

Table 5 indicates which particular drug within each category was used most frequently in each hospital. The data shows that in several categories the same drug was chosen most often in all adult hospitals. These were prochlorperazine (antiemetics), penicillin (antibiotics), atropine (anticholinergics), diphenhydramine hydrochloride (antihistamines), digoxin (cardiac stimulants), prednisone (corticosteroids), aminophylline (therophylline ethylenediamine) (bronchodilators), ferrous sulfate (hematinics), milk of magnesia (laxatives), bacitracin (ointments), and metaraminol bitartrate (vasopressors).