"(A) for a nonresident alien individual, foreign partnership, or foreign corporation, not engaged in trade or business within the United

"(B) for an office or place of business maintained in a foreign country or in a possession of the United States by an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States or by a domestic partnership

or a domestic corporation.

by a nonresident alien individual temporarily present in the United States for a period or periods not exceeding a total of 90 days during the taxable year and whose compensation for such services does not exceed in the aggregate \$3,000.

"(2) Trading in securities or commodities.—
"(A) Stocks and securities.—

- "(i) Except in the case of a dealer in stocks or securities, trading in stocks or securities for the taxpayer's own account, whether by the taxpayer or his employees or through a resident broker, commission agent, custodian, or other agent, and whether or not any such agent has discretionary authority to make decisions in effecting the transactions. This clause shall not apply in the case of a corporation (other than a corporation which is, or but for section 542(c)(7) would be, a personal holding company) the principal business of which is trading in stocks or securities for its own account, if its principal office is in the United States.
- "(ii) In the case of a person who is a dealer in stocks or securities, trading in stocks or securities for his own account through a resident broker, commission agent, custodian, or other independent

agent.

"(B) COMMODITIES .-

- "(i) Except in the case of a dealer in commodities, trading in commodities for the taxpayer's own account, whether by the taxpayer or his employees or through a resident broker, commission agent, custodian, or other agent, and whether or not any such agent has discretionary authority to make decisions in effecting the transactions.
- "(ii) In the case of a person who is a dealer in commodities, trading in commodities for his own account through a resident broker, commission agent, custodian, or other independent agent.
- '(iii) Clauses (i) and (ii) apply only if the commodities are of a kind customarily dealt in on an organized commodity exchange and if the transaction is of a kind customarily consummated at such
- "(C) LIMITATION.—Subparagraphs (A) (ii) and (B) (ii) shall apply only if, at no time during the taxable year, the taxpayer has an office or place of business in the United States through which or by the direction of which the transactions in stocks or securities, or in commodities, as the case may be, are effected.

"(c) Effectively Connected Income, Etc.—
"(1) General rule.—For purposes of this title—
"(A) In the case of a nonresident alien individual or a foreign corporation engaged in trade or business within the United States during the taxable year, the rules set forth in paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) shall apply in determining the income, gain, or loss which shall be treated as effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States.

"(B) Except as provided in section 871(d) or section 882(d), in the case of a nonresident alien individual or a foreign corporation not engaged in trade or business within the United States during the taxable year, no income, gain, or loss shall be treated as effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States.

"(2) PERIODICAL, ETC., INCOME FROM SOURCES WITHIN UNITED STATES-FACTORS.—In determining whether income from sources within the United States of the types described in section 871(a)(1) or section 881(a), or whether gain or loss from sources within the United States from the sale or exchange of capital assets, is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States, the factors taken into account shall include whether-