Table A-3.—Final demands for National industries PART I

National industry No.	National industries	Military <sup>1</sup> (millions of dollars)	Non-house- hold civilian <sup>2</sup> (millions of dollars)
1N	Livestock.		396. 4
2N	Other agriculture		3, 170. 3
3N	Forestry and fisheries		-393.0
4N	Agricultural services		
5N	Coal mining.		367.0
6N	Food	132. 2	
7N	Tobacco		383.7
8N	Fabrics, yarn. Russ, miscellaneous textiles	54.3	
9N	Rugs, miscellaneous textiles	5.0	-259. 4 66. 4
10N	Apparel	42.8	10.6
11N	Apparel Miscellaneous fabricated textile products	103.7	
12N			2, 919. 5 —11. 3
13N	Wooden containers.	. = = =	493.3
14N	Household furniture	17. 7 15. 1	1, 161, 4
15N	Office furniture	1	1, 101. 4 -378. 5
16N	Paper		15.6
17N	Paperboard containers		1, 353. 3
18N	Chemicals		256.8
19N	Plastics, synthetics		559.1
20N	Drugs		218.6
21N	Paint Oil fields		-1, 208. 0
22N			1, 222, 5
23N	Petroleum		621. 2
24N	Rubber		51. 2
25N 26N	Glass		86.5
26N 27N	Stone and clay.		4, 618, 4
27 N 28 N	Iron and steel		1, 950. 4
28IN 29IN	Nonferrous metals	1	237. 0
30N	Fabricated metals		7, 396, 6
31N	Nonelectrical machinery		12, 975. 5
32N	Electrical apparatus		2, 314. 3
33N	Appliances and lighting equipment		1, 253, 0
34N	Communications and electronic equipment.		1, 532, 0
35N	Motor vehicles		3, 920. 0
36N	Aircraft	6.488.4	589. 7
37N	Other transportation equipment.	264.1	1, 776, 6
38N	Instruments	277. 2	1, 478. 0
39N	Instruments	22.6	449.2
40N	Ordnance	2, 263. 0	100, 0
41N	Research and development	3, 643. 7	1, 496. 3

PART II-FINAL DEMAND FOR LOCAL INDUSTRIES

Local industry No.	Local industries	Military <sup>1</sup> (mllions of dollars)	Non-house- hold civilian <sup>2</sup> (millions of dollars)
1L 2L 3L 4L 5L 6L 7L 8L	Printing and publishing	50.8 1,037.7 493.2 27.1 18.2 35.8	282. 2 933. 9 5, 414. 7 11, 129. 8 947. 3 689. 2 2, 043. 9 291. 9
9L 10L 11L 12L 13L 14L 15L 16L 17L	Auto repair services Business services. Amusements Medical and educational services. Maintenance construction. Government enterprises. Office supplies. Business travel, entertainment Households. Total all industries (national and local)	82. 4 2. 5 95. 1 936. 5 101. 4 43. 2	448. 6 3, 749. 5 251. 6 391. 3 349. 4 218. 6 172. 0 62. 1 47, 695. 0 131, 647. 8

When this study was begun, specific data was not available for the military final demand vector; therefore, the dollar amounts are estimates developed from adjusted control totals given for various sectors in military Prime Contract Awards and Subcontract Payments, July 1962-June 1963, Office of the Secretary of Defense, tables 6 and 7. The vector only includes estimates of final purchases from industries defined as endogenous for this study. Purchases by the military on prime contracts differ from military purchases defined by the Office of Business Economics. Some of these differences are explained in Hearings Before the Subcommittee on Defense Procurement of the Joint Economic Committee, Congress of the United States, June 12, 1961, "Progress Made by the Department of Defense in Reducing the Impact of Military Procurement on the Economy," p. 141 and in the source cited above, p. 48.

2 Row distributions of final demand were used to derive the final demand columns other than new construction and military. "The Interindustry Structure of the United States, . . ." Survey of Current Business, November 1964, table 1, p. 21. Only the percentage distributions were released by the Office of Business Economics at the time this paper was written. The vector presented above includes new construction, but excludes military and household final demands. The vector also only includes final purchases from the 57 industries defined as endogenous for this study.