

me if I had been given one copy of each of the four Harris reports instead of the other material which only pulls out the good things. I don't think there is anybody on this committee who thinks that the Job Corps is perfect or that you should have it perfect by this time.

We know that you are working with the most difficult kids in the country and we would expect you to have problems and we would expect they would show up in the program. But if we are going to have successful hearings and if we are going to do anything constructive as far as our time is concerned it seems to me that we ought to know the weaknesses as well as the strengths of the program and then see how we could tighten it up to do the best job possible. I wish that we could direct our attention to that and I wish that the Office would furnish the members of the committee, on the level, all of the reports so we would know the recommendations which objective people have made to you of ways to change the program so that it really will serve the needs and reach the goals that all of us want.

Mr. SHRIVER. May I respond to that?

Chairman PERKINS. Yes.

Mr. SHRIVER. I agree with Mrs. Green completely. At least if I understood her comments I agree with her. Now, the reason why Kelly and his cohorts got up these reports for the Congress today is because these reports are up to date.

The Harris report refers to conditions or the situation in the Job Corps enrollees or graduates back in last July I suppose.

Mr. GOODELL. Which one now? Are they all the same date of August?

Mr. SHRIVER. I really don't know.

Dr. GOTTLIEB. The first one that has been referred to, which is a study of noncompleters, was done during August. There was another one of those of youngsters called no shows who were supposed to come into the Job Corps and then didn't show up.

We try to find out why and who are they and follow them later to see what happened to them.

The next two studies are of a sample of youngsters who stayed in Job Corps for various periods of time to determine what they are now doing, what kind of jobs they are in, whether they feel the training has been related, how much they are earning and so forth. The most recent one deals with youngsters who left the program in the month of December of 1966.

Mr. GOODELL. In other words, the most recent was December 1966.

Dr. GOTTLIEB. That is correct.

Mr. GOODELL. And when did you get that?

Dr. GOTTLIEB. We got that one in March.

Mr. GOODELL. Do you have others underway now?

Dr. GOTTLIEB. We are going to continue to have followup studies done; yes, sir.

Mr. SHRIVER. The point I was trying to make is I couldn't agree more that we have learned a lot about how to run the Job Corps in the 2 years or 2½ years that we have had practical operating experience with it. As I said a few minutes ago, the first Job Corps camp opened up just about 2½ years ago with 30 kids at Catocin so we have been making changes and we hope making improvements in all parts of it as we go along.