

this was done. If we put a limit on what he had with which to administer these camps, I think the story would have been altogether different this year in terms of the difficult time he had to stay under that limit. So I think Congress can take the credit for putting the pressure on him.

Mr. GOODELL. If the gentleman will yield, it was put on over Mr. Shriver's strenuous objection.

Mr. QUIE. It certainly was.

That is why I think it is necessary for the Congress to look very closely at this program.

You mention in your testimony the chamber is engaged in a total community development program. I am only familiar with your program in Rochester, Minn. Would you elaborate on that and tell us how widespread it is now?

Mr. BURKHART. The last 1 or 2 years, the major interests of the national chamber has been in the field of community programs. We have reorganized our entire committee structure; we have changed many of our past traditional programs in order to give money and staff time and emphasis in the direction that businessmen must assume a direct responsible part in the solution of their own community problems. We don't think that this can be swept under the rug or that it can be left to someone else. We think the people that are at hand who know the problem and who also have the leadership ability and the capacity to mobilize the volunteer resources of the community have got to do that.

Now, I think anyone who has been watching this is bound to be very conscious of almost a revolution in business thinking so that in city after city now we have many of our top business leaders, supported by people from the companies they are associated with, spending many hours and tackling problems of this kind.

So, it is a field that we have not only a passing interest in but I would say it is by far the greatest single major interest at this time.

Mr. BREAUULT. I would like to comment, Mr. Quie.

You mentioned Rochester, Minn. This is an outstanding example, we think, of where a program of this kind has taken hold and moved forward with the local chamber of commerce and coordinating efforts of many other groups working together to try to improve the community as a whole. It is one of the examples that we often cite to other cities as a success.

Mr. QUIE. Do you have some reports on the activities of these programs that are available now?

Mr. BREAUULT. We are now working on a new program called the community development clearinghouse program where we are developing case studies of communities across the country of all sizes where success stories of this kind can be told to the benefit of other cities that may want to follow in the same footsteps.

We hope that some time this fall we will initiate and publicly launch this community developing clearinghouse program to chambers of commerce across the country providing case study information.

Mr. QUIE. Are these community development programs in any other way tied in with the planning money of the 701 Housing Act?