"(1) if such decedent owned (within the meaning of section 958(a)) at the time of his death 10 percent or more of the total combined voting power of all

classes of stock entitled to vote of a foreign corporation, and

"(2) if such decedent owned (within the meaning of section 958(a)), or is considered to have owned (by applying the ownership rules of section 958(b) without regard to section 958(b)(1)), at the time of his death, more than 50 percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote of such foreign corporation,

then that proportion of the fair market value of the outstanding stock of such foreign corporation owned (within the meaning of section 958(a)) by such decedent at the time of his death, which the fair market value of any assets owned by such foreign corporation and situated in the United States, at the time of his death, bears to the total fair market value of all assets owned by such foreign corporation at the time of his death, shall be included in the gross estate of such decedent.

(c) CREDITS.—The tax imposed by subsection (a) shall be credited with the amounts determined in accordance with sections 2011 to 2013, inclusive (relating

to State death taxes, gift tax, and tax on prior transfers).

"(d) Exception for Loss of Citizenship for Certain Causes.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to the transfer of the estate of a decedent who lost United States citizenship under section 301(b), 350, or 355 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended (8 U.S.C. 1401(b), 1482, or 1487).

"(e) Burden of Proof.—For purposes of subsection (a), the burden of proving that a decedent's loss of United States citizenship did not have for one of its

principal purposes the avoidance of United States taxes shall be on the executor

of the estate of such decedent.

"SEC. 2108. APPLICATION OF PRE-1966 TAX PROVISIONS.

"(a) Imposition of More Burdensome Tax by Foreign Country.—When-

ever the President finds that-

"(1) under the laws of any foreign country, considering the tax system of such foreign country, a more burdensome tax is imposed by such foreign country on the transfer of estates of decedents who were citizens of the United States and not residents of such foreign country than the tax imposed by this subchapter on the transfer of estates of decedents who were residents of such foreign country,

"(2) such foreign country, when requested by the United States to do so, has not acted to revise or reduce such tax so that it is no more burdensome than the tax imposed by this subchapter on the transfer of estates of dece-

dents who were residents of such foreign country, and

"(3) it is in the public interest to apply pre-1966 tax provisions in accordance with this section to the transfer of estates of decedents who were

residents of such foreign country,

the President shall proclaim that the tax on the transfer of the estate of every decedent who was a resident of such foreign country at the time of his death shall, in the case of decedents dying after such proclamation, be determined under this subchapter without regard to amendments made to such subchapter on or after

the date of enactment of this section.

"(b) ALLEVIATION OF MORE BURDENSOME TAX.—Whenever the President finds that the laws of any foreign country with respect to which the President has made a proclamation under subsection (a) have been modified so that the tax on the transfer of estates of decedents who were such citizens of the United States is no longer more burdensome than the tax imposed by this subchapter on the transfer of estates of decedents who were residents of such foreign country, he shall proclaim that the tax on the transfer of the estate of every decedent who was a resident of such foreign country at the time of his death shall, in the case of decedents dying after such proclamation, be determined under this subchapter by taking into account amendments made to such subchapter on or after the date of enactment of this section.

"(c) NOTIFICATION OF CONGRESS REQUIRED.—No proclamation shall be issued

by the President pursuant to this section unless, at least 30 days prior to such proclamation, he has notified the Senate and the House of Representatives of his

intention to issue such proclamation.

"(d) Implementation by Regulations.—The Secretary or his delegate shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to implement this section.