	Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.43	2.79	1962
1306	Grade 8-9—Advanced Skills in Reading, Book II—			
	Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2. 55	2.93	1962
	Scott, Foresman and Company			
1307	*Grade 1—We Read Pictures (Readiness)—			
1001	Robinson, et al—Reg. Ed.	54	.62	1962
1308	*Grade 1—We Read More Pictures (Readiness)—			
	Robinson, et al-Reg. Ed.	54	.62	1962
1309	*Grade 1—Before We Read (Readiness)—			
	Robinson, et al—Reg. Ed.	57	.66	1962
1310	Grade 1—The New We Look and See (First		-	
1011	Pre-primer)—Gray, et al—Reg. Ed.	54	.62	1956
1311	Grade 1—The New We Work and Play (Second	.57	.66	1956
1312	Pre-primer)—Gray, et al—Reg. EdGrade 1—The New We Come and Go (Third	01	.00	1000
1012	Pre-primer)—Gray, et al—Reg. Ed.	60	.69	1956
1313	Grade 1—Teacher's Edition Pre-primer Program—			
	Gray, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 1.71	1.97	1956
1314	*Grade 1-The New Fun With Dick and Jane			
	(Primer)—Gray, et al—Reg. Ed.	1.35	1.55	1956
1315	*Grade 1—The New Our New Friends (First			
	Reader)—Gray, et al—Reg. Ed	1.47	1.69	1956
1316	*Grade 2—The New Friends and Neighbors—	1 69	1.86	1956
1317	Gray, et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 2—The New More Friends and Neighbors—	. 1.02	1.00	1990
1011	Gray, et al—Reg. Ed.	1.62	1.86	1956
1318	*Grade 3—The New Streets and Roads—Gray,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 1.71	1.97	1956
1319	*Grade 3-The New More Streets and Roads-Gray,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.71	1.97	1956
1320	*Grade 4—Just Imagine (Transition Reader)—	1.40	100	1000
1901	Gray, et al—Reg. Ed.	1.62	1.86	1962
1321	*Grade 4—The New Times and Places—Gray, et al—Reg. Ed	1 71	1.97	1962
1322	*Grade 4—More Times and Places—Gray,	11		
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.71	1.97	1962
1323	*Grade 5-The New Days and Deeds-Gray,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.71	1.97	1962
1324	*Grade 5More Days and DeedsGray,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.71	1.97	1962
1325	*Grade 6-The New People and Progress-Gray,		1.05	1000
1326	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.71	1.97	1962
1920	*Grade 6-More People and Progress-Gray,	1 71	1.97	1962
1327	et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 7—Parades—Gray, et al—Reg. Ed		2.10	1956
1328	*Grade 7—More Parades—Gray, et al—Reg. Ed*		2.10	1957
1000	drado i more rarades—dray, ev ar—neg. Edi	1.00	2.10	1001

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1329	*Grade 8—Panoramas—Gray, et al—Reg. Ed.		2.14	1957
1330	*Grade 8—More Panoramas—Gray, et al—Reg. Ed		2.14	1957
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text	s.		
SUPPLE	EMENTARY READING			
1.	Literary			
	The Bobbs-Merrill Company (Best of Children's Literature Series)			
1331	*Grade 1—Sunny and Gay—Smith, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 1.74	$2.00 \\ 2.17$	1960 1960
1332	*Grade 2—Foolish and Wise—Smith, et al—Reg. Ed *Grade 3—Fun All Around—Smith, et al—Reg. Ed	1 98	2.28	1960
1333 1334	*Grade 4—Shining Hours—Smith, et al—Reg. Ed		2.45	1960
1335	*Grade 5—Time for Adventure—Smith, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.13	2.45	1960
1336	*Grade 6—Beyond the Horizon—Smith, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.59	1960
	*Teachers' editions are available without charge on a rational		·	
	Harper & Row Publishers, Inc.			
1337	Grade 1—Once Upon a Time (Primer)— O'Donnell—Reg. Ed.	1.59	1.83	1962
1338	Grade 1—I Know a Story (First Reader)— Huber, et al—Reg. Ed	1.65	1.90	1962
1339	Grade 2—It Happened One Day (Second Reader)—Huber, et al—Reg. Ed	1.71	1.97	1962
1340	Grade 3—After the Sun Sets (Third Reader)— Huber, et al—Reg. Ed	1.95	2.24	1962
1341	Grade 4—It Must Be Magic (Fourth Reader)— Huber, et al—Reg. Ed	2.25	2.59	1962
1342	Grade 5—They Were Brave and Bold (Fifth		2,59	1962
1343	Reader)—Huber and Salisbury—Reg. EdGrade 6—These Are the Tales They Tell—		2.00	1002
	Huber and Salisbury—Reg. Ed	2.25	2.59	1962
	Laidlaw Brothers, Inc.			
1344	*Grade 1—Tales to Read—Shane and Hester—Reg. Ed.	1.29	1.48	1961
1345	*Grade 1—Stories to Remember—Shane and Hester— Reg. Ed	1.35	1.55	1961
1346	*Grade 2—Storyland Favorites—Shane and Hester—			
	Reg. Ed.	1.59	1.82	1961
1347	*Grade 3—Doorways to Adventure—Shane and Hester—Reg. Ed	1.86	2.13	1961
1348	*Grade 4—Magic and Laughter—Shane and Hester—Reg. Ed		2.41	1962
1349	*Grade 5—Words With Wings—Shane and Hester—Reg. Ed.		2.55	1963
1350	*Grade 6—Courage and Adventure—Shane and			
	Hester—Reg. Ed.		2.55	1963
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the tex	cs.		

Deposito Title No.	ry	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
	Charles E. Merrill Books, Inc.			
	(Treasury of Literature Series)			
1351	*Grade 1-Merry-Go-Round-Jacobs,			
	et al—Textbook Ed	1.86	2.14	1960
1352	*Grade 2—Happiness Hill—Jacobs, et al—Textbook Ed	1.95	2.24	1960
1353	*Grade 3—Treat Shop—Jacobs, et al—Textbook Ed	2.04	2.35	1960
1354	*Grade 4—Magic Carpet—Jacobs, et al—Textbook Ed	2.16	2.48	1960
$1355 \\ 1356$	*Grade 5—Enchanted Isles—Jacobs, et al—Textbook Ed.	2.16	2.48	1960
1990	*Grade 6—Adventure Lands—Jacobs,	0.00	0.40	1000
	et al—Textbook Ed.		2.62	1960
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the texts	5.		
	The L. W. Singer Company, Inc.			
1357	Grade P-Story Wagon-Pratt, et al-Reg. Ed.	1.74	2.00	1960
1358	Grade 1—Story Time—Pratt, et al—Reg. Ed.	1.83	2.10	1960
1359	Grade 2—Story Train—Pratt, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.07	2.38	1960
$1360 \\ 1361$	Grade 3—Story Carnival—DeLancey, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.25	2.59	1960
1901	Grade 4—Along the Sunshine Trail—DeLancey,	0.04	0.00	
1362	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.34	2.69	1960
1002	Grade 5—Across the Blue Bridge—DeLancey, et al—Reg. Ed	9 977	2.73	1960
1363	Grade 6—Aboard the Story Rocket—DeLancey,	2.01	2.13	1900
	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.40	2.76	1960
			2.10	1000
1001	The Steck Company			
1364	Grade 7—Echoes of the Southland, Book 1—			
1365	Bradley, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.85	3.28	1960
1000	Grade 8—Echoes of the Southland, Book 2—	0.05	0.00	1000
	Bradley, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.80	3.28	1960
9	Social Studies			
4.				
	Follett Publishing Company			
1366	*Grade 1—Billy's Friends—McIntire and Hill—5th Ed.	1.86	2.14	1957
1367	*Grade 2—Billy's Neighbors—McIntire and			
	Hill—7th Ed.	2.01	2.31	1957
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the texts	•		
	Ginn and Company			
1368	*Grade 1-Stories About Linda and Lee-Tiegs,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1 95	2.24	1960
1369	*Grade 2—Stories About Sally—Tiegs,	1.00	4.44	1300
	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.07	2.38	1960
1370	*Grade 3-Your Town and Mine-Tiegs,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.		3.07	1960
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the texts.			
	The Macmillan Company			
1371	Grade 1-Living As School Friends-Cutright,			
	et al—2nd Ed.	2.10	2.42	1962

Deposito Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1372	Grade 2—Living in Places Near and Far— Cutright, et al—2nd Ed.	2.19	2.52	1962
	Scott, Foresman and Company			
1373	*Grade 1—At Home (Primer)—Hanna and Hoyt—Reg. Ed	1.23	1.41	1963
1374	*Grade 1—At School (First Reader)—Hanna and Hoyt—Reg. Ed	1.29	1.48	1963
1375	*Grade 2—In the Neighborhood—Hanna and Hoyt—Reg. Ed	2.04	2.35	1963
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text	s.		
	Silver Burdett Company			
1376	Grade 1—The World Children Live in, Pets Around the World—Jackson and Raulin—Reg. Ed	. 1.47	1.69	1957
1377	Grade 1—The World Children Live In, Fun Around the World—Scarry and Raulin—Reg. Ed		1.86	1957
1378	Grade 1—The World Children Live In, Homes Around the World—Jackson and Raulin—Reg. Ed	. 1.80	2.07	1957
1379	Grade 2—The World Children Live In, Schools Around the World—Jackson, et al—Reg. Ed	. 1.86	2.14	1957
1380	Grade 3—The World Children Live In, Work Around the World—Jackson, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 1.98	2.28	1957
1381	Grade 4—Distant Doorways—Smith and Bayne— Reg. EdGrade 5—Frontiers Old and New—Smith and Bayne—	. 2.31	2.66	1956
1382 1383	Reg. Ed	. 2.34	2.69	1956
1909	Reg. Ed.	. 2.34	2.69	1956
	The L. W. Singer Company, Inc.			
	(A Division of Random House, Inc.)	4.00	4 50	1000
1384 1385	*Grade P—We Play—Hunnicutt, et al—Reg. Ed* *Grade 1—We Live With Others—Hunnicutt,		1.59	1963
1386	et al—Reg. Ed** *Grade 2—We Have Friends—Hunnicutt,	. 1.77	2.04	1963
1000	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.01	2.31	1963
1387	Grade 3—I Know People—Hunnicutt, et al—Reg. Ed	1.98	2.28	1957
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the te	exts.		
8	3. Others			
•	American Book Company (Golden Rule Series)			
1388	*Grade 1—Open Windows—Leavell, et al—Reg. Ed	1.86	2.13	1961
1389	*Grade 2—Open Doors—Leavell, et al—Reg. Ed	1.95	2.24	1961
1390	*Grade 3—Open Roads—Leavell, et al—Reg. Ed	2.01	$2.31 \\ 2.41$	1961 1961
1391	*Grade 4—Paths to Follow—Leavell, et al—Reg. Ed *Grade 5—Frontiers to Explore—Leavell, et al—Reg. Ed	1. 2.16	2.41	1961
1392 1393	*Grade 6—Widening Horizons—Leavell, et al—Reg. Ed.	2.19	2.51	1961

