

Chairman PERKINS. If it is all right with you, should we fail to finish with you today, we will invite you back here tomorrow.

Mr. GIBBONS. I have no objection.

Chairman PERKINS. If there is any objection among the members, let me know. I am going home tomorrow night.

Go ahead, Mr. Shriver.

Mr. SHRIVER. So far as we are concerned, Mr. Chairman, you know that we are ready and willing to testify at the convenience of the committee, tomorrow or any other time. I just mentioned about Monday because we already have a commitment to testify on the Senate side on Monday. That is the only reason I brought it up.

Chairman PERKINS. Go ahead.

Mr. SHRIVER. Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman.

As you will remember, and other members of the committee will recall, it was my suggestion that this year it would be helpful I hoped for the committee to have an extended period of time to go into each of the programs that we have been attempting to operate. One of those which is quite large and has occasioned a lot of discussion is the Job Corps.

I thought it would be helpful if we started, therefore, today with the Director of the Jobs Corps, William Kelly, as our first witness, and after his statement, with the committee's permission, we would like to go into the details about the Job Corps that members of the committee I think would be interested in hearing.

So if it is agreeable to you, Mr. Chairman, I would like to introduce William Kelly, who is the Director of the Job Corps.

In introducing him, I might say that he is, to me at any rate, a very unusual career government civil servant for many reasons. One of the most interesting I believe is the fact that he started off in the Government as a GS-2 and from GS-2 he has gone to the point where he now is a Presidential appointee operating the Job Corps. He has gone from GS-2 to a Presidential appointee without the benefit of any waiver of the Whitten amendment at any step along the way, so that he has gone up every rank that there is in the civil service to his present position.

Mr. Kelly.

Mr. KELLY. Thank you, Mr. Shriver.

Mr. Chairman, members of the committee, the Congress showed great wisdom, vision, and statesmanlike action in the creation of the Job Corps and in its recognition that the Job Corps was not merely a vocational education program.

It was recognized that the extraordinary deprivation of the youth to be involved in this program was such as to necessitate an undertaking in total human renewal.

In this past Sunday's Parade magazine, there is an article by Lloyd Shearer. I quote from the third paragraph:

Recently 161 Negro girls were graduated from vocational high school in Washington, D.C. They had acquired acceptable skills in typing, filing, other clerical work. Of this number, only two were found to be employable by civil service, the telephone company, retail outlets, etc.

Do you know the reason why they were unemployable?