It is also to the credit of our school staffs that so much progress has been made under the 1966 Indian amendment in enriching our educational program. The 62 title I projects approved to date include the following components:

38 percent of the projects relate to reading programs:

48 percent of the projects relate to guidance, counseling, attendance, social work:

19 percent of the projects relate to parental service, home-school counseling;

56 percent of the projects relate to English as a second language, English language arts:

6 percent of the projects relate to speech therapy:

40 percent of the projects relate to physical education and recreational activities:

51 percent of the projects relate to cultural enrichment; for example, art, music, field trips;

45 percent of the projects relate to reduction of class size and development of remedial learning centers;

32 percent of the projects relate to inservice and preservice training:

32 percent of the projects relate to teacher aids.

At present, there are a total 42,650 Indian children being served by

title I projects totaling \$4,746,548.

Chairman Perkins. Before we get away from title I, where you have 42,650 Indian children being served, with a total of \$4,746,548, what is the per capita expenditure? How much does that average?

Mr. MARBURGER. About \$100 a child. It will range between roughly \$35 and \$100.

Chairman Perkins. I thought it would range more than that.

Mr. Marburger. Because of the funding time and a half-year program beginning about January 4 when the money was transferred to the Department of Interior, with only a 6-month program, we actually received much less than the normal school system would.

Chairman Perkins. If you had been on an all-year-round basis with the added formula we put in the bill last year what would the allocation be?

Mr. Marburger. It would have been closer to \$8 million to \$10 million.

Chairman Perkins. A little over \$200 per child?

Mr. MARBURGER. That is right.

Chairman Perkins. That is what puzzled me. Go ahead.

Mr. Marburger. \$127,000 was made available under title II of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act for students attending Federal schools. A formula based on enrollment and need has been devised and approved for expending these funds. The average per pupil allotment will be \$2.62.

Under title III of ESEA, the Bureau of Indian Affairs was advised of an allocation of \$204,000. Twenty-two title III projects have been

submitted, totaling \$782,979.

The educational programs offered under the authorization of the 1966 amendments has expanded our ability to provide both quality and quantity of enrichment, whereas our regular appropriation has been limited to a traditional operating base for our schools.