Depositor Title No.	y	Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1394	Grade 7-Reading with Purpose-Leavell and			
	Caughran—Reg. Ed.	. 2.67	3.07	1962
1395	Grade 8-Reading for Signficance-Leavell and			
	Caughran—Reg. Ed.	. 2.76	3.17	1962
	*Teachers' editions available at the same price as the text			
	D. C. Heath and Company			
	(Reading for Interest Series)			
1396	Grade 1—Ned and Nancy—Witty, et al—Reg. Ed.		.62	1955
1397	Grade 1—Bigger and Bigger—Witty, et al—Reg. Ed		.62	1955
1398	Grade 1—Little Lost Dog—Witty, et al—Reg. Ed	54	.62	1955
1399	Grade 1-Molly, Pete, and Ginger-Witty,	20	=0	1055
1400	et al—Reg. Ed.		.79	1955
1400	Grade 1—A Home for Sandy—Witty, et al—Reg. Ed		1.69	1955
1401	Grade 1—Rain and Shine—Witty, et al—Reg. Ed.		1.69	1955
1402	Grade 1—Something Different—Witty, et al—Reg. Ed.		1.93	1955
1403	Grade 2—Lost and Found—Witty, et al—Reg. Ed.		2.14	1955
1404	Grade 2—Secrets and Surprises—Witty, et al—Reg. Ed.		2.14	1955
1405	Grade 3—Do and Dare—Witty, et al—Reg. Ed		2.31	1955
1406	Grade 3—Fun and Frolic—Witty, et al—Reg. Ed.		2.31	1955
1407	Grade 4—Luck and Pluck—Witty, et al—Reg. Ed	. 2.22	2.55	1955
1408	Grade 5-Merry Hearts and Bold-Witty,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.34	2.69	1955
1409	Grade 6—The Brave and Free—Witty, et al—Reg. Ed	. 2.34	2.69	1955
1410	Grade 7-12—Teen-Age Tales, Book A—Heavey and			
	Stewart, Reg. Ed.	. 2.07	2.38	1959
1411	Grade 7-12—Teen-Age Tales, Book B—Heavey and			
•	Stewart—Reg. Ed.	2.07	2.38	1959
1412	Grade 7-12—Teen-Age Tales, Book C—Heavey and			
	Stewart-Reg. Ed.	. 2.07	2.38	1962
1413	Grade 9-12-Teen-Age Tales, Book One-Strang and			
	Roberts—Reg. Ed.	. 2.07	2.38	1959
1414	Grade 9-12—Teen-Age Tales, Book Two—Strang and			
	Roberts—Reg. Ed.	. 2.07	2.38	1959
1415	Grade 9-12—Teen-Age Tales, Book Three—Strang			
	and Heavey—Reg. Ed	2.07	2.38	1956
1416	Grade 9-12—Teen-Age Tales, Book Four—Roberts			
	and Barbe—Reg. Ed.	2.07	2.38	1957
1417	Grade 9-12—Teen-Age Tales, Book Five—Heavey			
	and Stewart	2.07	2.38	1957
1418	Grade 9-12—Teen-Age Tales, Book Six—Strang			
	and Melnik—Reg. Ed.	2.07	2.38	1958
1419	Grade 6-7-Wings for Reading-Hovious-Reg. Ed	3.30	3.80	1952
1420	Grade 9-12-New Trails in Reading-Hovious-			
	Reg. Ed.	3.15	3.62	1956
	Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc.			
1421	Grade Pre-primer—Mary and Bill (Level 1)—			
	Hildreth, et al—Reg. Ed.	.90	1.04	1951
1422	Grade Pre-primer—Mac and Muff (Level 1)—			
	Hildreth, et al—Reg. Ed.	.81	.93	1957

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1423	Grade Pre-primer-The Twins, Tom and Don (Level			
	2)-Hildreth, et al-Reg. Ed.	.81	.93	1947
1424	Grade Pre-primer—Going to School (Level 2)—			
	Hildreth, et al-Reg. Ed.	.81	.93	1947
1425	Grade Primer—At Play (Level 1)—Hildreth,			
1.100	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.65	1.90	1957
1426	Grade Primer—Fun in Story (Level 2)—	1.05	1.00	1055
1427	Hildreth, et al—Reg. Ed.		1.90	1957
1428	Grade 1—I Know a Secret—Hildreth, et al—Reg. Ed Grade Pre-Second—Good Stories—Hildreth,	1.65	1.90	1957
1420	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.65	1.90	1957
1429	Grade 2—Along the Way (Level 1)—Hildreth,	. 1.00	1.00	1001
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.86	2.14	1957
1430	Grade 2-The Story Road (Level 2)-Hildreth,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.86	2.14	1957
1431	Grade 3—Faraway Ports (Level 1)—Hildreth,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.86	2.14	1957
1432	Grade 3—Enchanting Stories (Level 2)—Hildreth,	4.00		
1.400	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 1.86	2.14	1957
1433	Grade 4—Today and Tomorrow—Hildreth, et al—Reg. Ed	0.04	0.00	1050
1434	Grade 5—Looking Forward—Hildreth, et al—Reg. Ed.		$2.69 \\ 2.69$	1956 1956
1435	Grade 6—Moving Ahead—Hildreth, et al—Reg. Ed.		3.00	1957
1400	Grade 0—Moving Miead—Midreth, et al—Reg. Md	2.01	0.00	1001
Í	Laidlaw Brothers, Inc.			
1436	Grade 1-On the Way to Storyland-Yoakam,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.20	1.38	1961
1437	Grade 2-Making Storybook Friends-Yoakam.			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.20	1.38	1961
1438	Grade 3-Stories We Like-Yoakam, et al-Reg. Ed.	1.77	2.03	1961
1439	Grade 4—Children Everywhere—Yoakam,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.01	2.31	1961
1440	Grade 5—On the Trail of Adventure—Yoakam,			
1 1 1 1	et al—Reg. Ed.	2.34	2.61	1961
1441	Grade 6—The World Around Us—Yoakam, et al—Reg. Ed	0.40	0.70	1061
1442	Grade 7-8—From Every Land—Yoakam, et al—Reg. Ed.		$2.70 \\ 2.70$	1961 1961
1442	Grade 1-6—From Every Dand—Toakam, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 2.40	2.10	1901
	The Macmillan Company			
1443	Grade Pre-reading-Here We Come-Gates,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	63	.72	1957
1444	Grade Pre-reading-Splash-Gates, et al-Reg. Ed.	51	.59	1957
1445	Grade Pre-reading-Tuffy and Boots-Gates,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	51	.59	1957
1446	Grade Pre-reading-At the Lake-Gates, et al-Reg. Ed.	54	.62	1951
1447	Grade Primer-Ted and Sally-Gates, et al-Reg. Ed	. 1.32	1.52	1957
1448	Grade Primer-Tommy Little-Gates, et al-Reg. Ed.		1.66	1951
1449 .	Grade 1—On Four Feet—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.		1.59	1957
1450	Grade 1—Two Boys and a Tree—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.		1.66	1951
1451	Grade 2—Friends and Fun—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.		2.00	1957

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1452	Grade 3-Good Times Today and Tomorrow-			
	Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.	. 1. 86	2.14	1957
1453	Grade 4-Sharing Adventures-Gates, et al-Reg. Ed	2.01	2.31	1957
1454	Grade 5—The World I Know—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed	2.04	2.35	1957
1455	Grade 6—All Around Me—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed	2.16	2.48	1957
	(Unit Readers)			
1456	Grade Primer-Snow-Gates, et al-Reg. Ed	.48	.55	1951
1457	Grade Primer—The Christmas Tree—Gates,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	.48	.55	1951
1458	Grade Primer—The House in the Woods—Gates,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.		.55	1956
1459	Grade Primer—Mr. and Mrs. Big—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.		.55	1951
1460	Grade 1—Three Little Elephants—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.		.55	1951
1461	Grade 1—Toby—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.		.55	1951
1462	Grade 1—The Open Window—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed		.55	1951
1463 1464	Grade 1—Willie Duck—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.		.52 .55	1959 1952
1465	Grade 2—Buster the Burro—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed Grade 2—Skippy the Monkey—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed		.55	1952
1466	Grade 2—On a Tugboat—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed		.55	1953
1467	Grade 2—Princess with the Dirty Face—Gates,	.40	.00	1000
	et al—Reg. Ed.	.48	.55	1952
1468	Grade 2—Mrs. Talky and Jim Spot—Gates,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	.45	.52	1959
1469	Grade 3—Susan and the Sheep—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed		.55	1953
1470	Grade 3—Robin Fly South—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed		.55	1953
1471	Grade 3-A Cat Becomes Contented-Gates,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	.48	.55	1953
1472	Grade 3-Sandy in the Green Mountains-Gates,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	.48	.55	1953
1473	Grade 3—George and Herbert—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed	.45	.52	1959
1474	Grade 3-Who's Afraid?-Gates, et al-Reg. Ed	.45	.52	1959
1475	Grade 3-Stories for Fun-Gates, et al-Reg. Ed.	.45	.52	1959
1476	Grade 3-(Advanced Level)-Pirate Gold-Gates,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	.45	.52	1959
1477	Grade 3—(Advanced Level)—Bronze Billy—Gates,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	.45	.52	1959
1478	Grade 3—(Advanced Level)—Animals Wise and			
	Otherwise—Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.	.45	.52	1959
1479	Grade 3—(Advanced Level)—Cross Country Trucker—			
	Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.	.45	.52	1960
1480	Grade 3—(Advanced Level)—State Trooper—			
	Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.	.45	.52	1960
1481	Grade 3—(Advanced Level)—Keeper of the Lights—			
	Gates, et al—Reg. Ed.	.45	.52	1960
	Scott, Foresman and Company			
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 00	1 50	1050
1482	Grade 1—The New We Three—Monroe, et al—Reg. Ed	1.32	1.52	1959
1483	Grade 2—The New What Next? Part 1—Monroe,	1.00	1 60	1050
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.20	1.38	1959

Depository Title No.		Whole- sale Price	Retail Price F.O.B.	Copy- right Date
1484	Grade 2-The New What Next? Part 2-Monroe,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 1.20	1.38	1959
1485	Grade 3-The New Tall Tales, Part 1-Monroe,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.20	1.38	1959
1486	Grade 3-The New Tall Tales, Part 2-Monroe,			
1100	et al—Reg. Ed.	. 1.20	1.38	1959
	The Steck Company			
1487	Grade 1 (Pre-primer)—Who Are You?—Sharp,	45	F 0	1045
4 400	et al—Reg. Ed.		.52	1947
1488	Grade 1 (Primer)—Watch Me—Sharp, et al—Reg. Ed.	99	1.14	1947
1489	Grade 1—Downy Duck Grows Up—Sharp,			1015
	et al—Reg. Ed.		1.24	1947
1490	Grade 2—Little Lost Bobo—Sharp, et al—Reg. Ed	1.26	1.45	1947
1491	Grade 3—Chippy Chipmunk's Vacation—Sharp,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.32	1.52	1947
1492	Grade 4—Gordo and the Hidden Treasure—Sharp,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.		1.79	1955
1493	Grade 5-Chichi's Magic-Sharp, et al-Reg. Ed.		1.83	1954
1494	Grade 6—Heart of the Wild—Sharp, et al—Reg. Ed	1.74	2.00	1955
1495	Grade 1 (Pre-primer)—Secret Places—Sharp,			
	et al—Paper Ed	45	.52	1955
1496	Grade 1 (Primer)—Every Day a Surprise—Sharp,			
	et al—Reg. Ed.	1.08	1.24	1956
1497	Grade 1—Did You Ever?—Sharp, et al—Reg. Ed	1.32	1.52	1957
1498	Grade 2-Rainbow in the Sky-Sharp, et al-Reg. Ed.	1.41	1.62	1957
1499	Grade 3-Whatnot Tales-Sharp, et al-Reg. Ed.	1.47	1.69	1957
1500	Grade 1-Boxes Are Wishes-Shepherd-Paper Ed	60	.69	1959
1501	Grade 1-2-Cappy Cardinal-O'Leary-Paper Ed	.60	.69	1960
1502	Grade 1—Daffy—Sharp—Paper Ed.		.69	1950
1503	Grade 1-Dilly Dally-Smith-Paper Ed.	60	.69	1961
1504	Grade 1—Up a Tree—Smith—Paper Ed	60	.69	1956
1505	Grade 1-Where Is Cubby Bear-Sharp-Paper Ed		.69	1950
1506	Grade 1-Willy Waddle-Carter-Paper Ed.	60	.69	1959
1507	Grade 1—The Sleepy Squirrel—Smith—Paper Ed	60	.69	1962
	Webster Publishing Company			
1508	Grade 2—Basic Goals in Reading—Kottmeyer and			
1900	Ware—1st Ed.	9 98	2.62	1962
1500	Grade 3—Basic Goals in Reading—Kottmeyer and	2.20	2.02	1002
1509		0.00	2.62	1962
	Ware—1st Ed.	2,28	2.02	1902

NOTE

The wholesale, or state contract prices, and the retail prices have been fixed by contract between the publishers and the State of Tennessee. Any deviation from these prices should be reported to the State Commissioner of Education.

