Chloramphenicol is not aligned with drug interaction, therefore, when given to patients together with anticoagulants or anti-congestion drugs, an adaptation to these might be necessary.

Adverse reactions:

Dicode dyscracias and even aplastic anemia with allites in rare or or spins and even associated with the use of chl. Dry mouth, nauseas (less frequent) and or spin ally diarrhea or vomit are present but they rarely are as severe as to justify the suspension of the antibiotic. Sometimes cases of sensitivity reactions are found.

Doses:

For adults and children is calculated on the basis of 50 mg per kg. of weight per day, at 6 hours intervals, equiv. to 2 or 4 capsules or spoonfuls of suspension.

For prematures and newly born babies, less than 2 weeks old the dose should be reduced to 25 mg ch. per kg. of weight daily. Physiological immaturity of these children is the cause of this reduction. More information about this matter is given in the monography of the product, under the title "gray syndrome".

In the pre-operatory stage this dose can be used during 3 or 4 days before the intestinal surgery. Chlorostrep is particularly useful in the post operatory stage, together with liquids via oral. In cases of pathogen infection the treatment should be continue during 5 or 6 days. When used for annal fistula tuberculosis larger doses should be given increasing it or following a scheme more prolonged. In cases of renal insufficiency the ability to metabolize or excrete chl. can be reduced, and the physician should adjust the dose consequently.

Packing: In containers with 8 capsules and in flasks of 60 cc. liquid.

FOR COMPLETE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE PRESCRIPTION, CONSULT THE MONOGRAPHY AVAILABLE AT REQUEST FROM THE PHYSICIANS.

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