For purposes of the preceding sentence, any deficit in earnings and profits for any prior taxable year shall be taken into account under paragraph (1) for any taxable year only to the extent it has not been taken into account under such paragraph for any preceding taxable year to reduce earnings and profits of such preceding year.

- (d) Special Rule in Case of Indirect Ownership.—For purposes of subsection (c), if—
 - (1) a United States shareholder owns (within the meaning of section 958(a)) stock of a foreign corporation, and by reason of such ownership owns (within the meaning of such section) stock of any other foreign corporation, and
 - (2) any of such foreign corporations has a deficit in earnings and profits for the taxable year,

then the earnings and profits for the taxable year of each such foreign corporation which is a controlled foreign corporation shall, with respect to such United States shareholder, be properly reduced to take into account any deficit described in paragraph (2) in such manner as the Secretary or his delegate shall prescribe by regulations.

SEC. 953. INCOME FROM INSURANCE OF UNITED STATES RISKS.

- (a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 952(a)(1), the term "income derived from the insurance of United States risks" means that income which—
 - (1) is attributable to the reinsurance or the issuing of any insurance or annuity contract—
 - (A) in connection with property in, or liability arising out of activity in, or in connection with the lives or health of residents of, the United States, or
 - (B) in connection with risks not included in subparagraph (A) as the result of any arrangement whereby another corporation receives a substantially equal amount of premiums or other consideration in respect to any reinsurance or the issuing of any insurance or annuity contract in connection with property in, or liability arising out of activity in, or in connection with the lives or health of residents of, the United States, and
 - (2) would (subject to the modifications provided by paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subsection (b)) be taxed under subchapter L of this chapter if such income were the income of a domestic insurance corporation.

This section shall apply only in the case of a controlled foreign corporation which receives, during any taxable year, premiums or other consideration in respect of the reinsurance, and the issuing, of insurance and annuity contracts described in paragraph (1) in excess of 5 percent of the total of premiums and other consideration received