APPENDIX

State Textbook Commission Policies Which Concern the Superintendent and His Local Selecting Committees

- 1. Seventh- and eighth-grade books listed as literature by publishing companies may be used as readers in the seventh and eighth grades if local adoption committees feel that the literature books fit into their reading programs.
- 2. Local units may make a multiple adoption of textbooks. They shall adopt only one basal textbook in each subject offered (except agriculture, home economics, industrial arts in which an open adoption may be made), and they shall adopt whatever supplementary texts may be needed to enrich instruction in a given course.
- 3. The placing of books in the basal or the supplementary category is a local problem and requires no action by the Commission.
- 4. In the event that a local board of education fails to make necessary adoptions in any subject-matter field during an adoption period, the local board may reactivate its adoption committees and select the lacking textbook or textbooks from the State Textbook Commission's Official List. When this supplementary adoption has received the approval of the local board of education, this action shall be promptly transmitted by the local superintendent to the Secretary of the Commission, together with the following information about the book:

Name of Author Name of Book Name of Publishing Company Copyright Date of Book

- 5. If the Commission lists no textbook in a subject area offered in Tennessee schools and if a local unit offers that subject in one or more of its schools, the local unit may go outside the official list of textbooks and try to find a suitable book. If such a book is thus found, it may be recommended by the local board of education, and the local superintendent shall transmit the board's recommendation to the Secretary of the Commission and secure his approval before the book can be purchased out of free textbook funds.
- 6. During the period extending from the official meeting of the Commission on the second Monday in October to the beginning of local hearings about the first of February, only bona fide Tennessee representatives of publishing companies shall be permitted to operate in the State. Consultants shall visit local school systems only upon request of the superintendent during this period.
- 7. An adoption period shall be defined as that period during which the counties, cities, and special school districts of the State hold textbook hearings incident to their making their own local adoptions. This period shall extend from approxmately the first of February until such time as the local hearings have been completed, usually a total period of 10 to 12 weeks' duration.
- 8. A bona fide publishing company representative shall be defined as "A person who has charge of a regular territory."
- A consultant shall be defined as "A publishing company employee whose assigned responsibility is that of furnishing, upon the request of superintendents, profes-

- sional services for teachers and not that of promoting the sale of his or her company's textbooks."
- 10. After the official list has been distributed to the superintendents of the State, each publishing company shall send from one to three complete sets of official samples through the superintendent to his local adoption committees, with the stipulation that, if additional copies of samples are needed, they should be requested through. the Secretary of the Textbook Commission.
- 11. After the final hearings in the local units (counties and cities) of the State, publishing company representatives, including consultants, will be permitted to contact administrative staff members and members of local adopting committees only upon the request of the local superintendents.
- 12. No publishing company representative or consultant shall present to any local hearing committee any textbook not listed by the Commission. Violation of this policy will subject the offending publishing company to cancellation of its contract by the Commission.

WHAT NOW DO WE LEARN OF RACE AND MINORITY PEOPLES? L. D. REDDICK

Professor of Social Sciences, Coppin State College

Some twenty years ago when a similar survey was done for the Journal*, it was relatively easy to run through the "literature" of the subject. Take the movies for example: then, any motion picture buff, who had visited the theater regularly for a decade and who had read, say, Lewis Jacobs' history of the movies could know how Hollywood pictured race relations in general and the Negro Even a foreigner, Peter in particular. Noble, way away in Britain, could do an effective round-up as in his The Negro and The Films.

Such a quick, efficient survey would be hardly possible today. A solitary observer certainly could not himself see all of the films that included race relations themes or sub-themes nor could he do his space-time calculations without a smallsize computer at his elbow.

All of this, of course, makes the obvious point that the *quantity* of the words and images on the relations of ethnic, cultural and national groups in our social order has expanded enormously since the second world war. We are exposed to much more than ever before about regions and peoples and cultures within and without our country. And it is not difficult to explain why this is so.

After Hitler, the reading, writing and

listening world became highly conscious of the possible fate of minorities. It took some time before the enormity of the inhumanity of the concentration camps became common knowledge. Even now, it is difficult to comprehend such behavior on the part of one of the most literate and "civilized" nations of the modern world. Thoughtful students of recent history add the footnote that now Europeans had done wholesale to other Europeans what they had been doing piecemeal for some time to colonials wherever these "primitive" and "backward" folk resisted conquest and exploitation. Whole tribes have been wiped out in Africa without a single book or film to record the genocide.

After Bandung (1955), the world realized that global race relations were in for a sharp shift. This was the first congress of its type in modern history: (1) in which Asia and Africa excluded Europe and (2) rejected not only economic and political colonialism but cultural imperialism as well. Figuratively speaking, the books of "the white man's burden" were burned and the anti-European stance became characteristic. One delegate at Bundung is reported to have said: "My father somehow felt that he was helped by white missionaries and government officials. I know better. When I think of a white man, I spit."

After the Supreme Court's desegregation decision of 1954 and the Montgomery bus boycott of the following year,

^{*}L. D. Reddick, "Educational Programs for the Improvement of Race Relations: Motion Pictures, Radio, the Press, and Libraries," Journal of Negro Education, XIII (July 1944), 367-389.

we all sensed that the race relations revolution in the United States was on. As we know, this issue has become the prime domestic concern and has wide-sweeping international consequences and implications.

Finally, part of the explanation for the appreciable quantity of what we currently see, hear and read about intergroup relations must be ascribed to the fantastic expansion of the means of communication - a sort of electronics revolution has occurred. Not only do we have books and newspapers and movies and radio (as twenty years ago) but today we are flooded with transistors, tape recorders and that world-encircling octopus television. Everyone must know that without TV the nation could not have possibly realized what really went on during the sit-in demonstrations of Birmingham, Atlanta and Mississippi. It is a social fact that there are more TV sets in our country than there are bath-tubs and that a peasant in the deep South can literally see the world within his own cabin.

Thus, there is no question that today we learn more about everybody everywhere. It remains for us to attempt some examination of the sources, forms and quality of this knowledge.

GOVERNMENT AS IMAGE MAKER

In a larger sense, what we learn about ethnic and cultural groups embraces all that is transmitted about these groups, directly and indirectly, by all of the organs of information and communication. This universe of data may be indicated by several of its major formations.

In the political area, government from the international summit down to the

lowest local level exerts tremendous influence in this as in most other fields. The United Nations, of course, is the supreme supra-national authority in our Moreover, it does accept responsibility for improving symbolic relations between nations and peoples. one of the best examples of UN activity in this regard is the series of studies by UNESCO, entitled, The Race Question In Modern Science. These were pamphlets that were written by scholars on such topics as "Racial Myths," "Race and Psychology," "Race and . . . Culture, . . . History, . . . Society, . . . Biology" and "The Roots of Race Prejudice." These were all readable and authoritative little pieces that might have had a real impact had they been translated into the various languages and circulated extensively. Unhappily, the distribution was poor. This is also the case with the periodical The UNESCO Courier, a monthly that reaches the hands of the educated classes who reach for it.

It should be said, perhaps in passing, that we learn more about race relations from UN activity than from UN publications. Thousands of visitors and millions of TV viewers see the multi-colored and multi-cultured UN delegates in action. And to see Africans and Asians and Latin-Americans speaking and at times presiding over the various sessions tells its own story.

Unlike the UN, the government of the United States does not willingly assume direct responsibility for improving ethnic and cultural relations among its people. Although the Declaration of Independence proclaimed that all men are created equal, the original Constitution avoided the question completely. The Civil War amendments meant to guarantee "Negro rights" but the stipulation was so unclear that for decades the Fourteenth Amendment was more useful to big business than it was to the freedmen and their children.

The wider obligations of the Government more recently for employment and welfare and now for the culturally disadvantaged indicate a grudging realization that sooner or later our National Government will have to do what India and Soviet Russia have already done in their Constitutions — clearly outlaw discrimination and bias. The Supreme Court has led the way with its desegregation decrees. The Civil Rights Laws of 1957, '60, and '64 indicate that Congress will follow suit.

No doubt the most consistent and deliberate effort of the United States Government to influence attitudes on race relations is made through the USIA (United States Information Agency). Interestingly, this is one of the few Federal agencies that is under the direction of a Negro,** albeit one who is conservative enough to denounce both Malcolm X and W.E.B. Du Bois. The USIA in reality is an arm of our diplomatic service; its messages are beamed abroad. Its announced policy is to report, swiftly and accurately, developments in race relations but to emphasize the "positive elements" of each situation in order that our image to the world may remain as bright as possible. Negro achievement and the improvement of race relations are recurrent themes of the flood of newsstories, films and books that stream from our shores.

Other Government agencies, supplying the home market, seem not to have so affirmative a policy. There is a great deal of "neutralism" in government programs. Agency people say that they are under orders to avoid the charge that Washington is attempting to tell the citizens of the various states what to do. For example, in the "Publications of the Office of Education," 1963 edition, there is no category in the table of contents for race relations, human relations, minority peoples or anything similar. The listing is strictly according to the structures of the education systems. Any number of the printed items may be in fact helpful to inter-group relations but the reader gets little assistance from the Government in locating them as such. there are any number of manuals for those who ask for them. One of the best of these how-to-do pamphlets was done some years ago by the late Ambrose Caliver, who was at first a specialist on Negro Education in the U.S. Office of Education and was finally made assistant to the Commissioner. His little booklet on Education of Teachers For Improving Majority-Minority Relationships, Bulletin 1944, No. 2 was an excellent guide to books and other instructional materials.

As with the UN, it may well be that what the U.S. Government does with respect to desegregation may be indirectly more influential in shaping attitudes than what the Government does directly in image making. This is to say that the Supreme Court's decisions and the directives of the Federal Housing Authority against jim crow and the U.S. Office of Education's notice that Federal funds may be withheld from institutions that do not pledge themselves to a nonsegregation policy must have quite an effect upon public attitudes, especially of the people who are involved in the action areas of these agencies,

^{**} He resigned July 1, 1965.

Despite the improved record of the legislative branch of our National Government as indicated by the Civil Rights Laws and the "War on Poverty" measures, it is still possible for a member of Congress to stand up there and smear minority groups and their leaders with impunity. Incidentally, these tirades are seldom answered with equal thrust and spirit by fellow Congressmen, who classify themselves as liberals. However, in retrospect, the frequency and violence of these verbal assaults upon Negroes and other minorities in the House and Senate have markedly declined over the years.

Apparently, the move toward the "great society" will further develop the tendency for the Government to assume a bit more responsibility for improving the human relations of its people. This orientation, historically, was first noticeable in Teddy Roosevelt's "Square Deal," became more definite in Franklin Roosevelt's "New Deal," and was continued in Harry Truman's "Fair Deal" and John Kennedy's "New Frontier." This is a most important trend, for the cold fact is that the American Government has never thrown its full weight behind a program of integregating its diverse elements and eliminating inequality.

At the state level, there are more than a dozen anti-discrimination committees that deal with fair employment, housing and public service. Advertisments for workers or for the rental or purchase of dwellings fall under review by such bodies. This is thus a restraint on public references to race, religion or national origin. Even so, most states even when they are motivated to take affirmative action in the realm of inter-group relations, tend to deal with nonverbal behavior.

that is with public facilities, personnel and opportunities. This is, of course, following the lead of the National Government.

A dramatic example of municipal action in the realm of symbolic behavior is supplied by Philadelphia. Customarily, the Mummers New Year's day parade in that city included participants who blacked their faces. Negroes and their friends protested and won out over those who insisted that it was a personal right and privilege for anyone who wanted to do so to apply brunt cork to his face and walk down a public street.

Even in the deep South "colored" and "white" signs are less conspicuous than in the 1940s. Such symbols of racial separation have disappeared completely from trains, busses and street cars. Fresh paint has been applied in some places where the words "white only" or "white ladies" and "colored women" had been chiseled into the stone structures of public buildings. Like time-worn scars that cannot be completely erased, these are reminders of the old system that is no longer legal.

Moreover, in many places in the South today where the Negro vote is considerable, racial epithets are seldom heard. But in Alabama and Mississippi and perhaps Louisiana the campaigns for statewide as well as local officials still revolve around who is best qualified to keep the Negro in his place. Torrents of anti-Negro slander are poured forth at the political rallies, over radio and TV and in leaflets. All of the old bugaboos are resurrected and each politico glorifies himself as the most capable defender of "white virtue, civilization and rule." It must be noted, however, that the area

of such crude political behavior has now shrunk to a few states and local pockets.

"Goldwaterism" was out-and-out racism in the South; more subtly so in the North. Its crushing defeat in the '64 presidential campaign may have been the death blow to racism as a primary issue in nation-wide elections.

When Lyndon Johnson danced with Mrs. Hobart Taylor, an attractive Negro woman, at one of the inaugural balls last January, he performed what was possibly the most significant symbolic act of a President of the United States in the field of race relations since Teddy Roosevelt had Booker T. Washington for dinner in the White House. Johnson's deed was deliberate (unlike Roosevelt's). Moreover, it was done for the whole world to see and in the presence of friends from the South. This act not only placed the stamp of approval from the White House on "social equality," but was also notice that Lyndon Johnson no longer considered himself a "Southerner;" he meant to be "an American, president of all of the people!"

Schools also Teach Amity

Almost everyone (including Government officials) generally looks upon the improvement of race relations as the job of education. This is more a vague hope and faith than a program. Many scholars and educators shy away from this duty for they fear the charge of "indoctrination" and "involvement in partisan affairs." On many campuses, "race relations" is a controversial question.

