

Mr. DAWSON. This was completed approximately this year, about—do you have the date?

Chairman PERKINS. Did you make it about a year or so ago? Is this the first evaluation you made?

Mr. DAWSON. Yes, sir; this is about the first one that we have made. We attempt to try to keep a running account of it but it is very difficult. Actually, it takes a long process and following through on it very often.

Chairman PERKINS. You don't know how many are in the armed services in addition to that number, do you?

Mr. DAWSON. No, sir.

There is a percentage—let's see if I have it here.

Chairman PERKINS. Back to school.

Mr. DAWSON. For instance, I will take one particular group here who completed a defined program as such, and this is how it is rated: 157 were placed and 24 went into the military and three went into some other type of school.

So, that is about a ratio of 122 to 24; 122 went in jobs, 24 went in the military out of that particular group.

Chairman PERKINS. That would bring the percentage up of people accounted for usefully. Would that be about 60 percent?

Mr. DAWSON. It would be something like that.

This has been an especially useful tool in eastern Kentucky and particularly in Jefferson County and Fayette where there is a large minority group. I think in looking at whether or not these are successful job placements—

Chairman PERKINS. Could the replacement rate be up, considering the ones where the evaluation was made of those that went into industry, that went into jobs and military services, and that would bring the figure up to about 70 percent. Is that correct?

Mr. DAWSON. I think that is right. I don't have that right before us.

Chairman PERKINS. Give us the total figures again, Mr. Dawson.

Mr. DAWSON. We have approximately 356. It figures out exactly 50 percent of those placed and those not placed because we are including in the 50 percent those 44 approximately who went into the military as such. We consider that as a placement as such in the method of recording that we had.

Chairman PERKINS. Did you find out about the other 50 percent, whether they planned to take useful training or just went home temporarily or what?

Mr. DAWSON. Part of those may very well have had a successful career some place or developed one. The problem is not being able to arrive at any kind of determination on it, so you just count those as ones who were not placed as such. In other words, they are ones you can't locate and can't get any answer from.

Chairman PERKINS. The others you just did not get an answer from?

Mr. DAWSON. That is right. And under our system of counting we just don't consider them. We have no way of knowing.

Chairman PERKINS. They may be out of the State or they could be anyplace.

Mr. DAWSON. Of the 50 percent considered not placed, 177 did not respond to the mail or questionnaire, 31 moved or could not be located