PART II. DATA BEARING ON ECONOMIC ASPECTS AND IMPACTS OF THE PROGRAM

## 9. Economic effects

The economic effects of all personal and community health programs are discussed in the statement covering those administered by Public Health Service and other operating agencies of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

10. Economic classification of program expenditures. (See table 2.)

Program: Special project grants for maternity and infant care (title V, pt. 4, of the Social Security Act).

the Social Security Act).

Department or agency, and office or bureau: Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; Welfare Administration; Children's Bureau.

Table 2.—Economic classification of program expenditures for fiscal year 1965

[In millions of dollars]	
Federal Government: Purchases of goods and services: Wages and salaries	1817
Grants to State and local governments	4. 1
Total Federal expenditures	<sup>1</sup> 5. 8 1. 4
Total expenditures for program	7. 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This estimate includes expenditures for staff in the Children's Bureau engaged in the administration of all health programs of the Bureau including maternal and child health and crippled children's services, maternity and infant care projects and research projects relating to maternal and child health and crippled children's services. This item is repeated for each of the health programs since it impossible to break out.

# SPECIAL PROJECT GRANTS FOR HEALTH OF SCHOOL AND PRESCHOOL CHILDREN

(Title V, pt. 4, of the Social Security Act)

## PART I. DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAM

## 1. Objectives

In order to bring health care to the group of children who need it most by broadening the availability of community health resources and achieving better utilization of existing resources, a 5-year program of project grants to provide comprehensive health care and services for children of school age, and for preschool children, particularly in areas with concentrations of low-income families was authorized by Public Law 89-97.

#### 2. Operation

Project grants to pay up to 75 percent of the cost of the project will be made to the State health agency, or with its consent to the health agency of any political subdivision of the State, to the State crippled children's agency, to schools of medicine and to teaching hospitals to enable them to provide comprehensive health care to children in need of such care in areas where low-income families are concentrated in order to help reduce the numbers of children of preschool and school age who are hampered by remediable handicaps, and to provide necessary health care for children from low-income families who would not otherwise receive it. Although all children in a project area may receive screening, diagnostic and preventive services, treatment (both medical and dental), correction of defects, and aftercare will be pro-