Nevertheless, in this field our colleges and schools and their off-campus adjuncts have made many strides forward during the past two decades. At the highest level of scholarship, most of the national organizations of the sociologists, anthropologists, psychologists and even the biologists have passed resolutions and issued pronouncements that put them on the side of scientific truth and human understanding.

The Social Science Research Council boldly organized a committee on "techniques for reducing group hositility." It produced a notable booklet of some one hundred and fifty-three pages entitled, The Reduction of Inter-Group Tensions by Robin Williams. The sub-title of the modest volume is even more descriptive: "A Survey of Research on Problems of Ethnic, Racial and Religious Group Relations." This was a good critical summary. Any group that wanted a copy of the report could get it but the SSRC semed to have felt that with publication its job was completely done. There was no follow-up to insure wide distribution, even within intellectual and institutional circles.

Since the 1940s, the colleges have increased the number of their classes on inter-cultural relations. Thus, Dr. Caliver could only count 1478 courses of this type after he had examined the catalogs of some two hundred and sixtytwo institutions. The number now is more than double. Incidentally, Caliver did not include Jews, Catholics, Puerto Ricans and Appalachaian whites in his list of minorities. He did realize, however, that a reference to race or a minority in the title of a course was only one index to the studies that might be devoted to such subject areas.

Scholars have produced many more books on our subject and some of these are intended to give some guidance to the mass of printed materials available in libraries and book-stores. Thus, we have World Culture by Hannah Logasa. Her table of contents has sub-divisions such as: Civilization and Culture, Communication Media, Ideas, Man and Mankind, Nations — People. Similar publications are available on down the line for every grade level.

Most of the professional organizations of teachers and scholars have come forth with a guidebook for their clientel. This is especially true for teachers of English, History and Social Studies. For example, Children's Books To Enrich The Social Studies has chapters on "People Today" and "Living Together."

Perhaps the most important negative action with respect to our schools and colleges has been the widespread criticism of textbooks - mainly in the Social Sciences. Last year a group of American historians released a joint communique on the mistreatment of the Negro in American history. Again, under the leadership of Professor Walter Johnson of the University of Chicago, some two dozen American historians joined the civil rights march from Selma into Montgomery last March 25. This was a ritualistic confession of the guilt of American historians in glorifying the ideals of the Old South and the Confederacy. It was thus repentance and a plea for another chance for self-purging.

Today groups that are studying the content of school textbooks are more numerous than ever. Many of the civil rights organizations have included the throwing out of biased texts as part of their program of social action. Negro, Jewish and Catholic groups have been particularly active in this regard.

It is, of course, easier to ban a "bad" book than it is to write a "good" one. As yet, there is no general American History that has received approval of the various organized minorities nor is there an acceptable world history that gives balance of Asian and African cultures to "western civilization." All too often, each minority appears to be only interested in what the textbooks say or do not say about it. Perhaps a joint committee could agree on common elements and pick the books or the scholars to write the histories and social studies that would give a fair and accurate portrayal of reality.

As of now, outlines and supplementary syllabi are offered as correctives to the Thus, we have from standard texts. the Detroit public schools, The Struggle For Freedom and Ants; Basic Facts About The Negro in American History; from Washington, D. C.: The Negro In American History (a curriculum resource bulletin for secondary schools); and from New York City: The Negro In American His-(Curriculum Bulletin, 1964-65 series). Coppin State College in Baltimore, for example, has outlines for courses on (1) Modern Africa, (2) American Minorities, (3) The Negro in America and (4) Children's Literature (well integrated).

Most active in the fight for better textbooks are the NAACP, the Anti-Defamation League, various Catholic organizations and the Association for The Study of Negro Life and History and the National Conference of Christians and Jews.

The publishers, too, are responding to this pressure. Not only are we getting volumes of the type of Chase's Books To Build World Freindships (Oceana) and Sechrist's and Woolsey's It's Time For

Brotherhood (Macrae Smith) by small publishers but the big "houses" appear to be in a race to capture the new market. The great demand now is for readings (1) that will appeal to children who live in urban environments, including the poorer sections; and (2) that will include pictures and stories of minority peoples. America's largest publishing establishments are planning and pushing ahead rapidly but only one has seen the wisdom of appointing a Negro as editor-in-chief of its series (Charles Harris of Doubleday).

The modern school master is no longer content to rely upon books alone. has to have his tape recorder, his movie camera and projector, his radio and his The audio-visual aids to education for better human relations are becoming voluminous, There are guides and bibliographies and centers for films, film strips, slides, tapes and the rather expensive video tapes for classroom projectors. In the headlong rush to meet this new demand many blunders are For example one catalog: For Effective Creative Teaching Materials has on its first page an advertisment on meeting one's neighbors. These are life-like figures portraying (1) "a white family" and (2) "a Negro family." Does not this kind of designation make the pupil more conscious of differences? some of the films and recordings leave out the more aggressive elements of minority history and culture. Thus, a widely publicized disc on the history of the Negro in America, omitted completely the slave revolts as led by Gabriel Prosser, Denmark Vesey and Nat Turn-There is still a tendency to highlight the work of more conservative and less militant Negro leaders of the type of Booker T. Washington and George Washington Carver rather than Frederick Douglass, W.E.B. Du Bois and A. Philip Randolph.

Librarians, some labor unions and welfare organizations have joined with the schools and civil rights organizations in putting out guides to better relations between minority and majority groups. For years the New York public library has put out periodically an attractive annotated list of the "Best Books By and About Negroes". Mrs. Augusta Baker of that system has expanded one phase of this idea with her "Books About Negro Life For Children." Similarly, from the Chicago public library, Mrs Charlemae Rollins has issued and re-issued over the years, her book selections on the Negro and race relations. The American Library Association has printed guides of this sort for the whole profession.

The use of such listings has sharply declined in the South ever since the "Negro Revolution" began. Many Southern librarians on their own or because of objections from readers or parents or boards of control have stopped purchasing Negro books. There have been several sensational cases of Southern politicians and others who have objected to books that they thought suggested equalitarian race relations. Thus, Alabama had a big stir about a librarian who recommended a book written by Martin Luther King and in Florida there was quite a commotion about a children's book that told of a friendship between two rabbits, one black and the other white.

Another trend has been the surge of interest in Africa. This, of course, is a reflection on the rise of the new nations of the erstwhile "dark continent." Many

libraries of the North and West have responded to the requests of their readers for biographies, folktales, histories and current surveys on the "New Africa".

An odd development has followed the desegregation of public education in many of the border states. Prior to 1954, most all-Negro schools in this middle region as well as in the deep South, celebrated Negro History Week and felt that it was essential to give Negro children some appreciation of the achievements of "their" However, with the coming of people. desegregation, many of these programs have been abandoned. Some Negro school officials and community leaders immediately took the view that it would be wrong to continue such celebrations if the student body was mixed and above all, "since we were all now Americans." A decade of desegregation, however, has removed some illusions. On second thought, many persons now realize that all students (the whole community really) need to know about the struggles and achievements of the minority as well as majority groups, if we are ever to have mutual appreciation in an integrated society.

TELSTAR AND EARLY BIRD

Although the school is our principal institution for the systematic transmission of the culture, it is scarcely as important today as it once was in molding social attitudes. This leading role has been taken over by the media of mass communication. Perhaps the single greatest influence is television. We recall that twenty years ago it did not exist and, of course, was not even mentioned in our survey of 1944.

As has been suggested, the Negro Revolution has been, for the most part, a TV

story. And for many of our children as well as adults this is also true for the UN and the doings of our Presidents.

Television started out with the inherited racial patterns of radio and the movies. In the beginning, it was, like them, strictly jim crow where it was inconvenient to be exclusively lily-white. In the early days, the Negro on TV — if at all — was the familiar stereotype.

But part of the race relations rebellion is symbolic — revolt against supression and exclusion not only in life but in the culture; in the images, news and opinions that are transmitted across the nation and the world. CORE, creatively, once stationed TV sets on street corners in Harlem and stood by with stop watches to demonstrate to passers-by that Negro faces seldom appeared and that when they did, they were most often in an unfavorable light.

The public pressures upon the television industry have brought about many progressive changes. So much so that currently whenever a personality or an interviewee makes a slip and uses a derogatory term for a minority, the station knows that its switchboard will be jammed with protests. Accordingly, "live" TV has been cleansed of epithets, slurs and slanders. Exceptions, of course, must be made for local programs of the deep South.

The "canned" or film shows do not come out so well. A large share of viewing time is given over to old movies on the "late" and "sunrise" TV. One can see re-runs of all those ancient melodramas that featured Stepin Fetchit, Hattie McDaniels, Louise Beavers, "Bojangles" and other minstrel actors and actresses. Perhaps a campaign against

these stereotyped-studded portrayals could clear them from the air.

Positively, some of the networks have engaged consultants who would know the do's and dont's to minority characterization and presentation. George Norford is possibly the best known of these advisors. He feels that he has had noticeable success with script writers, producers and high network officials. However, his second and related assignment had been to get employment for Negroes and other minority workers at all levels of production and operation in the industry. In this he has had few concrete gains of which to boast but believes that most of the "chains" are open-minded.

Television, thus, is far ahead of most of the media of public information in fairness and in willingness to let the minority groups speak for themselves. Still, it has a long way to go. Negro heroes on television are yet few and severely circumscribed. And the great taboo of all the performing arts is still the Negro romancer. Male and female Negro lovers are seen more often than mixed couples but here and there, now and then, the viewer will encounter such. Perhaps it is too much to expect a "happy ending" for their screen stories.

At times, the live entertainers themselves betray great self-consciousness before cameras. It is customary for many of the MC's to hug and/or kiss the female stars who appear on their program. This is a sort of salutation or farewell for a splendid performance. But when the star is female and Negro and the MC is male and white, they usually shake or hold hands. After all, TV is a business and the American listening and viewing au-

dience is not entirely composed of Northern liberals.

As a matter of fact, protests do come from the South. Some stations in Dixie reject network offerings that are felt to be too "strong" on race mixing. Herman Talmadge used to object loudly when he was Governor of Georgia but since he has become Senator and spends much of his time in Washington, we have not heard much from him on this score.

AVANT GARDE

It would be improper, perhaps, to conclude this survey without a word as to the view of creative writers and artists. This was eloquently and at times ferociously expressed at a conference, held in New York City April 23-25, that was entitled, "The Negro Writer's Vision of America." One comment that was often heard at the sessions was that Negroes today - especially the younger ones are completely indifferent to what white people may think about them. As one writer puts it: "Black folk used to go around in 'white America,' asking themselves, 'Who am I?' Now, instead, they look their white fellow citizens in the eye and insist that the question is no longer Who am I?' but 'Who the hell are you?" Another artist said: "Somebody is always urging us to get into the main stream of American life. First, I want to know if the main stream is worth getting into."

Thus, as the minorities become more sophisticated about the realities of desegregation — its limitations as well as its advantages — they may be becoming less fascinated by "white standards." In dress, language, food as well as in music, art and literature, Negroes appear to be insisting more and more upon their

"Negroness" — at least this seems to be the tendency in artistic and intellectual circles. This may be the American version of what the Africans term "Negritude" or "the liberation of the African personality."

It is, of course, a sign of social health in a democracy when its minorities feel sufficiently secure psychologically that they can ignore whatever may be said about them in the main channels of communication. The detection and rejection of propaganda is an essential part of learning about race — and much else. The ultimate goal for the minorities as for individuals is not only a favorable image but a favorable self-image as well.

THE NEGRO

IN

AMERICAN HISTORY TEXTBOOKS

A Report of a Study of the Treatment of Negroes in American History Textbooks Used in Grades Five and Eight and in the High Schools of California's Public Schools

CALIFORNIA STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Max Rafferty, Superintendent of Public Instruction
Sacramento June, 1964

THE NEGRO

AMERICAN HISTORY TEXTBOOKS

Prepared by a Panel of Historians from the University of California

Kenneth M. Stampp, Chairman

MEMBERS

Winthrop D. Jordan Lawrence W. Levine Robert L. Middlekauff George G. Sellers George W. Stocking, Jr.

FOREWORD

In late 1963, the Berkeley chapter of the Congress of Racial Equality became interested in the treatment accorded the Negro in the American history textbooks used in California public schools. A panel of historians, all members of the staff of the University of California, Berkeley, was organized to make an analysis of the books. To make its study, the panel selected the American history textbooks adopted for use in grades five and eight of California public schools and two of the textbooks used in the public high schools of the state.

The panel then made an objective analysis of these textbooks to determine the treatment accorded American Negroes, and the results of this analysis were presented in a report entitled "The Negro in American History Textbooks." On March 12, 1964, Professor Kenneth M. Stampp, Chairman of the panel, presented copies to the State Board of Education and discussed the report with the Board.

