Tables 2 and 3 show the size distribution of plants in the EIS and imputed subgroups, respectively.

Table 2.—Concentration of defense-generated industrial employment among EIS plants, June 1966

Plant size classes (defense employment)	EIS-surveyed plants		Defense-generated industrial employment	
	Number	Cumulative percent	Number (thousands)	Cumulative percent
(1)	. (2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
10,000 and over 6,000 to 9,999 5,000 to 5,999 4,000 to 4,999 3,000 to 3,999 2,000 to 2,999 1,000 to 1,999 Under 1,000	11 12 18 47	4. 1 8. 3 11. 1 14. 2 18. 9 31. 0 50. 4 100. 0	251. 8 121. 0 61. 2 52. 6 60. 8 113. 3 99. 6 90. 9	29. 6 43. 8 51. 0 57. 2 64. 3 77. 6 89. 3
Total	1 387		851. 2	

¹ The EIS survey included 422 plants, 35 of which were NASA plants exclusively.

Table 3.—Concentration of defense-generated industrial employment among prime plants (not surveyed by EIS), June 1966 1

Plant size classes (defense employment) ²	Prime plants 3		Defense-generated employment	
	Number	Cumulative percent	Number (thousands)	Cumulative percent
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
400 and over	104 69 151 401 16, 582	0. 6 1. 0 1. 9 4. 2 100. 0	102, 2 23, 4 36, 5 56, 3 127, 9	29. 6 36. 3 46. 8 63. 1 100. 0
Total Undistributed	17, 307		346.3 4 154.7	
Total			501. 0	

¹ Employment for June 1966 was imputed to prime contract awards during calendar year 1965, and the results ''lagged'' 6 months.
² Indicates the number of defense-generated industrial workers imputed to a prime contractor plant.
³ The number of defense plants is a count of prime contractors who supplied manufactured products. It excludes construction contractors and those providing services such as air transportation communications, and equipment-leasing services.
⁴ Undistributed consists of defense-generated employment imputed to the excluded contracts noted in footnote 3.