

Other portions of the water pollution control program have less conspicuous and direct economic effects. These portions include financial grants to State and interstate agencies for control programs and grants to scholars and institutions for research and training and technical assistance and research by the agency staff.

10. *Economic classification of program expenditures.* (See table 2.)

The economic classification of the program expenditures as suggested in the table for question 10 is not feasible because of the deficiency in the data on non-Federal expenditures. However, to the extent that answers can be provided for the classification, the following data for fiscal year 1965 are presented:

Program: Water Pollution Control.
Department or agency, and office or bureau: Department of the Interior; Water Pollution Control Administration.

TABLE 2.—*Economic classification of program expenditures for fiscal year 1965*

Federal Government:	
Purchases of goods and services:	
Wages and salaries.....	\$12, 070
Other.....	10, 598
Transfer payments to individuals and nonprofit organizations.....	3, 612
Grants to State and local governments:	
Waste treatment plants.....	69, 755
Control programs.....	4, 789
Total Federal expenditures.....	100, 824
Non-Federal expenditures financed by:	
State and local governments.....	641, 600
Total expenditures for program.....	742, 424

In conclusion, it is evident that the water pollution control program affects people—the human resource in the economy—both directly and indirectly. The direct effect concerns the protection of health from waterborne disease in water supplies, recreational waters, and shellfish breeding waters. Esthetic considerations are also involved in the direct effects, for the elimination of bad odors and sights from the public water and the attainment of an attractive environment are minimal features of human well-being. Pollution control, in this sense, is one of the amenities.

The indirect effects on the human resource arise from the preservation of the public waters for industrial and commercial purposes. This aspect enhances the prospects for economic growth, employment, and the sense of security associated with stability and order.