The State Board of Education, impressed with the work of the panel, directed the Department of Education to provide copies of the report to textbook publishers, the California Curriculum Commission, California schools, and others especially interested in the information.

Superintendent of Public Instruction

CONTENTS

Foreword	iii
Introduction	1
Trail Blazers of American History	7
The Story of American FreedomGeorge W. Stocking, Jr.	9
America Is My Country: The Heritage	
of a Free PeopleKenneth M. Stampp	13
The Growth of AmericaLawrence W. Levine	16
Story of the American NationWinthrop D. Jordan	19
The Story of American Democracy	21
Story of AmericaRobert L. Middlekauff	23

INTRODUCTION

A panel of six American historians, members of the History Department of the University of California, Berkeley, have been asked to review the American history textbooks that are most widely used in California from the standpoint of their treatment of Negroes. Attached are individual reports on the two state-adopted textbooks used in grade five, the three state-adopted textbooks used in grade eight, and the two high school textbooks reported to be most widely used in the state. These reports disclose an unhealthy condition in California education.

We are concerned first of all as historians that the history taught in our schools should accurately reflect the best findings of current scholarship. Professional scholars are aware that historical "truth" is an elusive quality. Well into the twentieth century professional scholars themselves were affected by the emotional aftermath of the Civil War, and there was a "Northern" and a "Southern" interpretation of such sensitive matters as slavery and Reconstruction. In the late nineteenthcentury mood of national reconciliation, based on a widespread assumption of racial superiority among whites in both North and South, the "Southern" view tended to prevail; and the deference of textbook publishers to the special sensitivities of the Southern market has caused it to continue by and large to prevail in textbooks until this day. Meanwhile several generations of scholars, freer of sectional emotions and racist assumptions, through their researchers and writings developed a substantially different understanding of many of these matters. Most of the textbooks we have examined reflect views on racial and sectional themes that have been rejected or drastically modified by the best of current historical scholarship.

We are additionally concerned as citizens because these historical distortions help perpetuate and intensify the pattern of racial discrimination which is one of our society's most serious problems. We are concerned not only because much of the material in these books is bad history, but additionally because it is a kind of bad history that reinforces notions among whites of their superiority and among Negroes of their inferiority.

Admittedly there is a danger in assessing historical writing in terms of its social consequences. A laudable desire to combat racism, and especially to bolster self-respect among Negro students, might result in exaggerating Negro contributions and the heroic qualities of Negro figures. In our view this would be an equal distortion of historical truth, and in the long run would fail to have the desired social effects.

We do feel, however, that the seriousness of the problem of racism underscores the textbook author's responsibility to portray the Negro's role in American life fully, accurately, and without either sentimentality or condescension. There should be a conscious effort to portray out-

standing Negro figures selected by the same criterion of historical significance applied to non-Negro figures. Even those textbooks that now make some effort in this direction tend to single out men like Booker T. Washington and the minor scientist George Washington Carver, whose attitudes about race relations are least disturbing to conservative whites. Equally or more worthy of inclusion by the standard of historical relevance are men like Denmark Vesey, Nat Turner, Frederick Douglass, W. E. B. DuBois, and the Reverend Martin Luther King.

Always and everywhere our children should be told the truth, and the whole truth, as near as the best current scholarship can bring us to this elusive quality. This means, among other things, not obscuring the harsher aspects of the truth—the fact that Negroes entered American society as slaves, the brutalities of slavery, the racism of the Reconstruction and post-Reconstruction era, and the continuing depth and harshness of the problem of segregation and discrimination.

In the light of these general principles, the greatest defect in the textbooks we have examined is the virtual omission of the Negro. As several of the individual reports point out, the Negro does not "exist" in the books. The authors of the books must know that there are Negroes in America, and have been since 1619, but they evidently do not care to mention them too frequently. In one book there is no account of slavery in the colonial period; in a second, there is not a single word about Negroes after the Civil War; in a third (composed of documents and substantive chapters), the narrative does not mention Negroes in any connection.

As Ralph Ellison's novel, *Invisible Man*, demonstrates, whites frequently do not "see" Negroes. But Negroes are Americans; their history is part of American history. They need to be "seen" in textbooks. The space given Negro history will, of course, depend in part on the nature of the textbook, and minimum standards of coverage are proposed later in this report. What is especially important is that the discussions of Negroes appear as an integral part of the book. Perfunctory or casual treatment may imply that Negroes are not part of America.

Important aspects of Negro experience, of course, depart from that of many other groups in America. Negroes were not just another immigrant group; no other group could be so readily identified by its color, no other group was so systematically enslaved, and no other group has been subjected to as persistent and virulent discrimination. From the seventeenth century to our own day, Negro life has been filled with violence.

These facts highlight another failing of these textbooks that is almost as distressing as the invisibility of Negroes in them. All the texts play down or ignore the long history of violence between Negroes and whites, suggesting in different ways that racial contacts have been distinguished by a progressive harmony. The tone of a textbook is almost as important as anything it has to say. In their blandness and amoral optimism, these books implicitly deny the obvious deprivations suffered by Negroes. In several places they go further, implying approval for

the repression of Negroes or patronizing them as being unqualified for life in a free society.

We should now like to suggest in some detail the substantive and interpretive elements relating to Negroes that should be included in textbooks covering the whole period of American history. These suggestions do not reflect any effort to give a special emphasis for the purpose of present-day social effects, but only what is necessary for portraying accurately the Negro's role as understood by current scholarship. We regard the suggested content as an indispensable minimum at the junior high level. Some compression would doubtless be necessary at the elementary level, while high school treatment should be expanded beyond our suggested content.

Early in the seventeenth century Negroes were brought by force from Africa to the English colonies, and over the next 50 years whites in the colonies reduced them to a slavery that was inherited and perpetual. The Negro incurred debasement because he was different, particularly because he was "heathen," black, and helpless. Other colonials entered types of servitude, but their arrangements were usually contractual, their rights were protected by the state, their physical and moral treatment was much better, and their status was temporary. Not even the American Indian, whose exploitation began in the seventeenth century, was reduced to slavery on a substantial scale. Textbooks should tell this story from its African beginnings, through the slave trade, to the enslavement of the Negro.

As the history of the origin of Negro slavery is important, so also is an understanding of slavery as a mature institution in the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Students should know that it existed in the North until after the Revolution. Textbooks should supply the most important statistics; for example, that in 1860 there were four million slaves in the United States, virtually all located in the South. Although a majority of Southern whites held no slaves, one out of every two persons in the South's fourteen million people was either a slave or a member of a slaveholding family.

There should be a full account of the life of the slave, starting from the fact that he was an article of property held for the profit that could be gained from his labor. Recent scholarship has shown that slaves labored in Southern factories as well as fields. They were often overworked, and customarily housed, clothed, and fed at only a subsistence level. As a result the slave was often ill, and his life expectancy was shorter than that of the whites around him. His master could punish or sell him at will, and could even kill him with near impunity, since slaves were not allowed to testify against white men. The informal character of slave marriages made for an unstable family life; and the whole pattern of debasement under slavery inflicted psychological and sociological scars from which Negroes still suffer.

Understandably the slave resented, even hated, his condition, though he usually disguised his real feelings by subservient behavior designed to protect him from the master's power. Students should be told that slaves often ran away, committed sabotage, and plotted revolts, and on one occasion a slave, Nat Turner, led a bloody general insurrection against the masters.

Slavery's moral and social evil did not go unremarked in the colonial period. The Quakers, for example, insisted that slavery violated both human dignity and divine law. Not until the Revolution, however, did most Americans become sensitive to the discrepancy between slavery and their professed ideals as embodied in the Declaration of Independence. All the states north of Delaware put the institution on the road to extinction, slavery was banned from the Old Northwest, and the Constitutional Convention opened the way for abolition of the slave trade after 1808. Even in the upper South, where the tobacco economy was languishing, liberal leaders hoped that the gradual operation of economic forces would eventually permit the abolition of slavery. Instead, the developing cotton market revived plantation agriculture. Slaves proved so productive in Southern cotton fields that slaveowners shut their ears to any criticism of the institution until the Civil War brought its demise.

Meanwhile antislavery sentiment was growing in the North. Even here racist assumptions caused free Negroes to be segregated and discriminated against, but after 1830 a vocal abolitionist movement had increasing effect. The efforts of the abolitionists, who included a substantial body of Northern free Negroes, deserve serious and sympathetic exposition in textbooks. They are often derided for their occasional extravagance and for their internal disagreements, yet the fact is that they performed an immense service in educating Americans to the moral evils of slavery.

Abolitionists are frequently blamed for the Civil War by people who also insist that slavery had nothing to do with the coming of the war, that indeed the South fought to preserve state rights. Most scholars to-day agree, however, that slavery, and especially the issue of extending slavery into the territories, was fundamental. Certainly a careful appraisal of the slavery issue in national politics should be included in any textbook covering this period.

When the Civil War came, some 200,000 Negroes participated in the fighting that resulted in their formal emancipation. Following the war they also took an important part in the struggle over Southern Reconstruction, which determined whether their emancipation was to be nominal or full. Reconstruction is a controversial issue in American history. The best scholarship today portrays sympathetically the radical Republicans in Congress, who opposed Lincoln's and later Johnson's plans for bringing the Southern states back into the Union as quickly and painlessly as possible under conservative white leadership. The radicals, this scholarship holds, operated from mixed motives: to be sure they were interested in maintaining their political advantage, but they also wished to reform the structure of Southern life. They especially wanted to help the Negro make himself a full partner in a free society.

It is in treating the Reconstruction state governments in the South that the older scholarship is most distorted by racist assumptions and most pernicious in its present-day effects. Modern scholarship overwhelmingly rejects the myth of Reconstruction as a saturnalia of misgovernment and corruption by ignorant and/or venal carpetbaggers, Negroes, and scalawags. Though the Reconstruction regimes had their quota of corruption, as did most other American governmental units in this period, the student needs to know that the radical Republican experiment for a time made progress toward a healthy reconstruction of Southern society, that many Negroes served ably in the Reconstruction governments, and that the Reconstruction governments had many constructive accomplishments, particularly the extension of the public school system, and the protection of equal civil and political rights of all.

The experiment in Reconstruction failed after a few years, owing to a growing Northern indifference which permitted conservative Southern whites to regain control by violence through such agencies as the Ku Klux Klan. Soon Negroes had been reduced to a kind of unofficial slavery. The vote was taken from them, first by trickery and intimidation and later by amendments to the state constitutions. Denied economic opportunity, many were exploited as sharecroppers, and others in menial jobs. By the end of the century, they were born and reared in segregated communities, and they lived and died in a state of inequality, isolated from the mainstream of American life. Southern state laws and a disastrous Supreme Court decision, *Plessy vs. Ferguson* (1896), helped encase them in segregation.

Segregation and violence continued to characterize race relations in the South during the first half of the twentieth century. The hundreds of lynchings which used to occur annually have almost disappeared, but bombings, burnings, and shootings have increased. A more important change has been the movement of millions of Negroes to the cities and to the North. Here repression has been somewhat more subtle but only somewhat less damaging. Employers and unions relegate most Negroes to menial jobs. They are segregated into ghettoes where they pay high rents for slum housing. Segregated housing means in turn segregated and inferior schools.

The other side of the story is the increasingly vigorous effort, especially by Negroes themselves, to change the situation. The growing Negro vote in crucial Northern cities and the cold-war campaign to win the support of the uncommitted nations of the world has made the federal government more responsive to the plight of Negroes. Prodded by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), the federal courts began to declare in the 1930s and 1940s against racial discrimination in voting, jury service, and educational opportunities. This movement culminated in the Brown decision of 1954 (Brown vs. Board of Education of Topeka) outlawing racial segregation in the public schools. Meanwhile the executive branch of the federal government had begun to move against segregation and

discrimination in the armed forces and in civil service employment. Some state legislatures acted against discrimination in housing and employment, and Congress took its first cautious steps since Reconstruction to advance civil rights.

In the years since the Brown decision, a civil rights mass movement has taken shape among Negroes, utilizing the tactics of nonviolent direct action to demand immediate and full equality in all areas. The Reverend Martin Luther King led Negroes of Montgomery, Alabama, in a year-long boycott of the city's segregated bus system. Negro college students launched "sit-in's" throughout the South in a movement that ended segregation at lunch counters and other public facilities in hundreds of Southern communities. "Freedom riders" gave effect to court decisions outlawing segregaton in transportation facilities. By 1963 mass demonstrations for equality in public facilities, jobs, education, and housing had spread from the South to many Northern cities, and over 200,000 people joined a "March on Washington" in support of former President John F. Kennedy's proposal that Congress pass a substantial civil rights bill. These efforts were pursued in the face of mob violence, the arrests of thousands of demonstrators, the assassination of an NAACP leader in Mississippi, and the death of four Negro girls in the bombing of a Birmingham church.

