2. DISTRIBUTION BY SPENDING UNITS

Proportions of the capital outlays provided by State governments, by cities, etc.: Not available.

3. SOURCES OF FINANCING

Percentage distribution of capital outlays by source of financing (appropriations, gifts, etc.): Not available.

D. NEEDS AND PROSPECTIVE CAPITAL OUTLAYS

CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The capital requirements for medical school facilities for the decade 1966-75 are:

	$Million_{\mathbf{S}}$
Backlog of unmet needs as of June 30, 1965	\$1, 868. 1
Total additional requirements through June 30, 1975	2, 391, 0
Total estimated need	4, 259, 1

- (a) Available trends in medical student-population ratios have been utilized in estimating the current backlog. Future needs have been estimated using the professional-population ratios plus economic growth factors in an effort to allow, somewhat, for increases in level of demand for these professional services. Deficits, current and future requirements were converted into first-year student places and then the number of places needed was converted into project costs. These methods of estimating do not imply a high degree of precision and must be viewed in proper context; however, the results are believed to be conservative in that per capita demand is increasing steadily and new health programs may be expected to accelerate this trend.
- (b) The estimated capital needs for medical student teaching facilities are:

Packlan or of June 20, 1065	Millions
Backlog as of June 30, 1965	Φ1, δ0δ. I
1966	217. 8
1967	225. 9
1968	233. 1
1969	240. 6
1970	250. 2 ⁻
1971	
1972	236. 7
1973	244. 5
1974 1975	252. 6 260. 7
Total	2, 391. 0
Total, backlog and annual increments	4, 259, 1

(c) Facilities for educating medical students always serve areas much broader than the immediate vicinity in which they are located. Although there is no precise way to forecast this element, it is believed that most, if not all, of the new facilities anticipated, will be placed in metropolitan areas of greater than 50,000 population.