Mr. Rose. Mr. Hanks is from El Paso but city limits and school districts do not coincide so he represents the Ysleta School District and he has been there for a great many years and I think he will give you something about the growth of those schools in that area since he came from there many years ago.

## STATEMENT OF J. M. HANKS, SUPERINTENDENT, YSLETA SCHOOL DISTRICT, EL PASO, TEX.

Mr. Hanks. Mr. Chairman and members of the committee, I am J. M. Hanks, superintendent of schools, Ysleta Independent School District, and have held this position for a number of years during which time it has been my privilege to file statements with this committee regarding what has come to be known as Federal impact legislation. It is my understanding that this committee is considering amendments to the ESEA of 1965, under H.R. 6230, and the ESEA of 1967.

This bill, introduced by the honorable chairman of the Committee on Education and Labor, amends the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 and again makes some changes in Public Law 874

and Public Law 815, as amended.

In addressing my comments to the Elementary and Secondary Education Amendments of 1967, I do not care to raise any objections to these amendments. This act is a good approach to problems in certain areas, and the Ysleta Independent School District would qualify

for aid under these sections of the present law, as amended.

In addressing my comments to the Elementary and Secondary Education Amendments of 1967, I do not care to raise any objections to these amendments. This act is a good approach to problems in certain areas and the Ysleta Independent School District should qualify for aid under these sections of the present law as amended; but this aid certainly would not take the place of assistance presently secured under Public Law 875 and Public Law 815, 81st Congress, as amended.

It is to the miscellaneous amendments to the Elementary and Secondary Education Act and the federally impacted areas program

that I shall address my remarks.

You will note that the temporary provision of Public Law 815, which affects students whose parents live off and work on Federal property expires June 30, 1967, and the same section of Public Law

874 expires June 30, 1968.

These sections should be extended to expire June 30, 1972, the same date as the proposed amendments to Public Law 815 and Public Law 874 under H.R. 6230 to protect school districts like the Ysleta Independent School District where a large part of the Federal impact comes from families living off the property and stationed on or working on Federal property.

In asking for these changes in H.R. 6230 I would like to furnish recent information on the school district I now serve, commenting briefly on the Federal impact along with the non-Federal pupil growth. The Ysleta Independent School District is one of the more heavily impacted districts in this area receiving aid under Public Law 874.

For instance, in the school year 1951-52 there was a total of 728 federally connected students in attendance in the Ysleta Independent