This civil rights revolution seems to us to be one of the major historical events of the mid-twentieth century and to demand full treatment in any American history textbook. The gains that have been made should be described realistically and not as an ode to the inevitable justice and progress of the democratic system. It should be made clear that the outcome of the civil rights struggle is still in doubt and that the inequalities are so great as to defy quick remedy by even the most vigorous effort.

In the midst of this civil rights revolution, historians and educators have a clear responsibility, at the very least, to see to it that the role of Negroes in American life is taught fully and accurately. We have tried to indicate what a minimally full and accurate textbook account should be. Surely the state of California can no longer tolerate textbooks that fall far short of this minimal standard.

Trail Blazers of American History 1

By Charles G. Sellers²

This book is a series of biographical stories about 25 outstanding Americans, arranged topically and chronologically so as to provide a general account of American history. The authors have made a special effort to include minority groups, devoting one of their stories to George Washington Carver and making clear the moral basis of the opposition to slavery. Yet even this well-intended effort leaves a great deal to be desired.

The basic problem is that Negroes are completely invisible except in the Carver story and in the section on the Civil War, where the existence of slavery could hardly be ignored. The unit on colonization has a story on John Smith and the founding of Virginia, which might well have discussed the introduction of slavery. But instead, readers of this book get the impression that the settlers of colonial America were entirely from Europe. As far along as page 91 in the introduction to the unit on the Revolution, the following language is used: "You have learned how it happened that Europeans came to live in America At first the colonists thought of themselves as Englishmen, not Americans." This unit discusses Washington's boyhood on a plantation (he "lived on a large farm called a plantation," page 116) and his later management of Mount Vernon without any reference to the presence of slaves.

In fact Negroes or slaves are not mentioned at all in the book until page 187, where Lincoln encounters slavery on his trip to New Orleans. This is in a unit on the Civil War consisting of stories about Lincoln and Lee. This unit emphasizes that both Lincoln and Lee opposed slavery, implies that Southerners maintained the institution because they "depended upon slaves to do the work" on their cotton plantations, and even suggests the worst aspects of slavery by reporting that in New Orleans young Lincoln "saw Negroes chained together." This section continues (page 187): "Abe was a kind-hearted young man. It made him feel sad to see the slaves. 'I do not believe in slavery,' he thought. 'It must be hard to be a slave, even if your owner is kind. It would be terrible not to be free.'" (The suggestion that owners were usually kind is made again when Lee is reported as saying to his wife (page 202), "They are our slaves, and we take good care of them.

¹Miriam E. Mason and William H. Cartwright, Trail Blazers of American History. Boston: Ginn and Co., 1961. This is a supplementary textbook for grade five.
²Professor Sellers has written numerous articles for scholarly journals, is the author of a biography of James Knox Polk, and has edited The Southerner as American, a collection of essays. He is a member of the Executive Committee of the Mississippi Valley Historical Association, a professional society of American historians, and of the Board of Editors of the Journal of Southern History. Mr. Sellers has been a Professor at Princeton University and a Fellow of the Center for Advanced Study in the Behavioral Sciences, Stanford. He is now on leave from the University of California as a Guggenheim Fellow.

But if anything should happen to me, I would like to have our slaves set free.")

Yet even the Civil War section suffers from the book's persistent dodging of conflict and controversy, its unflagging commitment to a thesis of harmonious progress. The unit on the Civil War is introduced by the following statement (page 183): "As our country grew, people in different parts of it came to have different ways of thinking about some of their problems. These differences led to quarrels and finally to another terrible war. This was called the War between the States. But when the war was over, men and women in all parts of the country worked together again to make America great and strong." (Cf. page 192, "This was is now known as the War between the States or the Civil War.")

It should be no surprise then that the Negro drops completely from view with the Emancipation Proclamation, not to reappear at all except in the Carver story. Here again the ugly realities of race relations are completely obscured. It is explained several times that Carver had great difficulty finding a school he could go to and a college he could go to, but there is no explanation of why he had difficulty. Tuskegee is described (page 251) as "a college in Alabama especially for Negro students," with no further explanation. The only general statement about the conditions of life for Negroes is a statement imputed to Carver (page 251): "Many people of my race are poor. They have little to eat." The only statement suggesting a "race problem" is quoted from a citation in praise of Carver (page 253): "You have done much for the white people as well as for the Negroes,' he was told. 'You are a bridge between the two races.'"

While recognizing the authors' praiseworthy effort to include an outstanding Negro, I question whether Carver is the most appropriate figure to use. Carver deserves to be held up for emulation on account of his moral qualities, but the contention that his scientific work was distinguished or had any substantial effect on Southern agriculture is by and large a sentimental myth. Moreover both his Tuskegee connection and the story line of his life are implicit arguments for Booker T. Washington's questionable philosophy of race salvation through humility and hard work.

The basic fault of this book, as of many others, is its effort to purvey a sweetness-and-light picture of American history that is both false and vicious in its effects. Children, both black and white, need to know that through the institution of slavery Negroes were a major element in American life from the very beginning. They need to know what slavery was like before the Civil War and what it has been like to live under the "new peculiar institution" of segregation and discrimination since the Civil War. They need to know that Negroes, despite the handicaps imposed upon them, produced leaders who fought for justice and equality. For the purposes of this book a figure like Frederick Douglass would have been much more representative of what has been best and most important in American Negro life.

The Story of American Freedom ¹

By George W. Stocking, Jr.²

Since my comments will serve only as partial basis for a later integrated report, it seemed appropriate to offer them in unintegrated topical form.

Despite the suggestion on page 229 that slavery was "a way of life." it is in fact treated in narrow, sterile, and naively economic terms as a labor system pure and simple. Witness the definition on page 161: "Such a system of securing workers through ownership is called slavery." The major account of its development (pages 229-30) is couched in a similar framework: "A new country needs workers. . . . [The English] met this need in two ways. . . . [Although the first Negroes were bound servants, slavery later became common. . . . Slavery increased in the South, where it met a need for workers . . . [on] large plantations where only one crop was grown. . . . [The cotton gin increased the need for workers, which] brought an increase in slavery." The information offered as to its extent is at best misleading. The statement that it was "accepted in the South" is supplemented by the fact that many Southerners did not own slaves and that there were 18,000 free Negroes in New Orleans alone. Since this is the only numerical statement having to do with slavery in the whole book, one cannot help wondering if it was not intended to minimize the magnitude of the problem. As to the character of the slave system as "a way of life," we are given no more than incidental clues. On page 149 we are told that Negro women and children rode in wagons to Mississippi while the slave men walked; on page 165, that Negro slaves sometimes ran away to Florida; on page 230, that slaves "often ran away." But there is no inkling of the reasons why they might have run away, no mention of the slave trade, of the problems of discipline and order, no indication that Negro resistance to slavery ever took any other form than individual escape, no suggestion of the social or psychological meaning of slavery either for the Negro or the Southern white beyond the idea that the difference in labor systems was at the root of sectional conflict.

Abolition, Civil War, and Reconstruction

One feels that this book treads a very narrow course between a dominant traditional concern for Southern prejudices and a dawning con-

¹ Edna McGuire, The Story of American Freedom. New York: The Macmillan Co., 1961. This is a basic textbook for grade five.

² Professor Stocking, a student of American social and cultural history, is a Fellow of the American Anthropological Association. He has written articles on the ideas of race and culture, and presently holds a fellowship from the American Council of Learned Societies to complete a book on Race and Culture in American Social Science, 1800, 1015

Science, 1890-1915.

sciousness of the commercial significance of Negro-liberal sensitivities. If there is no attempt to justify slavery in other than economic terms, no repetition of the customary suggestion that Negroes worked better in the sun, neither is there any adequate indication of the moral implications of slavery. True, at one point it is suggested that "many people thought that slavery was wrong" (page 230), but we are given no clue why. And far from indicating that opposition to slavery expressed the moral spirit of our modern democratic-industrial culture, the book suggests in effect that the Northern opponents of slavery were irresponsible trouble-makers whose views had no relation to the irresistible moral currents of their time: "Many people thought that slavery was right. But certain other people thought that slavery was very wrong" (page 220). "Some Northerners [by attacking it] . . . stirred up differences between the American people" (page 230). Indeed, the only person who would seem to be permitted a legitimate and intense moral opposition to slavery is R. E. Lee, who, for reasons unknown, "hated slavery" and freed his own slaves (page 240).

A similar excessive concern for Southern feelings is evident in regard to the war which began in 1861: "It is called the War Between the States. It is often [but not in this book] called the Civil War" (page 229). This, of course, exactly reverses the priorities of actual historical and even popular usage. The distortion is minor, but nonetheless indicative. As to the war itself, my main observation would be that there is no mention whatsoever of the considerable Negro participation in the Union armies.

The rather confusing one-page discussion of Reconstruction and after (page 244) perpetuates a number of traditional anti-Radical views: the men "who wanted to punish the South" passed laws "neither wise nor generous" and "several years of confusion followed." There is no mention of Black Code or Ku Klux Klan. Both the public school system and the breakup of the plantation system are by implication incorrectly attributed to the Redeemers. The New South is created in a phrase, the post-Reconstruction fate of Negroes disposed of with the laconic suggestion that they "learned to take care of themselves."

The Negro in Modern America

Once slavery is disposed of on page 244, the treatment of the Negro changes radically. He disappears completely as the focus of a moral or social problem. There is no mention of the Jim Crow system, of the school segregation cases, or of the modern Negro movement for equality, though the book (published in 1961) carries right on up through Khrushchev to Castro. On the other hand, it is only after the Civil War and the abolition of slavery that Negroes emerge as distinguishable human individuals. Even so, only three Negroes are actually named in the whole book: Percy Julian and G. W. Carver, who receive brief biographies, and B. T. Washington, who is mentioned in the second of these as the founder of Tuskegee. But if Julian and Carver are "sympathetic" characters touched by the heroic aura surrounding all

scientists in our society, their biographies are virtually devoid of specifically racial significance. And whether by chance or design, these two are juxtaposed in separation from the biographies of white scientists (pages 298-300).

Beyond the Text Itself

In this lavishly illustrated book, there is only one picture (of the Tuskegee laboratory, page 300) which contains people who are obviously Negro. There is also on page 345 a small picture entitled "Negroes permitted to vote by Constitutional amendment-1870" in which two of the white-skinned figures might be identified as Negro by their costume and slightly Negroid characteristics. But beyond this, the Negro is invisible, even in the scene of life on a tobacco plantation (page 93). In the numerous exercises at the ends of chapters and sections, I was able to find less than a handful of questions or activities which related to the Negro. On page 165, "slavery" is one of a list of words to master-but one looks in vain for the words "segregation," "discrimination," or "integration," though they are no more difficult than many others in the book. Aside from a general "How did each event pictured help democracy grow?" under the aforementioned picture on page 345, the only "questions for thought" having to do remotely with the Negro is one on page 245: "Why did slavery grow in the South and die out in the North?" In the context provided, this question can only help to reinforce a generally amoral approach to slavery and its consequences. In the section, "Making History Live," the only suggestion relating to the Negro is one on page 279 that students learn to sing some of the "beautiful songs called spirituals" which "the Negroes have given us" (consider the implication of the phrasing). Among the many books suggested for those who like to read, there is not one whose title indicates any relation to the Negro, unless it be Carl Sandburg's Abe Lincoln Grows Up.

Internal Evidence of Possible Alternative Approaches

When I read the unelaborated suggestion on page 175 that their "neighbors objected to certain" Mormon beliefs, it occurred to me that much of the treatment of the Negro might be explained simply as product of a general desire to avoid any potential controversy. But in this text, at least, this is not the case. The section between pages 305 and 316, "Life in Modern America," is in effect a discussion of a series of social issues in industrial America. If the treatment is insipid, the issues are nevertheless posed in normative terms (e.g., immigrants lived in "crowded, dark houses" and were sometimes "forced to work for very low pay," page 307). If most of the problems are now safely in the past of historical consensus, some of them are still matters of current debate: e.g., that of adequate schools for America's growing population. It certainly would have been possible to include in this chapter, perhaps under the section "Saving America's Human Wealth," some treatment of the problems of integration.

