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Investigators of the Dallas Regional Office visited six (6) pharmacies in the Dallas/Forth Worth area. Seventy-five (75) patient records were reviewed. These records reflected that 50 patients had been prescribed amphetamines in excess of 21 days at a time, and 33 of these 50 patients had amphetamines prescribed more than twice in a six (6) month period.

Investigators also visited seven (7) dispensing doctors, five (5) in the Dallas/Forth Worth area and one each in Austin and Lubbock, Texas. Two (2) of these doctors did not dispense amphetamines but dispensed Phendimetrazine. Records reflected that all 302 patients' records reviewed showed the patients had been prescribed amphetamines in excess of 21 days, and 91 of these patients were given amphetamines in excess of two (2) months.

Investigators also reviewed records in Oklahoma of four (4) pharmacies, five (5) dispensing doctors, and two (2) prescription writing doctors whose prescribing patterns were obtained from the pharmacies. A total of approximately 350 patient records were reviewed, which revealed that 166 of these patients received amphetamines in excess of 21 days and the other 184 patients received 50 or more dosage units of amphetamines. This is broken down as follows: 30 patients receiving 300 or more dosage units of amphetamines (a high of 2,060 dosage