of his death, bears to the total fair market value of all assets owned by such foreign corporation at the time of his death, shall be included in the gross estate of such decedent. For purposes of the preceding sentence, a decedent shall be treated as owning stock of a foreign corporation at the time of his death if, at the time of a transfer, by trust or otherwise, within the meaning of sections 2035 to 2038, inclusive, he owned such stock.

"(c) CREDITS.—The tax imposed by subsection (a) shall be credited with the amounts determined in accordance with sec-

tion 2102.

"(d) Exclption for Loss of Citizenship for Certain Causes.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to the transfer of the estate of a decedent whose loss of United States citizenship resulted from the application of section 301(b), 350, or 355 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended (8 U.S.C. 1401

(b), 1482, or 1487).

"(e) BURDEN OF PROOF.—If the Secretary or his delegate establishes that it is reasonable to believe that an individual's loss of United States citizenship would, but for this section, result in a substantial reduction in the estate, inheritance, legacy, and succession taxes in respect of the transfer of his estate, the burden of proving that such loss of citizenship did not have for one of its principal purposes the avoidance of taxes under this subtitle or subtitle A shall be on the executor of such individual's estate.

"Sec. 2108. Application of Pre-1967 Estate TAX PROVISIONS.

- "(a) Imposition of More Burdensome Tax BY FOREIGN COUNTRY.—Whenever the President finds that-
- "(1) under the laws of any foreign country, considering the tax system of such foreign country, a more burdensome tax is imposed by such foreign country on the transfer of estates of decedents who were citizens of the United States and not residents of such foreign country than the tax imposed by this subchapter on the transfer of estates of decedents who were residents of such foreign country,
- "(2) such foreign country, when requested by the United States to do so, has not acted to revise or reduce such tax so that it is no more burdensome than the tax imposed by this subchapter on the transfer of estates of decedents who were residents of such

foreign country, and
"(3) it is in the public interest to apply
pre-1967 tax provisions in accordance with this section to the transfer of estates of decedents who were residents of such foreign country,

the President shall proclaim that the tax cu the transfer of the estate of every decedent who was a resident of such foreign country at the time of his death shall, in the case of decedents dying after the date of such proclamation, be determined under this subchapter without regard to amendments made to sections 2101 (relating to tax

[P. 12691]

imposed), 2102 (relating to credits against tax), and 6018 (relating to estate tax returns) on or after the date of enactment of this section.

"(b) ALLEVIATION OF MORE BURDENSOME Tax.—Whenever the President finds that the laws of any foreign country with respect to -Whenever the President finds that the which the President has made a proclamation under subsection (a) have been modified so that the tax on the transfer of

estates of decedents who were citizens of the United States and not residents of such foreign country is no longer more burdensome than the tax imposed by this subchapter on the transfer of estates of decedents who were residents of such foreign country, he shall proclaim that the tax on the transfer of the estate of every decedent who was a resident of such foreign country at the time of his death shall, in the case of decedents dying after the date of such proclamation, be determined under this subchapter without regard to subsection (a).

(c) Notification of Congress Required.-No proclamation shall be issued by the President pursuant to this section unless, at least 30 days prior to such proclamation, he has notified the Senate and the House of Representatives of his intention to issue

such proclamation.

"(d) IMPLEMENTATION BY REGULATIONS. The Secretary or his delegate shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to implement this section."

- (g) ESTATE TAX RETURNS.—Paragraph (2) of section 6018(a) (relating to estates of nonresidents not citizens) is amended by striking out "\$2,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$30,000".
- (h) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for subchapter B of chapter 11 (relating to estates of nonresidents not citizens) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"Sec. 2107. Expatriation to avoid tax. "Sec. 2108. Application of pre-1967 estate

- tax provisions. (i) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to estates of decedents dying after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- SEC. 9. TAX ON GIFTS OF NONRESIDENTS NOT CITIZENS.
- (a) Imposition of Tax.—Subsection (a) of section 2501 (relating to general rule for imposition of tax) is amended to read as follows:

- "(a) TAXABLE TRANSFERS.—
 "(1) GENERAL RULE.—For the calendar year 1955 and each calendar year thereafter a tax, computed as provided in section 2502, is hereby imposed on the transfer of property by gift during such calendar year by any individual, resident or nonresident.
- "(2) TRANSFERS OF INTANGIBLE PROPERTY. Except as provided in paragraph (3), paragraph (1) shall not apply to the transfer of intangible property by a nonresident not a citizen of the United States.
- "(3) Exceptions.—Paragraph (2) shall not apply in the case of a donor who at any time after March 8, 1965, and within the ten-year period ending with the date of transfer lost United States citizenship unless—
- "(A) such donor's loss of United States citizenship resulted from the application of section 301(b), 350, or 355 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended (8 U.S.C. 1401(b), 1482, or 1487), or
- "(B) such loss did not have for one of its principal purposes the avoidance of taxes under this subtitle or subtitle A.
- "(4) BURDEN OF PROOF .-- If the Secretary or his delegate establishes that it is reasonable to believe that an individual's loss of United States citizenship would, but for paragraph (3), result in a substantial reduction for the calendar year in the taxes on the transfer of property by gift, the burden