

(b) The estimated capital needs for student teaching facilities are—

	<i>Millions</i>
Backlog as of June 30, 1965.....	\$21. 0
Annual increments:	
1966.....	2. 7
1967.....	2. 4
1968.....	2. 7
1969.....	2. 7
1970.....	3. 0
1971.....	2. 7
1972.....	2. 4
1973.....	2. 7
1974.....	2. 7
1975.....	3. 0
Total.....	27. 0
Total, backlog and annual increments.....	48. 0

(c) Facilities for educating podiatry students always serve areas much broader than the immediate vicinity in which they are located. Although there is no precise way to forecast this element, it is believed that most, if not all, of the new facilities anticipated, will be placed in metropolitan areas of greater than 50,000 population.

(d) The proportion of the estimated capital outlays to be expended by non-Federal entities is 100 percent. There is no feasible method for breaking this down among the non-Federal entities.

VIII. Schools of Public Health

A. NATURE AND COMPOSITION

1. DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY

(a) *General Physical Characteristics*

Public health schools are all integral parts of universities, either as independent units or as parts of the division of medical sciences or medical schools. The physical characteristics of these facilities are as varied as are the universities of which they are a part. More specific information is unavailable.

(b) *Services Rendered*

Schools of public health train doctors, nurses, engineers, and other professional health workers to identify diseases and health hazards affecting the community, to find their causes, and to develop control methods. The students in these schools are primarily public health workers who have already completed their basic professional training. Many of them are employees of State and local health departments, the U.S. Public Health Service, the Armed Forces, or other agencies, and are sent by the agencies which employ them to receive further training to enable them to discharge more effectively the responsibilities of their respective positions.

(c) *Standard of Performance*

Currently, about 1,200 students can be trained per year in the existing schools.

(d) *Qualitative Standard of Performance*

The American Public Health Association is the agency which accredits the graduate schools of public health.