

1630 ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION AMENDMENTS

On-the-job training with private profit-making employers may be included in projects.

JOB CORPS

The proposed Act spells out provisions for the Job Corps program on which the present law is silent or has only a general provision.

The new legislation details that the program is designed to assist low-income, disadvantaged youth in intensive residential programs, while at the same time contributing to the development of resources and the development and spread of techniques for working with such young people.

Eligibility criteria are amplified, including a provision that the program is designed for young people with the capabilities and aspirations needed to benefit from the program.

Procedures for screening applicants and the placement of youth completing training are spelled out for the first time in the 1967 amendments, based on the experience gained in the first two years of the program.

The sections on screening clearly prohibit selecting a youth for the program unless he can participate successfully in group activities, is not likely to engage in activities disruptive to the center's program for others or its relationships with surrounding communities.

The proposed Act requires arrangement of assistance to youth completing training, in finding employment, returning to school, or undertaking other activities with career potential.

VISTA

VISTA amendments provide for the recently-launched Citizens Corps, which expects to recruit between 50,000 and 100,000 part-time volunteers to work in antipoverty projects in their communities. They also establish as a permanent part of VISTA the demonstration program under which volunteers serve as VISTA Associates during the summer months. More than 2,000 will be recruited for this summer, compared with 500 last year.

There are provisions requiring that all support for volunteers be provided at the lowest possible cost, that volunteers not be used to displace employed workers, and that no agency using volunteers may be paid for the services which they perform.

SUMMER CAMP PROGRAM

The legislation proposes a Summer Camp Program for underprivileged children, under the supervision of OEO in partnership with state and local governments and non-profit organizations. With the funds authorized, the federal government would provide facilities on Federal lands and, in agreement with state and local authorities, on lands under their jurisdiction. It would also make these lands available to public and non-profit organizations which could sponsor children from low-income families and areas.

The legislation contemplates a large increase in private individual citizen participation, in connection with Head Start and child development projects and other activities where there is a need for the abilities of dedicated people.

MATERIAL ON SCHOOL DESEGREGATION POLICIES OF DHEW OFFICE OF EDUCATION UNDER TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964

TITLE VI—CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964 NONDISCRIMINATION IN FEDERALLY ASSISTED PROGRAMS

SEC. 601. No person in the United States shall, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance.

SEC. 602. Each Federal department and agency which is empowered to extend Federal financial assistance to any program or activity, by way of grant, loan, or contract other than a contract of insurance or guaranty, is authorized and directed to effectuate the provisions of section 601 with respect to such program or activity by issuing rules, regulations, or orders of general applicability which shall be consistent with achievement of the objectives of the statute authorizing the financial assistance in connection with which the action is taken. No such rule, regulation, or order shall become effective unless and until approved by the