

Dr. PARKINSON. I think many of them would go in there, and many of the people we don't reach could be reached better out of their family environment. So I think half of our dropouts ought to be in a residential school. That half is a scarcely educated guess.

It might be more than that. But we work at these people hard. It is the hard-rock cases we don't get, the 35 percent. Some of them should be, and some of the others should be. How many, I can't tell.

Mr. QUIE. Also, if you had a residential school, would you serve a larger area than the one you are now serving?

Dr. PARKINSON. Yes, as I understand it, and this has been agreed to by our board. We would be a school where students from this whole section of the country would be eligible to attend. I think that our board would expect that the community of residents would pay the costs to the city of Milwaukee. Actually, maybe the entire cost would be borne by the Federal Government.

If it is, that school would be open to anybody in that part of the country.

Mr. QUIE. What proportion is borne by the local community? I know you can work out arrangements within the State of Wisconsin, but what about the students from northern Illinois?

Dr. PARKINSON. I think it would be the same problem. We compute the cost, and the community of residents would defray the additional expense. Beyond that, it is defrayed by the Federal Government, and it wouldn't make any difference to us whether they came from Illinois, or Sheboygan, Congressman Steiger.

Mr. QUIE. It wouldn't cause any more difficulty—

Dr. PARKINSON. I don't see any problems.

Mr. QUIE. If you had a residential school, would this still serve just the dropout who is 16 or 17 years of age, or would it also serve an older age?

Dr. PARKINSON. We anticipate, and again it depends on how you folks write the law, we would anticipate what is called the youth group, below 22 years of age, or maybe you could make it below 21. But we do feel strongly that the school should not take children below the age of 16, because you have not only education problems, but you have social problems and a lot of other stuff. You can't do everything. If you take the age group 16 to 22, I think that is a problem that you can handle.

Mr. QUIE. Thank you, and I will yield back for 5 minutes.

Chairman PERKINS. You can take all the time you want and stay as late tonight as you want.

Mrs. GREEN. I am sorry I was not aware that we were beginning at 8:30 this morning and I was late.

When you were discussing the costs, you said \$1,500 to \$2,000. Was that for a residential?

Dr. PARKINSON. No, you sort of misunderstood. The question at that point was, "How much additional cost per year would you have to add to amortize the capital expenditure of the construction and capital expenses of the school?" and that was \$1,500 to \$2,000.

I anticipated the operational cost would run you between \$3,500 and \$4,000 for equivalent full-time student per year. This is a rough guess. It is based on current teachers' salaries and expenses and so on.

Mrs. GREEN. This would be for a resident students?