Other alternatives are suggested by the treatment of the American Indian (see especially pages 253-57). An attempt is made here to present the Indian in both cultural and moral terms. "To understand the Indians on the last frontier, you need to know something of early Indians''—and we are given a picture of the variety of Indian cultural forms. There is some suggestion of the history of violence and doubledealing which reduced the Indian to reservation life, and even a discussion of present social problems in this historical context: "Some Indian tribes have a difficult time today. They cannot make a living on their land. Their people have not had the training or help to make it possible for them to earn the things they need." The justice of the Indian resistance to the white advance is explicitly posed as a "questions for thought." Students are elsewhere urged to choose among individual Indian chiefs as subjects for library research and class report (page 279). While the role of the Negro and the Indian in American history and their positions in modern life are in many respects quite different, the utility of analogous approaches would seem obvious, both in more accurately portraying the Negro's historical role and in giving to both Negro and white children the sense of respect for self and fellow citizen which underlies the creation of a broader national identity.

America Is My Country: The Heritage of a Free People ¹

By Kenneth M. Stampp ²

About half of the book is devoted to teaching children how "We Americans Honor the Symbols of Our Democracy" (the flag, the American eagle, the Statue of Liberty, etc.); which are "The Patriotic Landmarks and Monuments Every American Should Know" (Washington Monument, Lincoln Memorial, Mount Vernon, etc.); which are the best-known "Patriotic Poems and Songs for Americans" ("Old Ironsides," "I Am an American," etc.); and which are "The Patriotic Holidays that Americans Celebrate."

The substantive chapters are the following:

- 1. What It Means to Be an American
- 3. Our Documents of Freedom
- 4. Uncle Sam's Government in Washington
- 5. Washington, Capital of Our Nation
- 7. Great Americans Express the Spirit of Our Nation
- 10. Good Americans Make Democracy Work

How the Negro fares in these six chapters is easily described: he doesn't exist—he is never mentioned. He doesn't appear in the index; and, although the book is profusely illustrated, he does not appear in any of the photographs. The explanation for this is not white chauvinism but timidity—the desire not to offend anyone. Since this book was first published in 1955, it was still possible not to be too concerned about offending Negroes.

Actually, the book exudes a vague sort of good will toward all men. On page 3 there is this statement: "We Americans are different in a very important way from the people of most countries. . . [Unlike other countries] we Americans do not come from one national stock. We are descended from people of many nationalities—English, Scotch, Irish, German, Scandinavian, Italian, Polish, Russian, and so on. . . . We believe that our country is stronger and richer and more vigorous because our people come from many lands." The omission of Negroes, Asians, and Indians in this statement is an example of the timidity characteristic of this book.

¹ Harriett M. Brown and Joseph F. Guadagnolo, America Is My Country: The Heritage of a Free People. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Co., 1961. This is a supplementary textbook for grade eight.

^{*}Professor Stampp, chairman of the panel, teaches history of the Civil War and Reconstruction at the University of California and is the author of The Peculiar Institution, the definitive work on slavery in the United States. He is on the Executive Committee of the Pacific Coast Branch of the American Historical Association. Formerly Mr. Stampp taught in the South, served on the Executive Committee of the Mississippi Valley Historical Association, and was a Guggenheim Fellow. He was also Harmsworth Professor of American History at Oxford University and Commonwealth Fund Lecturer at the University of London.

On pages 7 and 8 is this statement about equality: "Under our Constitution and our laws all citizens have equal rights. . . . It makes no difference what a man does for a living, to what race or religion he belongs, or how much money he has—he is the equal of any other citizen in the eyes of the law. . . . We Americans believe that everyone should have an opportunity to get an education and a job, and the chance to make a decent life for himself and his family. We have done a great deal to make these things possible for all Americans. Although some of our people still do not enjoy equal opportunities, we are working toward our ideal of 'liberty and justice for all.'" Again, timidity accounts for the vagueness of this statement.

In Chapter 3, which deals with "Our Documents of Freedom," one statement (page 55) concerning "What Should We Know About Our Constitution" declares: "We should know that no American can be refused the right to vote because of race, religion, or color." This, of course, is a vague and inaccurate reference to the Fifteenth Amendment. The following "documents of freedom" are completely ignored: Thirteenth Amendment; Fourteenth Amendment; Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation; the Supreme Court decision of 1954 (Brown vs. Board of Education, Topeka).

Chapter 7, "Great Americans Express the Spirit of Our Nation," is a medley of well-known quotations from Lincoln, Webster, Washington, Patrick Henry, etc. A portion of Lincoln's second inaugural address is included, with the passage referring to slavery omitted. Indeed, there is no quotation with any reference to slavery, to emancipation, or to the post-Civil War struggle for civil rights.

Chapter 10, "Good Americans Make Democracy Work," devotes more space to how to fight Communism than to any other topic. One might expect at least a brief discussion of the problem of race relations in this chapter, but the authors ignore the problem. On page 207 they make this astonishing statement: "Today almost all men and women over twenty-one have the right to vote, regardless of their race or their color or whether they are property owners." But elsewhere in this chapter there are additional vague statements which are good in themselves but are not related to anything specific. On page 208: "We believe that every person deserves respect as a human being, no matter who he is. We believe in fair play and in justice for all." On page 209: "Respect for the rights of others is part of our way of life in our democracy."

On page 218: "We must remember that it is not possible for any government to be perfect. Government officials are human beings, and all humans make errors. Citizens may also criticize our democracy because there are still Americans who are not given equal rights in the community where they live. . . ."

At the very end of the book are two relatively bold statements, if still somewhat vague:

Page 220: "We are a land of many races and nationalities, and we are proud that this is so. This is the wonderful and different thing

about America. . . . There is no room in our way of life for racial prejudice. We are all Americans, living and working together in this great democracy of ours."

Page 222: Part of "A Pledge for Americans": "I will judge a person by what he is, not by his race or religion. I will not let prejudice affect my ideas of justice and fair play."

The Growth of America 1

By Lawrence W. Levine²

The first mention of Negroes in this book is with relation to their introduction into Virginia "as slaves" in 1619. There is no mention of where they came from nor is the continent of Africa mentioned once in this book. At no time in the discussion of slavery is there any attempt to explain what slavery actually was or how it differed from other labor systems such as indentured servitude which receives several paragraphs. The reasons given for the introduction of slavery are wholly economic: "No one person could do by himself all the work that was necessary for growing crops on such a large piece of land, so the Southern planter had slaves to help him" (page 78). There is no attempt to explain why slavery was wholly Negro slavery. This seems to be taken for granted. In the rather extended discussion of the colonial plantation economy there is no direct description of the life and condition of the slaves though there is a strong intimation that it was quite decent.

The slaves did most of the work, but the plantation owner worked too. . . . He had to see that his family was well provided for and also that there was enough food and clothing for his slaves. Not many planters neglected their slaves, since each one represented a great deal of money. . . . The planter's wife . . . saw to it . . . that the health of her family and of the slaves was good (pages 78-79).

The only comment that can even remotely be construed as a criticism of slavery is this stark one-sentence paragraph which appears in a discussion of colonial education: "For the slave population there was no education" (page 86). There are no reasons given for this nor are the consequences of the lack of education pointed out. There is no further mention of slavery or the Negro during the colonial period or the Revolution or the early national period though in the section on Ante-Bellum America there is mention of the fact that the Northern states abolished slavery (no dates or reasons are given) and that such leaders as Washington, Jefferson, Franklin, Madison, and Henry opposed slavery (again no reasons are given).

The treatment of slavery in the section dealing with the causes of the Civil War (which is quaintly titled "WE DECIDE TO SEPARATE and then to UNITE") is as vague as it was in the earlier parts of this

¹ Rebekah R. Liebman and Gertrude A. Young, *The Growth of America*. Englewood Cliffs, N. J.: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1959. This is a supplementary book for grade eight.

eight.

² Professor Levine teaches recent United States history at the University of California. Before assuming his position at Berkeley, he served on the faculties of City College of New York and Princeton University. He has written a book on William Jennings Bryan which will be published next year. Mr. Levine is currently studying Negro protest movements in the twentieth century.

text. Again there is absolutely no description of slavery as an institution or a way of life, and the term "slave" itself is nowhere defined. All that is mentioned is that the South was convinced that slavery was absolutely necessary to the maintenance of their economy, and a group of people in the North called abolitionists felt that slavery was an evil. But there is not even a hint of the reasons for the latter's antipathy to slavery. Indeed, if anything, the authors' treatment of slavery can be called favorable. In a subsection entitled "UNCLE TOM'S CABIN CAUSES TROUBLE," they have this to say of Harriet Beecher Stowe's novel:

It told of the sufferings of the slaves of the South and of the cruelty of the slave owners.

Actually *Uncle Tom's Cabin* was not a fair nor a truthful picture of the conditions of the slaves. Although some slaves may have been badly treated, for the most part, they were not.

Slaves represented a great deal of money to their owners, and their owners took care of them. There was also in many cases a close feeling between the slaves and their masters which the Abolitionists did not understand (page 288).

The treatment of the events leading up to the Civil War is generally brief and inadequate. The Dred Scott Decision (*Dred Scott vs. Sandford*, 1857) for instance is described as follows:

The Supreme Court of the United States decided two things: (1) that Dred Scott was still a slave, and (2) that a slave owner had a right to take his slaves to any part of the country where there were no laws against slavery (page 290).

The part of the decision which most upset the North—that Congress could take no action with relation to slavery in the territories—is completely ignored.

The treatment of the Civil War (which in these pages is almost invariably called The War Between the States) focuses mainly upon military events; however, this novel and fanciful account of the origins of the Emancipation Proclamation is given:

During the war the people of the South had been using their slaves to do many jobs which helped in the war effort. They cooked for the army, dug trenches, drove wagons.

The leaders in the North said that something should be done to stop this use of slaves. Lincoln's answer was the Emancipation Proclamation (pages 307-309).

There is no mention of the participation of the Negro in the Northern war effort.

The brief treatment of Reconstruction is the standard anti-Radical Republican pro-Southern Democrat account. Again there is no attempt to describe the condition of the freedmen. The Thirteenth and Fourteenth amendments are mentioned without comment, and the Fifteenth is described with an obvious lack of approval:

The right to vote or to hold office was not given to the leaders of the Confederacy. However, the Negroes were given these rights, although few of the Negroes could read or write; and none had any experience in government (pages 318-319).

There is no description of the advances in civil rights made under Reconstruction governments though the corruption of the carpetbaggers is vaguely described. There is also this totally amoral account of the Ku Klux Klan:

The purpose of the Ku Klux Klan was to frighten the Negroes and the people who were in control of the Southern state legislatures. The organization lasted for a time; but as the Southern states became once more part of the Union, there was no longer any reason for the existence of an organization such as the Ku Klux Klan (pages 319-320). (Italics mine)

Why there was no longer any reason for the Klan and precisely what happened to the Negro after Reconstruction is not explained. Indeed, this is the last mention of the Negro in this text. Although the book was published in 1959 and mentions events as recent as the launching of American space satellites in 1958, there is not one word about the civil rights movement, the migration of Negroes to the North, the condition of Negroes in the twentieth century, or the Supreme Court's 1954 Brown decision. After Reconstruction, the Negro, who was treated vaguely enough up till then, becomes wholly invisible.

The striking things about this volume is the dehumanized way in which Negroes are treated. They are mentioned only in the institutional setting of slavery, and there inadequately, but never as human beings; their way of life, their problems, their gains, their struggles are totally ignored. Not one Negro individual is named with the exception of Dred Scott. Words like "segregation," "desegregation," and "integration" do not appear once anywhere in this account. In a book which has two or three illustrations on every page, there are only two illustrations depicting Negroes, both of them during slavery.

It should be mentioned that the authors are not morally obtuse or unwilling to take a stand on every issue. Thus they criticize the manner in which the Mormons were treated and describe their hardships (page 263); they describe the often inhuman conditions of early factories, the plight of the workers, and justify the rise of labor unions (pages 275-276); the American Indians are treated sympathetically, and the treatment accorded them by the white settlers is criticized (page 336); the immigrants are treated with a bit less sympathy, but at least their plight is described (pages 360-361). The authors' treatment of the Negro, therefore, is not typical of their treatment of a number of other groups which have been victims of intolerance. The Negro above all is singled out not only for unsympathetic and inadequate treatment but for nontreatment.

Story of the American Nation 1

By Winthrop D. Jordan ²

While the treatment of Negroes in this eighth grade American history textbook may be faulted at almost every turn, virtually all the myriad failings derive from four interrelated presuppositions.

