

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE

Total government educational expenditures as percent of total government purchases of goods and services, selected years:		Percent
1938	-----	20.4
1946	-----	13.7
1948	-----	24.5
1953	-----	12.4
1966	-----	21.7
State and local government education expenditures as percent of total expenditures:		
1938	-----	24.9
1946	-----	23.9
1948	-----	25.3
1953	-----	28.5
1965	-----	33.0
State and local educational employment as percent of total employment, selected years:		
1929	-----	45.1
1939	-----	41.8
1947	-----	41.8
1953	-----	43.6
1966	-----	50.6

Mr. GAINSBURGH. I do know that I believe the last figure I looked at for the education bill of this Nation, public and private, was somewhere around \$40 billion.

(Mr. Gainsbrugh later supplied the following:)

Actually \$39 billion in 1964-65, \$30.4 of which was public.

Representative CURTIS. Yes, and in this area too, I have been impressed with the still relatively small percentage of that expenditure made up by the Federal Government. We hear of the tremendous publicity given to the Federal programs, but it is remarkable to me how small a part still remains. This would not be true, I guess, if we broke out that which is research and development that is tied into education. But the bulk of educational expenses do come from local government and a lot of it is private. I have seen some figures—I think someone at the University of Chicago is developing them—that show how much industry spends on training and retraining. These are rough estimates, but as much as \$14 billion a year was suggested.

Mr. GAINSBURGH. An amazingly high figure when you see them in the aggregate.

Representative CURTIS. Yes.

Mr. GAINSBURGH. And this after the completion in many instances of the investment in public education.

Representative CURTIS. That is right, yes. This is a constantly occurring thing. A great deal of adult education is tied into this too, in the colleges and universities.

Mr. GAINSBURGH. I welcome this emphasis upon the productive character that underlies both the employment and the purchase figure. I am not necessarily reading into this growth in the governmental sector wasteful activity. There are activities carried on in the public sector that have their counterpart in the private sector. This is recognized in national accounting.

In national accounting we do incorporate the expenditures in the public sector as well as in the private sector, in the belief that they are equally constructive.