tion development over to some other agency. I think this could be of tremendous economic benefit to the Indians and I propose we do it this way.

Mr. UDALL. It would be within 30 miles of a million people where water recreation is in great demand and short supply. I think we could work out something that would really do justice to them and give them tremendous benefits.

Mr. HALEY. I just hope the Secretary will present the program to the Indian Affairs Subcommittee of the House and not let the Bureau go over to this fine hall of justice we have, who, knowing they can't take Indian land, will let them take a flowage easement over the Indian land. Of course, they said that was not taking land, but of course, the land is under 100 feet of water and I do not know how you are going to do much farming and that sort of thing. I hope the Secretary will come to the Indian Affairs Subcommittee and let us take a look at the project before it is started.

Secretary UDALL. It is because the chairman of the Indian Affairs Subcommittee has been such a stanch champion of Indian rights and of justice for them that I want him to be particularly satisfied. I have had him in mind in working out this amendment. I want him to know that.

Mr. UDALL. He comes out like a mother bear when one of her cubs is threatened and we can count on him for that.

Mr. HALEY. I thank the apostle from Arizona.

Mr. UDALL. Mr. Dominy, I know you and the Secretary had considered various alternatives suggested for the Page plant, including buying the power commercially from public or private utilities. The Secretary said the costs would be 30 percent higher if purchased from a public utility and about 60 percent higher if purchased from a private utility. I think you contemplated getting power from the Page plant at about 3.5 mills?

Mr. DOMINY. That is about right on the average. It would be about 3 mills for irrigation and 5 mills for municipal and industrial water. It would average out to about 3.5 mills per kilowatt-hour.

Mr. UDALL. For the record, I would like to have you translate this into dollars if you have a figure. I was given a rule-of-thumb figure that, for every increase of one mill you had to pay for that power, you would deprive the development fund or the repayment revenues of about $2.5 million a year.

Mr. DOMINY. We can do that for the record, Congressman. I don't have it in mind.

Mr. UDALL. I ask unanimous consent that that figure be placed in the record at this point.

Mr. JOHNSON (presiding). You have heard the request of the gentleman from Arizona.

Are there objections?

(No response.)

Mr. JOHNSON. If not, it is so ordered.

(The material referred to is as follows:)

With the average cost of energy of 3.5 mills per kwhr, as now contemplated for the Federal share of Page powerplant under the prepayment scheme, an added cost of 1 mill per kwhr. would increase the cost of project power by $2.6 million per year. Over a 50-year period this amounts to $130 million.