The most pervasive and insidious (because least conscious) assumption is that Negroes are not American; they do not share in the Story of the American Nation because, evidently, they are not part of the "American people." This assumption colors every mention and nonmention of Negroes in the book. It is responsible for the failure to describe the African cultural background (though the civilizations of China and Japan are fulsomely portrayed, pages 508-9) and for the absence of any discussion of Negro acculturation. (There were "Jewish people" and Roman Catholics, but "most people of the English colonies were Protestants," page 87.) It is responsible for the implicit exclusion of Negroes from the "people of many countries"—the French, Scotch, Irish. Scotch-Irish and Germans are mentioned-who "move[d] to America's communities, seeking freedom and land" and who, "living together, beg[a]n to create American ways of life" partly through "marriage between people of different nationalities" (pages 92-4). Thus, "the melting pot" is endorsed while the most important element in the process is ignored and, thereby, implicitly disapprobated. Similarly, during Reconstruction "the people of the South found themselves opposing the governments of their own states" (page 426); this assertion is the more striking because the authors are usually careful to qualify, as in the unexceptionable assertion on the same page that Southern Republican Congressmen "did not truly represent the majority of the Southern people." One of the most unfortunate reflections of this exclusion of Negroes from the body national is the necessary and drastic depersonalization of Negroes. In the colonial period, while they are described as raising crops, working "as butlers, cooks, and gardeners" and "in shops," they are first introduced as one of "two different kinds of workers [who] were found [in order] to solve the labor shortage" (pages 72-3). After Eli Whitney invents the cotton gin, "slaves" are "owned" and "slave labor" is "depended upon" and "needed," but the slaves don't do anything (page 343). There is

¹ Mabel B. Casner, Ralph H. Gabriel, Edward L. Biller, and William H. Hartley, Story of the American Nation. New York: Harcourt, Brace & World, Inc., 1962. This is a basic textbook for grade eight.

This is a basic textbook for grade eight.

2 Professor Jordan, a colonial historian, taught at Brown University and was a Fellow at the Institute of Early American History and Culture, Williamsburg, Virginia. He has written several articles on slavery and the Negro in colonial America, including "Modern Tensions and the Origins of American Slavery," Journal of Southern History, and "American Chiaroscuro: The Status and Definition of Mulattoes in the British Colonies," William and Mary Quarterly. He is the author of a forthcoming book to be entitled White Over Black: The Development of American Attitudes Toward the Negro, 1550-1812.

no description of life in slavery or of Negro resistance to it. The same tendency is evident with individual Negroes. Nat Turner (who "led a Negro rebellion in Virginia") is one of three individuals mentioned in a section describing Abolition (pages 309-10); the other two. Garrison and Yancey [sic], are listed in the index; Turner is not. Later, B. T. Washington "opened Tuskegee Institute" (page 431) and is admitted to the index. Finally, there is a picture with caption showing "Nkrumah of Ghana" speaking before the U.N. (page 683). These three and Dred Scott are the only individual Negroes so much as mentioned in the text itself. On the other hand, three others are the subjects of books listed as enjoyable for further reading. A biography of Harriet Tubman is noted as the story of an underground railroad conductor (whose color is not specified, page 319); Washington's Up From Slavery is a "description of a Negro boy's struggle and triumph" and "gives a good picture of Negro development after the war" (page 435); a book on Ralph Bunche is also included.

The second of the interrelated bases of approach is the felt necessity of avoiding any implication that racial differences have produced strains in American culture. This principle of avoidance concerns the Negro primarily and perhaps exclusively: witness the endorsement of racial pluralism and harmony in the section entitled "The population of Hawaii includes several races of people—all now United States citizens" (page 694). Sometimes the resultant faults are minor (relatively), as in the failure to indicate that the Spanish introduced Negro as well as Indian slavery (page 33) and in omission of the racial element in the proslavery argument (page 310). But this avoidance also results in omissions which produce serious distortion, as in the extended account of the Dred Scott decision where the court is presented as ruling that a slave was not a citizen while nothing is said of the court's decision on citizenship of Negroes (pages 391-2). For a time, during Reconstruction, especially when the Klan terrorizes "Negro voters" and "Southerners struck at the Negro" (page 428), Negroes as such -rather than as slaves (for there is no discussion of Negroes who were not)—became a factor in the story. But then, almost predictably, they simply drop from view, appearing neither as an issue nor as sharecroppers, much less as the targets of legislators or as migrants to Northern cities. They are finally resurrected, by implication rather than by name, in 1954 when the Supreme Court opines that the "segregation of races in the public schools" is "contrary to the Constitution." Just why this decision was made and why newspaper reporters had waited for it "for months" we are not told. Sectional differences in response to the decision are handled by reference to "Louisville" and "Baltimore" and "some communities." Still more remarkable is the ensuing discussion of two civil rights acts, in which "civil rights" are not described, the term Negro is not mentioned, and one waits until almost the end before the element of "race" is so much as referred to (pages 689-90). Finally, the recommendation of a biography of Ralph Bunche describes him as "raised in poverty and in the midst of ugly discrimination" but does not identify him as a Negro (page 705). This reference to racial discrimination is the most direct in the book; it also seems to be the only one.

Tightly linked with unwillingness to acknowledge race as a factor in American history is an apparent subservience to Southern sensitivities on the subject. Indications turn up at every hand. Among them, in addition to many cited above, are the treatment of Abolition (the extent, motivation, and arguments of which are accorded less space than the Southern proslavery defense, pages 309-11), the incorrect suggestion that opposition to slavery began "in the early 1800's" (and therefore, by implication, had no connection with the founding of the nation and the ideals of the Revolution and the Founding Fathers, page 309), the literally invariable use of the ingenious "War Between the North and the South," and, inevitably, the unflattering presentation of the Radical Republicans.

Finally, the treatment of the Negro in this book is strongly colored by blandness, timidity, and an underlying determination to present life as pretty. In fact, of course, much of the Negro's experience in America has been far from pretty, and by implying otherwise this book distorts an important aspect of the American past.

The Story of American Democracy 1

By Winthrop D. Jordan ²

These remarks are merely by way of supplement to my report on the eighth grade textbook, Story of the American Nation (1962). The two books are substantially similar. Although the older book is used in the eleventh grade, it does not appear to be appreciably more sophisticated than the newer version; indeed the commercial publisher refers to the newer book as the "successor" of the older. While the newer book appears to be essentially an up-dated and more sprightly version of the older, there are important differences between the two in their treatment of the Negro which suggest that some of the newer book's deficiencies may have derived from an unwillingness to arouse certain Southern sensibilities.

Thus, though the older version is on most counts unsatisfactory in much the same ways as the newer, it includes several brief sections on the Negro which were altered or struck during revision. In contrast to the newer, it offers a picture of Crispus Attucks on a page headed "Patriots from Many Peoples" with the notation, "A Negro of Massachusetts, [who] was the first to die for American liberty" (page 133); a not unfavorable reference to *Uncle Tom's Cabin* (page 358); the assertion that "As time passed, the Klan fell into the hands of men

¹ Mabel B. Casner and Ralph H. Gabriel, *The Story of American Democracy* (Third edition). New York: Harcourt, Brace, & Co., 1955. This is a high school textbook.

See footnote 2 on page 19.

who used it for selfish purposes" (page 389); and a review question asking the student to think about "What changes have taken place in the South since the end of the war . . . in the lot of the Negro" (page 395). In the process of revision, too, the title of one chapter has been changed from "Americans Seek the Goal of Equal Opportunity" to "Americans Improve and Enrich Their Ways of Life." A section on ante-bellum theatre and music in the older book, which included a discussion of "Negro spirituals" summarized by the statement that "The Negroes made the first important contribution to American music" (pages 293-95, 297) has been discarded in the newer version. Gone (in the interests of factual accuracy?) is the statement re nullification, "In our day, nearly everybody accepts the power of the Supreme Court to decide whether or not a law is in accord with the Constitution" (page 273). Gone too is the categorical statement, "The democratic ideal of equality left no room for slavery. . . . " (page 297). Finally, the newer version contains nothing so explicit and forceful as the following: "For what is democracy but belief in the dignity of every individual human being, famous or unknown, whatever his color, race, or religion?" (pages 658-59).

All in all, one gains the impression that The Story of American Democracy provides a more satisfactory treatment of Negroes in American history than does Story of the American Nation (1962), but also that the older book is far from faultless in this respect since it contains so many of the defects which appear in the newly revised version.

Story of America 1

By Robert L. Middlekauff ²

This book contains few of the crudities that textbooks sometimes offer about Negroes. At times it shrinks before the tender sensibilities of the South, as, for example, in its elaborate explanation of why it refers to the Civil War as the "Civil War" ("The most common [name] but not the most correct") and as the "War Between the States" (page 211). It sometimes strives to be fair in treating controversal points either by maintaining a gray impartiality or by belaboring both sides (the true and the good, it seems to assume, in such cases, are always in the middle, halfway between the two sides). There are some striking omissions—the NAACP is not mentioned, nor are most Negro leaders in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries, and most court cases affecting Negro civil rights are ignored. And clumsy organization robs the book of some of its limited force (examples follow).

After saying all this, I would still say that this text is much better than several others I examined. Despite omissions it makes a serious attempt to trace a variety of Negro experiences. And in the process it shows that the Negro has suffered in America but it does not romanticize him.

Slavery

The book assumes that the origins of Negro slavery were solely economic: because land was cheap in the colonies and white labor expensive, it holds, Negroes were imported. This emphasis upon slavery as an economic institution is maintained throughout the book. There is no suggestion that slavery developed over a period of time until it was recognized in law in the 1660s nor is there a hint that the Negro's color contributed to his enslavement. (The book may intend to suggest that the unfree status of Negroes gradually hardened into slavery, for it refers to the human cargo of 1619 as "the first Negro servants." but thereafter it uses the word "slaves.") Slave life is ignored in the book, and nothing is said about the psychological and social effects of the

In most places the treatment of slavery is factual, though no facts are given about broad areas of slavery. There is one admirable assessment of slavery: "The benefits of slavery were all on the side of the owners. As the anti-slavery speakers said, nobody ever asked to be a

¹ Ralph V. Harlow and Ruth Elizabeth Miller, Story of America (Revised edition). New York: Henry Holt & Co., 1957. This is a high school textbook.
² Professor Middlekauff taught colonial history at Yale University before joining the faculty of the University of California. As H. F. Brinton Fellow at Yale, he wrote a prize-winning dissertation which has been printed by Yale University Press as Ancients and Axioms: Secondary Education in Eighteenth-Century New England. Mr. Middlekauff is now engaged in research for an intellectual biography of New England's famed Mather family.

slave . . . [and, the text concludes] nothing could make up for loss of freedom. . . . " (page 130).

This passage occurs in a chapter on nineteenth century America. Nothing comparable is said about slavery in the colonial period. In fact, slavery in the colonial period is treated in a chapter that presents colonial life as one of unrestrained achivement. The colonial period is a period of progress, of material advance; plantations served colonial enterprise and slaves served on plantations. In this context, which exudes utilitarian values, slavery may appear to the uncritical reader as an eminently useful—and good—institution.

The account of the colonial period may lend itself to a second inference (perhaps incompatible with the one above). The tone of the discussion of the colonial period is one of relentless optimism. Colonial America was a going concern, as these section headings suggest: "Ability counted more than birth in America," "A sturdy middle class developed," "Colonists could better themselves," "Royal governors had a hard time." "Free American air" is contrasted with the stuff unfree Europe breathed. The setting is one described by Turner, and in it slavery by implication appears as an aberrant condition of relatively little importance. And although success is attributed in large part to American opportunity, at one point race is credited in a discussion of craftsmen like Benjamin Franklin—"men of good racial stock and ability" (page 29).

Abolition, Civil War, Reconstruction

Although the book's treatment of slavery is unsatisfactory, the worst of it may be cancelled out by the discussion of the antislavery movement. "Here," the discussion begins, "was a system (slavery) that denied all the values of the American system to millions of Americans. Slaves had no share in economic opportunity, no part in politics, no rights to education, and not much chance at moral improvement. Slavery was completely out of line with American ideals" (page 151). But in its account of the antislavery movement, the book gives the impression that it was unfortunate that anyone insisted too strenuously that these American ideals should be extended to Negroes. Moderate men who "tried to end slavery by appealing to the American sense of fair play" are contrasted favorably with abolitionists, "men who thought they could get results by making everybody angry" (page 152). To incite hatred was the intention of the abolitionists, according to the text. Although the text does not advocate the view attributed to the South-that "the real danger to the welfare of the United States came not from slavery, but from abolitionists"-it evidently admires a statement cited from Daniel Webster "that abolitionists accomplished nothing good or useful."

In a chapter heading the book makes obeisance to the argument that state rights "led to" the Civil War, but the substance of the chapter itself focuses on the problems of slavery, and especially the extension