PART II. DATA BEARING ON ECONOMIC ASPECTS AND IMPACTS OF THE PROGRAM

9. Economic effects

By increasing individual and organizational capability to survive and recover from the effects of disaster, the program helps to maintain the labor force and the personal income of workers in disaster affected areas. In the period 1961 to date, medical stockpile procurement (\$14,830,676) stimulated the medical supply and equipment and related industries.

10. Economic classification of program expenditures. (See table 2.)

Program: Disaster health program.

Department or agency, and office or bureau: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; Public Health Service—Office of the Surgeon General.

Table 2.—Economic classification of program expenditures for fiscal year 1965

In thousands of dollars	50
Federal Government:	
Purchases of goods and services:	
Wages and salaries	2,049
Wages and salariesOther	10, 582
<u> </u>	
Total Federal expenditures 1	12,631

¹ This is on the basis of actual disbursements, and hence the \$12,631,000 (shown here) differs from the \$8,000,000 (of obligations incurred) shown for fiscal year 1965 in item 4 (table 1, above). The \$12,631,000 shown here is entirely Federal funds, and is directly appropriated to this agency. The breakdown required in item 10 (this page) is unavailable for the State funds and other Federal agency funds shown in item 4, subitems d-1 and d-2.