If the taxable estate is—Continued	The tax shall be—Continued	
Over \$4,000,000 but not over \$5,000,000	\$1,838,200, plus 63% of	excess
	over \$4,000,000.	
Over \$5,000,000 but not over \$6,000,000	\$2,468,200, plus 67% of	excess
	over \$5,000,000.	
Over \$6,000,000 but not over \$7,000,000	\$3,138,200, plus 70% of	excess
	over \$6,000,000.	
Over \$7,000,000 but not over \$8,000,000		excess
	over \$7,000,000.	
Over \$8,000,000 but not over \$10,000,000	\$4,568,200, plus 76% of	excess
	over \$8,000,000.	
Over \$10,000,000		excess
	over \$10,000,000.	

PART II—CREDITS AGAINST TAX

SEC. 2014. CREDIT FOR FOREIGN DEATH TAXES.

(a) In General.—The tax imposed by section 2001 shall be credited with the amount of any estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes actually paid to any foreign country in respect of any property situated within such foreign country and included in the gross estate (not including any such taxes paid with respect to the estate of a person other than the decedent). If the decedent at the time of his death was not a citizen of the United States, credit shall not be allowed under this section unless the foreign country of which such decedent was a citizen or subject, in imposing such taxes, allows a similar credit in the case of a citizen of the United States resident in such country. The determination of the country within which property is situated shall be made in accordance with the rules applicable under subchapter B (sec. 2101 and following) in determining whether property is situated within or without the United States.

(h) SIMILAR CREDIT REQUIRED FOR CERTAIN ALIEN RESIDENTS.—Whenever the President finds that—

(1) a foreign country, in imposing estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes, does not allow to citizens of the United States resident in such foreign country at the time of death a credit similar to the credit allowed under subsection (a),

(2) such foreign country, when requested by the United States to do so, has not acted to provide such a similar credit in the case of citizens of the United States resident in such foreign country

at the time of death, and

(3) it is in the public interest to allow the credit under subsection (a) in the case of citizens or subjects of such foreign country only if it allows such a similar credit in the case of citizens of the United States resident in such foreign country at the time of death,

the President shall proclaim that, in the case of citizens or subjects of such foreign country dying while the proclamation remains in effect, the credit under subsection (a) shall be allowed only if such foreign country allows such a similar credit in the case of citizens of the United States resident in such foreign country at the time of death.