title V, would seem to continue to defeat the basic tenets of good planning in the State departments of education. This would mean that nearly 20 percent of the proposed \$44,750,000 under parts Λ and B of title V could be utilized by the U.S. Office of Education for direct planning and evaluative projects relating to departments of education.

The Kentucky Department of Education is opposed to such concepts as are offered. Restoration of funds to titles III and X, NDEA

are strongly urged.

Title \dot{V} -A, $\dot{N}DEA$.—It is recommended that NDEA, title V-A be fully financed to the authorized appropriation level of \$30 million beginning fiscal year 1968. It would be further hoped that an increasing appropriation, during the next 5 years, would be in evidence providing for the development of pupil personnel services.

Title VI. ESEA.—It is urged that full support be given to all amendments proposed in this title which relate to education of the handicapped child. The regional resource centers concept can serve

the needs of Kentucky and the Nation to a great advantage.

It is hoped that title VI can be fully financed at the \$50 million (fiscal year 1967) and \$150 million (fiscal year 1968) levels as author-

ized by the 89th Congress.

National Teacher Corps.—It is recommended that the National Teacher Corps Act be continued as a pilot program for a period of 3 vears. Funds allocated for such a program as well as the approval pattern for Corps members should come through departments of education.

The "local control" section should be amended so that no Teacher Corps member could be assigned to a local educational agency unless

the local agency finds the teachers to be acceptable.

Support is given to the idea of transfer of Teacher Corps from Higher Education Act to title I, ESEA. Other Concerns of a General Nature:

1. The Headstart program should be transferred from the Office of Economic Opportunity to the U.S. Office of Education. All basic elements of the program, featuring parent education and participation, should be retained.

2. Support is sought for the passage of Senate bill 3, of 1967 which provides effective enforcement procedures of the free-exercise clauses

of the first amendment of the Constitution.

3. The Child Nutrition Act should be fully funded. Portions of the allocation should be reserved for the purposes of State administra-

tion of the act.

4. That portion of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 as amended to cover public schools should be repealed. There are indications that subsidized programs such as the school lunch services, now more or less on a breakeven basis will have to raise lunch prices to meet requirements of the act, secure additional foodstuff and/or secure addi-

tional appropriations to meet financial requirements of the act.
5. The Adult Education Act of 1966 should have a supplemental appropriation in order to provide the maximum level authorized for fiscal year 1967 and fiscal year 1968. The minimum age of eligibility should be 16 years. The term "adult basic education" should be con-

sistently defined at all places in the act.