

necessary due to the rapid changing technology. In the last 10 years the requirements for basic schools has remained relatively stable, while short-term specialized schools increased tenfold. As the number of personnel in the Coast Guard has grown there has been a proportionate increase in the numbers requiring training.

4. *Level of operations.* (See table 1.)

Program: Training program.

Department or agency, and office or bureau: Department of the Treasury;
U.S. Coast Guard.

TABLE 1.—*Level of operations or performance, fiscal years 1964–67*

Measure	Unit	Fiscal year 1964	Fiscal year 1965	Fiscal year 1966 estimate	Fiscal year 1967 estimate
(a) Magnitude of the program.....	Persons ¹	9,000	10,000	13,400	13,500
(b) Federal finances:					
Unobligated appropriations available.....	Thousands of dollars.....				
Obligations incurred.....	do.....	11,107	12,500	13,900	14,000
Allotments or commitments made.....	do.....				
(c) Number of Federal Government employees administering, operating, or supervising the activity. ²		1,400	1,400	1,400	1,417

¹ Direct beneficiaries of training.

² Coast Guard only.

5. *Estimated magnitude of program in 1970*

Based on the growth of the Coast Guard, the number of persons expected to receive training in 1970 is estimated to be 15,700.

6. *Prospective changes in program orientation*

There are no pending legislative proposals or proposed organizational changes known at this time that would indicate a change in the orientation or emphasis of the Coast Guard training program. As technological advances continue to result in more sophisticated equipment it will be necessary to continue the emphasis on specialized courses.

7. *Coordination and cooperation*

(a) The Training and Procurement Division cooperates with the other divisions within headquarters to provide training to meet the needs as determined by the other divisions. This procedure is set forth in the Coast Guard Organization Manual.

(b) Opportunities for cooperation with other bureaus of the Treasury Department arise through Coast Guard utilization of the Treasury Law Enforcement School.

(c) A considerable amount of Coast Guard training is received at various Armed Forces schools. The Navy in particular provides a large amount of training for Coast Guard personnel. Some training is provided through other Government agencies such as the Civil Service Commission and General Services Administration. The Coast Guard reciprocates by providing training for other Government agencies and Armed Forces at Coast Guard schools or through assignment of instructors or liaison personnel at their commands.